

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/











A

DICTIONARY

OF THE

NEW ZEALAND LANGUAGE;

TO WHICH IS ADDED

A SELECTION OF COLLOQUIAL SENTENCES.

BY THE RIGHT REVEREND

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, D.C.L

BISHOP OF WAIAPU, NEW ZEALAND

THIRD EDITION

WITH NUMEROUS ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS AND AN INTRODUCTION

BY THE VENERABLE

W. L. WILLIAMS, B.A.

ARCHDEACON OF WALAPU.



WILLIAMS AND NORGATE,

14, HENRIETTA STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON; AND 20, SOUTH FREDERICK STREET, EDINBURGH.

1871.

303. e. by.



PREFACE TO THE THIRD EDITION.

THE principal feature in this edition of the Maori Dictionary, which calls for special notice, is the arrangement of the words. are certain changes in form which are applicable to a very large proportion of the words in the language, and especially to adjectives and verbs. These changes are effected by the reduplication of one or more syllables, by prefixing the causative 'whaka', and by the addition of a termination which forms a derivative noun. been thought better therefore, in this edition, not to place all words so changed in alphabetical order, as so many independent words; but to group them all under the simple forms, and to give, in an Introduction, an explanation of their usual effect in modifying the meaning of a word. If, therefore, a word having one or two syllables repeated, or a word beginning with 'whaka', or a word with the termination of a derivative noun, cannot be found in its place, according to the alphabetical order of the letters, it may be looked for under the simpler form of the word. Thus, papae, paepae, whakapae, paenga and whakapaenga may all be looked for under pae, and whakamaharahara and whakamaharatanga may be looked for under the simple form, mahara. If, in any such case, the particular development of the word is not to be found under the simple form, the meaning may be ascertained by a reference to the Introduction. A little experience will soon shew the advantage of having these various forms of each word thus grouped together.

The accents have been omitted, and the quantity of the vowels, as being of much more importance, has been indicated by the usual long and short marks. Rules for accentuation are appended to the Introduction.

The first, or Maori and English portion of the work has been submitted to very careful revision, and the additions amount to upwards of 1200 genuine Maori words, without reckoning the reduplicated forms, the causatives with 'whaka', or the derivative nouns. The large number of corrections and additions and the alteration in the general plan of the work have involved the necessity of re-writing the whole.

It would be a great achievement, if it were possible, to obtain a collection of all known Maori words, with well authenticated examples of genuine Maori usage. This book makes no pretension to any such completeness. The difficulty of the task of collecting words can be fully appreciated by those only who have made trial To make a collection at all approaching to completeness would require the co-operation of a number of individuals, each working in a different district, for there are many words, which, though well known in one district, may be absolutely unknown in another. Nor is it so easy to procure good illustrative examples as it may be imagined to be. A large number of examples have been taken from the "Mythology and Traditions of the New Zealanders" edited by Sir G. Grey, and published in London in the year 1854. The numbers appended to many of the examples now given refer to the pages of that work from which they have been The other examples have for the most part either been copied from Maori letters or other writings or they have been taken down on the spot from the lips of Maori speakers.

The second part, containing the English and Maori vocabulary has undergone very little alteration. The Colloquial sentences remain as they were before, and the concise Grammar has been omitted altogether, as it may be considered to have been superseded by works which have been subsequently published.

TURANGA, DECEMBER, 1869.

EXTRACT FROM THE PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

It has indeed been proposed by some, that the New Zealand language should be discouraged as much as possible, and that the Natives should at once be instructed in English. It must be allowed that, if such a plan were practicable, the advantages arising from it would be great; and civilization cannot advance so favourably without it. Let this difficulty be once overcome, and the immense fund of information to be gathered from books in our own language is thrown open to this interesting people. But a knowledge of facts tells us the acquisition of English by the New Zealanders will only be partial, even in those districts in which our principal settlements are made, while the larger portion of the Natives will hold but little intercourse with our countrymen, who will have no inducement to settle in those districts which the Natives generally prefer. That it will be difficult to persuade the Natives, as a people, to adopt our language to the disuse of their own, may be inferred from the fact, that the Irish and Welsh, even though living in the heart of English towns, continue to use their favourite tongue, and that, too, after our connection, as one people, has continued for many centuries. While, therefore, every encouragement should be given to the Natives to learn English, it will not be the less necessary for those, whose position brings them into frequent communication with this people, to learn their language; and, it is interesting to know that many are ready to make use of every help which may be afforded them. As these attempts are persevered in, it is likely that a great accession of valuable materials will ere long be made from various sources. If, in the meantime, the present Compilation shall be the means of assisting those who are disposed to prosecute the study,—though it be only as a ground-work for something more extensively useful hereafter, it will have served the purpose for which it was undertaken.

TURANGA, 1844.

ADVERTISEMENT.

In the first part of this Dictionary, the English words which are printed in Italics are to be regarded as the *meanings*, or *English equivalents* of the Maori words or sentences to which they are appended. Mere *descriptions* of words which may or may not have English equivalents, are printed in Roman type.

INTRODUCTION.

There does not appear to be any real necessity for encumbering the pages of a dictionary by treating as so many distinct words what are, in fact, only different regular uses of the same word. In an English dictionary, for example, no one would expect to find the plural form of every noun treated as a distinct word. But we may go further even than the usual practice in English dictionaries, and say that there is no necessity for setting down all the regularly formed participles, and the nouns ending in -er, as distinct words: for no one, who is acquainted with the habits of ordinary English verbs, would fail to see at a glance the meaning of such words as "doer", "doing" &c., as soon as he had ascertained the meaning of the verb from which they are regularly derived. Nor again, when one hears or uses the expression, "a stone house", is it necessary to consider the word "stone" as an adjective, distinct from the noun "stone", because it happens, in this particular instance, to be used as an adjective, any more than we should say that there is also an adverb, "stone", to explain such an expression as, "stone dead". But when the attempt is not made to present each word under every variety of form, and in every possible position in which it may be found in the language, it becomes the more important that the various modifications of form to which any word is liable should be pointed out, and that the effect which such modifications usually have upon the meaning of the word should be explained. This is the intention of the present introduction.

§ i. REDUPLICATION.

Adjectives and verbs are modified both in form and meaning by the reduplication of one or both of the syllables of the root*.

An adjective, with the first syllable of the root doubled, becomes plural: thus, He rakau pai, a good tree. He rakau papai, good trees. It is to be observed however that the simple form is used both as singular and plural; the reduplicated form, as plural only.

The effect of doubling both syllables of the root is to diminish the intensity of the meaning of the adjective, thus; Mate, sick. Matemate, sickly. Wera, hot. Werawera, rather hot; warm.

In the case of verbs, the effect of the two kinds of reduplication is somewhat different. The reduplication of the first syllable of the root denotes either, 1. a prolongation or continuance of the action with increased intensity, or, 2. a mutual action; while the doubling of both syllables of the root gives the verb a frequentative force, denoting that the action is frequently repeated, the intensity being diminished. Thus kimo denotes the ordinary involuntary winking of the eyes; kikimo denotes that the eyes are closed and kept fast closed; kimokimo again, denotes a frequent winking.—Kei te whaia tonutia te Hauhau e te Kawanatanga: kaore ano i tae noa mai he korero o te pipiritanga. The Hauhaus are still pursued by the colonial forces: no tidings have yet reached us of their having joined battle.—Hopuhopu kau ana; ka mate nga atua o Puarata; He caught Puarata's atua one after onother, and thus they were destroyed.

In words of three syllables, the doubling of both syllables of the root causes a euphonious lengthening of the first syllable. Mănia, slippery, becomes măniana; and tinei, extinguish, becomes tineinei.

§ ii. WHAKA.

Nouns, adjectives and verbs may all have a prefix, whaka, (sometimes contracted to wha), the effect of which is to make a

^{*} Most simple Maori words seem to be formed from a di-syllabic root; some consisting of the root only, and others of the root and a prefixed syllable. Of the prefixed syllables, mä generally constitutes the word an adjective. Long vowels and diphthongs are equivalent in this respect to two syllables, a consonant having certainly in some cases, if not in all, been dropped: thus "kē", different, is, in the Tonga dialect, "kese", and "tai", sea, is, in the Sandwich Island dialect, "tahi".

causal verb. WHakatangata signifies make into a man, or treat as a man; whakapai, make good, or pronounce good; whakanoho, cause to sit; whakamohio, cause to know. Nouns and some adjectives, having whaka thus prefixed, are often used intransitively, when they have a reflex signification, it being assumed that, where no object is expressed, the agent is himself the object of his own action. Thus whakatika, straighten, is commonly used, without an object expressed, to signify straighten oneself, or stand up; whakatamariki, act the part of a child; whakatane, play the man*.

§ iii. Passive Terminations.

The usual passive terminatinos of verbs are -a, -ia, -hia, -kia, -mia, -ngia, -ria, -tia, -whia, na, ina, whina. Thus

Poro	becomes	poroa;
WHawhati	,,	whatiia;
Waru	,,	waruhia;
Moto	,,	motokia;
Horo	"	horomia;
Rere	"	rerengia;
Mau	,,	mauria;
Awhi	,,	awhitia;
WHawhao	,,	whaowhia, and whaowhina;
Tiki	,,	tikina;
Aroha	,,	arohaina.

It is questionable whether any rule can be laid down for applying one termination rather than another to any given verb. Usage varies in different parts of the country so much that it appears to be mere matter of custom, some regard being paid to euphony.

Intransitive, as well as transitive, verbs have a passive voice, requiring the addition of a preposition, in English, to make the sense complete. Thus, haere, go; haerea, be travelled over; noho, sit; nohoia, be sat upon.

Some adverbs, and all adjectives when used adverbially, take one or other of the above terminations whenever the verbs with which they are connected are passive. Example. Tokowha o ona hoa i kainga katoatia e ia; There were four of his companions who were devoured entirely by him.

^{*} This reflex use is met with in other words besides those compounded with whaka. Neke, v. t. move, if no object is expressed, is always understood to mean, move oneself.

Nouns will also be met with occasionally, carrying the termination of a passive verb. This form expresses a change as having taken place into that which the noun signifies. Thus, Koroua signifies old man; Kua korouatia koe, you have grown into an old man.

Sometimes a phrase may be treated like a verb when it is impossible to consider it as a permanent compound word. For instance, the expression, ma te matapihi, through the window, might be welded together into one word, and a passive termination added, thus, Ma-te-matapihi-tia mai, Let it be passed through the window.

§ iv. Nouns of Circumstance.

These are derived from adjectives, participles or verbs by the simple addition of one of the following terminations, -nga, -anga, -hanga, -manga, -ranga, -tanga, -inga; the choice of the termination for any given word being, as in the case of the passives, somewhat arbitrary, and dependent upon usage which is not always uniform. Thus

mahi makes mahinga,
noho ,, nohoanga,
titiro ,, tirohanga,
ngaro ,, ngaromanga,
whakaatu ,, whakaaturanga,
pupuri ,, puritanga,
a ,, ainga.

In some few cases the final vowel is altered, for arahi makes arahanga, and nunumi makes numanga. These nouns denote the circumstance, time or place of the action or condition, and those which are derived from verbs may be either active or passive, according to the context. Thus, patu signifies strike, and patunga, the circumstance, time or place of striking or of being struck. Tana patunga i a au, the circumstance of his striking me. Tona patunga e au, the circumstance of his being struck by me.

§ v. Numeral Prefixes.

These are 1. e, prefixed to all but tahi; 2. ko, prefixed to tahi only; 3. toko, used in speaking of persons, when the number is not higher than nine; 4. hoko, which expresses multiples of ten, but sometimes also is merely equivalent to toko; and 5. taki, which is distributive, as takiwhitu, by sevens. All of these except ko are used with the interrogative numeral hia, and in speaking of per-

sons taki is used along with toko, as takitokowha, by four persons at a time.

Taki is also used sometimes with adjectives or participles to denote that the word applies to each and all of the things spoken of. Ka takimanu anake nga waka, the canoes are one and all afloat.

§ vi. -Tanga.

Passive verbs sometimes have a suffix, -tanga, which, if the verb is qualified by an adverb, is attached to the adverb in place of the passive termination. The force of this suffix it is not very easy to determine. Sometimes, at all events, it seems to have the same effect as 'ana' would have in the same position. Hiko tonu ia ki nga ngarehu, apuatanga. He immediately snatched up the burning coals and crammed them into his mouth.—Apitiria tonutanga atu ko te pa, ka horo, The pa was then attacked in addition, and fell.

§ vii. NGE.

The syllable nge is sometimes prefixed to personal or possessive pronouns, as nge-au; nge-ona: and sometimes it appears as a suffix to the adverbs pea and koa, thus, peange, koange; but in none of these cases does it apparently affect the meaning of the word to which it is attached.

§ viii. DIFFERENT MODES OF SPELLING.

A Maori, in writing a long vowel, will frequently double it to shew that it is long, especially when it may be important to keep it distinct from another word which is similarly spelt, but differently pronounced, and thus we may have the same word spelt in two different ways. Kainga, dwellingplace, is thus often written kaainga, to distinguish it from kainga, act of eating. The words tangata, wahine, matua, tupuna, and a few others, may, in the same way, have the vowel in the antepenultimate syllable doubled, to shew that that syllable is to be pronounced long, to denote the plural number.

§ ix. DISGUISED WORDS.

Well-known words may sometimes be met with in such a disguise that it is difficult, at first sight, to recognize them at all. The disguise may be effected 1. by the transposition of single letters, or syllables; or 2. by the substitution, for one letter, of another

which has, or may be assumed to have some affinity with it; or 3. by the substitution, in a compound word, for one of its elements, of another word having the same signification. Changes of the first class may perhaps be set down merely as peculiarities of dialect, though some of them have possibly had an arbitrary origin. of the third class, and probably those of the second, have originated in a desire to avoid the possibility of one's getting into trouble through the accidental resemblance of the name of some great chief to a word in common use. The mere fact of his name, or a word similar to it, being used in a manner which he considered disrespectful to himself, used to be considered quite sufficient justification for a chief in picking a quarrel with his neighbours, when the quarrel was determined on, and nothing but a plausible pretext was wanting. The following may serve as an illustration of this. Some years ago, the child of a chief of the NGatiporou tribe received the name of Te Wairama. In consequence of this the word honu came into common use for water, and the usual word, wai, was avoided for fear of giving offence.

Cases of transposition are not uncommon, and sometimes both forms of a transposed word may be found in use together in the same district. Thus ngaro, fly, is transposed into rango; and ngawhariki into whanariki*.

Interchangeable letters are 1. a and e; 2. a and o; 3. i and u; 4. m, n and ng; 5. k and ng; 6. k and p.

Examples.

- 1. teina, taina.
- 2. taimaha, toimaha.
- 3. taimaha, taumaha. tupuna, tipuna.
- 4. momi, ngongi. memenge, memene.
- karengo, kareko. kainga, kaika.
- 6. karengo, parengo.

^{*} The word, engari, is probably only a transposed from of erangi. Some good authorities consider the two words to be distinct, both in etymology and signification, but after much close observation of the use of the two words by Natives, both in writing and speaking, I have been driven to the conclusion that they are identical, at least in meaning.

§ x. The same word in different aspects.

The same word may at different times assume the functions of several different parts of speech. Thus nouns are frequently used as adjectives to denote the material of which a thing is made, the purpose to which it is applied, &c. He whare raupo, a house [built of] raupo. He roto tuna, a lake in which eels abound. Adjectives and participles are used as nouns to express the quality, apart from the individual person or thing in which that quality may reside. Haere koe, e hoki ki uta, hei korero i toku toa, Go, return to the shore, to tell of my bravery. Adjectives and participles are also commonly used as adverbs. I mauria maoatia mai te kai; The food was brought in a cooked state.

Verbs again frequently become nouns; the infinitive mood of the verb being, in fact, nothing more than the verb treated as a noun. Or again, they do the work of adjectives and adverbs. He matua whangai, a foster father.

Nouns also will sometimes assume the function of verbs, as in the case already mentioned, § iii, as well as in others. Nona ka kaumatua nei, ka timata tona mate; It was when he arrived at man's estate that his sickness began.

ACCENTUATION.

It may be set down as a general rule, to which there are some exceptions, that Maori words are always accented on the *first* syllable; but compound words, or words which have the disyllabic root doubled, have a secondary accent on the second portion of the word.

WHaka, beginning a word is always un-accented.

The Articles, he, te, nga, all the prepositions, the verbal particles, and the particles a and ko are un-accented; but when a precedes any of the singular personal pronouns au, koe, ia or the indefinite pronoun mea, these words throw back their accent upon the a, which thus becomes accented.

SCHEME OF A MAORI VERB. AFFIRMATIVE AND NEGATIVE FORMS.

Karanga, call.

i. INDICATIVE.

1. Inceptive; past or future.

Ka karanga ia, He called, or began to call; He will call, or will begin to call.

Ka kore ia e karanga, He began, or will begin not to call.

2. Imperfect; past, present or future.

E karanga ana ia; He was, is or will be calling.

Kahore ia e karanga ana; He was not, is not, or will not be calling.

3. Perfect; past, present or future.

Kua karanga ia, He had, has, or will have called.

Kahore ia kia karanga; He had not, has not, or will not have called.

4. Indefinite, past.

I karanga ia; He called.

Kihai ia i karanga; He did not call.

5. Indefinite; future.

E karanga ia, or Tera ia e karanga; He will call.

E kore ia e karanga, or Tera ia e kore e karanga; He will not call.

6. Narrative form.

Karanga ana ia; He called.

ii. IMPERATIVE.

Karanga! Call!

Kaua e karanga! Do not call!

iii. Optative.

1. With Kia, that.

Kia karanga ia; That he should call.

Kia kaua ia e karanga; That he should not call.

2. With Kei; lest.

Kei karanga ia; Lest he should call.

Kei kore ia e karanga; Lest he should not call.

iv. Subjunctive.

1. Imperfect.

Me e karanga ana ia; If he were calling.

Me kahore ia e karanga ana; If he were not calling.

2. Perfect.

Me i karanga ia; If he had called.

Me i kahore ia i karanga; If he had not called.

3. Future (contingent).

Ki te karanga ia; If he should call.

Ki te kore ia e karanga, If he should not call.

v. Infinitive.

Karanga preceded by an article or definitive pronoun, thus; He karanga; te karanga; tana karanga &c.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

							Article.
							Noun.
							Adjective.
B.							Pronoun.
							Verb.
							Adverb.
							Conjunction.
							_ *
							_ •
							Waikato dialect.
							Rarawa dialect.
·	•	•	Ĭ.	Ī			Tauranga dialect.
a.	•						East Cape dialect.
	•						a. • .a
	•						o .
	· · ·						

- A, n. collar-bone. Usually joined with kakī, thus; Te a o toku kaki.
- A, v. t. drive; urge; compel. Ka aia te waka e te ia. Ka rumaki tonu te pane ki te hoe, i te ainga hoki a te wehi (144).

A, plural of the definitive particle

A, a prefix to proper names and personal pronouns, and occasionally to common nouns.

1. to names of persons, proper names of canoes &c., and personal pronouns (except ahau).

(a) when standing as subject in a sentence. Kei te ngaki kumara a Te Kehu (85).

(b) when fellowing any of the prepositions, hei, kei, ki, i. Ka korero atu a Kupe ki a Turi (110). Kua timata mai ano i mua atu, i a WHakatauihu, i a Tawhaki, i a Tuhuruhuru (63).

(c) in explanatory clauses. Kua tupu tana tamaiti, a Rata (54).

2. to names of places and local nouns, when standing as subject in a sentence. Ka taunahatia e Naki a Motiti (75).

3. occasionally to common nouns in explanatory clauses. Rokohanga atu e takoto ana te kai nei, a te kukupa. (146).

A, conj. 1. as far as. Ka rere

mai a te Arawa, a waho i te moana (71). 2. until. Takoto nei, a ao noa te ra (90). 3. and; and then; connecting successive actions or events. Hoe ana mai, a ka u ki Mokau (123). 4. well then, in rejoinders. A, tena, kei whea au tuaahu? (122)

A, prep. 1 of; belonging to; used in speaking of actions of any kind, food, children, slaves &c. but not in speaking of the parts of a whole, names, qualities, houses, lands, water for drinking, clothes &c. NGa tama a Rangitihi.—NGa kupu poroporoaki a Hou (82). Te umu a 2. at, of future kuiwai (83). time. A whea ano ra ka po? (167) 3. after the manner of. He mea mohio a ngakau tangata (84). Heoi, ka noho a pahi te rau ma whitu nei i reira (154).

AATA, n. altar.

Ae, ad. 1. in answer to an affirmative question, yes. Ka mea atu te matua ki a ia, "Ae, e pai ana" (25). 2. in answer to a negative question, no. "Kahore i homai he kai mau?" "Ae."

ae, v.i. consent. Ae ana mai ona whanaunga kia patua te ra (25). whakaae, v.i. say yes; consent. Ka whakaae to raua whaea (46). Aeaea.

whakaacaca, 1. v. i. pant for breath. Ka kake i te pikitanga, ka whakaacaca. 2. v. t. utter disconnectedly, as though in want of breath. Kaua e whakaacacatia to korero, engari honoa tonutia. Acha, int. denoting contempt.

Aha, (ă-ă) pron. 1 what? of things only. He aha te korero? (90) 2 of what sort &c. 3 whatever. Te ai he aha hei whakaohooho mai (117). There is nothing whatever to disturb.

aha, v. i. or t. do what; do what to. E aha ana koe i kona?

What are you doing there? I ahatia e ratou tana tamaiti?

What did they do to his child?

ahatanga, n. doing what. He ahatanga? or Ko tena te ahatanga? What of that?

Ahăkòa, conj. 1. although. Ahakoa kei te whenua tawhiti e noho ana, ka taea ano i reira. 2. nevertheless. 3. repeated, whether...or. Ko te taua haere atu i raro nei, kei Muriwhenua ka mate; ahakoa taua, ahakoa tira haere noa, e kore e ora (175). Sometimes written as two words with he, thus, he aha koa, but this is often only an intensified form of he aha. He aha koa u ana te waiho ai hei hoa aroha mo tatou? (12)

Ahaku, pl. of tahaku, a lengthened form of taku. See taku.

Ahau, pron. I. often shortened to au. Te wai i kite ai au (110). After the prepositions a, o, ma, mo, na, no, ta, to, it is changed to ku, thus; aku, maku &c. Ahau does not take the prefix a, but au does.

Ahěa, (ā hèa) adv. interrogative, of future time. when. Ahea koe haere ai? see Hea.

Ahěi, (ā) v. i. 1. be able. E kore

au e ahei te ki atu. 2. be possible; be within one's power. Kaore e ahei i a ia te haere. Aheiha, ad. truly. a form of assent.

Ahěrě, n. snare for birds.

Ahi, (ă-ĭ) n. fire. Tenei to ahi (24). ahiahi, n. evening. Kia ahiahi ka hoki mahi ki roto ki tona whare (46).

Ahiki, v.i. make haste. Ahiki mai. Aho, (ă ŏ) n. 1. string; line. Ka maro a raua aho (25). 2. woof; cross threads of a mat.

Aho, (ā ŏ) n. radiant light, as opposed to diffused light. Compare mataaho, tiaho &c.

Ahoroa, (ā ŏ) n. moon.

I. **Ahu,** (ă ŭ) n. *heap*.

ahu, v. i. tend; foster. Na Tuparimaewaewa nana i ahu mai, ka kiiahe tangata (17). ahu whenua, cultivate the soil.

ahuahu, a. large. Ka ahuahu te tupu o to hoiho.

ahuahu, v. i. 1. heap up. 2. earth up; cover with a heap of earth, as potatoes &c. 3. foster; tend. Ahuahungia mai e Rongotakawiu, ka tupu ko WHakatau (57). whakaahu, i. v. t. heap up; lay in a heap. WHakaahua koe ki te ahi rarauhe (5). WHakaahutia he aruhe ki runga ahi. ii. v. n. 1. swell up. Ka whakaahu taku puku. 2. be dis-WHakaahu ana au i pleased. te pukapuka a Henare: ko taku whakaahu tenei, te haere ia ki WHarekahika kati mai ai. shew contempt. Katahi te tangata wha-

II. Ahu, (ă ŭ) v. n. move in a certain direction. E ahu mai ana te waka.

kaahu ki aku kai.

Ahua, (ā ŭ) or ahuatanga, n.
 form; appearance. Ae, me koe na ano te ahua (62).
 likeness. Ka whakaahuatia hoki

ahau ki to te manu ahuatanga (18). 3. character. He tangata ahua pai.

ahuahua, v. i. resemble. Ahuahua ana te kanohi o te tamaiti nei ki tona papa.

ahuatia, v. pass. be matured; be completed. Kahore ano kia ahuatia te haora mo te kai.

whakaahua, 1. v. t. form; fashion. 2. v. i. acquire form. E whakaahua ana te tamaiti.

whaka-whai-ahua, v. t. impart form to; fashion.

II. Ahua, v. i. be pregnant. E ahua ana te wahine.

III. Ahua (ā ŭ) v. i. hasten. E ahua mai koutou.

Ahua (ă ū) ad. truly; a form of assent.

Auarěkă, a. 1. pleasant; agreeable; entertaining. 2. pleased. E kore ahau e ahuareka ki tena mea.

Ahŭkăhuka, v.i. resemble; coincide nearly. Kihai i ahukahuka mai tau korero i runga i taku.

Ahurewa, (ĕ-ŭ) n. sacred place for the performance of mystic ceremonies; the same as tuanhu.

Ahŭrŭ, (ā) a. warm; comfortable. Ne whare ahuru.

whakaahuru, v. t. warm; nestle; cherish. E whakaahuru ana te manu i ana pi.

 Ai, (ă) ad. not generally to be translated by any equivalent English word, but used in the following cases.

1. In relative clauses, where the relative in English is governed by a verb or preposition. Kei kona nga tangata i kite ai au (116). There are the men whom I saw. Ka kitea he tikanga mana e mate ai tenei taniwha (110). He discovered a plan by which this taniwha might be killed. Occasionally with pas-

sive verbs when the relative is the subject of the verb. Ka kitea te wahi i kimihia mai ai e ratou (121). The place was found which was sought for by them.

2. In clauses expressing the reason for which anything is done, or the object in view in doing it. He aha koe i whakaorangia ai? (46) Why were you saved alive? Koia i tapaa ai toku ingoa e te iwi nei ko Tatau (46). That is why this people gave me the name of Talau. I tapaa ai tena matenga ko Maikukutea, no te mea ko nga maikuku kau i kitea (93). place of this slaughter was called Maikukutea because there was nothing found but the fingernails. He nuka na Kupe kia riro mai ai a Kuramarotini mana (109). It was an artifice of Kupe's in order that he might obtain Kuramarotini for himself. Mo wai to wai, i haere iho ai koe i te po? (96) For whom is your water that you come down to fetch it by night?

3. In clauses marking the time or place of an action or event. Nonawhea koutou nei i u mai ai? (122) When was it that you arrived? Kei te wai heru ano ka patu ai, katahi ka mate (54). It is at the pool where he dresses his hair that you should strike him; then he will die.

4. With a verb or adjective denoting an action or state consequent upon some previous action. Toia ake ki uta takoto ai i te po (76). It was drawn up on shore at night, to lie there.

 Denoting present condition or habitual action. Noho noa ai nga tangata o tera motu; kaore e mahi kai. The men of that island live at case; they do not cultivate food.

6. With reference to something previously mentioned, as aforesaid, as already stated. I a ia ai i roto i te whare o ona tuakana (17). When he was, as already stated, in the house of his elder brothers. Po iho ai, ka whiti mai a Hinemoa ki Mokoia (135). When the night came, as aforesaid, Hinemoa crossed over to Mokoia.

7. In the phrase, Ko wai i hua ai? or Ko wai i tohu ai? Who would have thought?

II. Ai, (ă) v. substantive. Te ai he aha hei whakaohooho mai (117). There was nothing to disturb them. E ai ki tana, or E ai tana; It is according to his [saying] i. e. He says. Me e ai ana he toki maku; If there were an axe for me; for If I had an axe.

III. Ai, (ă) v. t. 1. lie with a female. 2. procreate; beget. Te aitanga a Tiki (145); The descendants of Tiki, a tribe.

IV. Ai, (ă) int. expressing surprise. Ai! taukiri e! (63).

Aiănči, ad. now; to-day; presently.
Waihoki ko tenei, e aku tuakana, ka taea hoki e au tenei,
ka taea hoki e au tera atu aianei (19).

Ainga, n. derived from verb a. See **a**.

Aio, (a) a. 1. calm. Kia aio te moana ka hoe. 2. at peace. He whenua aio.

Aitŭ, (ă) n. sickness.

Aituā, (ăi) a. 1. of ill omen; unlucky. He aitua, ina mahue te whare. 2. unfortunate; in trouble. Na koutou hoki tatou i aitua ai.

Aka, (ĕ-ă) n. 1. long and thin roots of trees or plants. 2. metrosideros scandens, a climbing

plant. 3. stem of any climbing plant; hence occurring in the names of many climbers as akakiore, parsonsia rosea; aka-kongohe; aka-kūkū; aka-kura; akapohue; aka-tawhiwhi; aka-tea; aka-totara, &c.

akaaka, n. fibrous root.

akaaka, a. having fibrous roots.
Akau, (ā-ău) n. seashore; coast.
Noho ana i te akau o te moana
(96).

Ake, (ĕ-ĕ) n. dodonea viscosa; a tree called also ake-rautangi. ake-piro; olearia furfuracea, a shrub.

Ake, (ă-ĕ) ad. 1. onwards, in time. mea ake, or mea kau ake; in a very little while; immediately. No reira tana mohiotanga, mea ake ia whakamatea hei utu mo taua tamaiti (108). Taro ake; in a little while. Ake, ake, ake; for ever. 2. forming a comparative, with nouns of position. No mua ake; just before; ki runga ake; higher up. 3. down below; in a low situation; with reference to a person or thing in a higher one. E koutou e haka ake nei, whakarongo ake koutou katoa (65). 4. from below; upwards. Te puna e hu ake ra i raro i te whenua (154). 5. implying direction to some place connected with the speaker. but not where he is at the time of speaking. Haere ake koe ki toku whare. 6. intensifying personal or possessive pronouns, self. E wawata puku ana tetehi, me tetehi, ki a raua ake (131). own. Tona ake kakahu. Akĕngŏkĕngŏ, ad. to-morrow.

Aki, (ā-ĭ) 1. v. t. dash. Hohoro kau ana te tangata ki te aki i te patu ki nga kauae o te ika ra (155). 2. v. i. dash. Ko te tai anake e aki ana (93).

akiaki, v. t. urge on. E akiakina ana matou e Turiri kia haere ki te whawhai.

Akiko, ad. at a distance from home. E noho akiko ana taua tangata.

Akĭrĭ, (ā) v. t. throw away; reject. Akiritia nga otaota ki waho.

Ako, (ă-ŏ) v.t. 1. learn. I akona e koe ki a wai? 2. teach. Penei ka rongo mai koe ki taku ako atu ka ora koe (25).

akonga, n. learner; disciple.

akoranga, n. 1. circumstance, time, place &c. of learning; 2. thing taught or learnt.

whakaako, v. t. leach. Na te atua ano ia i whakaako, i mohio ai (8).

Ako, (ă-ŏ).

akoako, v. n. split; have a tendency to split. E kore tenei rakau e akoako.

Aku, (ā-ŭ) 1. personal pronoun 1st. person singular, with the preposition a: of me. 2. plural of the definitive pronoun taku, my. See taku.

Aku, (ă-ŭ).

akuaku, 1. v. n. delay; take time over anything. 2. v. t. clear the stones out of preparatory to heating it. Akuakuna te umu.

akuaku, a. firm; strong. Kahore ano kia akuaku nga iwi o tana tamaiti.

Akuanei, (ā-ŭ) ad. of time future, presently; to-day.

AKUHATA, n. August; one of the months.

Akuto, a. 1. late. He tau akuto; A year in which the crops are late. 2. slow. He ope akuto, e kore e hohoro te ara.

Ama, n. (ă-ă) outrigger on the windward side of a canoe. Hei roto koe, hei te ama o to taua waka (26).

Amai, n. (ă-ăi) swell on the sea.

E akiakina amai, a. giddy; dizzy. E amai kia haere ana tona watenga.

Amăiă, n. *halo*.

Amăru, (ā) n, metrosideros species; a tree.

Aměně, (ā) v. t. desire. Kei te amene te ngakau ki te kino.

Ami, (ă-i) v. t. heap up.

Amĭkĭ, (a) v.t. 1. gather up without omitting any; make a clean sweep. Kua amikia katoatia nga kai. 2. tell a story without omitting any particular. Kaua e amikitia te korero.

Amiku, v. t. for amiki.

Amiomio, (a) v. i. 1. turn round and round; 2. be giddy.

Amo, (ă-ŏ) v. t. 1. carry on the shoulder. E kite koe i te rakau roa, turakina, ka amo mai (46). carry on a litter. 2. rush upon; charge. Amohia!

amo, n. litter; bier.

Amu, (ă ŭ).

amuamu, v. i. grumble. He aha tau e amuamu? Pass. amuamutia, be grumbled at.

Amua, (am) n. The time to come. Hei amua, or mo amua; hereafter. Hei amua ahau ka haere ai.

Amuri, n. The time to come. Waiho mo amuri. Amuri ake nei; hereafter.

 Ana, (ă-ă) n. cave; Te ana kowhatu o te wahine ra (95).

II. Ana (ă-ă) one of the verbal particles always placed after the verb or adjective. 1. When e precedes the verb, it denotes a temporary condition, an action in progress, or an action intended to be performed immediately. Kei runga kei te whare e iri ana tou taina, e ngaua ana e te paoa ahi (64). E whakarongo ana raua ki te putanga mai o te hau (93). E haere ana ahau ki Tauranga. 2. Without

e it is used in animated narration of a rapid succession of actions. Ae ana mai, haere ana: noho ana ia, tunu manu ana mana (95). 3. Placed after a noun to denote the point to which anything reaches. Ko Te Kahureremoa atu ano i waho nei, a, roto atu ana.

Ana, (ă-ă) 1. ad. there. Ana, kei Motutapu (33).

2. conj. when, in future time only. Ana tae koe ki te kainga.
3. int. calling immediate attention. Ana! me te poko! (13)

Ana, (ā-ā) 1. pron. 3rd. person singular with preposition a, of him, of her.

2. plural of definitive pron.

3. for ena, plural of tena.

4. contracted from ae-na, yes. Ana koia; yes certainly.

Anahě, (ă-ă) ad. only.

Anahera, n. angel.

Anăkě, ad. 1. only; none but; nothing but. Ko te tai anake e aki ana (93). 2. without exception. He pai anake enei rakau.

Anămătă, ad. Hereafter.

Anana, int. expressing admiration.

Anaoa, ad. certainly; a form of assent.

Aneane, (ă) a. sharp. Aneane tonu te mata o te rakau.

Aněhů, a. misty. He rangi anehu. Anei, (ā) for enei, pl. of tenei.

Anei, (ă) ad. here; like tenei.

Aněně, (a) v. i. breuthe gently. I ata anene te haere mai o te hau ra;—anenenene, a ka rahi haere.

Anewa, a. weak; listless. Kahore he iwi i te ngaunga a te ra; anewa noa ai.

whakaanewanewa, v. i. act slowly and deliberately. "WHakaanewanewa marire", e ki ana a Patētē.

e it is used in animated narration of a rapid succession of actions. As an mai, haere ana: taku upoko.

Aniwaniwa, n. rainbow.

aniwaniwa, a. black, like clouds in stormy weather, or like deep water. E whakaaniwaniwa mai ra te rangi.

Ano, (ă-ŏ) ad. 1. up to the time spoken of; still; yet. E tupu mai nei ano (100). Kahore ano; not yet. 2. again. Maranga atu, tohe mai ano (100). Korerotia ano kia rongo ai ahau. 3. also; Ka tahuna te whare ki te ahi, me nga tangata ano i roto 4. quite; just; exactly. Ae; me koe na ano te ahua (62). Katahi ano; now for the first With personal pronouns, self: with demonstratives, same. Nau ano i kawe mai i a koe? (60) Ka whakatika mai o Taupo tira, ko te ara e haere mai ai, ko taua huarahi ano (149). 5. indeed. E tika ana ano.—In affirmations. Kahore he waka mou? He waka ano. 6. denoting admiration, and sometimes used interjectionally. Ano, me he pukepuke whenua (150). Koia ano! 7. as; as though; as it Ano ko Kopu ka puta ake i te pae nga karu o te maipi a te tangata ra (99). 8. and when for a no.

Anŭ, (ă) n. cold. Ka hauhau koe i te anu o waho (66).

anuanu, a. offensive. E pa, neke atu; anuanu tahi tou.

Anŭhě, (ă) n. a large caterpillar, the same as hotele.

Anga, (ā-ă) n. derivative from a, see a, v. t.

Anga, (ă-ă) v. i. 1. look or move in a certain direction. Katahi ano ka anga mai te tangata nei ki a au. 2. begin to do any-

thing. Katahi ka anga ki te tui i a ratou ika.

anga, n. 1. aspect. He anga ora tenei, e kore e roa ka tupu te kai. 2. cockle shell.

anganga, n. aspect. He anganga ra, a sunny aspect.

angaanga, n. head. Ka taha te patu i tona angaanga. Te papa o te angaanga, the skull.

whakaanga, v. t. cause to turn in a certain direction.

whakaangaanga, v.i. debate with oneself. Te wahi i whakaangaanga ra tatou hei reira o tatou hoiho.

Anganui, v. i. look directly towards; be right opposite. Kia anganui mai to korero; speak directly to me.

Angangamate, n. back of the hand. Piri ana i tua o te angangamate o te kapu o te ringa (145).

Angărite, n. a bivalve mollusk; the same as kokota.

Angengi, n. a fish.

Angĭ, (ā) n. 1. light air. 2. fragrant smell.

whakaangi, v. t. 1. approach stealthily. WHakaangia tonutia mai i muri, na kua mau. 2. fly, as a kite &c. ko tana mahi he whakaangi manu (57).

Angi, (ă).

angiangi, a. 1. thin. He papa angiangi. 2. unencumbered. E whakaaro ana kia iti te kai, kia angiangi ai te poho o te tangata (166).

Angina.

E haere koutou ki uta, kei mau ki Tai-ki-tu, ka puhia, he angina (82).

Angitŭa, (ă) a. unsuccessful.

Angoa, (ă) a. lean, wasted away. Ka angoa nga kiko, ko te anga anake tenei e tu nei.

I. Ao, n. 1. daytime, as opposed to night. Ka wehea te po, ka

wehea te ao (93). 2. world. Na Papatuanuku i whakatupu ake ana purapura, hei oranga mo ana uri i tenei ao tu roa (14). 3. cloud.

ao, v. i. become light. Ao kau ano te ata (66). I te aonga ake, or simply, ao ake (100), on the following day.

II. Ao, v. t. take up by handfuls. Aohia nga paru ki te kete. Ao taro; prepare beds of gravel for taro. Kei te ao taro a Hori ma.

III. Ao.

E ao koa hoki ianei te mea i rite ki te ika, ta te mea no te wai ano tenei (155).

Aohanga, n. 1. a striped variety of N. Z. flax. 2. derivative from ao. See II. ao.

Aonga, n. See under I. ao.

Aorere, n. a kind of garment.

Apa, (ĕ-ă) n. 1. company of workmen. He apa matou no Hongi. Used also of persons under the influence of a familiar spirit. No te apa a Paraharaha a Hare. 2. fold of a garment. apa-rua, of two folds or thicknesses; double.

Apāhā, conj. if the case were that.
Apānoa, ad. until. Apanoa, a kia motu ano toku kaki i runga i toku pihi.

Apăkură, n. dirge; lament.

Apărăngĭ, n.

Tuku tonu ma te aparangi, kia ora te noho, te matakitaki mai (148).

Apătări, v. t. carry; bring. Nau hoki i apatari mai te taonga ki tenei wahi.

APĔRĬRĂ, n. the month of April. Apiapi, (ă-ĭ) a. close together; crowded. Apiapi tonu te noho o te tangata.

Apĭtĭ, (ā) v. t. 1. put together; place side be side. Apitia nga kete kia kotahi te kauika. 2. supplement anything deficient. He apiti nga riwai mo te poaka.

apiti, n. 1. small bone of the arm; radius. 2. cleft; narrow pass. 3. curse.

apiti, a, confined.

He whare apiti; a steep-roofed house.

Apo, (ă-ŏ) v. t. 1. gather together.
Apohia nga otaota nei. 2. grasp;
extort.

apoapo, v. i. roll together; entangle. He mea apoapo e te ninu, takai atu, takai mai (11).
Apo, n. dregs of shark oil.

Apopo, (ā) n. to-morrow. Mo apopo taua riri ai (92).

APŎRŎ, (ā) n. apple.

Apŭ, (a) n. squall. Katahi ka tonoa ko te Apu hau, ko te Apu matangi (4).

Apu, (a) 1. v. i. force oue's way into the ground; burrow. Ko te waka, e apu ana, e keri ana.

2. v. t. cram into the mouth; gorge; glut. I apua te kai i hohoro ai te pau.

apu, n. company of labourers. E mahi mai ra te apu.

apuapu, u. 1. crammed; stuffed. Ka apuapu te waha i te kai. 2. palatable. Apuapu marire te reka o te wai nei.

Apŭrě, (ā) n. hare patch.

Apŭrŭ, (ā) v. t. 1. crowd one upon another. Kia takitahi, kaua e apurua mai. 2. shut up; suppress. Kei kiia, i apurutia ki roto ki tona waha ana korero.

Aputa. (a) a. at intervals; found only here and there. Ehara i to he aputa to he nei, engari, he katoa.

Ara, (ă-ă) n. 1. way; path. I ma hea mai koia to koutou na ara i haere mai ai? (149)

2. means of conveyance. Katahi ia ka haere ki te tiki ara mona

i tona hungawai, homai ana ko Aotea hei waka mona (108).

Ara, (ă-ă) v.i. rise; rise up; wake up. Kua ara to tamaiti.

whakaara, v. t. rouse. Tikina a Tutanekai, whakaarahia mai (134).

whakaara, n. hostile party; marauding band.

Ara. (ā-ā) ad. namely, in other words. E ki ana ahau ki te rangatira o tenei kainga, ara, ki a Tuma.

Ara, (ă-ă) int. expressing surprise. Ka heua ake, ara! he tangata (71).

Ara, (ā) i. e. a ra, and then. Ara ko taua mokai (96).

Ara, (ā-ă) for era, plural of tera, See tera.

Araara, n. a fish.

Araarai. See arai.

Arahĭ, (ā-ă) v. t. lead; conduct. He aha te utu mo te arahanga i a koutou.

Arai, (ā-ăi) v. t. 1. screen. 2. keep off; ward off. 3. block up. Araia te kuwaha kei puta te kuri ki waho.

araarai, frequentative, screen on every side.

arai, n. screen; veil; curtain; blind.

Aranga, (ă-ă-ă) v. i. 1. rise to the surface; appear. Ka aranga te taniwha. 2. become famous. Ka aranga i kona te rakau a Manaia (123).

whakaaranga, v. i. appear in a vision, or in second sight. Ka hara ta tangata, ka whakaaranga mai te atua.

Arangi, (ā-ā) a. unsettled. Kei arangi tonu te tinana, arangi hoki nga whakaaro.

Aratăki, (ĕ-ă) v. t. lead; conduct. Ka aratakina ano e taua miromiro (96).

ia ka haere ki te tiki ara mona Arău, (ā-) v. t. gather; lay hold

tutu i arau i makere ai taku potae.

arau, a. entangled. Ka hutia ake e Irawaru tana aho, akuanci ka arau ki ta Maui (25).

Arawhata, (ără) n. ladder; bridge. Are, (ărĕ) int. what! Are! ka tohe koe ki a au?

Are, (ărĕ).

areare, a. overhanging; promi-Areare ana tera te ihu o nent. te tangata nei!

2. excavated; cavernous. areare te parenga o te tai.

arearenga, n. concavity; hollow. Katahi ano ka kitea te tini tangata e huna nei ki roto i te arearenga o nga poho o Rangi raua ko Papa (4).

Arĕrŏ, (ă) n. 1. longue. Ka naomia atu te tangata ra, ka tapahia te arero, ka motu (42). upper point of a taiaha, carved in imitation of a human tongue.

11th day of the **Ari**, (ă-ĭ) n. moon's age.

Ari.

whakaari, v. t. hold up to view. Tena whakaaria mai, kia kite au.

Ariā, (ări) v. i. be seen indistinctly; appear. I aria ake i aku kanohi ko Hemi e haere ana.

aria. n. 1. likeness; resemblance. 2. imaginary presence connected with anything which one may have touched &c. and which therefore might serve as a medium to convey the effect of a charm to the person for whom it was intended.

ăriăria, v. i. resemble. Ka ariaria tenei tangata ki a Witiwiti.

Ariki, (ă) n. 1. firstborn male or female in a family of note, hence, chief; priest.

leader. Ki te mau te ariki ka mau katoa te rere kakara.

of; entangle. Na te peka o te whakaariki, n. invading army, wai-ariki, hot spring.

Arikiwi, n. a garment covered with feathers of the kiwi or apteryx.

Arĭtă, (ā-) a. 1. burning with desire; eager. I titiro atu au, e arita tonu ana ki te haere.

· 2. irascible; easily offended. Katahi ano te tangata aritarita ko koe.

Aro, (ă-ŏ) v. i. 1. fuce; turn towards. WHai tonu atu i muri o te aronga kautanga atu o te kuri ra (121). 2. have a certain direction. I aro mai i waho ra te waha o te tangata e karanga nei. 3. be inclined; be disposed. Ko wai i tohu ai, e tae mai tona aro ki te patu i a au? 4. attend to: favour. Korero noa atu, e kore ia e aro mai ki a au.

aro, n. inclination. Kei a Te Karanga ia te aro i mau ai.

aroaro, n. face; front. Tahuri mai tou aroaro.

whakaaro, v. t. think on; consider.

whakaaro, n. thought; intention; opinion. Ka tupu te whakaaro i a Tawhirimatea kia tahuri mai ia ki te whawhai ki ona tuakana (4).

whakaaro-mahana, v. t. come to assistance of. E haere mai ana ki te whakaaromahana i a tatou.

whakaaro-rangi, v. t. think on daily; entertain affection for. Kua whakaarorangi noa ake te ngakau ki a Te Ponga (167).

Aroa, ($\check{a}r\check{o}$) \forall . i. be comprehended; be laid hold of by the understand-Tē aroa ake i a au; I do not understand it.

ăroăroa, a. 1. lonely. Te aroaroa i a au i te kore tangata. sorrowful; longing for absent friends.

Aroākāpā, (ărŏ) n. row; rank;

front rank. E kore ia e pai kia rere kau ki mua o te aroakapa o te haka (167).

Arŏărŏtĕa, white - breasted n. shag: a bird.

Aroarowhaki, v. i. flup the wings. E aroarowhaki ana te parera. 2. move the hand to and fro with the arms extended; a sign of grief &c.

Arŏhă, n. 1. love for an absent relative or friend. A, ka ngaro atu ia ka noho a Tawhaki, ka ngau kino te aroha i a ia ki tana wahine raua ko tana kotiro (48). 2. pity; compassion. Ka oho ake te aroha o NGatoro ki te waha o te tangata, o te wahine, o te tamariki, e aue ana e tangi ana (72).

aroha, v. i, feel love or pity. Pass. arohaina, be the object of love &c.

Arŏhĭ, (ā) v. t. 1. reconnoitre; examine. Kei te arohi i te pa kia kitea te wahi ngawari hei whakaekenga atu. 2. look for. I hea koe e arohi kai ana mau?

archirchi, v. i. turn round and

Aronui, v. i. be right opposite. aronui, n. a finely woven mat with a deep ornamental border.

Aropiri, v. i. cling; be attached. Kai whea te tau i aropiri ra?

Arotahi, v. i. look in one direction. E arotahi ana te whakaaro o te tangata.

Aru, (ă-ŭ) v. t. follow; pursue. Arumia te tahae. Sometimes used intransitively. E aru ana au i muri i o raua waewae ko Para-

aruaru, v. t. 1. chase. 2. woo. Kei te aruaru wahine mana. 3. interrupt. Kia ata aruaru i te korero.

Arŭhě, (ă) n. edible fern-root being Ate, (ă-ĕ) n. 1. liver. 2. the seat the root of pteris aquilina, var.

esculenta. Rau aruhe; fronds of pteris aquilina.

Ata, (ătă) int. expressive of disgust, bah! Ata! te piro!

Ata, (ătă) n. 1. reflected image. 2. shadow. Ehara au i te rangatira, engari he ata au no te tangata. 3. early morning. po; before dawn. Ata hapara, or ata pongipongi; the time of dawn. Ata tu; just after sunrise. Ata mărama; moonlight.

ataata, n. a large kind of periwinkle.

whakaata, n. mirror.

Ata, (ătă) a. true; only used as a form of assent. He ata, he ata. Ata, (ătă) ad. 1. gently. Kia ata haere. 2. deliberately. 3. quite. Kihai i ata maoa te kai.

Ataāhŭa, a. good; pleasant; beautiful. Ka titiro atu te ruruhi ra ki te ataahua mai o te wahine raka (164).

Atae, (ātăe) a. how great. te hoi o tenei taurekareka! (168) Atămăi, (ăt-) a. liberal.

Atămăi, (ăt-) v. i. behave contemptuously. Ehara te mahi a te tangata ra ki te atamai ki a au.

Atămiră, (ăt-) n. 1. stage; plat-Ka piki raua ki to raua atamira (130). 2. a low stage on which a dead person is laid out, one end being elevated for the head.

whakaatamira, v. t. lay out on an atamira. Ka hemo te tupapaku ka whakaatamiratia.

Atārăngĭ, (ăt-) n. shadow. roa ke te atarangi o te tangata. Atărău, n. moon. Ka titi te atarau, mārama tonu.

Atărŭa, a. dimsighted.

Atăwhăi, v. i. shew kindness; be liberal. E atawhai ana a Te Porua ki a au.

of the affections; heart.

te ate; an expression of endearment, used with reference to a child. Kai whea te tau o taku ate? Te waha o te ate; the pit of the stomach.

ateate or ateatenga, n. calf of the leg. Ko Tumatauenga, i tu tonu i te ateatenga o tona whaea, o Papatuanuku (6).

Atea, (ā-) a. 1. clear; free from obstruction. E atea and te whare, kahore he tangata o roto.

2. out of the way. Tarakea atu nga otaota kia atea.

Atětě, (ā) v. t. 1. oppose; resist.

Ki te atete i nga hoia hei noho
mo runga i ou whenua. 2. treut
roughly. Kaua e utuutua nga
ki, e atetetia. 3. affront; insult. Ehara tenei i te atete i a
koe.

Ati, n. a word used only in the names of tribes or clans. To ati-awa; Te ati Hapai &c. off-spring; descendants. compare aitanga under III. ai. NGati, probably a contraction from nga ati, as in Ngatimaru &c.

Ati, (ă-ĭ) conj. then.

Ati, (ă-ĭ).

atiati, v. t. drive away.

Atĭtĭ, (a) v. i. wander.

Atĭutĭu, (ā) v. i. wander; stray.

Ato, (ă-ŏ) v. t. thatch. Atohia te
whare mo te manuhiri.

Atu, (ĕ-ŭ) ad. 1. in a direction away from the speaker; away. E ta, kawea atu tetehi wai moku (168). 2. used with adjectives to form a comparative. Rahi atu tana i taku.

whakaatu, v. t. point out; shew.
Ma wai e whakaatu mai te ara?
Atua, (ă-ŭa) n. 1. god, applied also to any object of superstitious

regard. 2. The moon at 15 days old.

Atua, (ā-ŭa) ad. first. He aha koe te atua ai ki te whaereere, I. Aua, n. a small fish; herring.

muri iho ka patu i nga punua?

Atuapo, n. niggard; churl. Ka kore e homai e koe akuanei, heoi ano he ki maku ki a koe, "Atuapo! Atuapo!" kia whakama ai koe.

Atŭhākonă, n. a fish.

Aturere, n. a fish, highly prized. He mokopuna na Mahaki, na te tangata i whai nei ki te aturere.

Atŭtăhi, n. the star Canopus, also called autahi.

Atŭtě, (ā) v. t. hustle; jostle.

Au, (ău) n. 1. smoke. Ka puia aku kanohi i te au. 2. gall. 3. cloud; mist; fog. 4. current. E kore e puta te waka i te au. 5. rapid. Te au o kura-te-au (109). 6. whirlpool. Ka kawhakina e te au kume, e te au rona, e te au hirere, hirere ki te po (112). 7. Te au o te moana (21) midocean. 8. string; cord. Tuia ki runga ki te au kotahi. 9. large mat pin, generally made of bone or ivory.

auau, n. basket of seed potatoes. Kia rua auau, ka kapi te mara. auau, a. frequently repeated. He

korero auau. As adverb frequently.

auau, v. t. lift. Maku anake e auau te hanga taimaha na?

whakaauau, v. t. smoke; roast slightly. He mea whakaauau noa te poaka, kaore i maoka.

Au, pron. contracted from ahau, I.
Au, a. 1. firm. Kia au te noho.
2. sound (of sleep). Ko te po whakaau te moe (46).

Au, v. i. bark. Ka kau te kuri ra, me te au haere (121).

Au, a. certainly, a form of assent.

Au, (ā) 1. pron. 2nd person sing.
combined with the prep. a. of
thee. 2. plural of tau. See tau.

II. Aus or ausake, ad. I know not. 'Kei hea to koutou teina?' See also auara.

III. Aua, ad. imperative. not. Aua koe e haere.

IV. Aua, ad. far advanced; far on; in point of distance. Generally with mai or atu. Kua aua mai koe; you have come a long way. Kei aua noa atu nga tangata; the men are a great distance off.

Auähi, n. smoke.

Auăkă, ad. do not; don't.

Auără, ad. after a negative question, certainly there is &c. "Kaore he tangata o te tai hauauru e puta mai ana te ingoa ki konei?" "Auara, e puta mai ana ano ko Aută, v. t. encroach upon; attack. Marutuahu" (138).

Auau. See under au.

Aue, int. alas.

aue, v. i. groan; make lamentation; cry. E aue mai nei te tamaiti i te mataku.

Auhă, v. i. leap out of the water. Ka auha te ika.

Auhăhă, v. t. seek after. Ka auhaha noa ia ki tetahi kai mana. Auhŏkĭ, n. eddy.

Ainăkě, ad. on the morrow.

Aukăhă, v. t. lash the rauawa, or bulwark, to the body of a canoe. Na ka oti tona waka te aukaha, ka toia ki te wai (120).

aukaha, n. lashings which fasten the rauawa to the body of the

Aukăti, v. t. stop one's way; prevent one from passing.

Aŭkĭ, (ā) a. old. See uki.

Aumoe, a. at ease. Ka kanaenae nga kanohi, kahore i te aumoe.

Auporo, v. t. cut short; stop. Kotahi te tangata nana nei matou i auporo, ko Iharaira anake.

Arški, 1. v. i. turn aside. ka auraki atu ki te kainga nei. 2. v. t. do a thing in a hurry. Aua ra e aurakina.

'Aua, kaore matou i kite' (95). Aurără, v. i. 1. clutch; grasp. Aurara ke ou ringaringa ki kona ki te aha? 2. encroach.

> Aurei, n. the 3rd day of the moon's age.

> Aurere, v. i. 1. moan; groan. aurere mai ra a Tairi. 2. sail. Ki karewa, aurerenga hipi.

> Aŭriŭri, (a) a. free from tapu. Ka auriuri pea koe.

> Auru, v. t. 1. break off; p luc up. Aurutia mai nga tarutaru. throw away.

Aurukowhao, n. 1. leakage from the lashing holes of the rauawa of a canoe, hence 2. any trifting damage.

Ka mate a Hongi, a auta ka auta, ko Te WHareumu.

Autăhi, n. the star Canopus.

Autăiă, (ău) a. extraordinary; strange.

Autăki, a. round-about; circuitous. He kupu autaki.—He ara autaki.

Autāně, n. a woman's brother-inlaw.

Autaua, n. one who announces the approach of a fighting party.

Autě, n. 1. Broussonetia papyrifera or paper mulberry. 2. band for the hair.

Auwähine, n. sister-in-law of a

Awa, (ăwă) n. 1. river. Kei tawahi ke o te awa e tawharau ana mai a te Arawa (81). channel.

awaawa, n. valley.

Awakari or awakeri, n. ditch. Awamătě, n. ditch outside the palisading of a pa; moat.

Awarŭa, n. ditch.

Tatou whakaawarua, n. ditch inside the palisading of a pa.

- Awängäwängä, (ā-) a. uneasy in mind; disturbed.
- Awatea, n. (ao atea). 1. broad daylight. Kua awatea, kua puta rawa te ra (47). 2. the middle of the day.
- Awe, (ă-ĕ) n. 1. soot. 2. long hairs on a dog's tail and rump.
- aweawe, a. far off, out of reach. Aweawe ana nga rau o te rakau.
- Awe, (ă-ĕ) ad. (abbreviation of wawe) soon. Kia awe tatou te tae ki te kainga.
- Awěkě, (ā) a. 1. perverse; illtempered. He aha tau ka aweke tonu? 2. slow; dawdling, with the notion of waywardness. Katahi te aweke o tau haere.
- aweke, v. t. falsify; misrepresent. E kore au e anga ki te aweke korero maku.
- Awěko, (ā) a. 1. old; ancient. He riri mo tenei kainga, me korero; ko nga riri aweko o tawhiti, kauaka e korerotia. 2. knowing; understanding. Me te aweko haere tou au ki te haramaitanga o toku papa.
- Awhā, (ā-) n. 1. gale; storm. 2. rain. Ka ua te awha.
- Awhătŏ, (ā-) n. a fungus which is parasitic on a kind of caterpillar, sphæria Robertsii.
- Awhe, (ă-ĕ) v. t. 1. gather up into a heap. Awhea mai nga

- oneone. 2. surround; beset. Ka awhea mai e te hau o roto o te riu (153).
- awheawhe, v. t. set to work at a thing with a number of persons. Me awheawhe noa tena mahi ka oti.
- awhe, v. i. pass round or behind. Ka awhe i tera taha.
- Awheo, n. halo.
- awheo, v. i. be surrounded by a halo. Ka awheo te marama ka taka.
- Awheotau, v. i. be surrounded by a halo.
- Awheto, for awhato, see awhato. Awhi, (ă-ĭ) v. t. 1. embruce. 2. draw near to. Awhitia mai, kia piri, kia tata.
- awhiwhiwhi, v. i. approximate; resemble.
- Awhina, (ā-) v. t. assist; benefit. He awhina tangata anake te rangatiratanga o tenei mea o te tangata (12).
- Awhio, (ā) v. i. go round about; wind. He ara awhio.
- awhiowhio, n. whirlwind; whirl-pool.
- Awhireinga, (ă-) v. t. embrace in the region of spirits.
- Awhitu, v. i. feel regret; feel hurt. Eawhitu ana toku ngakau ki nga kai kihai i nui mai ki a au.

E.

- I. E, a particle used in forming certain tenses. When used alone with a verb or adjective it makes a future. E kore ranei e tae mai ki konei? (189) In the case of numerals however the time is present. E hia? How many are there? When the verb or adjective is followed by ana the action is in progress, or the con-
- dition temporary. Ko te ope ra, e mahi ana i te takaro, i te haka, i te waiata, i te ngahau (92).
- II. E, prep. by of the agent and following passives only. I ngarea mai au e Paoa (187).
- are there? When the verb or adjective is followed by ana the action is in progress, or the con-

whakahokia ki uta (111). 2. calling attention. E! ko Te Kahureremoa (144). 3. in poetry at the end of a line or stanza, without any particular meaning. Ka tau te tini o te Hakituri i taua tau e.

Ea, v. i. 1. appear above water. Kia timu te tai ka ea ai nga toka gi runga. 2. be brought to Ka ea te kupenga ki tahaki. 3. be produced, as a crop. 4. be paid. Ka ea te utu. 5. be paid for. Kaore ano i ea toku kakahu. 6. be avenged. Ka ea te mate o Tuhuruhuru (62). 7. be performed, as a religious ceremony. Ka ea te purenga (83).

whakaea, v. t. pay for.

whakaeaea, v. t. lift or draw out of the water. Tukutukua i Rangiaowhia; whakaeaea i te Mamaku (178).

Eā, int. expressing surprise. Ea! kua mate tau mokai (161).

Eāhua, see ahua.

Eai, see II. ai.

Eaoia, see III. ao.

Ehăkě, ad. not. Ehake tenei tangata. comp. ehara.

Ehără, (ē) ad. 1. not, stating nonidentity, and followed by i. Ehara i te tikanga tangata (61). Ehara tenei kakahu i a au, this garment is not mine.—Ehara i te mea; it is not the case that. Sometimes with an ellipsis of 'i te mea', as, Ehara maku nga moni.-Ehara i te hanga, perhaps for 'ehara i te hanga noa iho'; It is no common thing, i. e. it is something extraordinary. Ehara is sometimes used alone in this sense. Ehara ano te haere o tera toa (60). 2. in animated narrative, without doubt; sure enough.

rerenga iho o tana meremere, ehara, kua mate (120).

Ehea, plural of tehea, which.

Ehi, int. well! Ehi! kua rite o maua hiahia (131).

Ehia, or more correctly Ehia. See hia.

Ehinu, pron. definitive plural. some. Kei hea ehinu o nga toki? Ehu, (ĕ-ŭ) a. turbid. He wai ehu, he wai para-horo.

ehu, v. i. 1. bale water out of a canoe. Ka ehua te wai o tona waka (111). 2. exhume, disinter (comp. hahu). No te ehunga i a Te Eke.

Ei, int. in poetry at the end of a line or stanza.

EKA, n. acre.

Eke, (ĕ-ĕ) v. i. generally place oneself or be placed upon another object, and so 1. embark. Nga waka i eke mai ai o matou tupuna ki tenei motu (69). 2. get aground; come to land. Ka eke ki uta, ka kitea nuitia e nga tangata (57). 3. mount a horse &c. reach the summit of a mountain &c. Haere ana ratou, ka eke i runga i te puke (79). be laid or cast upon, as blame, censure &c. Ka ekengia ahau e te kupu; I am the subject of blame; -I am found fault with. 5. come to be exercised over, as control, authority &c. He whakaaro nana, kei eke mai he tikanga ma te matua ki runga ki nga taonga i wehea mai mona.

whakaeke, v. t. 1. place upon; load. Ka pau te tui te whakaeke ki te ngohi (179). 2. rush upon; attack. Tena whakaekea.—Ua whakaekeeke, light sprinkling rain.

whakaeke, n. visitor; guest. Ko etahi rawhi ka pau ma nga whakaeke (185).

Tahi ano whaka- Emi (č-i) or emiemi, v. i. 1. be

assembled; be gathered together. Kua emiemi nga tangata ki te whare. 2. be ushamed.

emiemi, n. a tree.

whakaemi, v. t. gather together. Katahi ka whakaemia kia kite i te patunga o WHakaturia (64). Enă, (ē) plural of tena. See tenu. Ene, (ĕ-ĕ) v. t. 1. flatter. He ene te korero a te tangata nei, ma wai e whakarongo atu? 2. endeavour to obtain by flattery, coaxing &c. Kei te eneene kai mana. 3. eneene riri, provoke

Enei, (ē-) plural of tenei. See tenei.

Engăengă, v. i. overflow.

a quarrel.

Engări, 1. it is better. Akuanei pea ka mate ko au: engari pea me haere noa atu au ki te kimi kaupa ke atu hei oranga moku 2. conj. but; but rather. (119).Kei hopu tou ringa ki te aka taepa, engari kia mau ki te aka matua (48).

I. Epa, (ĕ-ă) v. t. pelt; throw anything at. Roa noa atu ratou e epaepa ana i a ia, kihai hoki i pa (16).

II. Epa, (ĕ-ă) n. 1. boards placed on edge under the end rafters of a maori house. 2. posts at the end of a maori house between the poupou and poutaahuhu. 3. objection; hindrance. Kahore he epa mo tena.

whakaepa, v. t. 1. object to; hinder. Kahore tatou i te tika e ahei ai i a tatou te whakaepaepa. 2. conciliate; influence; win over. Riro ana taku poaka hei whakaepaepa mo ti tohunga.—Me ata whakaepa; let him be made much of.

Eră, (ē) plural of tera. See tera. Erangi, the same as engari. engari.

Erawe. See under rawe.

Ero. (ĕ-ŏ).

whakaero, v. i. dwindle; fall off; WHakaero ana te diminish. tangata, whakaero ana hoki te moni.

Etahi, plural of tetahi. See tetahi.

Ete (ĕ-ĕ).

whakaete, v. t. force one's way &c. by pressing through a crowd. Ka whakaetea he nohoanga mona. Eti, (ĕ-ĭ) v. i. shrink; recoil. Ka eti taku kiri i konei.

etieti, n. disgusting.

Etia, a. how great. Etia tonu tou humariae! (164)

Etŏkŏhĭnŭ, for ehinu, some.

Ewa, (ĕ-ă).

whakaewa, n. strings of a mat. Ewe, (ĕ-ĕ) n. 1. placenta or afterbirth. 2. land of one's birth.

Н.

vour. Kahore he ha o tena kai. Ka ha toku waha. ha, v. i. taste. whakaha, v. i. emit breath; breathe.

II. Hā, v. i. hesitate in speaking; be at a loss for words. Ha noa te waha o te tangata ra e!

hāhā, v. t. warn off by shouting. Ka haharia mai e te katoa (51).

I. Ha, n. 1. breath. 2. taste; fla- | Ha, int. what! varying in signification acording to the tone in which it is uttered.

HAAPA, n. harp.

Hae ou hăhae, i. v. t. slit; lacerate; tear. I haea toku e wai? ii. v. i. 1. become detached (longitudinally). No te taenga ki Tapuae, ka hahae nga kawainga o te ata. 2. loathe; hate. He whakatauki na Tuwhenuakura, 'Ahakoa kai tahi, tera a roto te hahae ke ra'. 3. be envious. He aha koe ka hae nei ki te utu o tera tangata?

haehae, v. t. 1. cut repeatedly. He tangi haehae; a wailing accompanied with cutting of the skin, as a sign of grief. 2. cut up. Tahuri haehaea te ika nei (152). hae, n. 1. fear or dislike inspired by any object. Te hia ora o nga tangata noho i roto, i te hae mai o te ngarara nei. 2. envy.

whakahaehae, v. t. scare; frighten.

Hacătă, n. 1. dawn. Ka rere te haeata. 2. beam of light, entering any dark place. Kei puta mai hoki te haeata o te awatea ki roto i te whare (13).

haeatatanga, n. opening through which a beam of light comes. Ka titiro atu i te haeatatanga o te whatitoka (13).

Hachae. See under hac.

Haemătă, v. t. cut up in an uncooked state. Ka patua nga kuri e rua, kotahi i taona, kotahi i haematatia (112).

Haere, v. i. 1. come; go; depart. Kia kite au i te haerenga o Te Ngahue. Haere mai; come towards the speaker. Haere atu; go away from the speaker. Haere mai is a common expression of welcome. 2. become. Ka haere ka momohangatia te manu; birds are becoming scaree. pass. haerea, be travelled over.

whakahaere, v. t. 1. cause to go; carry about. Kei te whakahaere a Puru i tana potiki. 2. explore; search for; go about to examine. Apopo matou haere ai ki te whakahaere kiekie. 3. conduct any business; execute. Ki te korero i te ata whakahaere (150). WHa- | Hake, a. humped; crooked.

kahaere tikanga; direct; superintend; govern.

haereere, v. i. stroll; wander.

Haere, n. a spirit supposed to reside in fragmentary rainbows on detached clouds.

Haeroa, a. Ka keria te rua haeroa, terua o te ngana (86). The rua haeroa was a hole dug in the ground in connection with incantations against one's enemies: called also rua tūpō.

Hăhă, v. t. 1. seek; look for. haha ana au ki taku toki. procure. I haria mai taua here e raua hei haha kai ma raua (137).

Hāhā, see under II. hā. Hăhae, see under hae. Hăhănă, see under hana. Hăhărĭ, n. a shell fish. Hahau, see under hau. Ham, n. church.

Hähu, v. t. 1. disinter the bones of the dead before removing them to their final resting place. Ma wai e hahu te tupapaku? search for. E hahu noa ana ia i tetahi kai ma tona puku. scatter.

Hāika, n. anchor.

HAKA, n. jug; jar.

Hākā, n. American groundsel.

Hăkă, v. i. 1. dance. Ka mea atu taua hunga, "Ehaka!" (65). 2. sing a song to be accompanied with a dance. Katahi ka hakaa e ratou, koia tenei ta ratou haka. (37).

haka, n. 1. dance. 2. song, accompanying a dance.

Häkä,

hakahaka, a. short in stature; low. He maunga hakahaka.

Hākārāmēta, n. sacrament.

Hakari, n. 1. gift; present. entertainment; feast. 3. roe of a fish.

hake te tuara o te tamaiti.—E tama, whakarerea te rakau na, he hake.

Hākĕrĕ, a. stingy.

hakere, v. t. grudge; stint.

hakerekere, a. gloomy; downcast. Hakerekere ana te hinengaro.

Hăkihăki, n. 1. itch; skin disease. 2. worn out mat.

Hākiki, v. t. be overbearing. Ka hakiki noa te tangata nei.

Hăkirără, a. idling; trifling; lying. Te waha hakirara!

Hăkiri, i. v. t. hear indistinctly. Kahore i hakiritia e au te reo o te tangata. ii. v. i. 1 be heard indistinctly or vaguely. I hakiri ano i a au taua korero. 2. make itself felt slightly. Katahi ano ka rongo ki te hakiri ika ki tana aho (117).

Hăkŏ, n. spoon.

Hakoakoa, n. a bird.

Hăkôkô, a. bent so as to form a hollow; concave. Ka hakoko te ringa o te tangata ra i tona mate.

Hākŏrŏ, n. old man.

Hăkŭ, v. i. complain; murmur. Te ai e tatou te haku ki tona matenga.

Pass. hakua, be found fault with. E kui ma nei, kauaka au e hakua.

Hakuai, n. a bird, the same as hokioi.

Hākui, n. old woman.

Hākŭkŭ, v. t. scrape. Hakukua te korari nei.

Hăkune, v. i. be deliberate; be careful. Hakune marie ai, kaore e hohoro.

Hămă, v. i. be consumed. Kua hama te kai i te poaka.

Hama, 1. n. hammer. 2. v. t. strike with a hammer.

Hamama, a. 1. open. Ko te taniwha, kua hamama haere mai te waha (151). 2. vacant; exempt. Kei hea to wahi o te ao i hamama i te raru?

hamama, v. i. shout. I reira ka hamama te waha o te kuia raka ki te ki atu ki a ia (165).

Hămăruru, a. shut in; confined. I ahua kino te tunga o te whare nei i Takopa, he hamaruru.

hamaruru, n. crutch of a ko or digging implement.

Hāměmě, v. i. mutter. E hameme ana te turoro.

Hămiti, for hamuti. See hamuti.
Hāmoko, n. spaces between the bundles of raupo in the walls of a maori building.

Hămu, v. t. gather things that are thinly scattered; gleun. Ka ongeonge nga kai ka hamu ai i nga puka.

Hămumu, v. i. 1. speak. Kihai hoki i hamumu atu te wahine ra (164). 2. mutter, make an indistinct sound. Te mea e hamumumumu nei me te waha tangata.

Hāmure, v. i. be beforehand with others in eating.

Hămŭtĭ, n. human excrement.

Hănă or hăhănă, v. i. shine; glow; give forth heat. Ka hahana te kapura nei.

whakahana, v. t. hold up weapons &c. in defiance. Ka whakahana i nga patu, i nga pu, me te pukana.

hanahana, n. garment smeared with red ochre.

Hăně, v. i. be confounded; be silenced &c. a modern word.

Hăněhăně, n. rottenness. Ma te huhu, ma te popo, ma te hanehane (5).

Hānea, n. a small black mussel. hāneanea, a. unpalatable.

Hāněně, a. blowing gently. I ata hanene te haere mai o te hau ra. Compare anene. I. Hănĭ, n. a wooden weapon;
 the same as maipi and taiaha.
 II. Hănĭ.

hanihani, v. t. speak ill of; disparage. Kati ra te hanihani i tou hoa.

Hănĭkŭră, n. a shell-fish.

HANUERE, n. January.

Hănumi, v. i. be merged or swallowed up; be mixed.

whakahanumi, v. t. mix; cause to be swallowed up.

Hăngă, v. t. make; build. Heri ano nga tohunga nana i hanga nga waka (69). Kei te hanga i te taiepa oneone (19).

hanga, n. work; fabric; thing; property. Ehara i te hanga, it is no ordinary thing, so also Kihai i hanga ake tana wahine (196).

hangahanga, a. 1. frivolous; of no account. Hua noa he hangahanga noa nga korero a tera, kaore, he tika tou ia. 2. spreading over the ground. Ka hangahanga te tupu o te kapana.

whakahangahanga, v. t. handle gently. He mea whakahangahanga noa; nana noa i mate.

Hāngǎi, a. 1. opposite; confronting. Kia hangai mai tou kanohi. 2. across; at right angles. Hangai pu nga waewae.—He toki hangai, an adze.

Hanganoa, n. small basket for cooked food.

Hăngărău, v. t. jest with; befool. He aha tau i hangarau i a au? (18)

Hăngărĕkă, v. i. or t. jest; deceive. He hangareka kau te mahi a tenei tangata.

Hăngĕhăngĕ, a. quite dry. Maroke hangehange te waka i runga i te kowhatu.

hangehange, n. geniostoma ligustrifolium; a shrub. Hăngere, a. half-full. He hangere tenei kete.

Hāngi, n. native oven.

Hăngŏ.

hangohango, n. an implement for digging and for setting potatoes &c.

hangohango, v. t. dig or plant with a hangohango. Kei te hangohango riwai nga tangata o tenei kainga.

Hăngŏrĕ, a. weak.

Hăngörö, a. slack; loose. Hangoro noa taku pikau.

Hangorungoru, a. hanging in folds.

Hāngū, a. quiet; not talkative. He wahine hangu.

Hănguru, a. chattering. Kauae hanguru, jaw chattering with cold.

Hao, v. t. 1. draw round so as to encompass fish &c. He hokinga mai no nga waka o tona iwi i te hao kupenga ika (141). 2. catch in a net; enclose. Me hao ki te kupenga. 3. grasp greedily.

hao, n. 1. a basket in which cockles are collected. 2. a moderatesized eel.

HAONA, n. horn.

I. Hăpă, v. i. 1. be passed over in the apportionment of anything. Tokorua nga tangata i hapa i te kai inaianei. 2. gone by. Ka hapa koe ki Ruatahuna ka puta mai nga pukapuka mou.

II. Hăpă, a. crooked.

Hăpă, n. supper.

Hāpai, i. v. t. 1. lift up; raise.
Hapainga tera pito o te rakau.
2. carry. E koro, hapainga nga
toki nei (51). 3. begin a song,
charm &c. Ka hapai ake i tana
hiki ake mo tana ika kia maiangi
ake (22). Pass. hapainga, start.
Huaki kau te ata, ka hapainga
mai; kai rawa mai i te mania

nga kawainga o te ata.

hapainga, n. small basket for food. Hāpāki, v. t. catch lice. Hapaki ana te taokete i nga kutu o Maui (26).

Hāpără, i. v. t. slit; cut. hua i hapara te whare.—I haparaia tonutia tona waewae.

ii. v. i. dawn. ata.

hapara, n. spade.

Hāpārāngi, v. i. shout; bawl. Ka harahara, v. i. be diminished. Ka haparangi te waha o te tamariki.

Haparu, v. t. make common; dese-Ka haparua aku mea e crate. koe.

HAPATI, n. sabbath.

Hăpĕ, a. 1. crooked. ki te hape o te waewae (113). 2. beside the point. hape o korero; kei te tika o' korero.

Hăpī, n. native oven or cooking pit; hāngi.

Hăpĭrŏ, n. violation of tapu by eating at a sacred place. He aha koe i mate ai? He hapiro.

Hăpŏki, n. pit for storing pota-

Hăpŏkŏ, n. pit for storing potatoes. Kia rupeke te kai ki te hapoko (189).

Hăpori, n. section of a tribe; family.

Haporo, v. t. cut off. Haporoa te rakau ki konei.

Hăpu, a. 1. pregnant. Ka kitea te haputanga o Rangiuru (128). 2. conceived in the womb. Akuanei whakapaea ai na Hotunui i tahae; na e hapu ana a Marutuahu (136).

hăpu, n. section of a large tribe; secondary tribe.

Hāpua, a. hollow like a valley; depressed. Hoake tatou ki te wahi e hapua mai ra.

(157). ii. v. i. rise. Ka hapai Hāpuku, n. a fish resembling the cod.

I. Hără, v. i. 1. violate tapu, intentionally or otherwise. hara tawhito i mate ai. Hence 2. sin.

Na Re- II. Hără, n. excess above a round number. Kotahi rau; e iwa nga hara.

Ka hapara te whakahara or whakaharahara, a. large.

III. Hără.

harahara nga kai i roto i te rua. whakaharahara, v. t. cause to be diminished; lessen. Kia whakaharaharangia te wai o te poti. Hărăkěkě, n. phormium tenux; the New Zealand flax plant.

I mohiotia Hărăki, a. preposterons; extraordinary. a modern word.

Kahore i Harakuku, v. t. scrape. kukutia nga harakeke.

Hărămai, v. i. (contraction of haere mai) come towards the speaker. often used as an expression of welcome. Pass. haramaitia, be come for. Te korero i haramaitia nei e ia; the report on account of which the came.

Hārăngĭ, a. 1. unsettled. 2. foolish; silly. Ka harangi noa iho ona mahara.

Hărăngŏtĕ, v. t. nibble. E harangote ana te ika.

Hărăpăki, n. steep slope, as the side of a hill.

Hărărěkě, n. for harakeke; phormium tenax.

Hărătau, a. convenient; suitable. Te mea noa ano ka haratau marire ki te whakaaro a te wahine (167).

Hārau, v. t. 1. feel for with the hand; grope for. E harau ana te ngoingoi i te kai mana. reach. Tenei tetahi ki i harau ake ki aku taringa.

Hărehare, n. cutaneous eruption; itch.

hărenare, a. offensive. Katahi nga korero harehare nau: whakarerea atu.

I. Hări, v. i. 1. dance. 2. sing a song to dance to. 3. feel or shew gladness.

hari, n. 1. dance. 2. song. 3. joy. harihari, n. song to make people pull together.

II. Hări, v. t. carry. Ka haere atu te koroheke ra ka hari i nga toki (51).

Hāria, n. wild cabbage.

Hărirău, n. wing.

Hārŏ, v. t. 1. scrape clean. He kai haro muka.—He kaupapa haro; a clean sweep. 2. chop smooth with an adze. Kei te haroa a roto o te waka. 3. of very low water at spring tide. Haro ana te tai nei.

hāronga, n. mat, made of the scrapings of flax.

Hărore, n. edible fungus growing on trees, or on the ground; mushroom.

Hărori, n. edible fungus.

Hārŏtŏrŏtŏ, n. pond; pool.

Harotu v. i. be reduced to shreds III. Hau, n. odd half fathom. or tatters.

Hăruru, v. i. rumble. He whatitiri tenei e haruru mai nei.

Hārŭrŭ, a. fetid; foul smelling. Ka haruru te rongoa nei.

Hatea, a. 1. faded; decolorized.

Kua hatea te mangu o te kakahu.

2. whitened, as with saline efflorescence.

Hatepe, v. t. cut asunder; cut off. Hatepea nga pou o te whare. Hatete, n. fire.

I. Hău, n. 1. wind. Kihai te hau ra i roa rawa e pa ana, kua mutu (93). 2. dew; moisture. Ma tahaki haere ai, i te hau i a koe.

hau, a. 1. eager; brisk. Ka piki a Rupe, ka hau, ka porangi ki

a Rehua (32). 2. famous; illustrious. He ingoa hau tenei ingoa e karangatia mai nei ki te taringa (148).

hauhau, a. cool. Ka hauhau koe i te anu o waho (66).

hau, hăhau, hauhau, v. t. 1. strike; smite; deal blows to. Hahau kau ana te patu, he mano ki te matenga (143). 2. hew; chop. Ka tuaina a te trawa, ka hinga ki raro; ka haua, a ka oti (69).

whakahau or whakahauhau, v. t. 1. animate; inspirit; urge on. Haere ra koe ki te whakahau i nga tangata.—Applied to a song. Katahi ka koia te mara, ko tona whakahauhau tenei, 'NGaere te whakatipua &c' (114). 2. give order; give the word. Katahi ka tautapa te whakahauhau a te hunga e tu iho ra i te taumata. 'E! kua ngaro ki roto; kumea!'

II. **Hău.**

hāhau, v. t. seek. Kihai i roa te hahautanga mai o nga tauhou, kua mohiotia mai, ko Paoa tera (193).

III. Hau, n. odd half fathom. E waru maro o taku taura me te hau. IV. Hau, n. angle; corner. Kei te hau o te taiepa te ara.

V. Hau, n. 1. food used in the ceremonies of the 'pure', or remowal of tapu from a newly built house, canoe &c. In some cases the hau was eaten; in others it was left entirely for the atua. Kia tae atu au ki te kawe atu i te hau o tenei tanga ika; a kia tae atu ki te tohunga, kia whangaia ki te atua (22). 2. something connected with a person on whom it is intended to practise enchantment; such as a portion of his hair, a drop of his spittle, anything which has touched his

person &c., which, when taken to the 'tohunga', might serve as a connecting link between his haumi, v. t. 1. join. incantations and their object.

Hăuā, a. 1. crippled; lume. haua te waewae. 2. cowardly; without spirit. He iwi haua matou; kahore i rapua he utu.

Hăuăitŭ, a. 1. starved with cold; pinched. He hauaitu to matou mate. 2. lean; wasted. He kuri hauaitu. 3. listless; without heart. Ka hauhauaitu ahau, he pouri no roto i a au.

Hauangi, a. cool.

Hăuārāhi, n. west wind.

Hăuărea, a. 1. thin; lean. 2. weak. 3. cowardly.

Hauatiu, n. north west wind.

Hăuāŭrŭ, n. west wind.

Hăuhăkě, v. t. take up a root crop. Hauhakea ana nga kai; te marangatanga mai, e waru nga rau (114).

Hăuhungă, n. frost.

Haukoti, v. t. intercept; cut off. Ka haukotia e te mate.—Haukoti i te aroaro, obstruct.

haukoti, n. intercepting party. Katahi ka kokiritia e te haukoti a te wha tekau.

Hăukū, n. dew.

Hăumākū, a. bedewed; wet.

Hăumărŭrŭ, a. 1. languid. haumaruru nga kanohi i te mate. 2. indifferent; unconcerned. Me mutu i konei te haumaruru o matou; me matakana nga kanohi i enei rangi e takoto nei.

Hăumāŭiŭi, n. result of one's toil; work accomplished. Te haumauiui o nga mea kua mate; te haumauiui o nga mea kua riro atu.

Haumi, n. 1. piece of wood by which the body of a canoe is 2. joint by which the additional piece is fastened. Hăutětě, v. i. jabber: 3. confederacy; conspiracy. E Hautope, v. t. cut asunder.

mea ana a Hongi, he haumi tenei ki a ia.

2. lengthen by addition. 3. reserve; lay aside. Hoake rawa ka haumi i tetahi maku:—ka pau ra hoki.

Hăunŭi, n. dew.

Hăungă, a. odorous; stinking. He ngohi tenei e haunga mai nei.

haunga, n. odour. Rongo kau ano te tupua ra i te haunga ahua tangata (150).

Hāungă, ad. besides; not. E rua mano te tane; haunga te wahine, te tamariki.

Hăuŏră, a. revived. Kua hauora te tupapaku, kua maranga.

whakahauora, v. revive; refresh. I. Hăupăpă, n. frost; ice.

II. Hăupăpă, v. t. lie in wait for. Akuanei ka haupapatia tatou e te taua.

Hăupŏngĭ, n. eddy wind.

Hăupu, n. heap.

haupu, i. v. t. place in a heap. Haupuria nga makoi ki konei. ii. v. i. lie in a heap.

Hăurăhi, n. dew.

Hăurăngi, a. 1. mad; 2. drunken. haurangi, n. verandah.

Hăurărŏ, a. low down. Me he mea no konei, he hauraro noa iho te kakahu o te weruweru (147).

Haurokuroku, a. unsettled; uncertain. E haurokuroku ana te korero: he korero pai i tetahi rangi, he korero kino i tetahi.

Hăurutu, n. dew. See also under rutu.

Hăutăi, n. sponge.

Hăutăkū, a. bedewed; wet. pea kei te hautaku a roto o te kāho.

Hăutăorŭa, n. dew.

Hăutăruru, a. unwary; heedless.

Hautu, n. time-beater for the rowers in a canoe.

Hăutūmū. See under tumu. Hăuwărĕ, n. saliva.

Hauwere, a. hanging down; pen-

dulous.

Hāwă, v. i. be chipped; be broken. Ka hawa te karaha nei i te tamaiti.

hawahawa, v. i. be smeared. tama, e tama, hawahawa ana te hinu i ou kauwae.

hawa or hawahawa, n. ventral fin of a fish.

Hăwăi, n. fungus on trees.

hawahawai, n. hillocks in which weeds are buried, and which are afterwards planted with potatoes.

I. Hāware, n. saliva.

hawareware, a. full of saliva. E hawareware ana te mangai. II. Hāwărě.

hawareware, a. lean. He poaka hawareware.

Hāwătă, v. i. mutter. E hawata ana te tupapaku.

Hawato, n. the same as awhato. Hāwĕa.

whakahawea, v. t. 1. despise. E tika ana ano te whakahawea ki a ia, he tutuā hoki ia. E kore au e whakadisbelieve. hawea ki tana korero.

Hawera, n. place where the fern or bush has been destroyed by fire.

Hāwere, n. fruitful year.

Hāwiniwini, v. i. shiver with cold; shudder.

Hawhe, v. i. go or come round. Kua hawhe katoa nga ika ki

hawhe, n. some portion of a drag

Hăwhĕ, n. half.

Hě, art. a; an; some: both singular and plural.

Hē, a. 1. wrong. He rawa te mahi whakahei, v. t. go to meet.

nei. 2. erring; mistaken. in difficulty or trouble. Ka he toku manawa. I am out of breath. or I am out of heart, 4. dead. hēhē, a. gone astray.

pass. hengia, be mistaken for another. Kei hengia koe.

he, n. 1. error; mistake. 2. difficulty.

whakahe, v. t. 1. cause to go astray; mislead. Na te kuia ra matou i whakahe. 2. find fault with; condemn.

I. Hěa, n. interrogative. 1. what Ko hea te tangata ra? 2. when repeated it signifies every place. Ka tukua nga purahorua ki hea, ki hea, kia haere mai ki te whawhai (101). hea is often used as a strong negative, like "far from it"; not at all. Ka toru tekau tau i ako ai Pihopa; no hea ra e rongo e? 3. what time. A hea koe haere ai?

II. Hěa, n. multitude; majority. Tena ko te hea o te tangata, e kore e whakaae.

heahea, a. foolish; silly.

HĔA, n. ploughshare.

Hēanga, n. derivative from he. See he.

I. Hei, n. ornament for the neck. hei, v. wear round the neck. Heia ki tou kaki.

II. **Hěi**, prep. future. 1. *at* of time or place. Hei te po taua hoe ai (41).—Hei kona takoto ai. 2. for; to, denoting the use to be made of anything &c. Ka pau nga pata kaanga hei kinaki mo te koura.—Ko wai tou tangata hei tangi i a koe, hei ngaki hoki i tou mate? (40) 3. forming a future with the negative adverb kaua. Kaua hei tŭtū: whakatupu tangata (82). III. Hei, compare heipu.

kina whakaheitia a Te Whatanui ki te ara.

Heihei, n. 1. noise. Tutu ana te heihei. 2. barn-door fowl.

Hěingă, n. parent; ancestor.

Hĕipū, a. 1. coming straight towards; hitting exactly. Heipu tonu atu au ko taua mea e takoto ana. 2. just; proper. Kei ou matua te take heipu.

Hěitiki, n. a greenstone ornament worn round the neck.

Hěkă, a. mouldy. Kua heka nga kao nei.

Hěkě, v. i. 1. descend. Ka kake matou; ka heke. 2. ebb. Kia heke te tai ka haere ai tatou. 3. drip. Ka heke te wai o te tăhā. 4. migrute. A, whakatika ake a NGahue, ka heke atu he whenua ke (68). 5. miss a mark.

heke, n. 1. one who migrates; party of emigrants. 2. rafter. 3. a kind of eel.

whakaheke, v. t. 1. cause to descend &c.; let down. 2. cutch eels by means of a net attached to a weir. Ka riro a Te Iwi ma ki te whakaheke tuna.

whakaheke, n. rope.

whakahekeheke, a. striped. heketanga, n. descent of a hill.

Hěkěmai, n. a kind of shark. Hěkěrau, n. small tubers of ku-

mara, striking into the grounds from the knots in the shoots.

Hěkětără, n. a tree.

Hěkětua, n. necessary stool. Ka hangaa hoki e ia te heketua hei whakareinga mo nga tahae (35).

Hěměngě, n. basket half full. Hěměněmě, n. back of the head.

Heminemi, n. back of the head.

Hemo, v. i. 1. be passed by; be gone away. 2. miss a mark.

Ka hemo te patu a Huka. 3. consumed. Kua hemo nga kai o te rua. 3. be dead. Nonanahi i hemo ai taku tamaiti.

5. be faint. Ka hemo au i te kai, I am faint for wand of food, i. e. I am hungry. 6. denoting the completion of an action. Ka hemo te pakeha te muru. The white man has been plundered. whakahemo, i. v. t. consume. ii. v. i. be consumed.

whakahemohemo, i. v. t. attend at the deathbed of any one. Kei te whakahemohemo a Te Hepatahi i tana wahine. ii. v. i. be at the point of death.

Hĕnumi, v. i. be out of sight; disappear. Kua henuminga uwhi ki raro ki the whenua.

whakahenumi, v. t. cause to disappear &c.

Hěngă, n. 1. edge of the body of a canoe, to which the 'rauawa' is fastened. 2. food for a working party. Kei te taka ratou i te henga.

hengahenga, n. girl.

hengahenga, a. quite dry. See hangehange.

Hēngă, n. derivative from he. See he.

Hĕngĭ or hĕhĕngi, v. i. blow gently. Ano te matangi e hehengi mai nei.

whakahengi, v.i. move stealthily.
E whakahengi mai ana te tangata ki a au.

Hengia, n. black skin.

Hēngia, v. pass. of he. See he. Hěŏi or hĕoti, ad. 1. denoting completeness or sufficiency of a statement or enumeration, and generally having ano joined with it: there is no more; there are none other. Heoi ano nga tohunga nana i hanga nga waka (69). These were all the skilled workmen &c. Heoi ra, that will do; it is enough. 2. implying that what follows is the natural result of what has just been stated: accordingly; and

so; so then; whereupon. Heoi ano, ka pouri te ngakau o Tamate nei (161).-Katahi ka pa te karanga, E! he taniwha, he taniwha e haere mai nei!' heoi ka whati te ope ra (150). 3. but; however. Ka mea ahau kia haere; keoi kahore he waka e whiti ai ahau ki tawahi.

HEPARA, n. shepherd.

Нёрётёма, n. September.

I. Hěrě, v. t. lie; tie up; fasten with cords. Tena, tatou ka here i te ra nei kia ata haere (18). herehere, n. captive; slave.

II. Hěrě, n. spear for killing birds. Haere mai ano raua me te here wero manu ano (137).

here, v. t. kill birds with a spear. III. Hĕrĕ.

whakahere, v. t. conciliate with a present.

whakahere, n. present; propitiatory offering. compare where.

Hěrěpū, v. t. 1. seize; catch and hold firmly. Hereputia tonutia atu e au, te! ka mau. up in bundles. Hereputia nga witi na.

Hěrěngutu, a. without projecting eaves.

Hěrěumu, n. cooking shed; kitchen. compare whareumu.

I. Hěrů, n. comb for the hair. Hei heru tetahi taha o te iwi paraoa.

heru, v. t. comb; dress with a comb. Ka tuturi nga turi ki tana wai heru (55).

II. Hĕrŭ, v. i. begin to flow (of the tide only). Kei te aha te tai? Katahi ano ka heru mai.

Hěu, n. eaves. Perea atu ana, ehara, titi tonu ki nga heu o te whare (81).

Hěu, hěhěu, v. t. separate; pull III. Hía, ad. with difficulty. asunder. Ka rere mai taua tu-

puna nei, ka heua ake, ara! he tangata (11).

ngaroamihi mo tana mokai ka heuheu, i. v. i. scatter: clear away. Heuheutia nga otaota i roto i te whare. ii. v. i. be dispersed. Akuanei heuheu ai nga tangata ki te mahi.

Heu, v. t. shave.

HEU. n. razor.

Hěuěa, v. i. be separated. Ka heuea te po, ka heuea te ao (4).

I. Hěwě. v. i. be deluded: be under a false impression. Kia hewa ai nga hoa na te taua i kai (94).

II. Hěwă, a. bald. He mahunga hewa.

I. Hi, int. expressing contempt. whakahī or whakahīhī, v. i. jeer; sneer; speak contemptuously. Ko wai tenei e whakahihi mai nei?

II. Hī or hǐhī, v. i. 1. make a hissing noise. 2. be affected with diarrhea.

whakahihi, v. t. cause to hiss.

III. Hī, i. v. t. 1. raise; draw up. Ka hiia tera nga nana o te tangata ra, ka riri. 2. catch with hook and line; fish. Ka rewa te waka o ona tuakana ki te hi ika (20). ii. v. i. dawn. Ka hi te ata (55). See also hihi.

I. Hĭa, a. interrogative numeral. how many? Kia hia he tangata mo runga i te waka? used with reference to persons it generally has 'toko' prefixed. Tokohia ou hoa?—Te hia? Which in order?—Kihai i hia nga ra ka u matou ki Poneke. There were not many days &c.

II. Hia, hiahia, v. t. 1. desire; wish. E hiahia ana ahau ki te haere. 2. be in love with. Otira ko Te Ponga, kua hiahia rawa hoki ki te wahine ra (167).

hia puta mai o korua i te tai ki,

Hiainu, a. thirsty. Ka mate a Te Ponga i te hiainu (168).

Hĭăkăi, a. hungry.

hiakaitia, v. passive. be desired for food. E kore tena kai e hiakaitia.

Hĭakŏ, n. skin; bark; rind.

Hīšmŏ, v. i. be exulted; be elevated. Hiamo ana tera te pa ra ki runga. Comp. huamo.

Hĭamŏe, a. drowsy; sleepy.

Hīšngš, a. vicious; refractory; dishonest.

hiangatia, v. passive. be imposed upon. Kua hiangatia ahau e te kai hoko.

Hĭangŏngŏ, v. i. pine away. Ka koa ra, ka kite atu hoki i te whakahiangongo o tona ngakau (165).

Hīăpŏ, v. i. be gathered together. Hiato, v. i. be gathered together. whakahiato, v. t. collect together. Hĭawăerŏ or Hiawero, n. tail of an animal.

Hihi, n. ray of the sun. Comp.

I. Hika, n. a term of address to young people of both sexes. E hika e!

II. Hĭkă, v. t. 1. rub violently. 2. kindle fire by rubbing two pieces of wood together. Hikaia he ahi ma tatou. 3. perform a ceremony with incantations, kindling fire being part of the ceremony. Ka hikaia ki runga ki tona huware kia mate ai ia.

hikahika, i. v. t. rub; chafe. Tangohia ake ana te iwa o nga kumara hei hikahikanga i te ngao o Tutawa-whanau-moana (112). ii. v. i. chafe. Ka haere, ka hikahika te tamaiti.

Hīkaikai, v. i. 1. move the feet to and fro. 2. writhe. Kia rore i te karaka ka hikaikai te ta- hiko, n. distant lightning. ngata. 3. be impatient. Ki te

ki mai koe kia riri taua, ka hikaikai au ki tena mahi.

Hīkākā, a. rash. Kaua e hikakatia to haere.

Hīkaro, v. t. pick out. Kikarohia te rakau nei i roto i toku waewae.-Hikarohia nga mea rarahi o nga kai na.

Hiki, i. v. t. lift up; carry; nurse. Kei hea te kai hiki o te tamaiti nei?

ii. v. i. 1. get up; start. te hiki tetahi o konei i te ara, ka mau taura a Henare hei here. 2. jump or leap involuntarily. I hiki taku karakia (28). charm was imperfect—skipped. Ka hiki taku poho. My heart leaps up, as when one is startled or goes into cold water.—Kia hiki te tapuae, spoken of early dawn when one can just see where one is going to tread.

hikihiki, v. t. carry about in the arms; nurse.

hiki, n. charm for raising fish &c. Kaore ano i ata mutu noa te karakia whakaongaonga, e whakahua ana i te hiki (158).

Hĭkĭrăngĭ, v. i. be unsettled. Tera e reka te noho o te tangata e hikirangi ana mo te haere?

Hĭkŏ, v. i. 1. move in a random way. Kia rite te haere: kaua tetahi e hiko ki mua. 2. stir as birds at daylight. E hiko ana te manu i te ata, ka whakatika maua ka haere. 3. stretch out the hand at random. Hiko tou te tangata ra ki nga ngarehu, apuatanga. 4. begin to strine; dawn. Kei Turuturu ka hiko te ata i a maua.

Pass. hikoia, be shone upon. Hikoia e te awatea, ano he pounamu kei nga kampango e titiwha ana (159).

te hiko e kowha mai ra.

nuous. Kia hihiko te haere.

Hikoi, v. i. step. Te kaha te hikoi o te tangata.

Hikoko, a. wasted; starved. hikoko nga tamariki a Taunaha.

Hiku, n. 1. tail of a fish or reptile. Oraora kau ana ko te hiku kau (160). 2. rear of an army on march, or of a company of travellers. Taihoa, kia tapeke mai te hiku. 3. tip of a leaf &c., point.

Hĭkŭpěkě, v. i. be shortened so as not to hang down low. Pukorukorua kia hikupeke tou ki runga.

Hĭkŭtău, n. head of a valley or river. WHaia ana e maua, a kei te hikutau o te wai nei ka mau.

Himu. n. hip-bone (for humu).

Hĭně, n. grey hairs.

hina, a. having grey hairs.

Hinaki, n. basket for catching eels; eel-pot.

Hīnākipouri, a. quite dark. Ka hinakipouri, ka huaki.

Hĭnămŏe, a. sleepy.

Hinamoki, n. a kind of rat.

Hinana, a. staring angrily; looking fierce (spoken of the eyes or eyebrows). Hinana ana nga kanohi o Rewa.—Hinana ana nga kape.

Hinapouri, a. 1. very dark. very sad.

Hinatore, v. i. twinkle; glow with an unsteady light.

hinatore, n. 1. any phosphorescent substance. 2. young shoots of a species of toetoe. Na te hinatore i wero toku waewae.

Hině, n. girl. only in addressing a girl or I. Hīrā, a. numerous. young woman. E hine!

Tiněkoráko, n. a spirit suppos-

hihiko, v. i. move quickly, be stre- Hinengaro, n. 1. some portion of the intestines. 2. seat of the thoughts and feeling; heart. E kitea koia nga whakaaro o te hinengaro?

> Hinu, n. 1. oil; fat. 2. game such as pigeons, rats &c. preserved in their own fat.

> Hinga, v. i. 1. fall from an erect Nau koe i hinga ai. position. 2. lean.

Pass. hingaia, be fullen upon. Kei hingaia koe e te rakau.

hingahinga, v. i. fall in numbers, as on a battlefield &c.

hingahinga, n. slaughter of numbers.

hihinga, v. i. fall in numbers. whakahinga, v. t. cause to fall. from an erect position.

Hingongi, n. a variety of potato. Hĭoĭ, n. 1. mentha Cunninghami, 2. anthus Novæ Zea plant. landiæ, a bird.

Hĭpă, v. i. 1. start aside. I hipa koe ki tahaki i ora ai. 2. pass on Hipa ke atu, hipa one side. ke mai, kahore i kitea. 3. exceed in length; surpass. Ka hipa ke tenei rakau; kotia iho.

whakahipa, v. t. turn aside. Sometimes with a reflective signification. WHahahipa ki tahaki, kei mau koe.

whakahipa, n. head; hair of the head.

whakahipahipa, a. irregular; of different lengths or heights. He taiepa whakahipahipa.

Hĭpĭ, n. 1. skeep. 2. skip. Horahia te titiro whakawaho ki karewa, aurerenga hipi.

Hinău, n. eleocarpus dentatus; a Hipoki, v. t. cover. Hipokina ki te kakahu.

Generally used hipoki, n. covering.

hira, n. multitude. Katahi au ka kite i te hira o te tangata. ed to reside in lunar rainbows. whakahirahira, v. t. extol; magnify to depreciation of others. Sometimes used reflectively; extol oneself. Ehara te whakahirahira o te tangata ra; katahi matou nei ka rongo i ena korero.

II. Hĭră.

hĭhĭră, a. shy; suspicious. Ka hihira au ki tena ara, kei mate au.

Hīrău, v. t. entangle; trip up. He aha i hirautia nei e koe toku waewae?

hirau, n. paddle.

Hīrāwērāwē, a. irksome; painful. Hirawerawe ana te whatinga o toku ringaringa.

Hirea, a. indistinct. Rongo hirearea ake ahau ki te tangata e karanga mai nei.

hirearea, n. indistinct sound. Na! te hirearea waha tangata a mea nei.

Hīrĕrĕ, v. i. gush; spirt.

Hĭrĭ.

hĭhĭrĭ, a. 1. laborious; energetic; assiduous. Hihiri mauie koe ki te haramai i roto i te marangai. 2. laborious; requiring exertion. Katahi te hihiri i a au ki te haere ki reira! What work I shall have &c.

hirihiri, v. t. repeat charms over a person, with the view of imparting energy. Ka hirihiria atu ki te kauhou o Houmaitawhiti (127).

whakahirihiri, i. v. t. assist; relieve. He kore tangata hei whakahirihiri te riro ai te pēke paraoa. ii. v. i. rely; lean. Kahore i pai ki a au, whakahihiri ke ki a Te Kani.

Hīrī, n., seul.

Hĭrĭwă, n. silver.

Hīrŏkĭ, a. thin; lean.

Hirori, v. i. stagger. Hirori ana nga waewae i te taimaha o te wahanga.

Hītari, n. sieve.

nify to depreciation of others. Hitau, n. small mat for the waist; Sometimes used reflectively; apron.

Hītāwĕtawe, a. very long. Hitawetawe ana te roa o to tangata.

Hītěkĭ, v. i. hop. Hiteki atu ki ko. Hītěkě, v. i. hop.

Hiwa, a. watchful; wakeful. Kia hiwa! kia hiwa!

Hīwăi, n. potato.

Hĭwăiwăkă) a species of rhi-Hiwakawaka | pidura; a bird. Hīwěkă, a. hanging.

whakahiweka, v. t. hang up. Te mea nai whakahiwekaa. (R.)

Hiwi, n. 1. ridge of a hill. Tena a Matete te oma na i runga i nga hiwi. 2. beaten track. Ka haere matou i ro ngahere, a puta atu matou ki te hiwi.

hiwihiwi, a fish.

Hiwi, v. t. jerk a fishing line so as to hook the fish.

I. Ho, v. used only in the compound forms, hoake, homai, hoatu.

II. Hō, v. i. put out the lips; pout; a mark of derision. Ho and nga ngutu. 2. shout. Heoi, ka tangi i konei to ho a te iti, a te rahi (160).

hoho, v. i. 1. drop; trickle. Hoho and te toto. 2. speak angrily; say 'hoho'! 3. grin.

III. Ho, n. hoe; spade.

I. Hoa, n. friend; mate; companion. Ko taku hoa koia tau e patai mai na? (147)

hoahoa, n. spouse. used also of two women, wives of the same husband. Ka owha mai te wahine ra ki tana hoahoa (187).

whakahoa, v. t. make a companion of; associate with.

II. Hoa, v. t. 1. aim a blow at by throwing. Hoaina ki te kowhatu. 2. charm the ground over which one is about to pass. Te kaha ia te whai i taua tangata, katahi ka karangatia ki tana wahine hei hoa i ona tapuwae (119). 3. utter incantations for the above purpose. Katahi ka hoaia e Tamure ki re paepae o tona whare (172).

Hoake, i. v. t. give or bring to some place connected with the speaker but in which he is not at the time of speaking. ii. v. i. go on.

Hōăngă, n. a kind of stone used as a grindstone or whetstone.

HOARI, n. sword.

Hŏarĭrĭ, n. enemy.

Hoătă, n. 1. long spear. 2. third day of the moon's age. E! ka ara te marama, he hoata (55).

Hoatu, i. v. t. give away from the speaker. pass. hoatu. Ka tae te tangata ra ki tana taurekareka ka hoatu hei utu mo te ruahine ra (49). ii. v. i. move on in a direction away from the speaker.

Hŏĕ, v. t. 1. push away with the hand. Tona pānga atu ki a ia ka hoea mai.—He ringa hoea; a suitor whose addresses have not been accepted. 2. paddle; row. Ka rewa ki te moana, ka utaina, hokowhitu ki runga, katahi ka hoea (56). 3. hence intransitively travel in a hoat or canoe; make a voyage. Hei te po taua hoe ai kei kitea taua e te tangata whenua (41).

hoe, n. paddle; oar.

hoehoe, v. t. 1. toss about; scatter. 2. paddle about; make repeated trips in a boat or canoe. He hoehoe waka te mahi a nga tamariki nei. 3. convey in a boat or canoe, making repeated trips. Kei te hoehoea nga hanga a te pakeha ki uta.

whakahoe, v. t. reject; shew indifference to.

Hoha, a. 1. wearied with expec-

tation, importunity, anxiety &c. Ka hoha au i tau mahi wha-katoi. 2. wearisome. He mahi hoha tenei.

Höhöhöhö, a. wrinkled with laughter. Hohehohe ana nga paparinga o NGapuhi ki a koe. (Compare ngohengohe).

Höhöğkä, n. panax longissimum; a tree.

Hōhŏnŭ, see under honu.

Hŏhŏrŏ, see under horo.

I. Hŏi, n. 1. lobe of the ear. 2. gusset of a garment.

II. Hŏi, a. 1. far off; distant. Ka titiro atu te rangatira o te pa nei ki tana kotiro ka hoi noa atu (170). 2. deaf; obstinate. NGare noa, kihai hoki i rongo; ka hoi a Te Kahureremoa (143).

hoihoi, a. deafening; noisy. Hoihoi tahi koutou! What a noise you make!

Hōia, n. 1. soldier. 2. sawyer.

Hŏiнŏ, n. horse.

Hoiki, a. diminishing in size upwards; tapering. Ka hoiki tonu te upoko.

Hökä, a. projecting sharply upwards; pointed. Ka hoka te kapua, of points of cloud projecting upwards from a bank in the horizon. He hoka te whare; the house is steep-roofed.

hoka, v. t. take on the point of a fork &c. Ka kai te tangata tapu, he mea hoka ki te rakau tana kai; e kore e totoro tona ringa.

hoka, n. screen made of branches stuck into the ground. Ka riro ki te hanga hoka manu.

Hōkǎi, a. 1. spread out; extended. Ka hokai nga waewae o Ruru ki te rere.—Kia kokai te haere! Step out! 2. far apart. He hokai te ono o te taro.

hokai, n. 1. large feathers of the wing, 2. brace; stay. 3. breadth.

and forwards. Ko nga waewae anake te hokaikai ana.

Hokaka, v. t. desire.

Hōkări, i. v. i. stretch out one's legs. ii. v. t. move by stretching out the legs. E tama! he aha e hokaritia na e koe nga kakahu?

Hokehokea, a. out of patience. Roa noa atu e whanga ana ki a koe, a, kokehokea noa i te whanganga.

Hokěkě, a. obstinate; churlish.

I. Hoki, v. i. return. Tatou ka hoki ki te kāinga. Pass. hokia, be returned for or to. Hokia ta tatou hoe ka mahue atu ra. hoki, n. restorative charm for a sick person, blighted crops &c. hokihoki, v. i. return frequently. whakahoki, v. t. 1. turn back; eause to return. 2. give back.

whakahoki kupu; answer.

II. Hoki, ad. or conj. 1. also. Ka haere hoki ahau. 2. for; because. Ka noho ia ki raro, ka pouri hoki ia ki a ia e kataina ana e te tini o te Atihapai (39).—Ina hoki, as may be inferred from the fact that; for. Ina hoki ka ngaro noa iho nga tira haere atu o reira ki Rotorua (156). 3. to give emphasis to an assent or affirmation &c. Ae: me noho hoki ra koe (120).--Ko wai tena ta-Aua hoki: he tauhou ngata? ia (133).

Hokio, v. i. descend. Ka taea a runga o te maunga nei, ka hokio atu ki raro.

Hokioi, n. a bird; the same as Honu, n. fresh water. hakuai.

I. Hoko, v. t. exchange; barter; buy; sell. I hokona tona kakahu ki te poaka.

hoko, n. merchandise. He hoko tenei ka u.

hokaikai, v. i. move backwards hohoko or hokohoko, v. i. traffic; trade.

II. Hoko, a prefix to numerals signifying ten times the subjoined numeral. Hokotahi; ten. Hokotoru, thirty.

Hokomirimiri, v. t. stroke; pat. Heoi ano; tau ware atu nga ringaringa ki runga i te pane hokomirimiri ai (159).

Homai, v. t. give to the person speaking; bring. Ka mea atu a Hoturapa, Homai hoki ki a au (109).

Homiromiro, n. petroica toitoi; a bird.

Hone, v. t. plunder; appropriate the property uf others. hone matou katoa.

Honea, v. i. 1. be absent. Kahore ahau kia whai iwi i te honeatanga o nga tangata i haere mai ai ahau. 2. escape. Kahore a Te Kooti i mau i a matou: i honea tonu.

Hŏnĭ.

hohoni. v. t. 1. bite: wound slightly. I hohoni kau te matā, kihai i ngoto. 2. devour; consume. Ka honia e te mate. Honi, n. honey.

Honia, ad. intensifying mangere. Ko nga herehere o konei, he mangere honia ki te hanga whare, ki te hanga pa.

Hono, v. t. 1. splice; join. add.

hono, a. continual.

Honohonoa, v. i. be vexed; be No reira ka honoannoyed. honoa ahau.

Hōnŏrĕ, n. honour.

hōhŏnŭ, a. deep. He wai hōhonu tenei.

Honga, v. t. tilt; make to lean on one side. Hongaia mai te waka kei eke ki te tahuna. Hongere, n. channel.

Hŏngi, v. t. 1. smell; sniff. salute by touching noses.

Hōpārā, n. belly. Ka ngaro ano ki roto ki te hopara nui a Toitehuatahi (107).

Hŏpě, n. loins; waist. To nga hope te wai.

Hŏpěkiwi, n. potato pit.

Hŏpětěa, n. a shell-fish.

Hŏpĭ, n. soap.

I. Hŏpī, n. native oven; hāngi. E kongange ana te hopi.

II. Höpī or Höpīpī, v. i. be terrified; be fainthearted.

Hŏpŏ and hopohopo, a. fearful; apprehensive; overawed. Na konei ano toku ngakau i hopo ake ai.

whakahopo, v. t. alarm.

Hŏpu, v. t. 1. catch; seize. Nana i hopu te mataika. 2. snatch. hŏpuhŏpu, v. t. catch frequently;

catch one after another.

hopuhopu, n. porpoise.

Höpu, v. i. be swollen, like a blister.

Hōpŭa, a. 1. depressed, like a cup or trough. 2. lying in pools. Ka hopua te wai i te marae.

Hŏră, v. t. spread out; expand. Ko te horahanga ki reira o Hunakiko, ka matakitakina (113).

hora, a. scattered about. Titiro ki te tangata e hora ana ki tatahi.

Horapa, a. disseminated through; overspreading.

 Hörĕ, ad. (generally used with rawa, emphatically) not. Hore rawa, not at all. Compare Kahore.

II. Hörë or höhörë, v. t. peel; strip off. Horehorea te hiako. hore, n. burial place under tapu.

 Hŏrĭ, v.t. cut a piece out of the ear. Horia te taringa o te poaka.

2. II. Höri, v. i. be gone by. Kua hori atu aua tangata inakuara.

III. Hŏrĭ or horihori, a. false; untrue.

hori, v. t. 1. speuk falsely. He aha tau e horihori? 2. mistake; misjudge. Ka hori a Tawhaki, he wahine no tenei ao ano (48).

whakahori, v. t. disbelieve. I kore e whakahoria to korero.

Hōrĭrĕrĭrĕ, n. gerygone flaviventris, a small bird, the same as riroriro. I whea koe i te tangihanga o te horirerire, ka tanu ai i tetahi kawei hue mau?

I. Hŏrŏ, i. v. i. 1. fall in fragments; crumble down. Ka horo te pari ki te moana. 2. drop off or out (spoken of a number of small things as grains, tubers &c.) Ko te kumara ka horo haere tonu i te huarahi (136). 3. fall or be taken, as a fortress &c. Ka hia nga pa horo a te taua o Hongi? 4. differ. Kihai i horo; ina, ko te ahua tonu tena (61).—ii. v. i. cause to crumble down. Horoa te oneone o runga. Passive horoa, be fallen upon by anything crumbling down.

horo, n. landslip.

whakahoro, v. t. 1. cause to crumble down. 2. take to pieces. Ka whakahoroa i reira te waka nei a Aotea (112). 3. slack off or let out a line.

horohoro, v. t. remove the tapu from a house &c.

horonga, n. food eaten by the tohunga during the above ceremony.

II. Hörö, or most commonly höhörö, a. quick; speedy. Mahue rawa te hohoro o te tangata nei.

whakahohoro, v. t. hurry; hasten. III. Hŏrŏ, v. t. swallow. Ka kiuri o Tiki (152).

Hőrőěkä, n. panax longissimum; a tree.

Hŏrŏi, v. t. wash.

horoi, n. material to wash with;

Hŏrŏkio, n. a shrub.

Horomi, v. t. swallow; devour. Ka whakatetere te wahine ra i tona puku hei horomi i a Maui (18). Comp. III. Horo.

Horomiti, v. t. eat ravenously; devour. Nana i horomiti nga kai i pau wawe ai.

Horopěkapěka n. blue shark.

Hŏrŏpĭtŏ, n. a shrub.

Hŏrŏtea, a. pale. Taia ana nga ngutu, a ka kitea ka horotea, ka taruatia.

Hŏrŏtětě, a. worn out; prostrated. Ko Paora tera, horotete ana i te mare.

Horu, n. red ochre: burut kokowai. See Kokowai.

Hŏrŭ, v. i. 1. grunt; snort. tawhiti ano e haere mai ana. ko te horu kua tae mai ki roto 2. yell in accompaniment to the war-dance. rite te takahi, te papaki, me te horu a te tangata (167). 3. rankle. Kei roto i a ia e horu ana te whakatakariri, ina hoki ka puta kei waho, kei nga kanohi.

horuhoru, n. wild turnip.

Hōrŭa, v. i. descend. Ka haere, ka horua ki roto ki Pakihi.

Hotětě, n. a large caterpillar.

Hotiki, v. t. tie; fasten with cord Hotikina te kuwaha o te &c. teneti.

hotiki, n. tattoo marks on the forehead of a woman.

I. Hötö, n. 1. wooden spade. spike on the tail of whai.

II. Hoto, a. cold. Hotohoto ana te wai ki taku hiako.

2.

tea tona puku e horo nei i nga | III. Hoto, v. i. begin a quarrel. Kaua e hoto.

> Hotoa, a. slow in growing: backward. He aha te parareka o tenei tau i hotoa ai ki te tupu? Hotokě, a. cold. Ka hotoke te kai.

> hotoke, n. winter. Hei te hotoke ahau ka hoki atu ai.

> Hŏtŭ, v. i. (generally with ngakau or manawa for subject). 1. sob; pant; sigh Ka hotu tona manawa, he sighs. 2. desire eagerly; long. E hotu ana toku ngakau ki te haere. chafe with animosity &c. hotu toku ngakau ki a ia, he hoariri hoki ia noku. 4. heave, as the swell of the sea. hotu noa te moana.

> Hotuhotu, a. accompanied with sobs. Hotuhotu ana te tangi a te tangata ra.

I. Hou, n. feather.

II. Hou, a. new; recent; fresh. Hou tonu ana te ketunga a te poaka.

III. Hou or hohou, v. t. bind: lush together. E hohou ana ia i te taiepa.—Hohou rongo, make peace.

houhou, n. Schefflera digitata; a tree.

IV. Hou, i. v. t. force downwards. Hona iho kia hohonu. ii. v. i. 1. force one's way downwards. Ka hou te kuri i raro o te rakau. 2. persist in a demand. Ka hou au ki a koe, ka hou, ka hou.

houhou, v. t. dig up; obtain by digging. Kei te houhou roi mana.

V. Hou or houhou, a. 1. cool. 2. disagreeable; unpleasant.

whakahouhou, v. i. feel disgust. Ka whakahouhou nga hoa, i mea hoki ratou kia tirohia paitia ia (193). Comp. hauhau and anu.

Houăngă, n. this time last year.
No houanga nei au i tae mai ai
Houăngě, n. 1. a little while ago.
2. a little while hence. Mo a
houange nei ka hoatu.

Houhou. See under hou.

Houhere, n. hoheria populnea; a tree.

Hŏuī, n. hoheria populnea; a tree. Hŏukĕkĕ, a. obstinate. Ka nui te houkeke o te whanoke ra, e kore e rongo.

Hŏupără, n. a tree.

Hŏutětě, a. stunted. Koi kanekeneke, koi aha; houtete tou i taua wahi tahi.

Houwere, v. t. tie; bind. Houweretia te takitaki.

 Hū, n. mud; swamp. Kua tapoko ki te hu.

II. Hu, v. i. bubble up. Te puna e hu ake ra i raro i te whenua (154).

hu, n. tenour or drift of a speech. Te hu o te korero.

hun, v. i. hiss; whiz; buzz. I rangona kautia e ia ki te huhu o te patu e haere iho ana ki tona angaanga (91).

III. Hu, a. still; silent. E noho hu ana, kei whakaae, kei eke koe ki runga ki te hoiho.

IV. Hū, n. shoe.

Ηŭ.

huhu, v. t. 1. strip off an outer covering; cast off a rope &c. 2. deprive of outer covering; make bare. 3. free from tapu. E haere tapu tonu ana mai i te tanumanga i a Tamatekapua; katahi ka huhua, ka noa (78).

huhu, n. a beetle found in rotten timber.

Hua, n. 1. fruit. Kei whea nga hua o te poroporo nei? (64)
 egg of a bird; roe of a fish.
 cause; occasion. I patua huakoretia e ia taku tamaiti.

huahua, n. 1. birds &c. captured

for food; game. Nga kai o tera maunga, he kiwi, he weka, he kiore, he kūkū, he tūi: he maunga huahua tera maunga (145).

2. small pimple.

3. a vessel in which food was boiled by means of heated stones.

hua, v. i. 1. bear fruit. E kore e kua tenei rakau. 2. abound. 3. (of the moon) be at the full. huhua, a. abundant.

h\u00e4hatanga, n. excellence, goodness. Kahore he huhuatanga o ena kakahu.

II. Hŭa, n. 1. handspike; lever. 2. section of land. Kotahi hua ka riro i NGaiterangi. 3. screen from wind.

huahua, n. rail of a fence.

hua, v. t. 1. raise with a lever. Huaia te rakau nei. 2. overturn; frustrate. Ka huaia mai e te Koikoi a taua tatai.

III. Hūa, v. t. 1. name. Ka huaina te ingoa o tera kainga ko Kawhia (113).—No whea te huanga o tau matau? (21) Who ever heard of your hook?—Kahore he huanga tangata o te huarahi (149). There was not a soul on the road. 2. think. E hua ana, e ngaro nei, kei te maki kai pea (12)—Hua atu; one would think. Hua atu ko te Rangi to tatou matua (14). 3. be sure; know. Ko wai ka hua?

whakahua, v. t. 1. pronounce. 2. recite. Ka whakahua i tana karakia mo tona tatuatanga i tana maro (97).

Huai, n. a shell-fish.

Huakina ake te tatau.—Huakina te rua, tikina atu nga kai ki waho. 2. rush upon; charge. No té huakanga i mate ai. ii. v. i. dawn. Huaki kau te ata, ka hapainga mai (157).

huaki, n. assault; charge.

Huākumu, a. very fruitful.

Huămăngō, n. a variety of potato.

Huămŏ, v. i. be raised in waves, as the sea.

Huamutu, n. a fish.

Huāngā, n. relative. Ka tae mai ka noho, ka huangatia tera tangata ki a ia (143).

Huaranga, v. t. transplant.

Hūărě, n. spittle.

Hŭătăre, v. i. pant; gasp for breath. E huatare kau ana te manawa.

Hŭătăwă, n. a dark variety of the siliccous stone called matā-waiapu.

Hŭĕ, n. 1. gourd. 2. a fish.

Hūhi, n. 1. discomfiture. Haere ana koe ki te tinihanga i to tipuna; ana ka kite koe i te huhi (25). 2. weariness. Ka taea te huhi.

Huhu, see under hu.

Huhua, see under hua.

Huhunu, see under hunu.

I. Hui or huihui, v. t. put or add together. v. i. congregate; come together. Ka huihui mai nga iwi ki te matakitaki i to ratou ito (155).

hui, or huihui, n. assembly.

II. Hui, v. t. take as plunder. Ka huia nga kakahu, ka patua.

III. Hui, v. i. be affected with cramp. Ka hui taku maui.

Huia, n. neomorpha Gouldii; a somewhat rare bird, the tail feathers of which are prized as ornaments.

Huĭkĭ, a. 1. pinched with cold.

E noho huiki mai ra te koroua
ra. 2. crouching in fear. 3.
exhausted by frequent cultivation.
Ka huiki te whenua.

Hŭirapa, a. grasping. Katahi tana huirapa mona anake!

I. Hŭkă, n. 1. foam; froth. I whuia atu ki te hukahuka o

te tai (11). 2. frost; snow. Ka kite ia i te huka o Tongariro (80). 3. cold.

hukahuka, n. thrums or shreds on a mat. Ka motu nga hukahuka o tona pake (80).

hukahuka, a. hanging in shreds. I mahue hukahuka te whare.

II. Hŭkă, a. long in time. E kore e huka ka tae.

III. Hŭkă, deficiency in measurement. E waru maro te roa, huka to te iwa.

Hokk, n. sugar.

Hūkă, n. hook.

Hűkāpăpă, n. ice; frost.

Hŭkāpungă, n. snow.

Hŭkărĕrĕ, n. snow.

Hűkāwhătű, n. hail.

Hukari, v. i. gesticulate. He aha te rawa o tana mahi e hukari mai ra?

hukari, n. young of birds.

Huke, v. t. 1. dig up; expose by removing the earth in which it has been buried. E huke ana te wahine i te hangi. 2. excavate. Ka hukea te riu o te waka. (55).

Hūkěkě, a. staggering.

Hŭkĭ.

hukihuki, n. spit on which fish are roasted.

hukihuki, 1. v.t. roast on a spit. Hukihukia te ngohi. 2. contract suddenly, as the muscles. Ka mate toku ringaringa i te hukihuki.

hukinga, n. head of a valley or river.

Humārīrē, a. comely; beautiful.

Te puhi humarire nei, a Hinemoa (130).—Te humariretanga
o Te Whatuiapiti (164).

Hume, v. t. bring to a point; taper off. Ka humea to ihu, to ta (55).

whakahume, v. i. be drawn between the legs (of the tail of a o te kuri.

Huměně, a. gathered up into small compass. WHakahumenemenetia mai tou kia whaiti.

Humu, n. hip bone.

humuhumu, a. stripped of prominent parts. Takoto humuhumu kau ana ko nga tiwai anake (171). So of trees having the branches lopped off. NGa rakau e humuhumu mai ra.

I. Huna, v. t. 1. conceal. I hunaa toku e wai? 2. destroy. taniwha te mea e huna nei i te tangata o tenei huarahi (150).

huna, a. concealed. Te tini tangata e huna nei ki roto i te arearenga o nga poho o Rangi raua ko Papa (4).

II. Hung, n. tenth day of the moon's

Hunanga-moho, n. a kind of grass.

Hunaonga, n. son-in-law or daughter-in-law.

father-in-law; or Hŭnărĕi Hunarere mother-in-law.

Hune, n. down on the seeds of raupo, or typha angustifolia. Hone, n. June.

Hŭnŭ.

hŭhŭnŭ, v. t. 1. char. Ka oti te huhunu a waho, ka tu ko te iho anake. 2. singe. Hunuhunua ta tatou poaka.

huhunu, n. 1. double canoe. 2. temporary washboards at the bow of a canoe.

Hunuku, n. family encumbrances.

Hunga, n. company of persons; people. Tu tonu iho te hunga ra i te taumata (151).—Sometimes used contemptuously.

Hungahunga, n. tow; refuse of flax leaf; down or nap which comes off a garment. Compare hukahuka.

dog). WHakahume ana te waero | Hungawai, n. father-in-law; mother-in-law.

Hungoingoi, a. trembling.

Hūpănă, v. i. fly up or fly back, as a spring. Te hupanatanga o the tawhiti.

Hudidi, a. trembling; tottering. Hupe, n. discharge from the nose. Hupěkě, v. i. bend the legs or arms. Hupeke ou waewae.

hupeke, a. bent; drawn up (of the legs or arms).

hupeke, n. old woman.

Hūpěnupěnu, a. mashed up. hupenupenu noa iho nga kai i roto i te kohue.

Hŭră, i. v. t. 1. remove a covering. Hurahia te kakahu. 2. uncover; expose. Hurahurahia nga kai; ka maku i te ua. 3. kunt Kua riro te taua ki te hura morehu. ii. v. i. begin to flow (of the tide). Ka hura te mata o te tai.

hura, n. nervous twitching in the shoulder &c.; regarded as a sign that one is the subject of remark.

hurahura, n. visitors condoling with people who have been plundered.

HURAE, n. July.

Hūrăngĭ, n. fly.

hūrangi, a. timorous. Ka hurangi haere tatou ki tona mate-

Hŭrë, v. t. search. Kua tae ake nga tangata o runga o te kaipuke ki te hure i to matou pa. Hūrěpŏ, n. bittern.

Hŭri, i. v. t. 1. turn round. Na wai i huri te pouaka? 2. over-3. grind in a mill. kawe nga witi nei kia hurihia. ii. v. i. 1. overflow. Huri katoa te waipuke ki te ara. 2. fall to; set about. Ka huri to Patupaiarehe ki te tango i nga ngohi ki uta (179). 3. betake oneself; repair. Katahi te manuwhiri nei ka huri ki runga i te waka, ka hoe. 4. Ka huri, tenei, or simply, Ka huri, is an expression which has lately become common to mark the end of a subject, or of a speech, letter &c.

hurihuri, v. t. turn over in one's mind; ponder; reflect upon.

huri, n. 1. seed. Ka waiho enei parareka hei huri mo taku mara.

2. anything which is turned round, as a mill or a grind-stone.

Hŭrikoaro, v. i. turn right round. Hŭrikoaro, v. i. turn inside out. Hurikoarotia te kakahu.

Hǔrǐkŏtǔa, v. i. turn the back. Hǔrǐpŏkǐ, v. t. turn upside down. Huripokia te kohue. turn over the soil with a spade.

Hŭrĭrŭa, v. t. turn inside out. Hŭrĭtua, v. i. turn the back towards one.

I. Huru, n. 1. brushwood. 2. dogskin mat.

huruhuru, n. coarse hair; bristles; not properly used of hair of the head.

huruhuru-whenua, n. asplenium lucidum; a plant.

II. Hürü, v. t. contract; draw in. Me huru mai te taiepa kia hohoro ai te oti.

Hurunui, a. having long fur.

Hürüpă n. fresh growth of young trees after land has been cleared.

Hŭrŭroa, n. a shell-fish.

Hürürüa, n. 1. brushwood. 2. land covered with brushwood. Kua hururuatia te ara.

Hŭrŭtětě, a. stunted. E kore e mataara ake te witi i te whenua; ka hurutete.

Hutětě, v. i. be tied up in a corner of a bag &c. I roto i te putea e hutete ana.

Hǔtǐ, or hǔhǔtǐ, v. t. 1. hoist.
2. pull out of the ground. Hutia nga tarutaru.

hutihuti, n. rope.

hutinga, n. pluce cleared from weeds in preparation for a crop. Na Te Kauae tenei hutinga.

Hŭtiwăi, acæna sanguisorba, a plant.

Hutčitči, a. stunted, growing weakly. E hutoitoi ana nga huruhuru o te matenga.

Hutčkě, n. winter.

Hutotoi, a. weak; stunded. Hutotoi ana te tupu o te kapana.

Hutukawa, n. metrosideros tomentosa, a tree.

Hūwiniwini, a. chilled; having the skin roughened with cold. Hūwhā, n. thigh.

I.

I. I, a particle used in forming indefinite past tenses or acrists. I have mai korua ki te aha? (185) for what did you come?
 II. I, prep. 1. simply transitive, serving to connect an active verb with its object. Tatou ki te aukaha i to tatou waka (20).
 2. from. I have mai maus i te rawhiti, i te putanga mai o

te ra (185).—Tikina he shi i a Mahuika (23). He hokinga mai no nga waka o tona iwi i te hao kupenga ika (141). 8. from the sight of. He nohoanga moku e ngaro ai ahau i toku hoa ngangare (54). 4. at a distance from; wide of, beyond. Ka taha te patu i tona anganga (91). 5. in comparison of.

E kore ia e hohoro i taua wahine (95). than. Ko te moana i nui atu i te whenua (29).-In complex prepositions. raro i te pihanga o te whare (78). Also after chara. Ehara i te taua nana i patu: nana noa i mate. 6. by reason of. Kaore e tae te ope nei i te wehi (60). for want of. Ka pingongo nga papa o to hoiho i te kai. 7. by; after neuter verbs. Poto katoa nga whenua i a Rupe te haere (32).—Kua tu i te tao a Hatupatu (95). Ka mate a Te Ponga i te hiainu (168). 8. (of place) E noho nei ano i Rotorua etehi (103). upon. Ka tere a Hinauri i te moana (28). along. Haere tonu atu i te ara nui naka (23). by way of. Ka haere mai i te te tai hauauru (185). 9. connected with the last and sometimes to be translated of. Te motu i Mokoia (96). sometimes redundant. Waiho i a Marutuahu te ingoa (136).—Ka tikina i a Kae hei tohi i a Tuhuruhuru (36). 10. (in past time) in the act of. I te tiki wahie nga wahine. in the state of. I te mate a Anaru inanahi. 11. (of time) at; in; by. Kua herua taua tangata i te po (97). in the time of. I a Houmaitawhiti te whawhaitanga (63). at the time that; whilst, during. I a ratou e okioki ana (84).— I te mea, when. I te mea e kai tonu ana i tana kai (160). 12. (in past time) with = having. Te tangata i te puahi. with = in possession of. I a wai to toki? belonging to. "I a wai tera kaainga?" "I a Waitaha" (145). 13. in company with; led by. Haere atu ana a Kae i a Hineiteiwaiwa raua ko Raukatauri (38). 14. in the opinion of. Makatikati ana i a au te korero nei. 15. causing trouble or annoyance to. Ma tahaki haere ai i te hau i a koe.

III. I (') v.i. ferment; turn sour. whakaii, a. self-conceited.

IV. I, int. without any special meaning at the end of a stanza of a song.

I. Ia, pron. 3rd. person singular. he; she; it. After the prepositions a, o, ma, mo, na, no, ta and to, another pronoun, na is substituted for ia, and the preposition and pronoun are written as one word. Ko tana mahi, he tatau i ana taro (49). Obs. ia is not ordinarily used in speaking of things inanimate.

II. Ia, pron. demonstrative (not used in the plural). 1. that; the said. Nga kanohi o ia wahine (167). 2. repeated, to give a distributive sense, each; every. Ka haere te kai korero ki ia wahi, ki ia wahi.

III. Ia, n. 1. current. E kore e tere te waka i te ia. 2. sound made by rushing water. Me te ia wai e tangi ana te umere (160).

IV. Ia, conj. but. I roto ano ia a Kiki i tona whare (172).

Iănă, ad. intensive. then. Tena iana; whakaaturia mai.

Iăněi, ad. intensive. 1. nay. He parau ianei te korero na. 2. in interrogative sentences. E kore ianei koe e haere?

Iăuă, int. hold! stay! Iaua maku e here.

Ine, n. a fish; the same as takeke.

Ihi, i. v. t. split; divide. Ihia atu te rakau na.—Ka ihia te mara. ii. v. i. 1. draw a line, furrow &c. E ihi mai ana te tira o te mako i runga i te kare

o te tai. 2. dawn. Ka ihi mai te ata. 3. make a hissing or rushing noise. Ka ihi mai te haukia marange te whakawhiti. ihiihi, v. i. 1. make a rushing noise. Ihiihi ana te hau nei. 2. be terror struck; shudder with fear. Ka ihiihi te tangata ra, ka heke iho te werawera.

ihi, n. front gable of a house. ihiihi, n. ray of the sun.

whakaihi, v. t. betroth. He wahine whakaihi ma taku tamaiti.

I. Tho (1 o) n. 1. heart of a tree.

2. that wherein the strength of a thing consists, as of an army &c.

Hokowhitu te iho o te taua.

3. tohunga or principal person in the crew of canoe. Ko nga

poroporoakitanga iho tenei o nga iho o nga waka katoa (112). II. Iho (ĭ-ŏ).

whakaiho, v. t. cut the hair.
Tenei to iramutu, whakaihoa-ake.

whakaihonga, n. some ceremony connected with the dead.

III. Tho (ĭ-ŏ) ad. correlative of 1. up above, with reference to anything lower down. WHakarongo ki te kupu a te tangata e iri iho nei. Tenei ano te ora iho nei (65). from above; downwards; down. Ka tae ki te rua i rere iho ra tona whaea (15)-Ka tatu iho te tangata ra ki raro (147).--Raro iho: lower down. Katahi ia ka neke tata iho ki raro iho (16). 3. the converse of ake 5. Ka mea iho te tangata nei. Haere ake i muri nei; kia hohoro ake te haere (148). 4. denoting a short lapse of time. Muri iho shortly afterwards.—Po iho ano (12).

Ihu, (ĭ-ŭ) n. 1. Nose. 2. bow of a canoe &c.

Ihumanea, see uhumanea.

o te tai. 2. dawn. Ka ihi mai te ata. 3. make a hissing or desirous of. Ko wai koia te ihupuku ki tena mea kia tahaukia marange te whakawhiti.

Ihupuni, n. dogskin mat.

Ika, (i-ā) n. 1. fish. Tarewa ana i runga te ika a Maui, he ika whenua (22). Ika-moana, whale.

—Ika-waka, the first fish caught in a new canoe, which was held sacred. 2. body of men; troop. 3. fighting man; warrior. Kei te hurihuri i nga ika tapu (91) of persons slain in fight. Ikā-whiro, old warrior. Ika-i-te-ati, first person killed or captured in a fight.

whakaika, v. i. 1. be congregated; be formed into a troop. NGa korero a NGatikahungunu e whakaika nei. 2. lie in a heap. Kei ko nga kaho e whakaika ana.

ikaika, n. a plant.

I. Ikĕ, ikeike, a. high; lofty. Kia pehea te ikeike o te whare?

whakaikeike, v. t. raise. Taria mai he oneone hei whakaikeike mo te wahi nei.

II. Ikĕ, v. t. strike with a hammer or other heavy instrument (R.).
Iki, (I-I) v. t. consume; devour.
Katahi te mea iki kai, he runanga.

Ikuiku, n. eaves of a house.

Ina, (i-ā) ad. 1. denoting emphatic assent. certainly; to be sure.

2. calling attention. Ina na! whakarongo mai (129). Sometimes it may be rendered, here, or see here.

3. equivalent to tena in saluting a person. Ina ano koe, e Ha na! (96)

4. adducing a fact in proof of any thing; for; since; inasmuch as. Kua patua; ina hoki, i haere tahi ano koutou; ka ngaro nei i to koutou hokinga mai nei (95). So also in the following, Meake

au taka, ina te ahua. I shall Inaoakewake, ad. several days fall off presently, to judge by appearances. 5. when. Kia mahara mai koe ki a au ina tae Inăti, (i) a. severe. He inati te koe ki tawahi.

Inăhea, (i) ad. interrogative, of Inăwhai (i) past time. when?

Ināianěi, ad. just now; to-day. properly of time past only.

Inžinž, v. i. bask; warm oneself. Hei konei te ahi inaina.

Inake, ad. not long since; the inoi, n. prayer; entreaty. other day. Inake ano i haere Inonira, ad. behind. ai te rongo o tenei wahine; kaore, Inŭ, (i) v. t. drink. Ka mutu te he uaua (197).

Inaki, (in) v. t. 1. crowd one upon another; pack closely. Ι inakitia rawatia te ko o te mara nei; te ai he kai apopo, te aha. 2. thatch; cover with overlapping layers, or rows. Kainakitia a runga ki te toetoe. 3. cut short a speaker, by beginning to speak before he has concluded. Te tukua taku korero kia tau ki raro; inaki tonu mai koe.—He korero whakainakinaki na te tangata ra, na reira i kino ai. 4. v. i. fall back upon forces in the rear or come up as reinforcements to an advanced position. Ka inaki ki runga ki nga matua.

Inakuara, (i) ad. a little while ago.

Inămătă, (i) ad. 1. formerly. 2. immediately. Ka rongo te tangata ra, inamata kua maranga | ki runga (165).

Inamoki, n. a kind of rat. Inănăhĭ, (ĭn) ad. yesterday.

Inana, see under ina.

Inanga, n. a small fresh-water fish.

Inangeto, ad. quickly. Inangeto, kua maoa.

Inaoakě, ad. *two days ag*v. Inaoăkĕnui, (ĭ\ ad. *three days* ago.

ago.

Inapo, (i) ad. last night.

ngaunga o tenei mea kino.

Inăwheke (ĭ) ad. not long since. Inei, ad. interrogative. Is it so? Inohi, (in) n. scale of a fish. Inoi, (i) v. t. beg; pray. Inoia

he kai ma tatou.

inu, ka wahia te tahā (133).

iinu, v. t. drink frequently.

whakainu, v. t. give drink to. Inukorokoro, n. lazy fellow; one who likes eating better than work.

Ingŏingŏ, a. skarp pointed. Waruhia rawatia tona rakau, a ingoingo ana.

ingoingo, n. young eel.

whakaingoingo, a. whimpering; sobbing. He tamaiti whakaingoingo.

Ingoa, n. name. Ka husina toku ingoa ho WHakatau (57).

Ioio, a. 1. hard. He ioio te oneone o te whenua nei. 2. obstinate. Katahi te tangata ioio. 3. aching from weariness. ioio oku waewae i te ros o te haerenga.

Ipo, (i) a. pertaining to love. He waiata ipo.

Ipu, (i) n. calabask; bottle; or any similar vessel.

Iră or iraira, n. freckle, or other natural mark on the skin.

Irāmŭtŭ, n. nepkew; niece.

Iri, (I-I) v. i. hang; be suspended. E koe e iri iho nei; korero iho ra (65).

whakairi, v. t. hang up; suspend. Me whakairi te kete ki runga ki te taepa.

Iriiri, v. t. 1. perform a certain

child. Hence 2. baptize.

iriiringa, n. baptism.

Irirangi, a. having a divine sound. Tenei ano te irirangi nei nga kupu: he whakaaro ke ki raro. Iro, (ĭ-ŏ) n. maggot; thread worm. iro, a. submissive in consequence of punishment. WHina kia iro ai.

whakairo, v. t. carve; adorn with carving. Nanahu ana te whakairo o te waka na.

whakairoiro, v. i. deal crookedly; be deceitful. Ka whakairoiro tera a Matete i tenei takiwa; akuanei ka he ano.

ceremony over a newly born Ită, itaita, a. tight; fast. pukia ana e te ringaringa; na, itaita ana.

> whakaita, v. t. hold fast; restrain. E whakaita nei a Henare, e pupuri nei i a ratou kia noho.

Itau, n. girdle for the waist. Iti, (1-1) small. Kia itiiti iho.

Ito, (1-o) n. object of revenge. Pau ake ki roto ki nga puku to ratou ito (153).

Iwa, (ĭ-ă) a. nine.

Iwi, (ĭ-ĭ) n. 1. bone. 2. tribe. Iwikore, a. without strength; feeble.

Iwituararo, n. back-bone.

K.

Kă, a verbal particle, denoting | Kaeă, v. i. wander. the commencement of a new action or condition, or a state Kaeaea, n. sparrow-hawk. of things new to the speaker, and hence it is of very frequent occurrence in narrative. Heke nei, heke nei te waka ra, a, ka ngaro te ihu; ka taea te taingawai o te ihu, tango atu ki te taingawai o waenga, ka rere tupou te waka ra (72).— When a narrative begins with ka, when, or as soon as, must be supplied in English. Ka noho a Marutuahu i reira, ka korero mai a Hotunui ki te kino o tona iwi e noho nei ia (141). Kā, v. i. take fire; be lighted;

burn. Ka ake nga ahi o roto, Pass. kangia. Kahore tekau. ano a roto o te whare kia kangia e te ahi. The interior of the house has never yet had a fire burning in it.

kaka, a. red hot. Apopo, kia pena nga kiri o o tungane; hĭhī ana i nga kowhatu kaka o Waikorora (83).

Kei te kaea ki ro ngahere.

kaeaea, v. i. act like a hawk; look rapaciously. E kaeaea ana ki te kai mana.

Kăeŏ, n. a freshwater shellfish. Kăewă, a. 1. wandering. I te whenua ahau e kaewa noa ana. 2. loose; slack. WHakakaewatia te taura kia kaewa. detached. Katahi ka whakakaewatia te kakaho ki te whanga. I. Kähä, a. strong. Patupatua iho nei ia, iti ana tona kaha (29). whakakaha, v. t. strengthen.

II. Kähä, n. 1. rope; especially one on the edge of a seine. Ka horahia te kupenga ra, ko te kaha o raro, he mea pou ki te pou, here rawa te kaha ki te pou (142). 2. lashings of the rauawa of a canoe. noose. 4. boundary line of land &c. Tuhia nga kaha o te mara. 5. line of ancestry; lineage. Ka hoki mai ki te whakataki i te kaha o Houmaitawhiti (128).

Kāhākā n. calabash.

Kähäkähä, n. 1. a kind of garment. Ko te pueru i waho, ko te kahakaha i roto. 2. a plant.

Kăhăki, v. t. remove by force; carry away. Kia mau te pou i to tatou waka, kei kahakina e te waipuke.

kahaki, n. strap to fasten a load on one's back. Tea aku kahaki? (R.)

Kăhărărò, n. rope on the under edge of a net.

Kăhăroa, n. large seine, or dragnet.

Kähärungä, n. rope on the upper edge of a net.

Kăhăwăi, n. a fish.

Kăhěkăhě, v. i. pant.

Kăhěkŏ, v. i. slip.

Kăhĕnŏ, a. untied.

Kaheru, n. spade or other implement for working the soil.

Kāhiā, n. 1. passiflora tetrandra; a plant. 2. image of a human figure carved out of the post of a pa fence.

Kähikä or kähikätöa, n. podocarpus dacrydioides, or white pine.

Kähikatoa, n. leptospermum scoparium; a tree.

Kahitua, n. a shell-fish.

Kāhiwāhiwā, a. intensely dark. Kahiwahiwa kau ana, me te ahua waipounamu na ano (158). Kāhiwi, n. ridge of a hill.

Kaho, n. batten for the roof of a house &c.

Кано, n. cask.

Kāhore, ad. 1. no; not. Kua mate koe? Kahore, kei te ora ano au (64).—Kahore i ea te mate o Tuhuruhuru (59). 2. on the contrary. I mea ahau he tangata pai koe: kaore, he tangata kinorawa.—Kahore ano, not yet. Kua mahora te kai ma te ope? Kahoreano 59.

kahore, a. no; none. Kahore he tangata i runga nei? (32).

whakakahore, v. t. deny; refuse. E kore tena korero e taea te whakakahore.

Kăhotea, a. having no covering on the roof. Kei te tu kahotea tonu te whare.

Kāhŭ, n. circus Gouldii; hawk.

I. Kăhu, n. 1. surface. Ka ma te kahu o te wai, ka pango a runga o te rangi.—Te kahu o te rangi; the blue sky. 2. garment. Ka tango i te kahu whero, i nga kahu kura, me nga puahi (95).—Kahu-mamae; garment sent to distant relatives of one who has been killed, to keep resentment alive.

kākāhŭ, n. mat made of fine flax. Kite rawa atu nga tuakana, e horahora mai ana i nga kakahu (100). (Not applied to coarser fabrics.)

kākāhŭ, v. t. put on. Kakahuria ou.

whakakakahu, v. t. clothe. Ka tahuri ia ki te paihere i aua pu tarutaru, whakakakahu atu ki ona kakahu (100).

II. Kăhŭ, v. i. spring; grow. Kua kahu te witi.

kahukahu, n. ghost; spirit of a dead man.

whakakahukahu, v. i. begin to grow; acquire size. used with reference to fruits, roots, feetus &c. Katahi ano ka whakakahukahu ake nga kai o te mara nei.

whakakahu, n. white of an egg. Kahua, n. form; appearance. Me te kukupa te kahua.

Kāhŭi, n. herd; flock.

Kāhuirāngī, a. unsettled; disturbed. Te aro ki te kai te iwi nei; kahuirangi tonu.

Kähükěkěnő, n. seal-skin mat.

kiwi feathers.

Kăhŭkŭră, n. 1. the atua of the rainbow. 2. rainbow. Ko kahukura e tiwhana mai ra.

Kăhupăpă, n. raft.

kahupapa, v. t. bridge over. Ka kahupapangia ki te rakau.

Kähŭrangi, a. unsettled; irresolute. E kahurangi haere ana i runga i nga puke.

kahurangi, n. a light coloured variety of the stone called matā-waiapu.

Kahurapa, a. extended sideways, as in the buttress-like growth at the base of some forest trees.

Kähutāniko, n. mat of fine flax with ornamental border (155).

Kähütöröä, n. mat covered with albatross'down.

Kähuwäerö, n. mat covered with skin of dogs' tails; the same as mahiti.

Kăi, v. t. 1. eat. Ko nga huahua, hoatu kia kainga (60). 2. bite. Katahi ano te ika ka kai ki tana matau (117). — Kaiupoko; curse.

kai, n. food. Kihai i roa, ka mahora te kai, te tuna, te kumara, te taro (193). 2. anything which is in large quantities. Nga mahi a te amonga o te kai nei, a te kaniwha, a te pere (155). riddle; puzzle; toy.

kăkai, v. t. eat frequently.

kăinga, n. refuse of a meal, as cockle shells &c.

whakakai, n. ornament for the ear. Ke nga whakakai, i mahue tonu iho.

Kăi a prefix to transitive verbs to denote the agent. Katahi ka peke mai nga kai-hapai patu (152).

Kāī, n. a tree.

Kăiā, v. t. steal.

kaiā, n. thief.

Kăhŭkiwi, n. mat covered with Kăiăiā, n. sparrow-hawk; hieracidia Novæ Zelandiæ.

> Kăihākěrě, v. t. stint; give with a niggardly hand. Kaua e kaihakeretia tou taonga.

> Kăihău, n. 1. the tohunga who eats the hau, or portion set apart for the alua. 2. lazy fellow; vagabond (lit. one who feeds on wind).

> Kăihăukăi, n. return present of food &c., made by one tribe to another.

Kaihe, n. ass.

Kăihŏrŏ, v. t. 1. eat greedily. Kaua e kaihorotia te kai. 2. do hurriedly. Kei te hurihuri marire nga whakaaro, kahore i te kaihorohoro.

Kăihotăkă, n. whipping-top.

Kăihŭia, n. full-grown palm tree; areca sapida.

Kăikā, a. eager; impatient. kaika ana ki te haere.

Kaikaha, n. edges of the leaves of flax, which are split off and thrown away.

Kăikăiātără, v. i. commit fornication.

Kăikăiătuă, n. rhabdothamnus Solandri; a sheub.

Kăikăiwaiu, n. one who goes secretly to give information of the approach of an enemy.

Kăikăru, v. i. sleep.

Kăikăuău, v. t. cut off the tips of anything, as of hair, or branches of a tree &c.

Kāĭkĕ, v. i. lie in a heap. pehanga wahie, e kaike mai ra.

Kăikino, v. t. murder in cold blood.

Kaikiri, v. i. 1. cherish hostile feelings. Te kaikiri, he manukanuka ki nga he o mua. *quarrel*. E kaikiri ana NGapuhi.

Kăikōhŭrĕ, n. a piece of wood which is rubbed upon another

rimarima.

Käikōmäkŏ, n. a tree. Na ka mate te ahi a Mahuika i konei, ko te oranga o tana ahi i whiua e ia ki te kaikomako (25).

Kaikora, n. vagabond; lazy fellow.

Kăimāoă, a. sapless; dry.

Kăimărire, a. liberal; bountiful. He wahine kaimarire.

Kaimata, a. 1. green. He rakau kaimata. 2. uncooked. E kaimata ana nga kai ma tatou. 3. fresh; unwrought. I mua i te kaimatatanga o te oneone.

Kaimatai, v. i. get one's living by sponging upon others.

Kāinga, n. 1. place of abode; lodging; quarters; encampment; bivouac. Tatou ka haere ki te kainga (147). 2. unfortified place of residence whether consisting of one or more huts. Ka hoki ano maua ki te haha i ia pa, i ia pa, i ia kainga, i ia kainga (184). 3. country. Nui atu te kura o tenei kainga i te kura o Hawaiki (74). 4. with a possessive pronoun, home.

Kăingākău, v. t. price greatly; value.

Kăiŏtă, a. green; fresh; not cooked.

kaiota, v. t. eat anything without cooking.

Kăipākěhă, n. a large variety of sweet potato.

Kăipākūhā, n. present given by a bridegroom to the relatives of kis bride.

Kaiponu, v. t. keep to oneself; withhold. Aua ra e kaiponuhia o pukapuka.

kaiponu, a. stingy.

Kăipŭkě, n. ship.

Kăirākău, a. He huka kairakau, Kākāhukura, n. mat covered with a skarp white frost.

to procure fire. Comp. Kau- Kăirāwăru, n. spear in an unfinished state.

Kăirěpěrěpě, n. relation by marriage.

Kăită, a. large.

Kăităkă, n. 1. mat made of the finest flax, with ornamental border. 2. whipping top (107).

I. Kăitŏă, n. brave man; warrior. Ka rongo rapea te tini kaitoa nei (150).

II. Kăitŏă, expressing satisfaction or complacency at any event. It is good &c. Kaitoa kia araia mai koe e te waipuke, kia rokohanga mai ai e au.

whakakaitoa, v. i. express one's satisfaction at anything.

Kăiwăe, n. *floor*, or deck of a canoe; the same as kārāhŏ.

Kaiwhiria, n. parsonsia albiflora, a climbing plant.

Kākā, n. nestor productus; a bird.

Kākă, a. intoxicated with the juice of the tutu.

kākā, n. a bird; the same as Ka rere i te po, ka matuku. whakaraoa, he kākă.

Kăkă, n. 1. single fibre, or hair. 2. ridge of a hill. 8. garment. 4. small seine or drag net, which is managed without the help of a boat or canoe.

whakakăkăkăkă, covered 8. with short irregular stripes.

Kăkā, see under ka.

Kākāhĭ, n. 1. a freshwater shellfish; unio. 2. a saltwater shellfish, the same as kokota.

kakahi, v. t. part of the pure ceremony. Ka hurihia te hurihanga takapau, ruahine rawa, kakahi rawa, ka noa (22).

Kākāho, n. arundo conspicua; reed grass.

Kākāhu, see under kāhu.

red feathers.

Kăkăi, see under kai.

Kăkămă, see under kama.

Kākāmāroke, v. i. become fair, kamonga, n. eyelash. or free from rain. Ka kakamaroke te hau nei.

Kăkăni, see under kani.

Kakano, see under kano.

Kākāpō, n. strigops habroptilus; a bird.

Kakapu, see under kapu.

Kakara, see under kara.

Kākāraŭri, v. i. be dusk, in the evening or morning. Ka kakarauri, ka tae matou ki te kāinga.

Kakari, see under kari.

Kākāriki, n. 1. small green parrot. 2. green lizard. 3, a shrub. 4. melon.

kakariki, a. green.

Kākātāi, n. a bird.

Kākātărăpo, n. a bird.

Kăkău, n. 1. stalk of a plant. 2. handle of a tool.

Käkäwä, n. sweat.

Kăkě, v. t. ascend; climb upon, or over. Kakea ake te taahu o te whare o to tupuna o Hinenuitepo (17).

whakakake, v. i. assume superiority; give oneself airs.

Kăkī, n. 1. neck. Ko nga weweru, ke mea tapeka ki runga i te kaki (146). 2. throat. Kahore he wai mo te maroke o toku kaki.

Kămă.

kăkămă, a. quick; nimble. Kia kakama to haere.-He ringa kamakama, a lightfingered per-

Kāmākā, n. rock; stone.

Kāmătă, n. end of a branch or leaf; top of a tree.

Kămě, v. t. eat.

kămě, n. food.

Kămŏ, n. eyelash.

kamo, or kamokamo, v. i.

wink. 2. bubble up. E kamo ake ana te wai o to tatou waka.

Kamokamo, n. vegetable marrow. Kămu, v. t. 1. eat. 2. intransitively move the lips in anticipa-

tion of food.

kamukamu, n. food. Kămŭ, n. seeds of cowhage.

Kāmŭrĭ, n. cooking-shed.

Kănă, or kănăkănă, v. i. stare wildly. Kanakana kau ana nga kanohi.

kanakana, n. mesh of a net.

Kănăe, n. a fish; mullet.

kānăenăe, a. bewildered. Ka kanaenae nga kanohi.

Kănăkŭ, n. fire.

Kănăpă, a. 1. bright. 2. conspicuous from colour. Te horo e kanapa mai ra, e ma mai ra.

kānapanapa, a. dark like deep water. Ko te whakamataku tenei, he kanapanapa no te wai (158).

Kānape, ad. not; no. Kanape e haere nga tangata.

Kănăpu, a. hright; shining.

kănăpu, n. lightning (93).

Kāněkěněkě, v. i. move from one's place.

Kāněwhă, a. underdone. I kanewha te kai nei; kihai i puta ki tahaki.

Kăni, kanikani, 1. v. t. rub backwards and forwards; saw. 2. dance.

kani, n. saw.

kăkănităngă, n. commencement of a steep ascent.

Kānĭhĭ, v. t. patch a garment.

Kāniwhā, n. 1. barb of a fishhook &c. 2. barbed spear (155).

Kănŏ.

kăkănă, n. 1. texture of fibres in wood; grain. 2. berries which serve as food for pigeons &c.

kākānŏ, n. seed; pip.

1. kanokano, a. full of small lumps.

kanokano, n. relative among a distant tribe. Ka riro a Te Paki ki te toro i tona kanokano.

1. eye. 2. face. Kanohi, n.

Kănokănoa, v. i. feel affection for an absent relative or friend. Kanokanoa ana au ki taku hoa ka riro.

Kănono, n. a tree; a species of coprosma.

Kānŏtĭ, v. t. cover up embers with ashes or earth.

Kānŭkă, n. leptospermum ericoides; a tree.

Kāngă, (n. maize). See also under

Kăngă, v. t. curse Kua kangaa koutou e te tini o Manahua (85).

kanga, n. curse; blasphemy.

Kangatungatu, n. verandah.

Kão, n. dried kumara or turnips. kaokao, n. 1. ribs. 2. side of the body, of a canoe, of a hill

Kāo, ad. an abbreviated form of kahore; no.

Kāŏrĕ, ad. a contracted form of kahore.

Kăpă, n. 1. rank; row. Te kapa o ta ratou haka (10), 2. play; sport.

kapa, v. i. stand in a row or rank.

kapakapa, v. i. 1. palpitate. E kapakapa ana te tau o taku ate. 2. flutter; flap. He kapakapa tera no te manu mate e werohia ana (146).

kapakapa, n. wing.

Kāpānā, n. potato.

Kāpārā, n. resinous wood of the kahikatea tree.

Kāpātău, conj. if. Kapatau he mea pai, ka tango au.

Kăpătău, v. t. express an intention of doing; threaten. Kei te kapatau tonu ratou mo te haere.

living Kape, n. 1. eyebrow. Ka tu tera nga kape o te tangata ra. Spoken of fierce looks. 2. tattooing under the eyebrows.

> Kăpě, v. t. 1. pass by; leave out. He aha ahau i kapea ai. 2. pick

Kāpěkă, n. head of a river.

Kăpěkăpě, n. north west wind.

Kăpěkăpětā, v. i. flutter; writhe. Kapekapeta ana te ngarara i roto i te kapura.

Kăpěkăpětău, a. quick. Kia kapekapetau ou waewae.

Kăpi, v. i. be covered; be filled up; be occupied. Spoken of any limited area. Kua kapi te kainga i te tangata.

whakakapi, v. t. fill up a space. whakakapi, n. one who fills the place of another; substitute; suc-

Kāpia, n. kauri gum; resin.

Kăpiti, n. 1. cleft; crevice. gorge; narrow pass. 3. a bone.

kapiti, a. shut in by hills; confined. He whenua kapiti WHanganui.

Kapo, v. t. catch at; snatch. Kāpō, a. blind.

Kăpŏwăi, n. 1. dragonfly. wood-coal.

whakakapowai, v. t. steep in boiling water. Kei te tao i te tangata, kei te kai; kei te whakakapowai i te upoko; ka maoa, kei te whakatu, 'Kei a au a Raumati' (102).

1. hollow of the hand. Kăpŭ, n. 2. steel adze so called from the curved shape.

kapu, a. curly (of the hair). kapu măhŏră, slightly curled; wavy. kapu māwhătŭ, separated into distinct curls. kapu piripiri, woolly.

kapu, v. i. close the hand. drink out of the hollow of the hand.

kapukapu, n. sole of the foot.
kapukapu, v. i. 1. curl (as a wave). Ka kapukapu mai te ngaru. 2. gush.

kăkăpŭ, small basket for cooked food.

Kăpuă, n. cloud; bank of clouds. Kăpungă, n. palm of the hand.

kapunga, v. t. take up in both hands together.

Kāpurā, n. fire.

Kăpŭrăngă, n. handful.

kapuranga, v. t. take up by handfuls. Kapurangatia nga otaota na e ia. v. i. dawn. Ka kapuranga te ata.

Kăpurăngi, n. rubbish; weeds.

I. Kără, n. old man. Tena korua ko kara.

H. Kără, n. secret plan; conspiracy. Kei te whakatakoto kara mo Te Horo kia patua.

kăkără, n. scent; smell.

kăkără, a. savoury; odoriferous.

kākārā, n. a shell-fish.

Kărā, n. basaltic stone.

Kārše, n. a bird.

Kārāhā, n. calabash with a wide mouth; bowl; basin.

Kărāni, n. glass.

Kārāhō, n. floor or platform in a canoe.

Kārāhu, n. oven.

Kărăhŭě, n. a shellfish.

Kărăkă, n. corynocarpus lævigata, a tree.

Kărăkăpě, v. t. take up hot coals or stones with two sticks.

Karakia, i. v. i. repeat a form of words &c.; say prayers; perform a religious service. ii. v. t. repeat an incantation &c. over a person or thing; lead the devotions of others.

karakia, n. form of words to be recited; incantation; prayer.

Kărămătă, n. head of a tree. Kărăměa, n. red ochre. Kărămu, n. coprosma, a shrub, of various species.

wave). Ka kapukapu mai te ngaru. 2. gush. Tau mai ana te tini o te ngaro kapu, small basket for cooked ki te karamuimui i a au (11).

Kărăngă, v. t. call. Tikina karangatia a karihi. v. i. call out; shout. Ka karanga atu a Tatau ki ana tamariki, 'Purupurua te whatitoka me te matapihi' (47).

karangaranga, v. i. call frequently.

Kărăngătă, v. i. remain silent when called. He tangata karangata; taku mahi he karanga ki a ia, kaore ia e whakao mai.

Kārangi, a. 1. restless; unsettled. Ka mate te katua, ka karangi kau nga kuao. 2. irritated; provoked. Karangirangi ki ahau.

whakakarangirangi, v. t. provoke.

Kărăngū, coprosma, a shrub.

Kārāpā, a. squinting. He kanohi karapa.

Kārāpi, n. sticks used in building to hold reeds or rushes in place.

Kărăpiti, v. t. 1. put or fasten together side by side. 2. pinch between two bodies.

kărăpīpītī, a. laid one beside another.

Kărăpŏtĭ, i. v. t. surround; hedge in. ii. v. i. be surrounded.

Kărărĕhĕ, n. dog; quadruped.

Kărătiti, v. t. fasten with pins or pegs. Maku e karatiti mai te whare.

Kārău, n. 1. dredge; grapnel.

Ma te karau e rapu ka kitea ai
te taura o te taruke. 2. comb
for the hair. 3. gage for the
meshes of a net. 4. trap made
of loops of harakeke, to catch
birds that burrow in the ground.

Kărăuă, n. 1. old man. 2. head of the body.

Kărăwă, n. 1. dam; mother. 2. bed in a garden.

kāršwāršwā, n. weal; mark of kākāri, v. i. 1. be urgent; be a stripe.

Kărăwhiu, v. t. whirl; swing round.

karawhiu, n. flail.

Kără, n. 1. ripple. Te kare o te tai. 2. lash of a whip. Ko te kare o te wepu kia papa i runga i te mahunga o te Hauhau, kia mataku ai.

karekare, n. surf.

karekare, v. i. be agitated. E karekare ana te hinu i roto i te

whakakarekare, v. t. agitate; shake up (of liquids).

kare-a-roto, n. object of passionate affection. Te kare-aroto o tona ngakau (132).

Kărešo, n. rhipogonum scandens, a climbing plant; supple-jack.

kieracidea Novæ **Kārčarča**, n. Zelandiæ; sparrow-hawk.

Kărčhč, v. i. *run*. E karehe ra i mua ra.

Karehu — kāhēru, n. spade.

Kărěko, v. i. slip. comp. karengo.

Kăreko, n. calico.

Karemu, n. plug in the bottom Karituangi, v, t. dig deep. Ka of a cance.

Kărengo, v. i. slip. Kei karengo

karengo, n. an edible seaweed.

Kărepe, n. grepe. Karerarera, n. a water plant.

Kärere, n. messenger.

Karšto, v. i. be untied.

Karštu, hierochloe redolens; sweet scented grass.

Karowa, n. busy.

Kin, n. garden.

Kari, n. isolated wood: clump of brees.

Kari, i. v. t. dig for. Kei te kari

ii. v. i. rush along violently. Ks. kari tera te hau nei.

importunate. Ka kakari kia noho matou. 2. wrestle; quarrel. K kākari mai ra nga tamariki.

kăkări, v. i. fight. Te whawhai nui he kăkari; to nga tangata tokorua, he kākari.

kăkăritanga, n. valley. compare kakanitanga.

karikari, v. t. strip off. Haere ki te nehenehe ki te karikari aka hohou taiepa.

whakakarikari, v. t. notch. Me whakakarikari kau te rakau nei.

Kărihi, n. 1. stone of a fruit; kernel. 2. weights attached to the lower edge of a dragnet. Kua oti nga kupenga ra te tatai, piri atu anonga karihi (142).

Kăriŏi, v. i. loiter; idle. E tama e! he aha koe i karioi tonu ai i te wahi na?

Kăriri, v. i. sail together in a fleet. E kariri mai nga waka ra i te rae.

Kăriri, n. cartridge.

kariri, v. t. k. paura, *make car*tridges.

Kārito, n. typha angustifolia; raupo.

karituangitia ki raro, ki te papa o te oneone.

Karo, n. pittosporum crassifolium, a tree.

Kăro, or kăkăro, v. t. 1. parry; avoid a blow. Kua karohia te matia a Tawharau. 2. pick out of a hole. compare tikaro.

a!karokaro, n. 1. slave. 2. marauding party.

1. sea-gull; larus Karoro, n. antipodum. 2. a kind of shellfish.

Kăru, n. 1. eye. Karu mowhiti, spectacles, 2. head.

pohue hei o ki te Taiapu (157). karukaru, n. rag; old garment.

Karuae, n. a bird.

Kāruhiruhi, n. shag; a bird.

Kărupăngo, n. pupil of the eye.

Kārupe, n. lintel of a door.

Kārŭrě, v. t. twist; spin. E karure muka ana te wahine nei. Kārň, n. cart.

Kătă, v. i. laugh. He aha tau e kata na? Passive kataina, be laughed at. Kauaka ahau e kataina e koutou.

kăkătă, a. 1. laughing frequently. 2. opening in cracks; chapped. Kakata ana te whenua.

Kātae, a. how great. Katae te kakara o te whare nei! (193).

Katahi, conj. 1. then. Katahi ka rewa te taua a WHakataupotiki (41). 2. now for the first time. Katahi nei pea au ka rehea (15). 3. only just. Ki te kata koutou i a au i te mea katahi ano au ka tomo ki roto ka mate rawa au (29). 4. to express appreciation of any quality. Katahi ano te toa ko koe! What a brave man you are!

Kātšo, n. water.

Kătău, n. right hand. Tu mai koe ki katau.

Kătěa, a. whitened. Ka pukai, ka katea ou wheua i te parekura i Rangiriri.

katea, n. podocarpus dacrydioides, a tree.

kātěatěa, a. not close together; scattered. Kei te kateatea tonu nga kete parareka i waenga.

Kătěkătě, n. small mat to cover the shoulders.

Kătětě, 1. v. t. lengthen by adding a piece. Ka poto te tao, ka katetetia atu kia roa ai. 2. v. i. move forwards. Tē katete tē aha.

katete, n. 1. piece joined to a spear to lengthen it. 2. large pig. katete, a. large. Me te kuao a te tohora nei te katete (155).

Kăti, v. t. block up; close against any one; stop traffic upon any thoroughfare.

kati, a. shut; closed. Kua kati te kuwaha.

kăkăti, v. t. sting; cause to smart. Kei katia koe e te puwerewere. kākăti, n. bundle; sheaf. Kia

toru kakati korari ka oti.

kākāti, v. t. tie up in bundles.

katikati, v. i. champ; move the jaw as in eating. Ka kai ratou i reira; pau ana a nga hoa, katikati tonu a Tama (78).

Kāti, v. i. leave off; cease. A!

Kati te turituri (65).

whakakati, v. i. beg one to desist.

kati, ad. well; so then; introducing a conclusion. Kati, me noho au i konei.

Kătiăho, n. portuguese man of war.

Kătihi, n. stack of fernroot.

Kătipō, n. 1. venomous spider. 2. wasp.

Kātīrāmātā, int. expressing surprise.

Kătirehe, n. sore throat; quinsy. I. Kăto, or kăkăto, v. t. pluck. Katohia etahi puwha maku.

II. Kăto, a. flowing; flood (of the tide only). E kore tatou e puta i te tai kato.

Kătoă, a. all; the whole. Ka whakatika katoa nga tangata hokowhitu ki te kimi rakau (89).

Katoa, n. leptospermum scoparium; a tree.

Kātòitòi, v. i. give a response. Kahore ano kia katoitoi ake, kia aha.

Kătore, or katoretore, a. glimmering, dimly luminous. Te mea e katoretore mai ra, he tutaewhetu. Kătote, a. not fixed; displaced. Kātŭă, n. 1. full grown animal or bird. Ka katuatia, ka tupu nga huruhuru. — Frequently used of the dam as opposed to the young. 2. stockade, or main fence of a pa, distinguished from the 'wita' and 'pekerangi' which were outside, and also from the părakiri, which was inside.

Kău, ad. 1. alone; per se; without appendage &c. Tu kau ana te tangata, the man was naked. He ipu takoto kau, an empty vessel. 2. only. Ko nga patu, he patu poto kau (90).—I rangona kautia e ia ki te hŭhū o te patu e haere iho ana ki tona angaanga (91). 3. just. Mutu kau ano ta ratou haka, tino katanga o Kae i kata ai (87). 4. without kindrance. Kihai i taea te korikori, hahau kau ana te patu (143). no purpose. A, tangi kau mai ki ana taonga, ki tana wahine Kăuĕrĕ, n. vitex littoralis; a tree. 6. Kahore kau, not at (71).all.

i. v. i. swim; wade. kau ia, a ka u ki te kainga o te WHatuiapiti (164).—ii. v. t. 1. swim or wade across. Te moana i kauia e Hinemoa. 2. swim for. Kauia to tatou waka.

kauanga, n. ford; crossing.

kauanga-wai, the part of the leg above the ankle.

kaukau, v. i. bathe. v. t. anoint the head. E kaukau ana a Maru i tona upoko.

kaukauranga, n. bathing place. whakakau, v. t. make to swim. whakakau, n. charm to aid in

swimming. Kăuă, ad. (imperative or optative) Kaua e kotikotia ta tatou not.

ika (22).

Kăuăe, n. 1. jaw; chin. 2. wing of an army. 3. beam in a building.

Kăuaemŭa, n. one's eldest brother or sister.

Kăuăeroa, n. 1. a fish; the same as hapuku. 2. party lying in ambush.

Kăuăetĕa, n. a kind of eel: when fullgrown it is called whakaau.

Kăuăhi, n. a piece of wood upon which a stick is rubbed to procure fire.

Kăuăkă, ad. not (with imperatives &c.) — when used absolutely, do not; don't!

Kăuămŏ, n. litter; bed arranged between two poles, to carry a sick person on.

Kăuăngă, n. the star canopus; called also Autahi. See also under kau.

Kăuăngāwăi, n. the part of the leg immediately above the ankle. Kăuăuā, n. hawk.

Kăuāwhīwhĭwhĭ, v. i. approximate.

kauere, a. crumpled; shrivelled. He kauere te tupu o te mara.

Kăučhŭ, a. turbid; muddy. moana kauehu.

Kăuhŏa, n. litter on which a person is carried.

kauhoa, v. t. carry on a litter.

Kăuhŏe v. i. swim. E kore ranei au e whiti ki te kauhoe? (132)

Kăuhou, n. line of ancestry. Ka hirihiria ki te kauhou o Houmaitawhiti (127).

Kăuhŏrŏ, v. t. scrape; rub with anything rough. I kauhorotia a Hoani e te rakau.

Kauhua, or kauhuahua, n. stringboard or horizontal support for the floor of a canoe.

Kăuĭkă, n. heap.

kauika, 1. v. i. lie in a heap. 2. v. t. lay in a heap. Kauikatia o riwai.

Kăukău, n. spear. See also under kau.

Kāŭki, n. ridge of a hill.

kāŭkĭ, v. i. lie in a heap. E kauki mai ra te kai i te rua.

Kăumăhăki, n. brace; buttress.

Kăumātŭă, n. 1. adult. 2. old man or woman. 'He tira kaumatua, tena te haere na' e ki ana ko Pararaki: a proverb for anything slow and sure.

without the haumi &c.

Ka kau-Kăuněněhů, a. dusky. nenehu nei te pouri, ka tae mai matou.

Kaunoti, n. a piece of wood which is rubbed briskly with another to procure fire. See kaurimarima.

Kăungărŏa, n. side fence of a pa. Kăupăe, n. step of a ladder.

Kăupăpă, n. 1. level surface; floor. Ka rite te kaupapa o te rua ki te kaupapa o te awa.--He kaupapa haro, a clean sweep. 2. fleet of canoes. 3. wise man; oracle. Na koutou, na nga pu, na nga tohunga, na nga kaupapa (98). 4. original of a song as opposed to a parody. 5. guage for the meshes of a net.

Kăupāpărŭ, a. flat-roofed.

Kăupăre, v. t. turn in a different direction; avert.

Kăupŏki, v. t. 1. cover over. invert.

Kăurăngă, n. derivative from kau; see kau.

Kăurăpă, a. having broad lateral projections.

Kaurerehu, a. dim; dusky.

Kăuri, n. 1. dammara australis; a forest tree. 2. resin of the kauri tree. 3. soot from burnt resin, used for tattooing.

Kăurimărimă, n. a pointed piece of wood, rubbed briskly on another to procure fire.

Kāuru, n. head of a tree.

Kăurŭkĭ n. smoke.

kaurukiruki, a. smoky; dusky. I te ata, i te mea e kaurukiruki tonu ana te pouri.

Kāută, n. cooking shed.

Kătăhăngă, a. empty. Ka haere kautahanga tenei ponaka.

Kautahoe v. t. swim across. Na konei i kautahoetia ai e ia taua moana (164).

Kăunăroa, n. body of a canoe Kăutăngătăngă, a. moving briskly. A hea te kautangatanga ai taua?

Kăutětě, a.

Mătă kautete, a weapon consisting of sharp teeth of flint lashed firmly to a piece of wood.

Kăutŏnă, n. wart. He kautona kei tetahi taringa o tana poaka. Kăutŭkŭ, n. a bird, the same as matuku. — tapuae kautuku,

pattern or method of interlacing the strips of flax in the lining of a house.

Kauwae, see kauae.

Kăuwhău, v. i. or v. t. 1. recite old legends and genealogies. 2. preack.

Kawa, a. 1. unpleasant to the taste; bitter; sour. 2. not relishing food. Na Hotunui au i ngare mai ki tetahi ika mana, he waha kawa nona (141).

kawa or kawakawa, n. piper excelsum, a shrub.—Ta i te kawa. 1. remove the 'tapu' from a new building, part of the ceremony consisting in striking parts of the building with a branch of kawakawa. 2. open a new building with any ceremony. Hence kawa, v. t. the same as ta i te kawa. Ka huihui NGatiporou ki te kawanga o to ratou whare.

kăkăwă, v. i. perspire.

kăkăwă, n. sweat.

Kawa, n. heap. Me he kawa kamaka.

Kāwăi, n. 1. shoot or branch of

2. pedigree; lineage. Takina ou kawai, kia mohiotia ai ou tupuna. 3. tentacula of cuttlefish. 4. loops or handles of a kete or maori basket.

Kăwăingă, n. stars which immediately precede the dawn. Ka Kawenga, n. burden. See kawe. hapai nga kawainga o te ata.

Kăwăkă, n. libocedrus doniana; kaweru, v. t. bait or furnish with a forest tree.

Kăwări, n. a shell fish.

Kăwăriki, n. a plant.

Kăwătău, v. i. speak frequently of one's intentions or expectations.

Kāwătăwătă, a. 1. yearning. Katae te kawatawata aroha i a au ki taku tamaiti. 2. increasing gradually from small beginnings. Kawatawata marire te putanga mai o te hau.

Kăwău, n. graculus varius; cormorant; shag. E noho ana te tangata nei, me te kawau pu te ahua (138).

Kāwāwā, n. palings of a fence.

Kăwě, v. t. 1. carry; convey; bring. Katahi te tangata ra ka kawea ki te wai e tona papa, ka tohia (17). 2. fetch. E ta, kawea atu tetehi wai moku (168). 3. induce; influence. He kawenga na te humarietanga o te WHaturapiti (164). 4. v. i. shew determination; persevere. Te whawhaitanga i whawhai ai; ka kawe tetehi, ka kawe tetehi (166).

kawe, n. 1. handle. 2. straps by which a bundle is carried on the back.

kawekawe, n. tentacula of a cuttle fish. E haere mai ana hoki nga kawekawe o te taniwha, e pehi ana i te waka ki raro (110).

Kāwei, n. for kawai, see kawai. Kăwěkă, n. ridge of a hill.

a gourd or other creeping plant | kaweka, a. 1. long. Kaweka ana te tangata nei; me te kahika! 2. idling. Kei nga kainga e kaweka haere ana. rambling; digressing. kawekaweka te korero.

Kawenata, n. covenant.

Kāweru, n. bait for cray fisk.

Kawerutia nga taruke. bait.

Kăwitităngă, n. wrist.

Kăwiu, v. i. be shrunk. Katahi ka kawiu te ringaringa.

Kăwhăki, v. t. 1. remove by force. See kahaki. 2. draw out by stratagem. E hika ma, kawhakina: mana tonu e whai. Compare manukawhaki.

Kāwhia, n. a fish.

Kāwhĭu. n. a basket used in collecting paua.

I. Ke, a. different; strange. whare ke to matou ko ou matua (97).

ke, ad. 1. in or to a different place; in a different direction. Kei Taranaki ke ratou e noho ana.-I anga ke te roro ki te tonga. 2. at a different time; beforehand. Ko nga taura ano kua whiria ketia ra hoki, he rangi ke atu. 3. contrariwise; differently to what one expected. Ko tutamure ke i haere mai, he mate hoki a Te Toare. in a different character or appearance. puta ke, or rere ke, altered.

kēkē, a. in a different line. matua keke, uncle or aunt.

II. Kē, v. i. produce a sharp abrupt sound; crack; snap.

kěkē, v. i. creak.

kēkē, v. i. quack, as a duck.

Kea, n. discharge from the nose. Kěhă, n. 1. turnip. 2. flea.

Kěhě, n. a fish.

Kěhokěho, a. very clear or trans-

parent. Marama kehokeho te Kēkerepo, a. blind. moana.

Kehta, n. ghost; spirit. A modern word.

Kěi, ad. 1. that not; lest. Kia ata tangi tatou, kei rongo mai aku hoa i patu i a au nei (97). 2. not. Kia manawanui; kei kăinga ake i muri i a au (22).— Kei paruparu, kei aha, there is no mud whatever. 3. whilst still. Kia hohoro te haere, kei ao ana te ra.

Kei, prep. (in present time). at; on; in. He tangata kei te kāinga, he kawenga ano tana: ko te kawenga, kei runga kei tou whare e takoto ana, ko ia kei tou nohoanga e noho ana (85). 2. with; in possession of. Kei a au a Raumati (102).---Koia kei a koe, it is a you say;-you have it. 3. in the act of. Kei te tunu kai mana (95). 4. with an adjective or neuter verb, to denote present state, character, quality etc. Kei te ora ano au (65). 5. like. Ko ona niho, kei te koi matā (28). 6. (after verbs of motion) Heoi ka puta te tupua ra kei waho o tona rua (150).

Kei, n. stem of a canoe &c. Kěiā, v. t. steal.

Kěiwhā, ad. 1. before. Kia hohoro te whariki i te whare, keiwha puta mai te manuhiri. 2. whilst. Kia taria nga kai nei, keiwha noho nga tangata.

Kěkă, 1. mentally deranged. beside oneself with grief.

Kěkě, a. obstinate; stubborn. whakakeke, v. i. refuse to speak; shew oneself obstinate.

Kēkē, n. armpit. See also under ke.

Kēkēao, n. overcust sky. Kěkěně, n. sea-lion; seal. ana te kanohi.

Kēkěrěru, n. black wood-bug. Kěko, a. squinting. He kanohi

keko.

whakakeko, v. i. look obliquely Titiro whakaalong anything. keko, look askance. - Whakakeko pu, take aim.

Kěněkěně, a. stinking; offensive. Kenokeno ana te haunga.

Kengo, n. 1. night. 2. large white kumara.

kengo, v. i. become night. kengo te ra.

Kĕŏ, n. peak or pointed summit. keokeo, a. peaked; pointed. haere ra te puke keokeo.

whakakeo, a. rising to a peak. Kei te ngaru whakakeo e tere i Taupo.

keokeonga, n. peak of a hill. Kěrěkěrě, a. intensely dark. often used adverbially to intensify other adjectives, as pouri kerekere.

Kěrěkěrěwai, n. numbness.

Kěrěngěo, n. lump of earth. Kěrěrū, n. wood pigeon.

Kěrětěki, n. outer fence of a pa. Kěrětů, n. 1. clod. 2. thwart of

a canoe. Kěrěwhěnŭa, n. yellow clay.

Kěri, 1. v. t. dig. 2. v. i. rush along violently as wind &c.

Kěrč, v. i. blink the eyes; wink, kero, a. 1. dead. 2. maimed. He ringa kero.

kerokero, v. i. wink frequently. Kerokero auau tonu nga kanohi.

Kětě, n. basket made of strips of flax &c.

Kětěkětě, v. i. express surprise, or sorrow.

Kětŏ, a. extinguished. Kua keto te ahi.

ketoketo, n. 1. sick person. 2. maggot.

1

Kětů, 1. v. t. turn up with the snout. Kua ketua taku mara e te poaka. 2. v. i. begin to ebb. Ka ketu te mata o te tai. Kěu, v. t. move; and hence pull the trigger of a gun. Keua te pu.

Keukeu, v. i. move oneself. Takoto tonu te turoro nei, kahore e keukeu.

whakakeukeu, v. t. shake.

Kěwă, a. extinguished. Kua kewa te ahi.

Kěwhă, a. unsettled; irresolute. E kewha haere ra i runga maunga.

I. Kī, a. full. Kua ki te ipu. kĭkī, a. 1. crowded. 2. confined; strait.

kīkī,

whakakīkī, v. t. instigate. Katahi ia ka haere ki te whakakiki i tona iwi kia tikina mai taua iwi tutu nei kia whakangaromia (118).

II. Kī, 1. v.t. say; think. 2. v.i. speak; utter a word. Ui noa ki te poupou o te whare, Kaore te ki mai te waha.

kīkī, v. i. speak. Korero noa ahau, kihai ia i kiki.

III. Kī, ad. very. Turituri ki. Ki, prep. 1. to. E haere ana koe ki hea? E haere ana ahau ki te whakataki i taku kotiro (49). 2. into. Ka whina atu ia ki te wai (111). 3. towards. haere koe, ka titiro ki te putanga mai o te ra (110). against; at; with. Ka tango mahara ia, ka whawhai mai ki ona tuakana (12).—Te makanga atu o te maipi ki nga ngarara, ki nga mokai katoa, kua mate (96).—Ka haurangi te wahine nei, ka riri ki tana teina (139). 5. for; in quest of. Na Hotunui au i ngare mai ki te ngohi mana (141). 6. concerning; of;

respecting. Ka korero mai a Hotunui ki te kino o tona hoa e noho nei ia (141). He whakapaenga ki te rua kumara na 7. in conseona hoa (136). quence of. He tika tou pouri ki taku korero (141). 8. *by* means of; with. Tapahia ki te toki (64). 9. at; with; on; Ka noho a Tuau ki te kei (111).—He aha ra tatou te moe tahi ai ki a ia? (11)—E hoe koe, na, e rua ki roto, e rua ki waho (111).—Ka mutu ki te wai, kei uta (86). 10. according to. Ki tana whakaaro hoki, he wahine pai ia (139). 11. in the opinion of. Ki a Tangaroa, me tomo te pa: ki a Rangitu, me tuki ata (90). 12. in the event of. Ki to kata koutou i a au, ka mate rawa ahau (29). 13. simply transitive, connecting the verb with its object. Ka tango tetehi ki te maipi, me tetehi; ka tango ano a Hatupatu ki te maipi (97).

Kia, ad. or conj. 1. to denote a wish or proposition. Kia ata haere tatou (150). Lest us go slowly. — that. Katahi ia ka mahara kia tango maminga ia i taua kāinga (79). 2. to denote a purpose or effect, that. Katahi ka peia atu ia kia haere atu.-He aha i waiho ai te manuhiri kia karanga ana? (168) When followed by ai it denotes an ulterior purpose, in order Me whakarite nga hoe that. kia rite rawa, kia tangata ai tatou te puta ki waho (169). 3. to mark the relation between the subject and some future time or event. Kia rua nga po ki muri nei ka ara te marama.— Kia ahiahi ka puta ake ai? Will he come up in the even-

ing? Sometimes it may be ren- Kikorangi, n. blue sky. dered by until. Kaua e koti- Kikowhiti, n. forearm. kotia ta tatou ika; engari waiho Kimi, n. calabash. kia tae atu au ki te tohunga Kimi, v. t. seek; look for. (22). Sometimes by when. Taihoa tatou e haere ki reira; hei Kimo, v. i. wink. ki te hapoko, kia takakau (189). kahore, kore or hore. Kahore Kina, n. echinus or sea urchin. kia po rua.—Kahore matou i tapoko ki te ngahere, kore kia 5. in instiiti, kore kia rahi. tuting a comparison. kia penei te korahi o to tatou takotoranga, the place where we lay was as large as this.

Kīākā, n. calabush.

Kiano, ad. not yet: (only in past time). Kiano taku mahi i oti

Kiăto, n. thwart of a canoe.

Kiekie, n. freycinetia Banksii; a climbing plant.

Kîhă, v. i. pant. Tu ana te kiha a tou tangata.

Kīhāi, ad. not; (only in past time with i). Kihai ano i taro kua mate (160).

Kihikihi, n. a kind of locust or cicada.

Kiki, a. silenced by argument.

Kiki, kiki, see under Ki.

Kikiporo, n. two pieces of wood with which time is beaten to a song.

Kikimo, see under kimo.

Kikini, see under kini.

Kikiwa, see under kiwa.

Kĭkŏ, or kikokiko, n. 1. flesh. 2. person: (contemptuously). He kiko whakarawaka, a lazy fellow; a vagabond.

whakakikokiko.

moe whakakikokiko, sham sleep. Kikŏhŭngă, n. gangrene.

Kĭkŏpŭkŭ, n. 1. part of the arm between the shoulder and the elbow. 2. warrior; brave man. kirikiri, n. gravel.

He aha tau e kimi mai nei?

te ngahuru, kia rupeke te kai kikimo, v. i. keep the eyes firmly closed.

4. in negative sentences, after kimokimo, v. i. wink frequently.

Kinaki, n. food which is eaten along with other food. Ka pau nga pata kānga hei kinaki mo te koura.

kinaki, v. t. eat one kind of food with another. Kinakitia o kapana ki te ika.

Kini, or kikini, v. t. 1. nip; 2. pinch off. Kinitia pinch. mai tetahi wahi o te torori na ki a au.

whakakini, v. i. wink significantly, or give an intimation with the eyes. He korero maminga nana; i whakakini mai hoki ona kanohi, moku kia nohopuku.

Kĭnŏ, a. evil; bad; hateful.

kino, ad. with ill usage. I haere noa atu nga herehere, ehara i te mea i toia kinotia e te pakeha.

kino, v. t. dislike; hate. E kore oti koe e kinongia, ina penatia tau mahi?

whakakino, v. t. pronounce bad; treat with contempt.

Kiokio, n. 1. twentyfifth day of the moon's age. 2. lomaria procera; a fern.

Kiŏrě, n. rat; mouse.

Kirea, n. land exhausted by frequent cropping.

Kīrĕhĕ, n. dog.

Kiri, n. skin; bark. Ehara i te tu-a-kiri o te tangata nana i inoi atu; kahore, na te puku nui.

Kirikopuni, n. a kind of eel. Kiripaka, n. flint; quartz.

Kiritai, n. space immediately outside the fence of a pa.

Kiritea, a. whiteskinned. He pakeha ia; ina hoki he kiritea.

Kĭtĭtŏnă, n. wart; excrescence on the skin.

Kĭrĭūkă, a. unflinching. I whakarongo kiriuka etahi.

Kĭriwai, n. inner skin.

Kĭtă, ad. tightly; fast. Mau kita taua maia i nga taura a taua hunga.

Kitě, v. t. 1. see; know; perceive. Kua kite mai tana wahine i a ia e haere atu ana (118). find out; discover. Ka rapua e ratou he tikanga hei mamingatanga ma ratou i a Kae, a ka kitea (37).

whakakite, v. t. reveal; disclose. Kĭwă.

whakakikiwa, v. i. keep the eyes firmly closed. Ka whakakikiwa ona kanohi i te mamae.

Kīwěi, n. loop or handle of a bas-Hapainga ki te kiwei.

Kiwi, n. apteryx; a bird. kahukiwi, garment covered with kiwi feathers.

whakakiwi, v. i. look aside. Ka whakakiwi nga kanohi i runga i te peke.

I. Ko, a particle used before proper names and personal pronouns, and also before common nouns when they are preceded by te or any of its compounds, to, toku, ta matou &c.

1. to give emphasis, and hence frequently to denote the predicate. Ko koe tonu te wai i haere mai ai ahau (169). Κo taku potiki te tangata nei (17).

2. to direct attention to the subject about which something is about to be said. Ko Maketu pa, e tu kau ana (81). Koae, see kowae.

haere mai i runga i a Kahununu (184).

3. to specify particularly what has been already alluded to in a more general way; and so also to indicate or enumerate the individuals signified by a dual or plural pronoun. Tera ano tetahi pa nui onamata, ko Maungawhau (166).—NGa ingoa o nga waka nei na, ko te Arawa, ko Tainui, ko Matatua, ko Takitimu, ko Kurahaupo, ko Tokomaru, ko Matawhaorua (69).—Ko Raukatauri ratou ko Raukatamea, ko Itiiti, ko Rekareka (36).

II. Ko, prep. 1. to. Ko hea koe e haere na? 2. at. Ko reira au tu ai, kia tae ake ano koe. Ko, n. a wooden implement for digging or planting, sometimes

used as a weapon of war. werohia ki te ko.

ko, or koko, v. t. dig or plant with a ko. Me koko aku tinaku.—'Rahirahi, ko: matotoru, haruru tu.'

koanga, n. sowing time. koanga; whakapiri ngahuru.

II. Ko, n. girl. used only in addressing. E ko!—E ko ma!

III. Ko, n. 1. yonder place. haere ana ahau ki ko, i a Rewa 2. distant point of time. A ko ake nei, hereafter.

IV. Ko, v. i. put out the lips in contempt. Ko ana nga ngutu. I. Kŏa, glad; joyful. Ka koa te

iwi ra ki te kai mana (142). II. Kos, ad. intensive. 1. indeed. Kihai koa i taro, ka puta atu ki te tana a Uenuku raua ko Toi (66). 2. in entreaty. hoa, kau mai koa ki konei (120). He aha koa? what matters it?

Kŏā, see kowa.

Ko te haerenga mai o Paoa, i Koaha, a. abortive; shed before

maturity. He koaha te witi nei.

Kōaka, n. 1. calabash. 2. coarse mat, made of flax leaves.

Kožnu. n. cold.

Koangaumu, n. charm for depriving one's enemies of strength. He ika koangaumu, a fish made use of in the ceremony of 'purewaka'. I taona te ika koangaumu, ma nga tangata nana te waka e kai.

Koangi, a. cool. Engari a konei, e koangiangi ana te hau.

koangi, n. diarrhæa.

Koao, koaoao, see kowao.

Koara, v. i. be split open. Kua koara te rakau nei.

Koare, n. a tree.

koareare, n. root of raupo.

Kŏărŏ, a. inverted; turned right round; inside out; upside down. Huri koaru, turn inside out. See also under Kowaro.

Koata, n. spy-glass.

Kožu, n. graculus varius; shag. kožužu, n. a kind of musical instrument, played with the nose.

Kŏe, pron. thou. Dual, korua. Plural, koutou. After the pre- kohaha, n. fish with the bones positions a, o, ma, mo, na, no, ta, to, koe becomes 'u', and the preposition and pronoun are written as one word, thus, au, tou, &c.

Kŏe, kŏekŏe, v. i. scream as a bird.

whakakoekoe, or whakoekoe, v. t. tickle.

Kŏeăe, n. a fish.

Koeata, n. first sprouts of fern after the stalks have been burnt.

Koehoperoa, n. cuckoo; the same as koekoea.

Koěkě, n. 1. old man; adult. 2. grasshopper.

Kŏehŏeā, n. larger cuckoo.

Kŏeŏ, a. 1. offensive in smell. Kŏhĕ, n. 1. passiflora tetrandra; Kua pirau pea te kai nei, ina

ka puta te koeo. 2. wasting. He mate koeo.

Kŏeră, a. 1. broken, (of clouds). Ka koera te rangi; meake ka rangi ataahua. 2. fearful; frightened.

Kŏerŏ, n. sickness.

Kŏĕtŏeto, n. dry twigs. Tera he koetoeto, hei mea kora ma tatou.

Köhä, n. 1. parting instructions. Tenei taku koha ki a koe, kei hopu tou ringa ki te aka taepa, engari ki te aka matua (48).— Heoi te koha a taua tangata i te matenga, kia pai tatou te noho. 2. respect, regard. koha ki a Te WHerowhero i whakarerea ai te pakanga. present; gift. He koha tena naku ki a koe. 4. endeavour; effort. Kia puta te koha. deficiency. E what e ros o te rakau; kahore he koha. 6. spot; scar.

kohakoha, a. diminished. Ka kohakoha nga kai o te rua.

Kohaha, v. t. prepare fish for drying by removing the bones.

removed, ready for drying.

Kohăiă, n. girl.

Kohamo, n. back of the head.

Kohanga, n. nest.

Kohanga-weka, a. disordered; ragged. Kua hoangaweka nga raupo i te hau.

Köhäri, v. t. mash. Koharitia nga kapana.

kohari, n. mess of mashed food. koharihari, v. i. be in pain. koharihari ana a roto o toku puku.

Kohatu, see kowhatu.

Kohau, v. t. speak frequently of what one intends or expects.

a climbing plant. 2. dysoxylon

speciabile, a tree, called also kohekohe.

Koheka, see kowheka.

Köhěngi, or kohengihengi, n. wind. Ka tika te kohengihengi e ihi mai nei.

Kohera, see kowhera.

Köhěrě, v. t. pound fern root into a cake. Kei te kohere aruhe a Tatua ma.

kohere, n. cake of pounded fern-

Köhěriki, n. 1. angelica rosæfolia, a plant. 2. bidens pilosa.

Kōhěrů, n. a fish.

Köhi, or kohikohi, v. t. collect; gather.

kohi, n. wasting sickness.

Kohia, n. passiflora tetrandra, a climbing plant.

Köhi-ā-kikö, n. wasting sickness. Köhihi, n. a bird.

Kōhǐkŏhǐkŏ, v. t. do irregularly, a bit here and a bit there. Kati te kohikohiko: me whaka-

tene atu i konei. Köhikü, n. 1. a kind of mat. Ka takoto nga taonga mo Paoa, ko te pueru, ko te kohiku (190). 2. spit to roast birds on. reflected light.

Köhině, n. girl. Anana! ta te kohine pai (170).

Kohoho, n. solanum aviculare, a shrub.

Kohoi, a. thin; lean.

Köhökä, n. spil for roasting birds. Köhöpěröa, n. cuckoo.

l. Köhu, n. fog; mist.

II. Köhü, or kököhü, a. some-e ana tamariki (13). what concave: bent or warped Köhütühütü, n. fuchsia excortiso as to become concave. Engari a konci, e koangiangi ana te I. Koi, a sherp. hau, tena ko tua, he kohu rawa. koinga, n. point; edge. kohukohu, n. 1. chirkweed. 2. whakakoi, v. t. sharpen. WHaka-

a kind of moss. 3. a kind of લ્લ્પ્સ પ્રજ્યનો.

kohu, v. t. root in a hangi any Koia, ad. 1. expressing ament,

article contained in a hollow vessel.

III. Köhü.

kohukohu, v. t. curse. Part of the 'pure' ceremony for a newly made canoe was called 'whakamama i te kohukohu ruahine' (70).

Kohua, n. 1. maori oven. 2. boiler.

Köhŭe, n. boiler.

kohuehue, a. fat.

Köhühü, n. a tree.

kohukohu, see under kohu.

I. Kohumuhumu, a. shorn close. Kohumuhumu kau ana te mahunga o Te Puri.

II. Kohumuhumu, v. i. 1. whisper. 2. murmur.

Kohungahunga, n. infant.

Kohumu, n. land from which the fern &c. has been burnt off.

Kohura, v. i. appear above ground, sprout up. E kohura ake aua te tupu o te riwai i raro i te whenua.

Köhürängi, n. a parasitical plant. Kohŭrě, v. t. 1. turn up what is beneath the surface. Ka kohurea te oneone ki te puka. take out the bones of birds &c. Kohurehurea a tatou kukupa.

kohure, a. conspicuous. Ka kohure a Paoa.

kohure, n. firewood.

I. Kohŭrŭ, n. sapling.

II. Köhürü, v. t. 1. murder. Ka kohurutia a Wahieroa e Matukutakotako, ka mate (54). ill treat grievously. E aue haere ana mo te kohurutanga

cala, a tree.

koia taku toki ki to hoanga. II. Koi, conj. for kei, see kei.

it is so. 2. interrogatively, expressing surprise, indeed?—is it so? "E hoa, ko Takakopiri". "Koia?" "Ae, kua kite au: itae ake ano ki Hauraki ra" (147). 3. in interrogative sentences, giving emphasis to a question. Ko taku hoa koia tau e patai mai na? (147) 4. for ko ia, it is that. Ko ia tonu ta maua haku ki nga tangata. Our ground of complaint against the men is just that.—Koia ahau te haere ai, That is the reason why I did not go.

Kŏištš, v. i. throw up a new shoot.

Koĭhĭ, a. verandah.

koihiihi, a. reduced to splinters. Kua koihiihi te rakau.

koihiihi, v. i. thrill with fear.

Kŏikără, n. finger.

Kŏingă, n. a kind of shark. See also under koi.

Koingo, a. yearning; fretting. E koingo ana toku ngakau ki taku hoa ka riro.

Koipuipu, a. 1. foot sore; blistered. 2. overcast with clouds. Ka koipuipu te rangi.

I. Koiri, v. t. plant potatoes &c.

II. Kŏĭrĭ, v. i. bend the body. koiriiri, v. i. writhe.

Koĭro, n. conger eel.

whakakoiro, v. t. make crooked or tortuous.

Kŏitărěkě, n. New Zealand quail; coturnix Novæ Zealandiæ.

Koiwi, n. 1. skeleton. He and koiwi (155). 2. strength. 3. intensity. To te mate koiwi! 4. person; fellow (contemptuously). Te koiwi kurapa! the idle fellow!

kŏkă, n. a coarse mat.

I. Kökā, n. mother.

II. Kōkā, a. dried up. Kua kokatia nga kumara.

2. interrogatively, ex- Kokako, n. colleas cinerea, or surprise, indeed?—is New Zealand crow.

Kokari, n. new potatoes.

Kokau, v. t. plant in ordinary soil. Ka koia te kumara ki ro oneone, kaore he kirikiri, he kokau tena.

Ko taku hoa koia kokau, a. roughly made, unfinishai mai na? (147) 4.

it is that. Ko ia kau; ta koutou, he mea ata tarai.

Kŏkĕ, v. i. move forwards. Ka whanatu ka haere, ka koke te waewae.

Kŏkē, v. i. creak.

Kokěkě, n. mussels taken from the shell.

Kokeke, v. i. wind about. Kokeke atu kokeke mai nga piko o te awa.

Kokěwă, v. i. wander.

I. Köki, n. 1. angle; corner. 2. small canoe. 3. stomach of a shark, used as a bottle for oil. Kokinga-waru, food of indifferent quality, such as is eaten in time of scarcity.

II. Koki, v. i. move ahead as a canoe.

Kōkī, v. i. sing in early morning. Ka koki te manu ka haere maua.

Kōkǐhǐ, v. i. shoot; begin to grow. kokihi, n. 1. tetragonia expansa, or New Zealand spinach. 2. bottle made of seaweed.

Kōkĭrĭ, i. v. t. dart; throw or push any long body end foremost. Kokiritia te hoe ki uta. ii. v. i. dart or rush forward; charge. Kokiri! kokiri!

kokiri, n. 1. spear. 2. body of men rushing forwards. Tokoiwa te kokiri a Rapata, kotahi tekau ta Piki kokiri. 3. a fish.

Kökö, n. shovel; spoon. Te koko o te pokohiwi, the shoulderblade.

koko, v. t. take up with a shovel

roto ki nga kete.

kokonga, n. corner.

whakakoko, v. i. move sideways. WHakakoko ana te haere o te tamaiti kei kitea tana aporo.

Koko, a. rotten.

Koko, v. i. make a rumbling noise. Koko ana toku manawa.

Koko, n. 1. prosthemadera Novæ Zelandiæ, a bird. 2. net for catching kěhě.

Kokohu, see under kohu.

Kokomako, n. anthornis melaneura, a bird.

Kokomo, see under komo. Kokomuka, n. veronica of seve-

ral species.

Kokopa, see under kopa.

Kokopi, see under kopi.

Kokopu, n. 1. a small fresh water fish. 2. a kind of eel.

Kokorěkě, n. coturnix Novæ Zelandiæ; a kind of quail. Kokoreke pu-ohorere.

Kokoru, see under koru.

Kokota, n. a bivalve shellfish.

Kokoti, see under koti.

Kokouri, n. haziness caused by smoke &c.

Kokowai, n. earth from which red ochre is procured by burning; red ochre.

Koma, n. 1. a kind of stone. 2. axe head, or other implement made of this stone.

Komā, a. pale; whitish.

Komae, a. shrunk; blighted. Ka komae noa te tupu o te kai.

komae, n. potatoes &c. withered in the sun.

Komama, v. i. run or fall through a small aperture.

Komanga, n. elevated stage for storing food upon.

Komaoa, a bare of skin; ulcerated. He komaoa kei te ma-

Komaru, n. 1. sun. 2. sail.

or spoon. Kokoa nga waro ki | Komau, v. t. keep fire alight, by burying it in embers. Me komau ta taua ahi.

> Kome, v. i. 1. move the jaw as in eating; close the mouth or lips. Te komenga o nga ngutu 2. take food; eat. (153).

kŏmě, n. food.

Koměkě, n. pounded fern-root. E ruke ana i te komeke ki tahaki (190).

Komeme, a. 1. burst inwards; stove in. 2. thin and yielding; easily compressed as a calabash &c. 3. contracted by cold. whahakomemetia te ringa.

Komiri, v. t. 1. rub with the fingers. 2. sort. Komiritia a tatou purapura.

Komiromiro, n. a bird.

Komo, or kokomo, v. t. thrust in; put in; insert. Ka komotia te tătā, a Turi, ka ehua te wai (111).

kokomo, n. contribution by way of acknowledgment on the part of people to whom a kakari is given.

Komore, n. ornament for the ankle. Komuhumuhu, see kohumu-

Komuru, v. t. 1. rub off. Komurua nga tupu, nga weuweu. 2. make supple by rubbing.

Komutu, v. t. surprise; intercept. Kia tupato: meake ra komutua mai tatou.

komutumutu, n. a fish.

I. Könä, n. 1. that place, near or connected with the person spoken to. 2. that time. 3. that place.

II. Kona, n. lower part of the abdomen (128).

konakona, v. t. smell.

Konae, n. turning in a path.

Konaki, v. i. feel affection for one who is absent.

konakitanga, n. corner.

Konana, a. slanting out of the perpendicular. Ka poupou te aho, ka rere te kupenga: ka konana, e kore e rere.

Konao, n. 1. maori oven. diarrhæa.

Konapu, a. shining. Ka konapu mai, where tonu.

Konatunatu, v. t. mix up. Konatunatua te huka ki roto ki te paraoa.

Konei, n. 1. this place. 2. this time. 3. this circumstance.

Koneke, v. i. slide along. WHakatakotoria he rango kia koneke ai te waka.

koneke, n. sledge.

konekeneke, n. mat with thrums made of strips of the flax leaf scraped only at intervals.

Konene, n. stranger; wanderer. person belonging to a tribe which has been broken up and scattered.

Koněněhů, a. resembling dust. He ua konenehu.

Konewa, n. song heard in a dream, regarded as a bad omen. konewa, he waiata i te po, he mea mate.

Konewha, v. i. 1. close the eyes gradually, the effect of drowsiness. Ka konewhanewha aku kanohi. 2. wander.

Koni, v. i. move; alter one's position. Me koni mai ki tenei taha.

Konia, n. canoe.

Konihi, a. 1. stealthy; avoiding E whakataka ana observation. te ara konihi o Te Puhihuia ratou ko ona hoa (170). 2. murdering by stealth. Mau tonu te konihi, te kohuru a Waikato.

Kono, n. small basket for cooked food.

Konohi, a. 1. feeling strong affection for an absent relative or kopakopa, a. wrinkled; creased.

friend. Ka puta mai te konohinohi aroha o te tuahine ki a ia (32). 2. longing. He konohi no raua kia awe raua te whakaporangitia.

Kŏnŏhĭ, the same as kanohi. See kanohi.

Konŏnĭ, a. *crooked*.

Konui, n. thumb.

Konumi, v. t. fold; double.

Konga, n. live coal.

kongakonga, a. crumbled into fragments.

kongakonga, n. crumb; fragment.

Kongahu, n. stone.

Kongange, v. j. blaze. E kore e kongange te kanaku. (R.)

kongange, a. weak.

Kongangi, v. i. creak. WHakarongo iho ki nga papa o te waka ra, ka kongangi (177).

Köngěhě, a. feeble; without strength. Kongehe noa iho tona haere i te kawenga a te wehi.

Kongěngě, a. sinking ; exhausted. He mate kongenge, a death from disease as opposed to a violent death.

Kongio, v. i. be shrivelled up. Kua kongio ke te kapana.

Kongu, a. cloudy. He rangi kongu.

kongungu, n. small kumara.

Kongŭnŭ, a. broken half through.

Kongutu-awa, n. mouth of a river.

Kopa, or kokopa, a. 1. bent. Kua kokopa noa te taupoki. 2. crippled; lame. 3. of the waning moon. Kihai i kopa te marama, kua kitea tona hapu (148).

kopa, or kopanga, n. 1. angle; corner. Tenei ka noho i te kopa whare. 2. (kopa) native oven.

He kopakopa nga rau o tenei Kopěka, v. t. 1. deceive. otaota. struct. 3. render useless

kopakopa, n. a species of planlago.

whakakopakopa, v. t. fold up.
Köpäe, a. 1. lying sideways, or broadside on. 2. having the entrance at the side. Ko tona whare, he whare kopae (38).

kopae, n. 1. small basket for cooked food. 2. house ornamented with carved work.

Kopaki, v. t. wrap; envelop. kopaki, n. husk; envelope.

kopakipaki, n. maize.

Kopako, n. back of the head.

Kōpānā, i. v. t. 1. push. Kopana ana te ringaringa a tera ki a au. 2. incite; urge. ii. v. i. feel a desire. Katahi ka kopana ake te hinengaro ki te kai.

Kopani, v. t. 1. shut to. Kopania mai te taupoki. 2. shut up; close up. 3. enclose; shut in.

Kopaopao, n. a kind of eel.

Köpäpä, n. 1. small canoe. 2 sledge.

Kōpārā, n. a bird; the same as Anrimako. Iti te kopara, kai takirikiri ana i runga i te kahikatea.

Kopara, v. t. shade or reil the

kopare, n. shade for the eyes:

Koparu, a. crushed; mashed. Kua koparu nga kapana.

Kopátá, u. drw.

kopetapeta, a. fulling in drops.

Kopā, or kopāpā, a. in a soft wass: pulpy. He mea penu nga kapana kia kope ai.

RODA II. Nov.W: reventor.

Kopih upih u. v. t. striv down: swest. Akuanci koe tikina atu ali korehurehua al. Kopěka, v. t. 1. deceive. 2. obstruct. 3. render useless; spoil. whakakopekapeka, v. t. hinder with unnecessary trifles.

Kopěkě, a. cold.

Kŏpěkŏpě, v. i. shake in the wind. E kopekope ana nga ra o te poti.

Köpěpě, v. t. *crumple; crush.* Köpěpě, v. t. *pluch.* Na wai taku hue i kopepe?

Kopēpē, see under kopē.

Kopere, n. sling, consisting of a string attached to a stick.

kopere, v. t. 1. sling. 2. throw violently. Ka koperea te waka e te au.

Kopeti.

Ka mahi ia i te whanake, kei te whakakopeti mai, ka taia he mahanga.

Köpi, a. doubled together by means of a hinge or joint; shut; closed.

kŏkŏpĭ, v. t. double together two parts of anything by means of a hinge; shut. Kopia iho te taupoki o te pouaka.

Kopia, n. kernels of karaka or corynocarpus longata, prepared for eating.

Köpihä, n. 1. pit for storing potatoes or taro. 2. pool of water.

Kōpĭkō, v. i. go alternately in opposite directions. Kopiko mai, kopiko atu, kahore matou i kite i te ara.

kōpikōpikō, a. going alternately in opposite directions. He ara kopikopiko.

Kopio, a. aback: filled with wind from ahead.

Köpîpî, a. 1. sreak: frail. He kopîpî te rakau na: kei whatî. 2 saccid: sritkered. Kahoro e pai te hue na. he kopîpî. 3. tîmil. He ngakau kopîpî; e kore e manawani. Kopipiri, a. crowded close to- Kopurua, a. having the belly gether.

Kopiri, a. crippled; lame.

Kopiro, v. t. duck; put another person's head under water. Kua kopiroa te tamaiti e tona tuakana.

kopiro, a. 1. steeped in water. He kaanga kopiro. 2. on the same level; without rapids. Ka haere atu ki te mutunga mai o te tutanga kopiro o te wai nei.

Kopito, n. pain in the abdomen. Kopiupiu, v. i. swing; oscillate; move to and fro. Kopiupiu noa ana te waka i te akinga a te ngaru.

Koporo, a. truncated; having the end cut off abruptly. He waka koporo, a square sterned canoe.

Kopu, n. 1. belly; womb. Ka nui haere te mamae ki tona kopu (127). 2. a kind of mat used as an inner garment. Ko te kahakaha i waho, ko te kopu i roto rawa.

Kopu, a. 1. full; filled up. Kaore i tiketike ake te koputanga o te rua kai. 2. blistered.

Корйа, а deep.

Kopuha, n. small house.

Kopohuri, n. a fish; the same as kahawai.

Kopuka, a. spongy; shrivelled. Kopuke, v. t. throw up the soil into hillocks preparatory to plant-

ing. Kopuku, n. a closely woven mat.

Kōpŭnĭ. a. in a body; all together. Kia kopuni te haere, kaua e takitahitia.

Köpüpüngāwhā, n. bulrush.

Kopūpūtăi, n. sponge.

Kopura, n. 1. potatoes or other tubers used for seed. 2. old person. 3. a plant.

Kopuru, or kopurupuru, fusty; mouldy.

swollen; dropsical.

Kopŭtă, a. blistered.

koputaputa, n. a fish.

Kopūtoitoi, a. moist; spongy.

Koputotara, n. a fish.

Koputuputu, v. t. put up in heups. Koputuputua nga kai ma te manuhiri.

Kopuwai, a. watery. He kino ena riwai, he kopuwai.

Kopuwai-totara, n. porcupine fish. Kora, n. small fragment, or speck of anything. Hokihoki tonu tona ringa ki te mirimiri i te kora i roto i tona kanohi. spark. 3. fire; fuel.

whakakorakora, v. t. scatter; distribute in small fragments. WHakakorakorangia tetahi wahi ma matou.

Korae, v. t. anoint with red ochre and oil.

Koraha, a. 1. extended; open. 2. shallow. He tai koraha to Manawaora.

koraha, n. open country.

Kŏrăhĭ, a. large; extensive. Kia penei te korahi o to tatou takotoranga.

korahirahi, a. 1. thin. 2. somewhat transparent. He taewa korahirahi (of young potatoes).

Korahoraho, n. unfledged young birds.

Korško, n. *albino*.

korakorako, a. having lightcoloured spots on the skin; freckled (181).

Korămă, n. a shell fish.

Korămŭrămŭ, v. t. eat greedily. Kaua e koramuramutia ta tatou kai.

Koranga, v. t. raise; lift up (155). korangaranga, v. i. 1. ache; be in pain. E korangaranga ana taku manawa. 2. feel annoyed or vexed.

Korapa, a. disquieted with fear.

Ka rere mai te tangata ki te wero, korapa noa toku ngakau.

koraparapa, a. crossgrained; twisted.

Kŏrāpu, v. i. shine. Te mea e korapu mai ra ko ona mata (28).

Kŏrārā, i. v. i. go in different directions; disperse. I haere topuni tonu, kahore i korara. ii. v. t. beg.

Korari, v. t. pluck or tear off a twig &c.

korarirari, v. t. pull to pieces. He aha te rakau i korariraria ai?

korari, 1. flower stem of phormium tenax or N. Z. flax. 2. the plant itself, phormium tenax.

Korau, n. 1. cyathea medullaris, a large tree fern. 2. young shoots of ferns. 3. turnip or other similar root.

I. Kore, ad. 1. not. E kore korua e ngaro ki kona (46).—Kore kau noa ake i kitea tetahi waro (158). 2. used as a suffix to nouns, and thus forming adjectives, signifying in each case the absence of the quality denoted by the noun. Whakaarokore, thoughtless.—ngoi-kore, weak &c.

korenga, n. non-existence; absence; non-occurrence &c. He kitenga no matou i te korenga o te kai ki taua wahi i mahue ai.

whakakore, v. t. 1. cause not to be. 2. deny.

II. Körĕ, a. broken. Kua kore ke nga papa o te whare.

kŏrě, n. fracture. comp. pakore.

Korea, n. small canoe.

Kŏrěhě, n. open country.

Korčirči, n. root of raupo.

Kŏrěkě, n. coturnix Novæ Zelandiæ, or N. Z. quail. called also kōkoreke. He manu ohooho te koreke.

Kŏrěkŏrě, n. twenty first and twenty second days of the moon's age.

Korěkorěko, a. dazzled. Ka korekoreko oku kanohi i te ra.

Korengarenga, a. 1. overflowing. Korengarenga tonu mai te wai ki te taha o te kaainga. 2. soft boggy.

Koreparepa, v. t. split. Koreparepangia te papa.

Kōrepŏ, n. shallow swamp.

koreporepo, a. swampy.

Korere, n. gutter; tap; funnel or anything to guide the passage of liquids.

Kōrĕrŏ, v. t. 1. tell; say. He aha ta tenei tangata e korero nei? 2. address. Korerotia tatou, e nga rangatira e noho nei; korerotia tatou! — He tangata korero-whenua, a peace-maker, said of a chief of great influence. 3. v. i. speak; talk. Ka whakakorerotia ano e ia, a kua nanu te reo (42).

korerorero, v. i. talk much, or frequently.

Koreto, v. i. trickle down; weep. Korewa, a. drifting about; adrift. Hi korewa tonu ai au, kaore e tukua te punga ki raro.

I. Köri, n. 1. native oven. 2. small net.

II. Köri, or korikori, v. i. 1. move; wriggle. 2. bestir oneself. Ka tae atu te karere, katahi ka kori te rau-ma-whitu ra (157).

korikori, n. a species of renunculus.

whakakorikori, v.t. move; shake.

Körihi, v. i. sing as birds.

korihirihi, n. tide. (R.)

Korimako, n. anthornis melaneura, a bird. Koripi, v. t. cut. I koripi ke Koroiti, n. little finger, or toe. mai te toki ki toku waewae. koripi, n. diarrhæa.

koripi, a. vagabond. He porangi te tangata ra, ka tahi; he koripi, ka rua; he kurapa, ka toru.

Korirangi, n. 1. a mat ornamented with white thrums of unscraped flax. 2. untwisted thrums of a mat.

Koriri, n. fruit of stunted growth. Koriro, v. i. sprout. E koriro ake ana te tupu o te kapana. koriroriro, n. a bird.

Koriti, a. cautious. Kia koriti, kei rokohanga e te kohuru.

Korito, n. heart, or young unexpanded leaves of a plant.

I. Körö, n. 1. noose. Nga koro o te rore. 2. fifth day of the moon's age.

Korokoro, a. loose; slack. Korokoro noa nga tau o te kakahu.

korokoro, n. 1. throat. 2, lamprey.

whakakoro, v. t. endeavour; in-WHakakoro noa matou. te taea Patangata.

II. Koro, n. person; man. E pehea ana te koro nei?

Köröahu, n. steam.

Koroai, see korowai.

Köröämä, n. a small fish.

Kŏrŏhāwĭnĭ, n. cold.

Korohěkě, n. old man.

Kŏrŏhū, n. steam.

ki te mahi?

Köröhühü, v. i. boil.

Koroi, n. fruit of podocarpus dacrydioides.

Koroingoino, a. puling; whimpering. He tangi koroingingo.

Köröirängi, a. wandering. Kōrŏirŏi, v. i. wander idly. He aha tau e koroiroi nei, te haere

whakakoroiroi, v. t. hinder. He aha tau ka whakakoroiroi nei i te mahi?

Kŏrŏkē, n. person; fellow. expressing familiarity or contempt. Heoi, noho ana te koroke me taua wahine (135).

Korokī, i. v. i. speak; talk. ii. v. t. speak to; tell. Nana ahau i koroki ki te haere.

Korokio, n. a species of veronica. Körömähängä, n. noose. ngaro rawa te upoko ki roto ki te koromahanga nei (19).

Körömähü, n. steam. Me te koromahu kapura te ahua.

Koromaki, a. suppressed; stifled (of feelings).

whakakoromaki, v. t. suppress one's feelings.

Kŏrŏmătŭa, n. thumb; great toe. Kŏrŏmāŭngăŭngă, n. barnacle.

Kŏrŏměkě, a. in loops, coils, or kinks.

whakakoromeke, v. t. *coil* or loop up.

Köröměngěměngě, a. crumpled; curled up.

Koromiko, n. veronica of several species.

koromiko-tārāngā, n. veronica parviflora.

Koronže, v. i. 1. lie broadside on. Kua koronae te waka ki uta. v. t. drink out of the hand. koronae, n. stile.

Kŏrŏngătā, v. i. promise without "Ko Kauanuhea, performing. korongata ki te haere."

Köröngĕngĕ, a. benumbed.

Kŏrŏpā, n. food offered to the atua and eaten by the tohunga in the ceremony of 'pure'.

Kŏrŏpănă, i. v. t. fillip. ii. v. i. shoot up. Ka koropana ake te tupu o te kapana.

Köröpěhů, v. t. 1. repress. He mate hiakai, ka taea te koropehu. 2. break. Akuanei koropehua ai to rakau.

Köröpěkě, a. having the limbs | Köröwhanakě, n. steam. doubled up.

Koropewa, n. ring; loop; bow.

Kŏrŏpĭkŏ. v. i. bow down; kneel. koropiko, n. loop.

Köröpü, a. built with wrought timber. He whare koropu.

Koropuku, a. concealed. He kino koropuku,

Koropupu, v. i. bubble up; boil. Te ingoa o te puna, ko Oringi, e koropupu ake ana i te whenua.

Kŏrŏpŭtă, n. hole.

koroputaputa, a. full of holes.

Kŏrŏrā, n. spheniscus minor; penguin.

Korori, or kororirori, v. t. stir round.

korori, a. twisted. He rakau ko-

Kŏrōrja, n. glory.

Kŏrŏrĭpŏ, n. whirlpool; eddy.

Kororiwha, n. haliotis virginica, a small species of sea-ear; called also marapeka.

Körötängi, n. pit for storing potatoes.

Kŏrŏtē, v. t. squeeze ; crush. Apopo ia ka korotetia e te ringa patuki tuatara o te kainga o Te Wahineiti.

Korotiwha, n. spot.

korotiwhatiwha, a. spotted.

Kŏrŏtū, a. desirous. E korotu ana ki te haere.

Körötütü, v. t. melt down fat &c. He wahine nana i korotutu.

Korou, n. 1. channel. Kia tika ki te korou. (R.) 2. energy; spirit. Korou-kore, listless.

korou, v, t. purpose; desire. Ko te wahi tena i koroutia ai e au kia haere ki reira.

Kŏrŏuă, n. old man.

Korowai. n. mat ornamented with black twisted thrums.

Kŏrŏwāwā, n. a fish.

Korowhana, a. bent; bowed.

Korowheowheo, a. blowing in whirls or eddies.

Korowhiti, a. bent like a hoop.

korowhiti, i. v. i. 1. spring up suddenly from a stooping position. 2. whistle through a bent finger. ii. v. t. jerk; give a sudden impulse to. Na te pou koa i korowhiti i rere ai i te hau.

Kŏrŭ, a. folded; coiled; looped. E koru ana te whakaheke, kia. maro tonu.

koru, n. fold; light; loop. kehia mai te koru o te aho.

korukoru, n. wrinkle; looseness of the skin as in aged persons. kŏkŏrŭ, or kokorutanga, n. bay;

indentation of coast.

I. Korŭa, pron. 2nd person, dual. you two.

II. Korŭa, and korŭarŭa, n. hole; pit. Ka rere iho taua wahine nei ki roto ki te koruarua (13).

whakakorua, v. t. hollow out; WHakakoruatia te excavate. takotoranga mo te wai.

Korŭki, a. cloudy; overcast. He rangi koruki.

Kōrŭpě, n. lintel of a door.

Kōrŭrě, v. i. change; veer round. Ka korure te hau.

Kōrŭrŭ, a. cloudy.

Kŏrŭrŭ, n. *figure placed on the* gable of a house.

Korŭrŭkŭ, a. cloudy.

Kŏtă, n. 1. cockle-shell. thing to cut or scrape with; knife; plane &c.

kokota, n. a shell fish.

Kotae, n. alluvial soil.

Kotaha, n. 1. sling. 2. part of a chief's head-dress. Ka mutu te heru e tia ana, kia herea te kotaha.

kotaha. ad. sideways, askance.

Kotămutămu, v. i. 1. open and

close the lips repeatedly. flash frequently. He sha te uira Kotokoto, n. 1. sheet of a sail. e kotamutamu nei?

Kŏtără, a. loosened; untied.

kotărătără, n. 1. dance of triumph. 2. a plant.

Kotare, n. halcyon vagans; kingfisher.

Kŏtătă, a. split. Kahore tonu tena kia ngawha; ka kotata ano ia.

kotata, n. a bird.

Kötäwätäwä, n. a shell fish.

Kotea, a. pale. Kotea tonu te moko; kihai i mangu.—He kiri kotea; an albino.

Kotěngitěngi, n. gentle wind.

Kotěro, n. potatoes steeped in wa-

Kotětě, n. shoot of a potato.

Kŏtĭ, or kŏkŏtĭ, v. t. 1. cut. 2. intercept. He tamaiti kokoti tau, a child born prematurely. —He tau kokoti pu, a year in which winter comes on prema-

kotikoti, v. t. cut to pieces; cut frequently.

Kötiätě, n. a lobed weapon of Kötükütükü, n. fuchsia excortihard wood.

Kōtǐhě, n. pogornis cincta; a bird. Kotingotingo, a. speckled.

Kötīpō, n. purple potato.

Kötipu, v. t. cut short. Kahore ona tau kotipu (160). He had no bad seasons, and therefore no scarcity of food. See under kokoti. -- Ka kotipu te ngarara hei mate moku.

Kŏtĭrĭ, v. i. go or come one at a time. Kotiri marire te haere a te hanga ra.

kotiri, n. meteor.

Kōtĭrŏ, n. girl.

Kotiti, v. i. move aside. E kotiti ana ki taku.

kotītiti, v. i. wander about.

Kotiu, n. North wind.

Kötĭŭrŭ, n. headache.

2. Kötiwhätiwhä, a. spotted.

2. sprit to extend a sail with. 3. projection. 4. small potatoes. Kotokoto kau a tatou kai.

Kŏtŏkŏtŏ, v. i. 1. squeak. E kotokoto ana te kiore. 2. cackle.

Kŏtŏpĭhĭ, n. window.

Kotore, n. 1. lower end. Tamanga-kotore, the youngest in a family. 2. anus. 3. white clay. kötörětörě, n. a fish.

Kōtŭa, n. respect; regard. kawe ana i tana kotua ki a Te Aporotanga.

Kotua, ad. with the back towards E huri kotua ana te korero a taua tangata.

Kotuhi, n. arch formed by clouds in the horizon; the same as haeata.

Kōtŭi, v. t. lace; fasten by lacing. Kotuia to tatou ra.

Kötükü, n. white crane; a bird. Kōtŭkŭ-tăwhĭtĭ, n. a variety of potato.

Kotukutea, n. a variety of potato.

cata, a tree.

Kotumu, n. stump.

Kōtŭtŭ, a. a basket used for catching fish.

Kötütü, v. t. melt down fat &c. Kŏu, a. good. E kore e kou?

koukou, n. 1. owl; athene Novæ Zelandiæ. 2. a mode of wearing the hair.

Kŏŭrĕa, n. snapper; a fish; the same as tamure.

Koŭaŭa, n. sprinkling rain.

Koue, n. posts supporting the paepae of a privy.

Kouě, v. t. scull; steer with a paddle or oar.

Koukă, n. 1. cordyline australis, a tree. 2. root of raupo.

koukauka, n. a fish; the same as kahawai.

Koumă, n. breast-plate.

Koumuumu, v. t. whirl round Kei koumuumua and round. tatou e te ripo.

Koura, n. crayfish.

Koură, n. gold.

Kouru, n. 1. top of a tree. 2. head of a river.

Kŏutărěkě, n. New Zealand quail: the same as koreke &c.

Kŏutŏu, pron. second person plural. ye; you.

Koŭtŭŭtŭ, v. t. dip up. Koutuutua he wai ki roto ki te peere.

Kowa, or kowawa, a. neap. He tai kowawa.

Kowae, v. t. 1. divide; part. Auaka e kowaca te mahunga, hei pango tetahi taha, hei uru- Kowhane, v. t. bend. kehu tetahi taha: auaka e kowaea hei mahora tetahi taha, hei piki tetahi taha. 2. pick out; set apart. Ka kowaca nga roi pai mana.

Kowao, n. plot of fern lund in a

kowao, a. living in the woods; He tangata kowao te tangata i pahuatia ai te whare.

kowaowao, v. t. overgrow; choke. Kua kowaowaotia aku kai e te otaota.

Kowarowaro, n. a fish. Kowatawata.

Kei whakakowatawata te ra.

Kowera, see koera.

Kowiti, n. a fish.

Kowha, i. v. t. 1. split open. 2. take out of the shell. Kowhatia he pipi ma tatou. 1. burst open; split. Ka kowha te rauawa. 2. flash like light-

kowha, n. 1. cockles taken out of the shells. 2. summer lightning.

Kowhai, n. sophora tetraptera, a tree.

kowhaiwhai, n. a pattern of scroll ornament.

Kowhai-ngutu-kākā, n. cliantkus puniceus, a shrub.

Kowhăitău, n. a fish, the same as kahawai.

Kowhaki, v. t. pluck off; tear off. Kowhakina ana tona maikuku hei ahi (24).

kowhakiwhaki, tear off piece by piece. Kowhakiwhakia tetahi taro ma te kotiro.

kowhaki, a. ready to drop off. Kua kowhaki nga papa i te ngaunga a te mate.

Kowhana, a. 1. bent; bowed. 2. springing up violently. Ka kowhana i roto i te wahine ra te ngakau mate ki a Te Ponga hei tane mana (167).

Kaua e kowhanea; kia maro tonu mai. Kowhanga, n. nest.

Kowhanga, a. overcast with clouds. He ra kowhanga i werawera ai. Kowhao, n. hole.

kowhaowhao, n. basket for food. E rima kowhaowhao uwhi.

Kowharawhara, n. astelia Banksii, a plant.

Kowhatu, n. stone.

Koweka, or kowhekawheka, n. garment. I haere mai ahau ki tetahi kowhekawheka hei takai.

Kowhera, v. i. 1. open; gape. Ko te pipi, e kore e kowhera. -Kowhera ou ringaringa (50), loose your hold. 2. burst forth. Ka kowhera te uira i roto i nga keke o Tawhaki (53).

Kowheta, v. i. writhe; flounder. Ka kowheta te hiku (151).

Kowhete, or kowhetewhete, v. i. 1. whisper. 2. murmur. 3. scold. Kowhewhe, a. split open. kowhewhe noa iho te waka, ka puta te wai ki roto (111).

Kowhio, v. i. whistle.

Kowhiri, v. t. 1. select. 2. whirl round. Kowhiria te manu kia mate ai.

Kowhiti, i. v. t. 1. pull up or Kuia, a. old woman. out. Kua kowhitia nga kumara a Te Raro. 2. pick out of the shell, cockles &c.

ii. v. i. 1. spring up or out. 2. appear, as the moon. kore e kowhiti ake tetahi ra mărama a ko ake nei.

kowhitiwhiti, n. 1. grasskopper. 2. water-cress.

Kowhiuwhiu, v. t. fan; winnow. kowhiuwhiu, n. fun.

Kowhiwhi, n. pittosporum termifolium, a tree.

Kŭa, a verbal particle, denoting that the action is completed at the time indicated. Katahi a WHakatau ka nanao ki te pito o tana taura, kua kuhua ra e ia ki nga pou o te whare (62). **Kuai**, n. a fish.

Kūškš, n. a bird.

Kūžo, n. young of animals.

Kuare, see kuware.

Kuata, see kuwata.

Kuěmi, v. i. be assembled.

Kuěně, v. t. urge; press. I kuenetia i haere mai ai ahau.

I. Kuha, or kuhakuha, a. ragged; tattered. Kua kuha noa atu te kaka nei.

kuha, n. fragment; scrap. He kuha kasinga; a scrup of a dwelling place.

II. Kŭhă, v. i. gasp.

Kühü, v. t. 1. thrust in; insert. Kuhua ana te taura ki nga pou o te whare. 2. conceal. E kuhu ana i te toki mo te hokinga mai.

kuhu, n. cooking shed.

kuhukuhu, n. pig.

Kŭi, n. (abbreviation of kuia) old woman, -a common mode of address, sometimes applied to a girl. E kui, kawea atu tetehi Kume, or kukume, v. t. 1. pull; wai mo te manuhiri (168).

Kui, a. short of food. Kahore ana tau kui (160).

Kuihi, v. i. speak in a low tone. Tohe noa au ki te tikanga o te korero, kihai i kuihi te waha. Kuihi, n. goose.

Kŭika, v. t. desire. E kuika ana te turoro ki te kai mana.

Kuiki, a. cold.

Kuira, n. patchwork.

Kukā, n. encumbrance; clog. compare kūtā. Kuka-whare, soot. Kukari, n. 1. young bird. 2. new potatoas.

Kŭkŭ, v. t. 1. nip. 2. draw together. Kukua te kete. close. Ka kukua tona ringaringa.

kuku, n. 1. pinchers or tweezers. Te kuku o tona manawa (164), that which had fastened upon her affections. 2. a large mussel.

kükŭkŭ. n. a mussel.

Kŭkū, v. i. grate; move with violent friction over a rough surface. Ka rongo a Kupe i te kuku o te takere o te waka (116).

Kuku, n. pigeon; carpophaga Novæ Zelandiæ. He huahua kuku (138).

Kukume, see under kume.

Kŭkŭmŏetŏkă, n. a mussel.

Kukupa, n. pigeon; carpophaga Novæ Zelandiæ.

Kŭkŭrĕrĕwăi, n. a kind of shark. Kukuta, see under kuta.

Kukuti, see under kuti.

Kumanu, v. t. tend carefully; He poti na Uekahia, foster. ma Rongotakutama e kumanu. Kumara, n. ipomæa butatas; sweet potato.

Kumarahou, n. pomoderris elliptica, a shrub.

Kumătă, n. a fish.

drag. Ka nanao ia ki te pito o tana taura, katahi ka kumea (62). 2. pull out; stretch. Ta-

kahia ana e Maui te iwi-tuaroa, kumea ana te whiore, ka haere he kuri (26). 3. draw away to a distance. Ka kumea e Maui te whenua kia roa (20). Kumětě, n. wooden bowl or trough.

Kumi, n. 1. a measure of ten 2. a huge fabulous fathoms. reptile.

Kumikumi, n. beard under the

Kumore, n. headland; promontory.

Kŭmŭ, n. anus.

kumukumu, n. gurnard, a fish. whakakumu, a. timid; reluctant. E whakakumu ana toku ngakau, e kore ahau e haere ma te waka.

whakakumu, n. a creepnig plant. Kune, or kukune, a. plump; filled out to roundness.

Kŭnikŭni, a. dark. Kia kunikuni ka puta te marama.

Kungongingongi, n. a name for the kahawai. (R.)

Kŭpā, v. i. belch; throw up wind from the stomach.

Kūpā, n. mildew.

Kupae, n. a fish.

Kŭpăpă, v. t. 1. stoop. I kupapa mai te tahae, koia hoki te kitea ai. 2. go stealthily. 3. be neutral in a quarrel.

kūpapapapa, n. sulphur.

Kupara, a. completely blackened (of moko covering the skin).

kupara, n. dogskin mat black throughout.

Kŭpărŭ, n. a fish.

Kupenga, n. net.

Kupěrě, v. i. flow swiftly.

Kupu, n. word; sentence; message.

kupukupu, v. i. speak frequently. E kupukupu ana tenei tangata kia patua te manuhiri.

Kura, n. 1. red ochre. te kura o tenei kainga i te kura Kurutoitoi, a. stunted.

o Hawaiki (74). 2. taiaha painted red. Me tango ki te kura mahora, na katahi ka horahia, na ka mau te rongo (166).

kura, a. red. He whare kura, a house with timbers wrought and painted.

kura, v. t. redden; dye red. kuranga o Hunakiko (113).

Kŭră, n. school.

Kūrže, n. headland.

Kurapa, a. idling; trifling; having no object. Te koiwi kurapa! the vagabond!

Kurapae, n. treasure lit upon accidentally.

Kŭrăpāpā, a. flat roofed.

Kurărurăru, a. perplexed.

Kurawhero, n. red garment.

Kŭrěhěrěhě, a. wrinkled.

Kūrē, v. i. cry like a sea-gull. Kure haere ana i; Karoro tipi one.

Kŭrěhŭ, v. i. doze.

kurehu, a. indistinctly seen. Kurehu ake i a au e haere ana i kona.

Kŭri, n. 1. dog. 2. any quadruped.

Kŭrŭ, v. t. 1. strike with the fist; thump. E kuru ana ia i te 2. pelt; strike with soraupo. mething thrown. Kurua ki te kowhatu.

kuru, n. 1. blow with the fist. 2. mallet; pestle. He kuru pounamu (153).

Kŭrŭhŭngă, n. a fish.

Kŭrŭmätärērěhŭ, n. tattooed

Kŭrŭpže, n. beam; joist; sleeper. Kurupatu, n. upper hem of a mat.

Kŭrŭpěi, n. clod.

Kurupopo, n. rotten; worm-eaten (of timber).

I. Kurutete, v. t. exchange.

Nui atu II. Kurutete, a. stunted.

Kŭrŭtŏtĕ, a. stunted.

Kŭtă, kūkūtă, or kŭtăkŭtă, n. a water-plant.

Kūtā, n. encumbrance; clog; as kutukutu, n. 1. maggot. 2. verold and infirm people on a march. Ruia atu te kuta kia ngahoro atu.

Kūtăi, n. a mussel.

kutaitai, a. of a disagreeable taste. Kutăngă, n. handful.

Kūtăo, n. cold.

Kūtěrě, or kūtěrětěrě, a. soft; nearly liquid.

Kutětě, v. t. urge on. Kei te kutete a Pita kia awe te mutu te mahi.

Kŭti, kŭkŭti, v. t. draw tightly together; purse up. Aua e kutia ou ngutu.

kutikuti, n. scissors.

kutikuti, v. t. cut with scissors. Kŭtŭ, n. 1. louse. 2. vermin of any kind infesting human beings.

min of any kind.

Kuwaha, n. entrance; doorway.

Kuwaiwai, a. wet. Katahi ano te kuwaiwai o te ara nei.

Kūwărĕ, a. 1. ignorant. 2. low in the social scale. 3. held in no estimation.

Kūwătă, v. i. long; yearn; love; desire. Ka kuwata noa te ngakau ki te tangata ka ngaro.

Kūwětě, n. a bird.

Kuwhā, n. 1. thigh. 2. connection by marriage.

Kŭwhărŭ, n. 1. a grub. shell-fish.

Kūwhĕwhĕwhĕ, a. puckered.

M.

Ma, conj. and: used 1. to con-E rua tekau nect numerals. ma wha. 2. to connect points of the compass. Tonga ma uru, south west.

Mā, prep. 1. for; in the sense of 'to be possessed by' or 'to be acted on by' &c. He kai ma te manuhiri (187). 2. by; after a future verb, active in form but passive in signification. Ma wai e kawe nga tohu ora ki uta? By whom will be conveyed &c. which is equivalent to 'Who is he that will convey' &c. 3. by means of; in consequence of. Ma te kino o te ara e kore ai tatou e tae. Conditional sentences with intransitive verbs are sometimes expressed in this way. Ma roto hoki kia ora, ka pai te korero. If the inner man is refreshed, the talking will be agreeable: literally By the inner man being refreshed &c. Mana e haere, e pai ana. If he should go it will be well. 4. by way of. I ma hiwi mai ra, i ma te Kowhai, te ara o Kaiwhatu e.

Mā, a. white; pale; clean.

whakama, i. v. t. make white &c. ii. v. i. feel abashed; be ashamed; be shy. Ka nui rawa te whakama o Paoa (187).

Ma in the names of streams is an abbreviation of manga. Makakahi, Ma-karoro, for Mangakakahi &c.

Maata, n. 1. deep swamp. small bird.

Măeă, v. i. 1. emerge. Kua maea te parera. 2. be taken out of the ground, as a crop; be gathered in.

MĂEHĔ, n. the month of Murch.

Māčkě, a. cold. He wiri nona i te maeke.

Māĕnĕĕnĕ, a. soft to the touch; smooth. He kakahu maeneene.

Măerŏ, a. emaciated; listless; weak.

MAERO, n. mile.

Măewă, v. i. wander. Mana te iwi e maewa noa.

Măhă, a. many.

Māhă, a. gratified by the attainment of a desired object. maha hoki pea, ka kitea te wahi i kimihia mai ai e ratou (121).

Măhăkě, a. small. He kuri mahake.

Măhăki, n. cutaneous disease.

Māhākĭ, a. 1. mild; meek. He tangata mahaki. 2. calm; quiet. Ka mahaki te hau.

Māhākŭ, pron. lengthened form of maku; for me.

Măhănă, a. warm.

Măhăngă, n. snare. Me te weka ka motu i te mahanga (171).

mahanga, v. t. ensnare. ngatia te manu hei kai ma tatou.

Māhāngā, n. twins.

Măhără, n. 1. a portion of the intestines. 2. thought; memory; recollection.

mahara, v. t. think upon; remember; recollect. Ka maharatia nga korero a Pahaka, ka pouri au.

maharahara, v. t. think frequently of; have much in one's thoughts.

Maharo, v. i. wonder; compare miharo.

Măhău, n. porch; verandah.

whakamahau, n. porch; verandah.

Māhau, pron. lengthened form of mau, for thee.

Mahē, n. sinker for a fishing line. Măhěa, a. 1. cleared away. Kua mahea mai te ua. 2. free from obstruction; clear. Katahi ano ka mahea te reo.

Măero, n. channel for water; Maheahea, a. perceiving indistinctly. E maheahea kau ana, kahore e rongo.

> Măhěnŏ, i. v. i. be untied. ii. v. t. untie. Mahenoa te kirehe.

maheno, n. island.

Măhěu, a. scattered. Kei te maheu noa ake aku mea,

Măhĭ, v. t. work at. Kei te mahi a Turi i tana mara.—Ka mahi rapea te pepeha nei (94), as the proverb puts it.

mahi, n. 1. work. Ka kite ra koutou i te tini o aku mahi (18). 2. abundance. Kua tomo te waka i te mahi a te ika.

mamahi, a. hard working.

Māhĭa, n. sound. Me te whai tonu atu te waka ra i te mahia o te waha o te kuri ra (121).

Māhĭhĭ. n. facing boards on the gable of a house; the same as maihi.

Măhihore, a. peeled off. mahihore te hiako o te kapana. Mahimahi, n. a waterplant.

Măhĭtĭ, v. i. 1. spring; leap. Ka māhitihiti haere te au; he papaku. 2. be spent; be exhausted. Kua mahiti nga harakeke mo te whare.

Māhĭtĭ, n. white mat covered with the long hair from dogs' tails: the same as kahuwaero.

Māhĭtĭ, v. t. sort; separate according to size, quality &c.

Măhŏ, a. floating. E whakamaho kau ana i runga i te wai.

Mahoe, n. melicytus ramiflorus, a tree.

Māhŏewăo, n. a tree.

Măhŏră, a. 1. spread out; hence of food spread out or sewed up before guest. Kua mahora te kai ma te ope? (59) 2. exposed to view. Me tango ki te kura mahora (166). of a taiaha painted with red ochre, used on occasions of peace-making.

3. lank; drooping. He upoko | Măhuru, a. quieted; set at rest. mahora, a head of lank hair. Kua mahora ri-4. scattered. kiriki tatou.

Măhŏrĕ, a. peeled. Ka mahore te rakau.

Măhŭ, a. cicatrized; healed. Kua mahu te hiako o toku waewae. whakamahu, v. t. heal a wound.

Măhŭa, a. raised up; lifted. Me ko kia mahua ai nga pakiaka.

māhŭahŭa, v. i. rise up; be forced up. Kia kiki waenganui, kei mahuahua nga kowhatu.

Măhue, a. 1. left; left behind. Kua mahue atu na i a koe a WHakatau (59). 2. forsaken. He kainga mahue. 3. applied to anything extraordinary, perhaps as not ordinarily attainable. Mahue rawa te atawhai o te pakeha!

whakamahue, v. t. 1. cause to be left. 2. finish. Haere noa te tangata nei; kahore ano kia whakamahuetia tana mahi.

Mahŭkihŭki, n. part of the ceremony of removing the tapu from kumara grounds.

Māhuna, see mahunga I.

Māhunu, n. young shoots of pteris aquilina.

I. Mahunga, n. 1. hair of the head; lock of hair. Ko nga mahunga o Paoa, kino iho; na te whiunga o te whanake i whakakino (193). 2. head.

Māhunga, a. mealy. He kapana mahunga.

whakamahunga, v. t. make trial of a new crop.

Măhŭră, a. uncovered. Ka mahura te umu.

Măhurăngi, n. inside of a kumara.

Mahurehure, v. t. cut to pieces. He mahurehurenga ra koe naku; a, ka tu mai ano tou ringa? Māhŭrĭ, n. young tree; sapling. Ka mahuru iho o ratou whakaaro.

Măhŭtă, v. i. jump. Mahuta atu ki tarawahi.

Măi, ad. hither; towards the person speaking. Ka kitea mai e haere atu ana; "E! he manuhiri e haere mai nei" (79).

Māi, n. podocarpus spicata; a tree.

Māi, n. mussels taken out of the shells.

Māiă, a. brave; bold.

Măiăngi, a. raised up. Kua maiangi tenei pito o te rakau.

Măiăo, n. abscess.

Măiăorere, n. a kind of mat; aorere.

Măiĕngĭ, a. 1. raised up. 2. faint from hunger.

Măihě, n. fence.

Măihea, n. sinker for a fishing-

Măihi, n. facings of the front gable of a house, often ornamented with carving. He whare maihi, e tu ana ki ro pa.

maihi, v. t. 1. finish the gable of a house. 2. embellish. He korero i mahia e te ngutu, i maihitia.

Māihi, a. uneasy in mind. maihi, n. a shell-fish.

Māikā, ad. quietly. Me noho maika ki te kainga.

Māĭkaĭka, n. orthoceras Solandrie, a plant.

Măikĭ, v. i. remove; depart. Heoti ano, ka maiki ia i tera wahi (122).

Măikŭkŭ, n. nail of a finger or toe; claw; hoof. Kei te maikuku pango nei te rahi; a saying for anything very small.

Maikuku-karewarewa, shell-fish.

Măimăi-ărohă, n. token of affection.

Măimoa, n. pet; fondling.
whakamaimoa, v. t. make much
of; shew great attention to. Na
ta koutou whakamaimoatanga i

taua hunga kohuru.

Măiŏhă, v. t. greet affectionately.
Maioha tonu mai, ko Te Kania-takirau anake.

maioha, n. token of regard.

Maioio, a. growing weakly. Tena ko tenei, he rakau tipu hou, he rakau rea hou, he maioio.

Măioro, n. 1. embankment for defence; earth-work. 2. ditch for fortification; covered ditch. Tera tetahi pa nui onamata, he maioro nunui nga maioro (166).

Māipi, n. a wooden weapon, the same as hani, and taiaha.

Măirě, n. 1. song. Tenei te maire i rongo atu ai au (108). 2. santalum Cunninghami, a tree.

Măirö-tăwhăkö, n. eugenia maire, a tree.

Măirěhů, n. small basket for Měkěrě, v. i. 1. drop; fall. cooked food.

Măităi, n. iron.

Maitiiti, n. young man; youth.
Maka, v. t. 1. throw. E maka
ana i nga kai ki te moana. 2.
put; place.

makamaka, v. t. throw about.

Makamaka whana, dance the
war dance.

Mākā, a. shy; wild. Koia ano te maka o te parera.

Mākāhĭ, n. wedge.

Măkăhŭri, n. large stone.

Măkăkă, a. bent; crooked.

makaka, n. 1. a shrub. 2. a water-plant.

Mākārā, n. head.

Mākārī, a. small. Makari noa ake nei ano te rahi.

Măkăriri, n. 1. frost; cold. 2. winter.

Măkărŏ, v. i. 1. be dimly visible. I kite atu au e makaro ana i konei. 2. shew oneself. Koi

makaro mai nga tangata o tena wahi ki te manuhiri, koi aha. makaro, ad. dimly; indistinctly. I kite makaro ahau i a ia i Tokomaru.

Mākātīkātī, a. galling; irrilating. Ko te korero nei, ko te pa me tuku ki a ia, makatikati ana i a au.

Măkărŏ, a. out of sight; lost. Kua makaro taku toki. (R.)

Măkău, n. spouse; wife or husband. Me hoki ki to makau tupu.

Măkău, a. at lowest ebb. Kus makau te tai.

Măkăwă, n. hair of the head; locks of hair. Topea nga makawe o te porokaki.

Mākĕkĕhŭ, a. light-haired.

Măkěnů, n. track; trace. Kei ona makenu tapuae tonu e haere ana.

Măkěngŏ, a. wet. (R.)

Makere, v. i. 1. drop; fall. I makere toku kakahu i te ara. 2. die. Kua makere te tupapaku. 3. get down; alight; go down. Ka makere taua tangata ki te wai.

whakamakere, n. remnant. Kahore he whakamakere o te iwi nei?

Măkĕrĕwhătü, a. falling heavily (of rain). He ua makerewhatu.
I. Măkĭ, n. 1. invalid; sick person. 2. scar.

makimaki, n. cutaneous disease.

II. Maki, v. i. have the trouble of a thing. Mari ano kia u mai te poti, te maki haere ahau ki te tiki.

Măkini, a. gapped; jagged.

Mākĭnŏkĭnŏ, a. disgusted.

 Mākĭrĭ, v. t. take the bones out of pigeons &c. preparatory to preserving.

Koi | II. Mākiri, a. false; unfounded.

He korero makiri, tipatipa Mămăe, a. in pain. whenua nei.

Makitaunu, v. t. 1. handle mischievously. He aha tau e makitaunu i aku mea? 2. tease.

Măkŏ, n. 1. a species of shark. 2. tooth of the same, worn as an ear-ornament.

makomako, n. aristotelia racemosa, a tree.

Măkŏa, a. at the lowest ebb. Ka makoa te tai.

Mākoha, n. soft slaty rock.

Makoha, a. expanded; untied. Kua makoha te kawe.

whakamakoha, v. t. cause to expand &c.

Mākŏi, n. cockle-shells.

Mākŏi, v. t. deal deceitfully with. Ka tikina ka makoitia te tangata.

Makokorori, n. caterpillar.

Mākonă, a. having the appetite satisfied.

Makowha, see makoha.

Mākŭ, pron. 1st person singular with preposition ma. See ma. for me. Ka maku te whenua; the land mill become mine.

Mākū, a. wet; moist. Kei maku koe i te ua.

mākūkū, a. somewhat moist.

Măkŭkŭ, a. indolent; inactive. He tangata makuku; kaore e keukeu e aha.

Mākŭrăkŭră, a. glowing; reddish. Ka makurakura te ata.

Măkuru, a. 1. trickling in frequent drops. 2. shewing much fruit; having the fruit set. Katahi te makuru o to hue!

Mākutu, v. t. bewitch. Kua makuturia a Korokai e Tohitapu.

Mākūwārĕ, a. regardless; unmindful.

Māmā, a. light; not heavy.

Mămă, v. i. ooze through small apertures; leak. Ka mama ake te wai i te pakaru nei.

whakamamae, 1. v. t. cause to feel pain. 2. v. i. begin to be in pain.

Mămăhă, n. steam.

Mămăkŭ, n. cyathea medullaris, a tree fern.

mamaku, v. t. prepare timber in a particular way with the adze. Ka oti nga pou nei te mamaku.

Māmāngĭ, n. coprosma Baueriana, a shrub.

Mămăo, a. distant; far away. Katahi ka hoea e Turi, ka mamao ki waho (111).

Mămāoă, n. steam.

Mămărŭ, n. 1. sun. 2. sail.

Mămě, n. dog with short bristly hair. E toru nga mame nana i kai aku hipi.

Māmingă, v. t. impose upon; play tricks upon. Kua mohio te wahine ra, na WHakatau i maminga (42).

Māmore, a. without accompaniments or appendages; bare. He rakau mamore; a tree without branches. — He tangata mamore, a childless man.

Mānă, pron. 3rd person singular with preposition ma; for him; for her. See ma.

Mănă, n. 1. authority. He rangatira whai mana a Hongi. 2. influence. E kore e ora te tangata i te mana o taua puhi ra (175).

mana, a. effectual.

whakamana, v. t. give effect to. Ka whakahau ia i tona iwi kia haere ki te whakamana i te tūtū a Manaia (117).

manamana, v. t. give power to; enable. Na nga pu i manamanangia ai nga tangata ki te

whakamanamana, v. i. rejoice; exult.

Mănāaki, v. t. shew respect to;

entertain. E kore taua tangata e manaakitia e NGapuhi.

Mănăškă, n. a garment.

Mănăhău, or mănămănăhău, a. 1. cheerful. Ka manahau te tu o te tangata. 2. exulting; Ka manamanahau te WHakatohea ki tana atua e haere mai ra.

Mānākānākā, a. apprehensive; Ka manakanaka au anxious. ki aku hoa ka riro ra.

Mănăkŏ, v. t. 1. like. E kore au e manako atu ki tera kainga. 2. set one's heart on. He manako te koura i kore ai: there are no crayfish because you set your heart on them.

Manamanahau, see manahau. Mănănă, a. bent. Manana kau

ana nga waewae.

manana, n. fishing-rod. (R.)

manana, v. i. give a signal by raising the eyebrows; wink; nod. Manana mai ana ia ki a au.

Mănăpău, n. a tree.

Mănătungă, n. keepsake.

Mănăuhĕa, a. 1. weak; in ill health. Ka manauhea a roto i a au. 2. reluctant. No roto te ngakaukore, ka manauhea to haramai.

Mănăuri, a. sunburnt. Ka manauri tou kiri i te ra.

Mănăwă, n. 1. belly. 2. heart. 3. breath. Ka he toku manawa; I am out of breath; or I am out of heart.

whakamanawa, v. i. have confidence.

Mānawa, n. avicennia tomentosa; mangrove.

Manawa-kino, a. internally un-

Mănăwă-nĭu, a. stout-hearted; patient.

Mănăwă-pā, a. 1. grudging. 2. loth; reluctant. E manawapa ana ahau ki te korero, kahore Mănŭ, n. 1. bird. 2. boy's kite.

hoki he mea hei hoatutanga maku ki a ia. 3. apprehensive. Kihai matou i manawapa ki o matou whenua kei riro.

Mănăwă-popore, a. 1. parsimonious; stingy. 2. considerate for others.

Manawa-rau, a. internally uneasy.

Mănăwărĕkă, a. pleased; satisfied. Katahi ano au ka manawareka, ka riro mai hoki te utu o toku kakahu.

Maněně, a. importunate; asking again and again. Kaore e tika i a koe nga korero na, e manene na koe ki a tera.

Măněně, n. stranger; one living in a strange country.

Mania, n. plain country.

Mănĭa, a. 1. slippery. 2. sliding readily over another object. 3. feeling a jarring sensation; set on edge. Ka mania oku niho. tingling. Ka mania nga taringa.

mānĭanĭa, a. noisy.

Mānihi, v. t. make steep. manihi a kona kei eke mai te poaka.-Katahi ka manihitia to matou haere; then we marched in even file.

Mānĭhĭrā, n. a small fish.

Mănĭnŏhĕa, a. 1. disgusted. hara i te hanga te maninohea o roto o toku puku i te mahi a te tangata ra. 2. offensive; repulsive.

I. Mănŏ, a. thousand.

II. Mănŏ, n. inner part; heart. Kei aua noa atu, kei te mano o te whenua.--He wai manowhenua; a permanent spring of

Mănŏnŏ, n. coprosma grandifolia; a shrub.

Manu, v. i. float; be launched. Ka manu te teretere a Paoa.

Mănumănu, n. collar-bone.

Mănŭmănŭ, a. rotten.

whakamanu, v. t. disbelieve. I whakamanu au ki nga korero mai.

Mănuhěko, a. filthy; nasty.

Mănuhiri, n. visitor; guest.

Manuka, n. leptospermum scoparium or ericoides; shrubs, or trees.

Manukanuka, n. anxiety; misgiving.

Manukawhaki, v. t. entice by stratagem.

Măngă, n. 1. branch of a tree, or of a river. 2. brook; watercourse; ditch.

Măngā, n. banacouter; a fish.

Māngă, n. remains of food after a meal. Ki te kai te tangata i te manga a te ruwahine, ka he ia i te ra o te riri, o te kauanga wai ranei.

Măngăčkă-tātără, n. a kind of garment.

Mangai, n. mouth.

Mangaingai, a. slow; moving heavily. Mangaingai ana nga waewae ki te haere.

Māngārŏ, a. mealy.

Măngemănge, n. lygodium articulatum; a climbing fern.

Mangenge, a. benumbed.

māngēngěngě, a. gritty. E mangengenge ana te piki.

Măngĕo, v. i. *itch*. Tu porangi noa ana ki te rakuraku i te mangeo (77).

Mangere, a. lazy. Mangere hōnĭa, excessively lazy.

Māngǐ, a. weakened; unnerved; the effect of grief, hunger &c. Kei te mangi noa au ki taku tamaiti ka riro.

Mangiongio, n. chilblain.

Măngō, n. shark; dogfish.

Māngŏhĕ, a. soft. He mangohe noa te powhatu nei.

Măngō-părĕ, n. 1. hammer-headed shark. 2. a pattern of carving.

Măngō-tipi, n. a pattern of carving.

Măngŭ, a. black.

mangumangu, n. ink.

Măngungu, a. 1. closely knitted, or woven. 2. broken off. Mangungu noa tona waewae i te takanga i runga i te hoiho.

mangungungu, a. gritty; grating.

Mão, v. i. leave off raining. Kia mao akuanei, ka haere tatou.— He pata whakamao, a clearing shower.

Māoā, a. 1. cooked. 2. ripe. Māokā, 3. ulcerated.

Măomăo, n. a fish.

Măomăoă, n. first fruits of a kumara-ground. I haere ki te kawe i te maomaoa ki a Uenuku (107).

Māongă, a the same as maoa.

I. Maori, a. 1. native. 2. He wai maori; fresh water.

whakamaori, v. i. render into the Maori language.

II. Maori, v. t. observe; take notice (perhaps used only in calling attention to a fact.) Maori koe kahore he kai o tenei wahi.

Māotā, a. fresh-grown; green.

Māpārā, n. 1. gum of the kahi-katea tree. 2. wood saturated

with gum, 3. comb.

tupu o te kai.

Mapau, or mapou, n. myrsine Urvillei; a shrub or small tree. whakamapau, v. i. turn brown, or red. Ka whakamapau te

Măpu, v. i. 1. whiz; hum. 2. sigh. 3. pant. Tangi ana te mapu i te omanga.

Māpua, a. bearing abundance of fruit.

Māpunapuna, a. rippling.

Māpungă, n. large shag.

Māpura, n. fire.

Māră, n. plot of ground under cultivation; farm.

I. Mără, n. a term of address to a man. E mara!

II. Mără, a. prepared by steeping in fresh water. He koura mara. –Kahore i mara ta taua koura.

Mărăe, n. enclosed space in front of a house; yard.

Mārākērākē, a. bare; bald.

Mārămă, a. 1. light; not dark. 2. transparent. Marama kehokeho te moana (60). 3. clear sounding; loud. 4. easy to understand.

mārămărămă, a. somewhat light. Mărămă, n. moon; month.

Mărămără, n. chip; splinter; small piece.

Mărăngă, v. i. rise up. Maranga tatou, e ta ma, ka ao te ra.

Mărăngăi, n. 1. east wind. gale of wind, with rain. heavy surf.

Mărăpěkă, n. haliotis virginica, a small species of sea-ear: called also kororiwha.

Mărără, a. scattered; separated. Kua marara ke nga tangata ki a ratou mahinga.

mārārārā, a. rather scattered.

whakamarara, v. t. scatter.

Mărătěa, n. a fish.

Mārău, n. fork.

Măre, v. i. cough.

mare, n. cough; phlegm. Mărča, a. many; multitudinous.

mārčarča, n. a fish; the same as inanga.

Mareherehe, n. trouble.

Mārēna, v. t. marry.

Mārěrě, n. 1. kumara used in : certain ceremonies, previous to planted with due ceremonies by the tohunga.

Mărere, v. i. 1. drop: full (of Marchirchi, a. 1. dispirited;

solid bodies). 2. be given. kore e marere atu aku kai (187). 3. die. Kua mărere taku tamaiti i te po nei. 4. let oneself down; get down.

Mărĕwă, a. raised up. Nawai i raro, a ka marewa ki runga manu ai (155).

Măriăo, n. ulcer.

Mārie, a. quiet; appeased. marie tona ngakau. See marire.

Marie, it is good. Marie ano kia haere mai koe (199).

Măringi, v. i. be spilt.

maringiringi, v. i. be spilt by little and little.

Mărĭnŏ, a. calm. Aua ra e hoe aianei: kia marino te moana. marino-to or marino-tokitoki,

very calm. Māripi, n. knife.

Mārĭrĕ, a. quiet; gentle; appeas-

marire, ad. 1. quietly; gently. 2. deliberately. He mea tahu marire toku whare i wera ai. 3. thoroughly; quite. He ui pai marire taku ui.

Mārĭrĭ, a. tranquillized; allayed. Na ka mariri nei te ngakau o Rangi raua ko Tawhiri (6).

Mārō, a. 1. stretched out; stiff. Ka maro a raua aho (25). hard; solid. Ka maro te paru o tenei wahi; me kau tu. 3. unyielding; headstrong.

māroro, a. 1. somewhat stiff &c. 2. strong. E kore pea koe e maroro aianei.

mārō, n. fathom, measured with the arms extended.

whakamaro, v. t. extend &c.

Măro, n. girdle; worn by females.

planting. 2. the first kumara Marohi, n. 1. common fern; pteris aquilina. 2. fern-root. Ka ngiha te ahi marohi (188).

weary. E marchirchi ana ahau i te roa o te ara. 2. strong. Mărokău, a. single; unmarried. Mărŏkĕ, a. dry. Maroke ki toku

korokoro.

whakamaroke, n. eaves of a building.

Măronui, n. married woman whose husband is absent.

Māroro, see under māro.

Maroro, n. flying fish. "He maroro kokoti ihu waka" a proverbial saying for one who falls into the hands of a hostile war party.

whakamaroro, v. i. be quick.

Mărŏrŏ, a. wasted; destroyed. Kia maroro katoa ai te whenua a Tane i a ia (6).

Mărŭ, n. 1. power; authority. Na te maru i a ia, koia matou i mataku ai. 2. shield; sufeguard. Ko ia to matou rangatira, hei maru mo o matou whenua i reira. 3. a water-plant.

maru, a. shaded; sheltered. Ka marumaru tenei kāinga i te rakau.

whakamarumaru, v. t. shade; shelter.

Măru, a. 1. bruised; crushed, 2. killed. Kua maru ke nga poaka te tukituki. 3. cooked. E mauria mai na ko te mea torouka. ko te kete maru.

Mārŭa, n. pit; valley.

Maruaia, n. head.

Mărŭăo, n. dawn of day.

Mārŭarŏa, n. the name of the third month.

Mărŭmărŭăitŭ, v. i. appear suddenly. Na te marumaruaitu o taua tangata ki runga ki a au, na reira au i oho ai.

Mărŭtŭnă, a. bad; worthless.

Mātā. n. 1. heap. Na tonu te mata manu a Turei te tiketike. 2. a plant.

I. Mătă, n. 1. face. 2. eye. 3.

edge. 4. point. 5. medium of communication with a spirit. 6. charm. He mata tawhito te karakia a Tamure (172). mesh of a net. 8. a fish.

matamata, n. 1. point; extremity. 2. headland. He kino no nga matamata i hoki ai te waka ra. 3. source. Kei nga matamata o te awa. 4. young of nauhuri; a fish.

II. Mătă, a. raw; uncooked; unripe; green. He mata nga kai nei.

Mătā, n. 1. flint, quartz or obsidian, used for cutting. Homai he mata kia haea ki taku kiri --- Mata-waiapu, stone found at Waiapu, near the East Cape. -Mata-Tuhua, obsidian found at Mayor Island. - Mata-kautete, saw-like weapon, made of shark's teeth fastened to a wooden frame. -2. lead; bullet.

Mătaāhŏ, n. window.

Mătaară, v. i. watch; keep awake. He kai mataara, a watchman.

Mătaati, a. first-procured. wea te mea mataati ma te rangatira.

Mātāhǎe, n. divergent stream from the main channel of a river.

Mătăhănăhănă, a. blushing: glowing.

Mătăhărĕhărĕ, a. offensive. Naku te kupu i mataharehare i roto i ta matou korero i te po nei.

Mātăhi, n. the first and second months of the Maori year; the first being called 'matahi o te tau'; and the second, 'matahi kari piwai'.

Mătăhīăpŏ, a. precious; prized. Mātăi, v. t. seek to obtain by artifice; contrive to get without directly asking. Tau mahi he matai: kaore koa e whakama? Mătăī, n. podocarpus spicata, a

tree.

Mātāikā, first person taken or killed in fight. Kei a au te mataika.

Mātāitāi, a. tasting of salt; brackish. He mataitai te wai o tenei kāinga.

mataitai, n. 1. fish. Kai tonu ia i te mataitai o taua roto (78). 2. salt provisions.

Mătăkăhi, n. wedge. Iti te matakahi; paoa atu ano; na, potapota noa

Mătăkănă, a. 1. wary; on the look out. Me matakana nga kanohi i enei rangi e takoto nei. 2. shy; distrustful. Ko nga mea matakana, me whakarata.

Mătăkăwă, a. 1. distasteful. 2. disliking.

Mătăkēkē, a. hating; bearing ill-feeling towards one. Me pena rawa korua ko to taina, me matakeke rawa?

Mātāki, or mātākitāki, v. t. look at; inspect; watch. Ka mea kia matakitaki ia ki taua puhi (175).

Mătăkitě, n. one who foresees an event.

matakite, v. i. practise divination. Katahi ia ka tuhi i tona atua, ara ka matakite, hei titiro i tona aitua (175).

Mătăkokiri, n. meleor.

Mătăkomă, a. swollen. He ringa matakoma.

Mătăku, v. i. be afraid. Pass. matakuria, be feared. E kore ia e matakuria e ana pononga. mataku, a. fearful; inspiring fear.

whakamataku, v. i. terrify. Mătăkupengă, n. fat which co-

vers the intestines.

Matamata, see under mata.

Matamua, a. 1. first. Kua oti
noa ake ra hoki i a ia tana
mahi matamua te whakarite e

ia (14). 2. elder. Ae, e o maua matamua, ka tika (12).

Mătănui, a. open; above-board.

Matanga, a. understanding; experienced. Na nga matanga i hara mai i tap:·hi.

Mătăngăro, a. Te kaho matangaro, the batten next to the ridge-pole.

Mātăngătă, a. a univalve mollusk.

Mătăngĕrĕngĕrĕ, 1. benumbed; cramped. Ka matangerengere toku ringa. 2. grieved; vexed. 3. ashamed.

Mătăngĭ, n. wind.

Mātāngŏhĭ, n. first person killed or taken in war. Kei a au te matangohi (119).

Mătăngurunguru, a. 1. numbed. Ka matangurunguru oku ringaringa i te kopeke. 2. disappointed; mortified. Haere matangurunguru atu ana.

Mātšo, a. cold. Kia matao nga kumara ka kainga ai.

mataotao, a. cool.

Mătăoră, a. living; alive. Kia kite mataora matou i a Tupe. Mătăoră, n. wedge.

Mătăpĭhĭ, n. window.

Mătăpō, a. blind.

Mătăpopore, a. watchful over; careful of. Kia matapopore ki nga kai, kei hohoro te pau.

Mătăpouri, a. gloomy; sad.

matapouri, n. a species of duck.

Mātāpunā, n. source of a river.

Mātārā, a. 1. untied; untwisted.

Kua matara te taura. 2. distunt.

Kia matara atu te turanga mo te whare.

Mătărăhi, or mătărărăhi, a. large.

Mătărău, a. having many points; hundred-pointed.

matarau, n. 1. forked spear for catching fish; grains. 2. net

fustened to a hoop for catching | Mătătu, a. wakeful. E kore e tarakihi.

Mătărěhě, n. a kind of eel.

Mătărěkă, a. pleasunt.

matareka, v. t. like; be fond of. He mea i matarekatia, na reira i okaka ai.

Mătărěkěrěkě, a. benumbed.

Mātārěrě, n. forerunner; harbinger. Kua riro te matarere, a te Manihera.

Mătăriki, n. Pleiades; the sign of the first month.

Mătărŭkŭrŭkŭ, a. 1. benumbed. 2. annoyed. Ko ia na toku matarukuruku.

Mătătă, v. i. 1. be split; gape. Kua matata te kakau o te toki. 2. open. Me kore e matata tona waha ki te whakaatu mai i etahi whakaaro ke e puta ake i roto i a ia.

Mătătă, v. t. 1. carry on a litter. He mea matata te tangata ra. 2. defend with a pad. He mea matata ki te raupo kei tata ki nga kowheka.

matata, n. a shrub.

Mătătāau, v. i. move aside. Matataau koe ki tahaki, he pouri i a matou.

Mătătără, n. dam for water.

Mătătău, a. looking steadily, or constantly. Kia matatau mai koutou ki a matou.

Mătătăwhā, a. open. Kua ara to tamaiti, kua matatawha nga kanohi.

Mătătĕa.

Matatea ake nei.

Mătătěngĭ. a. thick. Kia penei te matatengi o te kakahu.

Mătătĭră, a. in a row. Matatira tonu to ratou tu (38).

Mătătouă, a. dimmed. Ka matatoua nga kanohi i te tirohanga.

Matatu, v. i. begin to flow. Katahi ano te tai ka matatu mai. moe; matatu tonu, kei horo te pa.

Mātău, v. t. 1. know; be acquainted with. 2. understand. 3. feel certain of.

whakamatau, v. t. 1. make to know; teach. WHakamatauria ahau ki te reo Maori. 2. make trial of. Kua whakamatau ahau i tera kai; ehara hoki.

Mātău, pron. for matou, we.

Mătău, n. hook.

Mătău, a. right; on the right hand. Kei te taha matau te ara.

Mātāwăi, n. fountain-head.

Mătăwăiă, a. filled with tears. Kua matawaia ona kanohi.

Mātāwĕrŏ, n. charm for killing a taniwha.

Mătě, a. 1. dead. Ka patua nga tohunga, ka mate (56). extinguished. Ka mate te ahi (25). 3. cut or otherwise prepared for building &c. Ka mate nga rakau mo te whare o NGatikahungunu. 4. sick; ill. Kua mate; kahore i mate rawa (45). 5. overcome with admiration &c. Mate noa ake ki te pai o te wahine ra (167).—Ka mate i te whakama (187). 6. calmed down. Ka mate te moana. moving slowly; slack. Tai mate; slack water.

mate, n. 1. death. 2. sickness. whakamate, v. t. 1. put to death. 2. cause to be sick.

Mătěnůi, v. t. 1. desire earnestly. 2. shew attention to. Kia matenui koe ki taku teina.

Mātĕngă, n. head.

Mātěngătěngă, a. 1. benumbed; cramped. 2. aching. Ka matengatenga toku tuara. 3. disgusted. Haere matengatenga atu ana. 4. causing pain. Kia nunui te tao, kia matengatenga ai (118).

Matengi, a. three (R).

Mătšohă, a. loving; fond. He mateoha tonu ki a raua i haere tahi tonu ai raua.

Mătěroto, n. miscarriage; abortion.

Mătĕwăi, a. thirsty.

Mātĭa, n. spear.

Mătihao, n. finger; claw.

Mătĭhĕ, v. i. sneeze.

Matika, n. fish-hook.

Matika, v. t. carry on a litter.

Mătikă, v. i. rise up. Kua matika mai nga tangata.

Mătikără, n. 1. finger. 2. fishhook.

Mătikě, v. i. rise from a recumbent position.

Matiko, v. i. 1. descend. Matiko iho ki raro (R.). 2. run.

Mătikuku, n. nail of a finger or toe; claw; hoof.

Mătĭmătĭ, n. toe.

Mătĭrĕ, and mātĭrĕtĭrĕ, n. wand used in the ceremony of pure. He rau kei runga, he kawa: kahore he rau, he matire.

Matĭrŏ, v. t. beg for food.

Mātĭtĭ, n. a dry branch of a tree, frequented by birds and resorted to for the purpose of catching them.

Mātītore, a. split. Kua matitore te rakau.

Măto, n. deep swamp; deep val-

matomato, a. 1. cool. He wai matomato, he hohonu. 2. green; growing vigorously.

Mătŏhă, a. 1. untied; undone. 2. lost.

Matŏkě, a. cold.

Mātŏrŏ, v. t. woo; pay addresses to (131).

Matoru, n. crowd. Ko tetahi, hopu noa ai i waenga parae; ko tetahi, tiki tonu ai i roto i te matoru tangata.

mātotoru, a. thick. Kia matotoru nga toetoe mo te whare.

matorutoru, a. benumbed.

Mātou, pr. we, excluding the

person addressed.

Mătŭ, n. *fat*.

Mātŭa, ad. first. Matua ano tenei e hanga.

mātŭa, and mātŭatŭa, a. importunt; large; abundant. He matua te ika o tera kāinga.

mātua, n. 1. main body of an army. 2. plural of mātŭa, parents.

Mătŭa, n. 1. parent, and more especially, father. Ko te matua o Tawhaki i mauria matetia atu, ko te wahine anake i haere ora (46).—plural mātŭa. 2. division of an army; company; plural mātūa. Ko nga mātua a nga tuakana, he maha ano nga tangata (101).

Mătuakumără, n. geranium dissectum, a plant.

Mātŭatŭa, n. a kind of eel. See also under Mātŭā.

Mătükü, n. bittern, a bird called also matuku-hūrěpŏ.

matuku-moana, a bird frequenting the sea shore.

matukutuku, n. 1. a bird. 2. a species of moss.

Mātŭrŭtŭrŭ, v. i. trickle in drops; distil.

Matutu, a. 1. convalescent. 2. remedied. Ka matutu te mate o te turoro.

 Mău, n. productions of the earth. He mau pai nga mau o tenei kainga.

II. Mău, v. t. 1. carry. E mau ana i nga hoe ki te waka. 2. take up; lay hold of (followed by ki). Ka mau a Tutanekai ki ona kahu, ki tana patu (133).

III. Mău, a. 1. fixed. Ka toia a Tainui, kaore i paneke; te maunga iho ano, mau tonu (75). 2. continuing; lasting. Ka riro i nga tama a Rangitihi a Rotorua; mau nei, mau nei, a whakatupuria noatia nga mano tangata nei i reira (103). – Kia mau! stay! 3. confined; restrained. 4. overlaken. Katahi ka whaia; mau rawa atu ki Te Hoe. 5. seized. Te taenga ki Turanga ka mau i a Piki. 6. Ka mau te wehi! How dreadful.

Mau, pron. 2nd person singular with preposition ma; for thee. See ma.

Maua, pron. we two; excluding the person addressed.

Măuāhără, v. i. cherish ill-feeling, or hatred. E mauahara tonu ana taua tangata ki a au. Măuātără, a. on one side.

Maui, a. lest; on the lest hand. Ka tae ki te pekanga o te ara, me haere ki maui.

Maŭiŭi, a. weuried. Ka mauiui oku pokohiwi i te amohanga i te wahie.

Mauka, a. dry (R.).

Măukŏrŏ, n. carmichælia australis, a shrub.

Măuku, n. hymenophyllum of various species.

māŭkŭŭkŭ, n. a plant.

Măumău, v. t. waste. Ka raruraru nga rangatira o te Arawa mo te maumaunga i a ratou kura (79).

maumau, ad. to no purpose. Maumau kake noa ahau ki runga ki te maunga. See mau.

Māŭnŭ, n. bait.

Măunu, v. i. 1. be drawn from belt, sheath &c. Maunu te paraoa, kua motu te upoko (102).

2. come out; be loosened. Ka maunu te kakau o te toki. 3.

be taken off, as clothes &c. Ka maunu nga kakahu ka rere ki te wai. 4. set forth; emigrate. Ka maunu taua hunga, ka whai haere ano i a raua (68).

Măungă, n. 1. mountain. 2. see under mau III.

Măungărŭa, n. rat.

Mauranga, n. from mau II.

Măurě, n. twelfth day of the moon's age;—the moon at 11 days old. Me te maure ka puta ake i te pae (167).

Măurĕa, n. a spiral shell.

Mauri, n. 1. heart; seat of fear &c. Ka oho taku mauri i te puhanga o te pu. 2. poles of mapou used in the "pure" ceremony, sometimes called "tokomauri". 3. sacred offering. Ka taia [te karangu] e te tohunga ki te mauri. 4. twenty eighth day of the moon's age.

Māŭrŭ, n. north west wind.

Măuru, a. quieted; eased. Ka mauruuru te mamae; the pain is somewhat eased.

whakamauru, i. v. t. 1. quiet; appease. 2. keep steady. Puritia te taura hei whakamauru. ii. v. i. subside. E whakamauru ana mai te tangi o te pu.

Māu-tārā-kini, a. held by the point; or by one end.

Maute, n. fire (R.).

Măuwhă. n. small bushes; brushwood. Ka ngaro ki ro mauwha.

Mawake, n. S. E. sea breeze. (perhaps peculiar to the district South of the East Cape).

Măwene, v. i. be separated. Katahi ka mawehe a Rangi raua ko Papa (4).

Măweră, a. 1. broken into separate masses, as clouds. He mawera te rangi; he uāpo. 2. uneasy in mind. Ka nui toku mawera.

Măwětě, a. untied. Kua mawete te kawe.

Māwhāi, n. sicyos angulatus; a plant.

Măwhăki, a. broken. Kua mawhaki taku ngira.

Mawharu, n. thirteenth day of the moon's age; the moon at 12 days old.

Māwhātu, a. hanging in curls; covered with curly hair. He upoko mawhatu.

Măwhĕră, a. open.

mawhera, n. mouth (R.).

Mawheto, a. untied; loosened.

Măwhiti, v. i. 1. leap; skip. 2. escape.

māwhitiwhiti, n. grasshopper.

Māwhiti, n. white dogskin mat;
the same as mahiti.

- I. Me, conj. 1. if; generally implying the reverse of the condition expressed. Me he manu kua rere noa atu (16).—He tika me i te tohe tonu ki te karanga (148).—Often in the form 'me he mea', if the case were that &c. Me he mea na te tangata tenei mahinga, e kitea te whariki o te waka. 2. as if; like; as it were. Me he kawau pu te ahua (138).—Rite tahi me tenei.
- II. Me, prep. with; denoting concomitance or concurrence in time; often to be rendered by and. Ka puta te hau, te ua, te whatitiri, me te ngaru katoa o te moana (93).—Kei te kai ano ratou, me tana tikanga ano o aua rangi o mua ra; me te kai, me te tangi (94).
- III. Me, verbal particle, forming a kind of imperative future. When used with a transitive verb, the verb frequently has a passive signification. Me

hoe rawa ki te au o te moana (21). Let [our canoe] be paddled away to mid-ocean.—Ae, me haere ke atu au (10). Yes, I had better go away.—The following usage also is not unfrequently met with. Kati me he purupuru i nga korero. Leave off interfering with freedom of speech.

Mea, n. 1. thing. Ko te mea tenei i korero ra ahau ki a koe. 2. a substitute for another noun; sometimes to be rendered by "one", and sometimes not to be translated. Tirohia mai tetahi kowhatu, hei te mea nui.—He mea whakairi ki runga noi ai (11).—Te mea kaha o ratou, ko Pitaka. 3. such a one. mea ma, such and such persons.

I te mea, when. Ki to mea, in case that; if. Me he mea if the case where that. Me te mea, as if it were; like. Mo te mea, and No te mea, because.

mea, v. t. 1. do. Often as a substitute for a more definite word. Meatia te mea nei. 2. cause. Nana ano i mea kia pa ia (16). 3. say. Ka mea atu a Manaia, 'Kau mai; kahore he wai' (120). 4. intend; wish. I mea hoki ratou kia tirohia paitia ia (193). 5. think. Ka mea a Ha, ka mate ia (96). 6. to denote lapse of time, when it may sometimes be rendered, go on. Me te rere haere te waka ra, a te Arawa; mea, mea, a, ka taka kei waho o Maketu (74).—Mea kau ake, very soon; immediately.

Měākě, ad. (mea ake) soon.

Meatingia, a passive of mea.

Měhăměhă, a. lonely; solitray.

Mehameha kau ana tenei whenua.

Mehemea, conj. if.

Měho, a. false. He meho! Fudge! a contemptuous contradiction.

Mēnŭa, n. or v. t. measure.

MEI, n. the month of May.

Meinga, passives of mea; Meingatia, see mea.

Meka, a. true. Only in the exposition, He meka, he meka! True, true!

Měkăměkă, n. chain.

Měkari, ad. within a little. Mekari tatou mate.

Měkě, v. t. strike with the fist.

Měkě, n. pounded fernroot.

Měkŏ, v. t. withhold; refuse to give. Ka meko to tangata nei i tana waka.

Měkorě, ad. within a little. Mekore e tahuri te poti.

Měměhě, v. i. be dissolved; pass away.` Kua memeha ke te haupapa i te whitinga o te ra.

Memene, see under mene.

Memenge, see under menge.

I. Mene, v. i. be assembled. Kua mene mai nga tangata o te kāinga.

whakamene, v. t. call together.

II. Mene, menemene, memene, v. i. shew wrinkles. Ka memene ona paparinga. he smi-

Menge, měměngě, a. 1. shrivelled, withered. Ka koroheketia ka memenge nga ringa nga uaua. 2. wrinkled. Titiro ai au ki te paparinga o te tangata ki te memenge (of the wrinkling of the cheeks in smiling).

Měrě, n. a stone weapon for hand to hand fighting. sometimes called meremere.

Měrěkárá, n. miracle.

Merensi, n. melon.

Meroiti, a. small; inconsiderable. He meromeroiti kau te mate. Mětărărăhi, a. great.

See under Mětě, a. putrid. Ka metoa nga tawatawa.

Mîĕrĕ, n. honey.

Mīĕrĕ, v. i. become powerless; be exhausted. Ka powharu Waikato, ka miere Tauranga.

I. Miha, n. distant descendant. Tupu rawa i te miha, katahi ka ngakia tona mate.

Mĭhă, v. i. wonder.

Miharo, v. t. wonder at; admire. Pass. miharotia, be regarded with wonder or admiration.

miharo, a. causing wonder. He mahi miharo te mahi a te pa-

Mĭhĭ, v. t. 1. greet. Mihi atu ana, mihi ana mai; ka mutu te mihimihi, ka ui (122). 2. acknowledge an obligation. 3. sigh for; lament. No reira i mihi ai a Tuau ki ana tamariki me tana wahine (111).

Mīkārā, n. knife.

Mĭkŏ, n. areca sapida; New Zealand palm-tree.

Mimi, v. i. make water.

mimi, n. urine.

Mĭmĭhă, n. 1. a black bituminous substance found in the sea. 2.

Mimiră, v. t. fasten on the haumi or bow-piece to the body of a canoe.

Mimiro, v. t. draw together the sides of a canoe. Koia i ki ai au kia mimirotia to tatou waka inaianei. See also under miro. Mimiti, see under miti.

Mină or minămină, v. t. have a longing for. Minamina ana taku kaki ki te kai reka. Minamina auahi, taste of smoke.

Minaka, v. t. desire. E minaka ana taku waha ki te kai nei.

Mĭně, v. i. be assembled.

whakamine, v. t. assemble.

Mingi, n. cyathodes acerosa; a tree.

Mingo, a. curled; curly. mimingo, a. shrivelled up. mingomingo, a. crisped; frizzled. Mìră, n. mill.

Mĭră, n.

mira-tuatini, a saw-like weapon made of sharks' teeth fastened to a piece of wood.

miramira, n. uvula.

Ka miramira, a. at a red heat. roa te kainga a te ahi, na, miramira kau ana te rino.

miramira, v. t. give prominence Naku i miramira te korero

whakamira, n. lower portion of a fishing-line, protected by a thread wound tightly round it.

whakamiramira, v. t. make much of; treat with deference. He mea whakamiramira naku taku tamaiti; kei a koe ka tonoa.

Mīrā, v. t. tend carefully; cherish. Mĭrĭ, n. a mat like the korowai, but of a coarser description.

Mĭrĭ, v. t. 1. rub. 2. shell maize; separate the grain from the cob. 3. pass close to; touch in passing. Kia miri kau to tatou waka i te taha o te toka.

Mĭrŏ, n. podocarpus ferruginea, a tree.

Miro, v. t. spin; twist. Miroa he aho hi ika ma tatou.

miro, n. 1. thread. 2. whirling current of water.

mimiro, v. i. move swiftly. Haere, miroia, kia tere te haere.

miromiro, n. petroica toitoi, a small bird.

Mĭtĭ, v. t. lick; lick up.

mimiti, a. 1. dried up. Kua mimiti te wai o te repo. 2. swallowed up; exterminated. E! ka mimiti toku iwi, akuanci pea ka mate hoki ko au.

Mo, prep. 1. for; on account of. Ka kawe nei a Tinirau ki te rapu utu mo tana tamaiti (38). 2. for the benefit of; for the use of. NGa aruhe hei o mo te taua (40).—Ka wahia i te tungaroa he ara whakaputanga mo tana tamaiti ki waho (52). 3. for i.e. to hold &c. raranga he kete mo nga kai. 4. against; in preparation for. Kia angiangi ai te poho o te tangata mo te turanga i te aroakapa o te haka (166).

Mŏa, n. 1. dinornis of various species; extinct birds. kind of stone. 3. bed or raised plat in a garden.

whakamoa, v. t. lay in a heap. WHakamoaina nga powhatu.

Moana, n. 1. sea. 2. roof of a kumara rua.

Moanarua, v. t. repair a mat by weaving a fresh piece. tawhito te remu, kua wera ranei tetahi wahi, ka moanaruatia; ka natia houtia a runga o te wahi i ora, a taea noatia te whiri.

Mŏarĭ, n. a kind of swing.

Moăriări, v. i. 1. escape narrowly. Ko hea te moariaritanga o te tawhiti nei inanahi. 2. be alarmed at sudden danger of another person.

Mŏată, a. early in the morning. Kia moata ki te whariki mo te kainga nei (192).

Mŏe, i. v. i. 1. sleep. 2. dream. ii. v. t. marry. I whakaaro ia kia moe ia i a Te WHatuiapiti, hei tane pai mana (165).

whakamoe, v. t. 1. put to sleep. 2. close the eyes. Ka whakamoea nga kanohi, ko te tangata ia e ara ana. 3. give in marriage. Ko taku tuahine ra kia whakamoea ma taku hoa takatapui ma Tiki (135).

momoe, a. 1. of a drowsy habit 2. keeping the eyes closed. Nana tera iwi (62).

moenga, n. bed.

Mŏeăhŭ, n. melicytus ramiflorus, a tree. Te tino motumotu mo tatou, ko moeahu.

Mŏehĕwă, v. i. dream.

Moemiti, v. t. praise.

whakamoemiti, v. t. praise. Ka kite a Paoa i reira i te kuku o Waiau, ka whakamoemiti ki reira (196).

Mŏemŏeā, n. dream.

Moenanu, v. i. talk in one's sleep.

Moenga, see under moe.

Mŏeŏně, n. a kind of grub.

Mŏetītŏrŏ, v. i. sleep wakefully.

Moetoropuku, v. i. sleep wakefully.

Mohani. n. fern-root.

Mŏhĕ.

mŏmŏhĕ, a. flaccid. Heoi ka momohe rapea ona tuatara (154).

Moheke, n. thick fern-root.

Mŏhĭ, n. a fish.

Mohio, v. t. understand; recognize. Mau e whakahua atu i tou ingoa, a ka mohio mai ia ki a koe (28).

mohio, a. 1. wise; intelligent. 2. Me pehea ra ka suspicious. whiti ai au, ina hoki e mohio tonu ana te iwi nei (132).

whakamohio, v. t. 1, teach; cause to understand. 2. hint one's meaning in a song.

Mőhő, n. 1. a bird. 2. a fish. 3. blockhead. 4. trouble. Ko te moho tena.

whakamoho, v. i. steal softly on any one. Me ata whakamoho atu.

Mohoa, ad. to the present time. I a au ano i Poihakena, a mohoa noa nei toku mate.

Mohoso, n. man of the woods; barbarian. Kahore he kupu a te mohoao (139).

Mohoku, pron. for moku.

ano i momoe noa; na, ka mate Mohoririwai, a. weak; (of the eves). He kanohi mohoririwai.

Möhŭ, v. i. smoulder. Ka kā mohu te kakahu.

Mohunga, a. crushed; pulpy.

mōhŭngšhŭngš, a. crumbling; mealy.

Moi, v. i. turn sour; ferment. Na te werawera i moi ai a tatou kai.

Mŏimŏi, v. t. call a dog.

Mōĭoĭo, a. growing weakly. Moioio ana te tupu.

Moĭrĭ, a. suspended over. Ka moiri te ra ki te pae.

Moka, n. 1. end; extremity. Kei tera moka o te pa tona whare. 2. a kind of caterpillar.

whakamomoka, i. v. i. go stealthily. Kia ata whakamomoka atu kei oho nga parera. ii. v. t. 1. seek in a stealthy manner. Ma tatou e whakamomoka he wahi ruru mo to tatou waka. 2. waylay. I haere mai te Hauhau ki te whakamomoka pu ma ratou.

Moka, n. muzzle for the mouth of a beast.

whakamōkā, v.t. muzzle. WHakamokatia to kuri.

Mōkăi, n. captive; slave.

mokamokai, and mokaikai, n. 1. bird or animal kept in confinement. 2. dried human head: anything kept as a curiosity &c.

Moke, n. solitary person. moke taua tangata, e noho ana ko ia make i tona kainga.

mokemoke, a. solitary; lonely. Mokěhů, n. white claystone.

Mŏkĭ, n. a fish.

mokimoki, a. a plant.

Mokī, or mokihi, n. raft generally made of flags or rushes.

Mokinokino, a. lowering; threatening. He rangi mokinokino.

Mŏkŏ, n. 1. tattoo marks on the face or body. 2. lizard.

mokomoko, n. lizard.

Mokomokorea, a. scarce; solitary. Ka haere ka mokomokorea te tangata, me noho ki te ngaki kai.

Mököpünä, n. grandchild; child of a son, daughter, nephew, niece &c.

Mökörähi. a. great. Me he mea i mokorahi ake nei te hau nei, kari ana tera i roto i te whare. mokorahi, n. extent.

Mŏkŏwhĭtĭ, v. i. jump.

Moku, pron. first person singular with the preposition mo, for me. See mo.

Momi, v. t. suck: suck up.

Mŏmĭpū, a. small. Momipu te kaitaka i te paraikete.

Momo, n. 1. offspring. He momo no Hinematioro. 2. race; breed.

Mŏmŏe, see under moe.

Momohanga, n. remnant. Kia ata kai i nga kai, ka whanatu hoki ka momohangatia.

Momohe, see under mohe. Momoka, see under moka.

Momona, a. fat; rich; fertile. He whenua momona.

Mŏmono, see under mono.

Mŏmori, see under mori.

Mŏmote, see under mote. Mŏmoto, see under moto.

Mŏmotu, see under motu.

Momotu, n. firebrand.

Mona, n. knot of a tree.

Monă, pron. 3rd person singular with preposition mo, for him; for her. See mo.

Mona, n. scar; trace.

Monaroa, a. loitering. Ehara i te hanga te monaroa o te tangata nei; ka kitea pea e ia te kore, ka hoki mai.

Monehu, n. young sprout of fern. monenehu, n. a kind of kumara. monenehu, a. almost out of sight. Ka whakamonenehu te waka.

Moni, n. money.

Monia, a. set on edge. Ka monia aku niho.

tary. Ka haere ka mokomokorea te tangata, me noho ki te moniania o te patu.

> Mönimöni, v. i. be consumed. Monimoni noa nga kumara o taku rua i te kiore.

Mŏnŏ, v. t. 1. plug; caulk. Kei te mono i te pakaru o te waka. 2. disable by means of charms, or incantations. Ka mutu te teka, ka maranga ko te mono. momono, v. t. disable by incantations.

monomono, a. unpleasant to the smell.

More, n. 1. tap-root. 2. a fish. moremore, v. t. make bald or bare; strip of branches &c. Kua moremorea tera taha o te rakau.

moremorenga, n. end; extremity.

Te Moremorenga o te ihu.—

Te moremorenga o te poho, the lower end of the breast-bone.

Morea, n. remnant. I haere mai au, tenei herehere, kia kite i enei morea kawana.

morearea, a. 1. lonely; dreary.

Kaore au e noho i konei i te
morearea i a au. 2. sorrowful.

Ko tera kua mate; ko te morearea kau ki nga hoa noho.

Morěhu, n. survivor.

Morere, v. i. swing.

Morewa, a afloat. Kia morewa atu to tatou waka ki waho.

Mori.

morimori, a. shorn of branches. He rakau morimori, e kore e taea te piki.—Morimoringa kai, removal of the 'tapu' from crops.

whakamomori, v. i. commit suicide, or any other act of desperation. Ka haere rawa i konei ki te wkakamomori ki te moana, kia kainga e te taniwha (27). Morikarika, a. 2. detesting.

Moriroriro, v. i. 1. be almost out of sight; be just visible. Moriroriro kau ake i roto i te wai. 2. become estranged. Kei te moriroriro tatou.

Mŏrŏĭtĭ. a. small.

Mŏrŏkĭ, ad. expressing continuance, in the phrase, Moroki noa nei (165); quite up to the present time.

whakamoroki, v. i. remain unmoved; repress one's feelings.

Mororiki, a. small.

Mororohu, n. flea.

Morunga, a. on high; lifted up. Kua morunga mai te ra.—A (21).

Mětě, v. t. suck. E kore e motea te u o te koka i te nui o te mate.

Kia maha nga mote, n. water. kai ki te mote.

momote, ad. clandestinely. Kua pau te rahui a Pahe te kai momote.

Motea, a. white-faced.

moteatea, 1. fearful; fainthearted. 2. scrupulous; hesitating. Ka moteatea au ki te patu i taua tangata.

Mŏtěngĭ, a. placed aloft. motengi te kai ki runga kei

Moti, a. consumed; scarce. Tuku rawa matou ki a matou kai kua moti.

whakamoti, v. t. destroy; extirpate.

Motihetihe, n. a bird.

motihetihe, a. having the hair standing on end.

Motiro, v. t. beg. He tangata motiro te tangata nei.

Mŏtŏ, or mŏmŏtŏ, v. t. strike with the fist; box. moto, n. blow with the fist.

1. abominable Motohe, a. 1. obstinate. Katahi te iwi motohe ki te haere. 2. irresistible. He motohe te rongoa i homai nei.

> Motoi, n. ear-ornament made of green-stone.

Motoi, v. t. beg.

I. Motu, a. 1. severed. Katahi ka tikina rawatia ki te putake tapahi mai ai, ka motu (42). partially severed; wounded by a cut. Kei motu koe i te toki na. 3. set free by severance; escaped. Me te weka ka motu i te mahanga (170).

motu, n. 1. anything isolated as an island; clump of trees &c. 2. cut; wound.

ka morunga ake taua whare motumotu, a. divided into isolated portions. E! ka motumotu rapea te whenua e haerea ana e Te Ponga ma (171).

> motumotu, or momotu, n. firebrand.

> momotu, v. t. sever; separale. Motuhia atu etahi ma NGatiawa. II. Mŏtŭ. a. cold. He wai motu. Mŏtŭhăkĕ, a. separated.

> Mötühängă, n. from momotu; see under motu.

> Mötühängä, a. mealy; floury. He roi motuhanga.

> Mou, pron. 2nd person singular with preposition mo, for thee. See mo.

Moŭa, n. back of the neck.

Moumouranga, n. 1. betrothal. 2. connection by marriage.

Mounga, n. 1. half burnt stick. 2. (for maunga) mountain. (for maunga, from mau) circumstance of being fast &c.

Mowai, v. i. become moist: wa-Ka mowai toku waha.

Mowhiti, n. ring; hoop. Karu mowhiti, eyes with rings, i.e. spectacles.

Mowhiti, v. i. (for mokowhiti) jump.

Mua, n. 1. the front; the fore part. 2. former time. Ki mua; i mua &c. before; first. Ko te kauae o tona tupuna kua riro mai koa i mua atu (19). Ki mua i; i mua i; hei mua i &c. in advance of; previous to. He ingoa ano to taua awa i mua atu i to ratou taenga ki reira (123). a mua, henceforth.

muanga, a. first-born; elder. Ka whakanuia ake tana tamaiti muringa, ka whakaititia iho ana muanga (103).

MUERA, n. mule.

Māhŏrě, a. unsuccessful in fishing &c.

Mǔhū, v.t. push one's way through bushes &c. He ara muhu, a path along which one has to push one's way.

Muhukai, a. absent; inattentive. Ka mahi te taringa muhukai, e kore e rongo ki tetahi mana kupu.

Mui, v. t. swarm round; infest. Mui noa, ohu noa te tuiau.

Mŭkă, n. prepared fibre of New Zealand flax.

Mŭkŭ, and mukumuku, v. t. wipe; rub.

Mumuhau, n. eddy wind. Ka puta te mumuhau, ka tahuri te waka.

Mŭnă, v. t. tell or speak of privately. Te wa i munaia atu ra ki ona tangata (170).

Mŭnă, n. ringworm.

Mura, mumura, muramura, v. i. 1. blaze. Ka mura te ahi. 2. glow; show a brilliant colour. Te rata e mumura atu ana i uta nei (113).

Murši, v. t. plunder. Hoki atu koutou ka murei.

Mŭrěmŭrě, v. t. return to a thing frequently.

muremure, n. 1. a grub; the

same as mocone. 2. one who spunges on others; trencher-friend.

Mūrěrě, a. clever; knowing.

I. Muri, n. 1. the rear; the hinder part. 2. subsequent time. Ki muri; i muri &c. afterwards. —Ki muri i, after; subsequent to.—A muri, hereafter.

muringa, a. youngest. Tana tamaiti muringa (12). He muringa, or muringa iho; afterwards; at length.

II. Mŭri, n. breeze.

Murikokai, n. back of the head. Muringa, see under muri I.

Mŭrĭtăi, n. sea-breeze.

Mŭriwăi, n. backwater.

Mŭrŭ, v. t. 1. wipe; rub. 2. pluck off leaves &c.; gather. Ka noho ki raro, kei te muru whanake, kei te whiri taura (150). 3. plunder. Ka murua te kainga o Tipitaha.

Mutu, a. 1. brought to an end abruptly; left off. Ka mutu ta matou mahi. 2. cropped; having the end cut off; mutilated. He ringa mutu. 3. come or gone without exception. Mutu katoa mai nga tangata ki te kawanatanga; kahore he rerenga. mutu, v. t. cut short. Me mutu i konei.

mutu, n. perch, being part of an apparatus for snaring birds. mutumutu, v. t. crop off appendages as hair, branches &c. Katahi ka mutumutua e te tuahine (42).

whakamutu, v. t. 1. leave off. 2. cause to be left off.

whakamutunga, n. youngest son. Na te kaha o te whakamutunga, nana i tango ake, ana, ka whai whenua (29).

Mŭtŭwhĕnŭa, n. the moon at 28 days old.

N.

Nă, ad. 1. used to call attention Năkă, ad. denoting position near at the commencement of a narrative, or of a particular stage in a narrative. Na, tenei ano te take i haere mai ai a Turi ki tenei motu (107)—to introduce some new element into a narrative; or to introduce an emphatic statement to which especial attention is desired to be drawn. 2. denoting position near, or some connection with the person spoken to. Ko te wai heru tena na; ko te wai whakaata tenei na (54).

nănă, int. see!

Nă, prep. 1. by; made by; acted Nămu, n. small fly. explaining the character of the action being in the active form. Na wai koe i homai ki konei? (38) begotten by. Na wai koe? (57) 2. possessed by; belonging to. Na Ihenga tena kupenga. 3. by reason of; on account of. Na te kino hoki i mahue ai te whenua (82).—Na reira i tika ai ta ratou heke mai (68). 4. by way of. I haere na uta.

Na, v. i. be satisfied. Tangohia tenei kakahu kia na ai tou nga-

whakana, v. t. satisfy.

Naenae, n. musquito.

Naeroa, n. musquito.

Nahaku, for naku, by me; belonging to me &c. See na.

Nahau, for nau, by thee; belonging to thee &c. See na.

Năhău, a. quick. Compare ngahau.

Năhea, a. long (in time). Ka nahea te ngaronga atu o Moka.

Năhinăhi, n. convolvulus sepium; a plant.

or connection in some way with the person spoken to. I te ara nui naka.

Nākāhi, n. serpent.

Nakinaki, n. a plant.

Nāku, pron. 1st person singular with preposition na, by me; belonging to me &c. See na.

Năku, nănăku, v. t. dig; scratch. nakunaku, i. v. t. reduce to fragments. Nakunakua te wahie. ii. v. i. be broken to pieces; be crushed. Patua rawatia, kohungahunga ana tera; nakunaku noa iho.

on in any way by; the verb whakanamunamu, v. i. appear like a speck in the distance. Hoki rawa mai, ehara, kua whakanamunamu kau mai nga ra o te waka (71).

namunamu, n. blistering plaster. Nānā, v. t. tend carefully; nurse. Nana, preposition na with personal pronoun of 3rd person

singular. See na.

Nănă, a. in a passion; raging. Nana noa ana ki te tutu whare mana.

Nănă, n. eyebrow. Ka hiia tera nga nana, ka riri.

Nănăhu, a. well executed. nahu ana tera te whakairo o te hanga nei.

Nănăkia, a. outrageous; fierce. Ka mate korua; he nanakia te iwi nei (46).

Nănăkŭ, see under naku.

Nanao, see under nao.

Nanati, see under nati.

Nănău, see under nau.

Nanawa, see under nawe.

Năně, n. dog.

nanenane, n. 1. rotten kumara. 2. goat.

Năněa, a. copious; satisfying. He natinati, or nanati, a. pinched; kai nanea.

I. Nănī, n. wild cabbage; wild turnip.

II. Nănī, a. noisy. Ko wai te iwi e nani mai ra? Compare ngangi.

Nănihi, a. distant. Kua nanihi noa atu te haere a Titore.

Nano.

whakanano, v. t. discredit. Ha! to whakanano ki taku korero!

Nănŭ, a. 1. mixed; confused. 2. indistinct; inarticulate. nanu te reo (42).

nanu, v. i. murmur; express disappointment, or dissatisfaction. Ka tahi, ka rua, ka toru nga kiore, ka pau aku kai: ko te 'nanu e waiho i a au. Moe-nanu, talk in one's sleep.

whakananu, v. t. mix; confuse. Não, nănão, v. t. handle; feel with the hand; take hold of. Katahi a Kupe ka nanao iho ki tana taha, ka whina atu ki

te wai (110).

naonao, n. small moth; midge. Kei te pokai naonao te ahua. whakanaonao, v. i. appear like a speck in the distance.

Năpě, 1 weave. 2. jerk. Ka mau te ika, napea, kia kaha te nape. 3. say falteringly; missay. Pawera tonu tona papa ki te napenga o tana karakia tohi (17).

nape, n. fishing line. Năpĭ, nănăpĭ, v. i. cling tightly.

Kia mau te nanapi ou ringa-

ringa, kei taka koe.

Nătĭ, nănătĭ, v. t. 1. pinch or contract, as by means of a ligature &c. Nanati i te kaki; throttle; strangle. 2. fasten raupo on the walls of a house. Tokohia nga tangata i natia ai te whare nei. 3. restrain; stifle. Kaua e natia taku korero.

constricted. Ka natinati toku korokoro.

Nătu, v. t. 1. scratch. He kararehe natunatu. 2. stir up; Ka natua te kai ki te mix. hinu.

Nau, preposition na with pronoun of the 2nd person singular, by or belonging to thee. See na.

Nau mai. Nău, v. i. come.

naunau, v. t. take up. Kihai i tae te naunau.

naunau, a. angry.

whakanau, v. t. refuse. E kore matou e ahei te whakanau atu. whakananau, v. i. be angry.

Năuhěa, n. vagabond.

Năuhŭrĭ, n. a fresh-water fish.

Năumăi, welcome!

naumai, n. guest. Waiho au kia mahi ana i taku mahi; ko aku naumai kia tae mai ki a au.

Naunau, see under nau.

Năupătă, n. a shrub.

Năupĭrŏ, n. a shrub.

Nāwāi, ad. denoting regular process of time, and always followed by a. Nawai i tata, a ka matara atu ki tawhiti (121). After having been near for some time they came at length to be a long distance off.—Nawai, a ka awatea; at length, or in due course day dawned.

Năwě, nănăwě, v. i. 1. be set on fire. Meake nawe to kakahu. 2. be kindled or excited (as feelings). Nanawe ake ana te aroha i a au ki taku potiki. 4. be unmoveable. Toto noa nga tangata o era wahi i a koe; kaore, kei te nanawe ano.

whakananawe, 1. v. i. loiter, dawdle. E whakananawe atu

2. v. t. fasten. te haere. He tau mo te patu hei whakananawe ki te ringa mau ai.

nawě, n. scar.

No, ad. interrogative, giving emphasis to a question, request, or proposal. Ka haere au ki te tiki ahi, ne? (23) I will go to fetch some fire; shall 1? I. Něhě, n. rafter of a house (R.)

nehenehe, n. forest.

whakanehenehe, v. i. quarrel.

n. ancient times. II. Nehe, He korero na ne-Nehera, hera.

Něhů, n. dust.

nehu, v. t. bury.

nehunehu, a. dusky.

whakanehu, v. t. reduce to pow-

Něhůtši, n. spray from the sea. Něi, ad. denoting position near, or some kind of connection with the speaker. E koro, haria nga toki nei (50).—Often used in relative clauses. Te tohunga e tarai nei i te waka.

Něiněi, v. i. stretch forwards in readiness to fly. E neinei ana te pane o te parera.

whakaneinei, v. i. stretch forwards. Kei te whakaneinei te kaki ki te parua o te kohanga.

neinei, n. dracophyllum latifolium; a shrub.

Někě, v. t. or v. i. move. atu koe ki ko.

whakanekeneke, v. t. cause to move along.

někě, n. roller on which a canoe is dragged.

Neke, n. snake.

Neko, n. a mat.

Někůněků, v. i. decline as the Ka nekuneku te ra; e kore tatou e tae.

Něně, int. calling attention.

ana ki muri; e kore e hohoro whakanene, v. i. 1. jest; sport. E whakanene mai ra nga tamariki. 2. quarrel.

> Nětř, n. a small dart used in play.

> Niao, n. 1. gunwale of a canoe. 2. edge of any open vessel.

Nihi.

nĭnĭhĭ, a. steep.

ninihi, v. i. move stealthily, steal away.

whakaninihi, v. i. move stealthily. Ka whakaninihi i runga i nga kauaeroa.

Nĭhŏ, n. tooth. Niho tapahi; front tooth. Niho kata; eye tooth. Niho pu, or niho purakau; double tooth. Niho waha, or niho hawa; broken tooth. Niho tunga; decayed tooth; toothache.

whakanihoniho, v. i. 1. grow in the shape of teeth. WHakanihoniho ana te rea o nga parareka nei. quarrel. te whakanihoniho nga tamariki.

Nīkšu, n. areca sapida or New Zealand palm.

Nĭkŏ, v. t. tie. Me niko mai te whakaheke.

Nĭkŏ, n. wild cabbage.

Nĭnĭa, v. i. glow. E ninia te taha o te rangi, ka wera te Tihi-o-Manono (61).

Ninihi, see under nihi.

Nĭu, n. certain small sticks used for purposes of divination.

Niwha, n. barb of a fishhook. whakaniwha, v. t. furnish with a barb.

No, prep. 1. from; of; belonging to. (a) as part to the whole. He tikitiki no tona mahunga te harakeke i Otoi? (141) (b) as inhabitant to country. hea koe? No konei ano (23).— No tawhiti tenei tira, no Piako (188). (c) as parent to child. He matua nona a Paka. (d) as

dwelling-place to inhabitant. Ehara i a koe tenei kainga: noku ano (79). (e) as clothes to wearer. Nona nga kakahu i tahaetia nei.

2. of past time. (a) from. No reira ano te ahua matemate oku, a mohoa noa nei. (b) at; in; on. No te ahiahi ano ka haere a WHakatau (61).-No te tatanga ki te hokinga, katahi ano te ika ka kai ki tana matau (101). (c) when. ka oria e te hau (101).

3. until.

No te mea; from the fact that; because. Kaore ano i kitea noatia, no te mea i rite ki a ratou te kiri te ma (179). --No reira; no kona; no konei; therefore; wherefore. kona hoki te whakataukitanga iho a Toi (63). No hea, interrogatively, is often equivalent to a decided negative. No hea e mana, no hea e aha? (99) It was of no avail whatever.

Noa, a. 1. free from 'tapu', or any other restriction. Ka hurihia te hurihanga takapau, ruahine rawa, kakahi rawa, ka noa (22). 2. within one's power. Kia noa katoa ai i a ia ratou (8). 3. of no moment. He mea noa ano.

noa, ad. 1. without restraint. Ka oti te tuku kia haere noa. of oneself; spontaneously. Nana ano i momoe noa (62). 3. with oneself Hua noa, kaore ano koe i whakaaetia atu (194). 4. gratuitously. He mea homai noa nana taua moni. random; without object. Ka rere te wahine nei ki tana haere noa atu, ki Tauranga, a ana haere noa atu.—Ka noho noa iho a Manaia (117). 6. Noko, n. stern of a canoe.

fruitlessly. To noa, to noa; te taea (76). 7. intensive and to be rendered by quite, altogether &c. according to the con-E takoto mai nei ano aua kura, a tae noa mai ki tenei ra (74).—Ehara enei wahine i konei; no tawhiti noa atu (146). 8. already. Kua u noa mai ia i runga i tona waka a Ruaco (76). 9. just; merely. Kia iti noa nei.

Nŏhĭnŏhĭ, a. small. pl. nonohi. Noho, v. i. 1. sit. Tae atu ratou, ka noho ki raro (172). 2. stay. Ka ahiahi, ka noho tahi ki a Paoa (189). 3. dwell; live. Kei tona pa ano e noho ana (189). 4. cohabit. Ko ta Tamatiriwa, ka noho i a Hituri (114). Pass. nohoia, 1. be inhabited; be sat upon &c. tahi ka nohoia taua wahi. be kept or celebrated. Ka nohoia te purenga o Manaia (13). nohoanga, n. seat.

Nohoku, a lengthened form of noku; see **noku.**

Nohou, a lengthened form of nou; see nou.

Nohunohu, a. unpalatable; nauseous.

Nŏi, v. i. be elevated; be high up. Apopo ka pou i te kai nei, kia rokohanga mai kua noi ki runga (142).—Te maunga e noi mai, rere!

whakanoi, v. t. hang up; elevate. WHakanoia nga tuna ki runga ki te pataka.

nonoi, a. 1. urgent. Kia nonoi te mahi ka takirua ai te tangata. 2. disfigured. Nonoi mai ana nga paparinga o te koroke nei.

Nŏkĕ, n. earth-worm.

nonokě, v. i. struggle togetker; wrestle.



Noku, preposition no, with personal pronoun, 1st person singular. See no.

Nona, preposition no, with personal pronoun, 3rd person singular. See no.

Nonahea, ad. interrogative, of time past. from what time; at what time; when. Nonahea koutou nei i u mai ai? (122).

Nonaianei, ad. of time past. to day; just now.

Nonakuara, ad. a little while

Nonămătă, ad. a long time ugo. Nonanahi, ad. yesterday.

Nonaoako, ad. the day before yesterday.

Nonaoakenui, ad. three days ago. Nonapo, ad. last night.

Nonawhea, the same as nonahea. None, v. t. consume; waste. Ko

nga mea anake a nga Maori e nonea ana e ia,

Noni, a. crooked; bent. Nau i whakanoni te rarangi.

noni, n. 1. bend; turn. Tera te wai kei te noni o te taiepa. 2. fish-hook.

Nŏnŏkŭră, a. red.

Nŏtĭ, nŏnŏti, v. t. pinch or contract, as with a band or ligature. Ka rongo ki te mamae o nga taura, kua nonoti tonu ra i waenganui o te puku (152). Nonoti i te kaki; throttle. Ka rere mai ki a au ka nonoti i taku kaki.

whakanoti, v. t. 1. draw to-| numinumi, a. ashamed.

gether with a cord, as a bag &c. 2. cover fire with ashes, to prevent it from burning quickly

Nou, preposition no with personal pronoun 2nd person singu-

Nowema, n. November.

Nŭi, a. 1. great. E nui ana te ngaru; e kore e puta te waka. 2. superior; of high rank. Kihai i hanga ake tana wahine; he rangatira nui no tenei whenua (196).3. many. He nui te tangata o roto o taua pa (166). Plural nunui. He maioro nunui nga maioro (166). nui, ad. in public.

nuinga, n. party; people. Ka hoki a Paoa ki ona hoa, ki tona nuinga (196).

Nŭkă, v. t. deceive. E nuka ana mai koe ki a au.

Nŭkărău, v. t. deceive. Kei nukarautia tatou.

Nŭkě, a. crooked; humped. nuke tona tuara.

Nuku, n. wide extent. Kei te nuku o te whenua nga mahinga kai.—also of the sea. Matahorua te waka nana i toro te nuku roa (109).

nuku, v. t. or v. i. move. Nuku+ hia te pou nei ki tawhiti.

Numi.

nunumi, v. i. disappear behind. Inamata kua nunumi ki tua o te toka ra (170).

ngaehe (R.).

NG.

I. NGā, plural of te, the. II. NGā, v. i. breathe, generally NGae. connected with manawa. nga te manawa; he breathes. NGaehe, v. i. rustle. Tukua kia nga toku manawa; ngaehe, n. tide. Kua tokari te allow me to take breath.

whäkängā, v. i. take breath. Ka ngăengăe, n. heel (R.).

NGaeke, v. i. crack; tear.

NGaeki, v. i. yield to the touch; give way. Ka takahia te pukorukoru, ka ngaeki noa.

ngaeki, n. swamp.

ngaekieki, v. i. overflow. NGaekieki ana te tai nei, huri ana mai ki waenga parae.

NGăeŏ, n. a fresh water shellfish; unio.

NGaere, v. i. quake; oscillate as Ka ngaere a raro o te a bog. whenua.

NGăerŏerŏ, n. young eel.

NGăhăngăhă, a. frivolous. WHakangahangaha noa nei ki Compare hangate korero. hanga.

NGăhăe, v. i. 1. be torn. Ka ngahae te ata (111).

ngāhāehāe, a. turn into strips. NGăhău, a. 1. infected by example. 2. brisk.

ngahau, n. 1. force of example. 2. dance.

whakangahau, v. i. lead by example.

NGăhěhě, the same as ngaehe.

NGăhĕngăhĕ, a. wasted; weak. Kua ngahengahe noa iho oku iwi, kua koroheke.

ngahengahe, n. forest. Comp. nehenehe.

NGahere, n. forest.

NGăhiri, n. 1. hum of many voices. WHakarongo ki te ngahiri (190). 2. abundance of NGakaunui, a. hearty; eager. Kia kaha te mahi; he crops. ngahiri kitenga kotahi.

NGāhŏahŏa, n. heud-uche.

NGahoro, v. i. 1. drop off or Ka ngahoro nga kai o to 2. be abundant. ngahoro te hua o te paukena. ngahoro, ad. and upwards. and upwards.

NGăhŭa, v. i. swarm; appear in great numbers.

NGăhŭrŭ, a. *ten*.

ngahuru, n. the name of the 11th and 12th months, the 11th being ngahuru-kai-paenga, and the 12th simply ngahuru; harvest time. Taihoa tatou e haere ki reira, hei te ngahuru; kia rupeke te kai ki te hapoko (189).

NGăingăi, n. a shell-fish; the same as kokota.

NGăiŏ, n. myoporum lætum; a tree.

whakangaio, v. i. sport; makebelieve. Ehara i te whakapupuni pononga, he whakangaio nana (133).

ngahae toku kakahu. 2. dawn. NGaiore, n. a fish; the same as inanga.

> NGākāu, n. 1. bowels; viscera. 2. heart; seat of the affections. E awangawanga ana te ngakau. - Oranga ngakau, comfort. Haere koutou, e hoki ki to tatou matua, hei oranga ngakau mona (184).—He whare ngakau; a house built in order to get up an expedition to avenge the death of some one.

> whakangakau, v. i. bear malice; entertain a malicious desire. tama, e tama, whakangakau rawa koe ki te patu i a au?

> NGākāukŏrē, a. disinclined; having no heart for doing a thing.

> NGakě, n. middle of a fishing net.

NGaki, v. t. 1. clear from weeds; cultivate. 2. avenge. Ko wai hei ngaki i tou mate? - NGaki mate; take vengeance. Ka tahuri mai ki te ngaki mate mo tona whakairinga ki runga ki te whare (66).

rua rau ngahoro; two hundred ngakinga, n. clearing; plot of cultivated ground.

NGākihi, n. 1. patella; a shell fish. 2. rock-oyster.

NGăkŏ, n. fat.

whakangako, v. t. make game of. Ka marama akuanei te tuhituhi, e kore e whakangakotia.

NGākŏikŏi, n. a fish.

NGakungaku, a. reduced to shreds. NGakungaku noa iho ta matou kai. See nakunaku.

NGakuru, v. i. 1. drop off or out. Compare ngahoro. 2. be set (as fruit). Ka ngakuru te pititi.

NGami.

whakangami, v. t. swallow up. (R.)

NGănă, v. i. be eagerly intent. Kei te ngana a Kupe ki te tapatapahi i nga kawekawe (110).

whakanganangana, v. i. make ado.

ngăngănă, a. red. He rakau ngangana te totara.

I. NGanga, v. i. make a noise. Kati te nganga.

II. NGanga, n. 1. stone. 2. hail. 3. dregs: refuse.

NGangahu, a. sharp.

ngangahu, v. i. 1. distort the features. Kahore aku korero ki a tera; ko oku whatu i ngangahu, a heoi ano. 2. dance. Ko reira ia pai ai te rere ki mua ngangahu ai (167).

NGangana, see under ngana. NGangara, see under ngara.

NGangarangi, n. a variety of potato.

NGangare, see under ngare.

NGangau, see under ngau.

NGangengange. pierced a. through.

NGăngī, n. cry of distress; noise. Taro kau iho, kua ngaro noa iho te ngangi; ko te tai anake e aki ana (93).

NGão, n. 1. palate. 2. prominent NGārara, n. reptile; insect.

hia nga ngao o te rakau. sprout; shoot. Heoi te roa o te ngao.

ngaongao, n. a shell-fish.

whakangao, v. t. put forth; sprout. E whakangao ana i nga

NGšoki, v. i. creep; crawl. ngaoki mai ra te turoro.

NGšoko, v. i. 1. feel a tickling sensation; itch. Taukahore te ngaoko o te tuiau. 2. move slightly; stir. Te ngaoko te aha, ko te tumu kau ano ki a ia (15).

whakangaoko, v. t. tickle; amuse. Korero i ta korua whakangaokooko. Go on with your entertaining talk.

NGăore, n. a fish; the same as inanga.

ngaore, a. succulent; tender. He ngaore te tupu o te mara.

NGăotu, n. a method of working timber with the adze. ngaotu tenei tarai.

NGăpu, v. i. 1. oscillate or undulate, as swampy ground. Ka ngapu te repo i te takahanga. 2. stretch forwards, ready to Ka ngapu nga tangata ki te oma.

NGără, ngăngără, v. i. snarl. ngarangara, n. anything small. A matou ngarangara korero.

NGārā, pron. they; them. I ki atu ano au ki a ngara.

NGārāhu, n. 1. charcoal. 2. any 3. war-dance. black pigment. Kei te tutu ngarahu te taua.

ngarahu, v. i. take counsel; be thoughtful. He ngarahu he i mate ai te taua.

whakangarahu, v. t. devise ; plot.

NGārāhŭ-tāuā, n. 1. war-dance. 2. a sheel-fish.

part; roughness. Meake waru- I. NGare, n. family; number of

people connected by blood. te ngare o te WHanau a Kai, me te ngare o Rotonga, me te ngare o Hinetu.

II. NGăre, v. t. 1. send. NGarea mai he tangata hei tiki i a au. 2. urge.

ngăngărĕ, v. i. quarrel. Kihai ia i puta mai; penei kua ngangare ke.

NGarehe, n. forest (transposed from ngahere).

NGārēhu, the same as ngarahu. NGaringari, n. song to make people pull together. Ko matou kei te hapai i te mea taimaha, ka tika ma matou te ngaringari.

whakangari, v. t. tease.

NGăringăria, n. shame. Ka mate au i te ngaringaria i te pakehakore.

I. NGărŏ, n. fly.

II. NGaro, a. 1. hidden; out of sight; absent. Kua ngaro te ra (47). 2. missing; lost. I haere tahi ano koutou, ka ngaro nei ia i to koutou hokinga mai nei (95). 3. unintelligible; not Kei te ngaro tonu i perceived. a au to korero. 4. passed into Kua ngaro ki roto anything. ki te mahanga (151).

whakangaro, v.t. put out of sight; destroy.

NGăru, n. wave of the sea.

ngarungaru, a. rough with waves. NGărue, v. i. shake; move to and fro.

whakangarue, v. i. shake.

NGarŭrŭ, a. 1. surfeited. 2. affected with head ache.

ngaruru, n. a shell fish; the same as toitoi.

NGărŭrŭ, a. abundant.

I. NGătă, n. snail; slug; leech. II. NGătă, a. 1. appeased; satisfied. Kihai i ngata te puku riri o Waikato ki nga tangata o taua pa nei (166). 2. dry. NGāwhāriki, n. boiling spring.

Ka ngata te wahie nei i roto i te kapura.

NGātăhĭ, ad. together.

NGatahure, a. one. (R.)

NGătătă, a. split; chapt. Ka ngatata toku waewae.

NGātătăhi, ad. togetker.

NGătěrĭ, v. i. vibrate; skake. NGateri ana te whenua i te tangi o te pu.

NGătětě, v, i. crackle.

NGău, v. t. 1. bite; gnaw. ngau ana te kuri i te wheua. 2. gall; hurt. E ngau tonu ana te mamae i roto i oku iwi. 3. plunder. I te ngau pea i te kainga o Te Tawa.

whakangau, v. t. hunt with dogs. Ka mau a Ihenga ki nga kuri hei whakangau kiwi (78). 2. cause to be struck with a weapon. Ka takiritia mai te taha i roto i te wai ra; katahi ka whakangaua atu ki te patu e haua mai ra ki a ia (91).

ngăngău, v. i. make a disturbance.

NGāŭeŭe, v. i. shake.

NGawaki, v. i. bend the knees. Kua ngawaki atu nga turi ki raro.

NGāwārĭ, a. 1. soft. He oneone ngawari. 2. supple. 3. moving easily; quick. Kia ngawari te 4. accommodating; kind. hoe. 5. obedient.

whakangawari, v. i. move quickly. Wahi iti te whakangawaringa atu, kei Rawaki (144).

NGawěki, v. i. creep.

NGawha, n. 1. boiling spring. 2. bulrush.

NGawha, v. i. 1. burst open. Kua ngawha te upoko. 2. overflow banks.

NGawhara, v. i. crumble. NGawhara noa te wahie nei i te akinga a te wahie.

NGawhere, v. i. break up; crum-E kore e ngawhere te kowhatu nei.

NGawhewhe, a. torn; worn out. Kua ngawhewhe toku kakahu. NGawhi, v. i. suffer penalty.

Akuanci nei ka ngawhi koc.

ngawhingawhi, a. torn; worn

NGawī, v. i. 1. go. Ka ngawi noa te tangata ki tawhiti. squeal: howl. Na wai te kuri e ngawi mai nei.

NGawiri, a. ten. (R.)

NGē, n. 1. noise. 2. thicket. Ka noho ki roto ki te pirita, ki te nge, ki te hurupi.

NGĕ, 1. a prefix to certain pronouns as nge-au, nge-ona &c. without modifying the meaning. 2. suffix to certain adverbs as pea-nge, koa-nge.

NGěhě.

whakangehengehe, v. i. counterfeit sickness.

NGěi, n. a fish.

ngeingei, a. stretching forth.

whakangeingei, v.i. stretch forth. Ka whakangeingei te kawei o te hue.

Ngěně, n. scrofulous wen.

whakangenengene, v. i. muffle oneself up. WHakangenengene ana te tangata ra ki roto ki tona kakahu.

MGenge, a. weary; tired. Kaore au i tae atu i te ngenge.

NGengere, see under ngere.

NGengeri, see under ngeri. NGengero, see under ngero.

NGëngëti, n. a shell-fish.

NGërë, a. passed by; not served. Tokorua o maua i ngere.

ngerengere, n. 1. property; goods. 2. part of the fortification of a pa. Katahi ka tomokia te pa, ka horo tetahi ngerengere (66). 3. a disease, said to be NGŏengŏe, v. i. scream. peculiar to the neighbourhood

of Taupo, characterized by numerous swellings over the body, and the loss of the extremities. ngěngěrě, v. i. growl.

NGěri, n. 1. chaunt recited in launching a canoe &c. rough kind of mat.

ngěngěri, v. i. grunt.

NGĕrŏ.

ngěrŏngěrŏ, a. very many. tini ngerongero.

ngěngěro, n. blue shark; the same as tuatini.

NGěnĭ, n. cat. (R.)

NGetangeta, n. worn out mat. NGĕtĕ.

ngetengete, v. i. 1. make a clicking sound with the tongue. 2. express surprise or regret. Compare ketekete.

whakangete, v. t. urge on horse.

NGia, v. i. seem. E ngia ano i tawhiti koe, ina te rangona taku karanga.

NGiha, v. i. burn. Ka ahiahi, ka ngiha te ahi (139).

ngiha, n. fire. Tahuna te ngiha. ngihangiha, a. full. NGihangiha noa te awa i te rakau.

NGihongiho, n. small potatoes.

NGio, a. extinguished. Kua ngio te kora. (R.)

ngingio, a. withered; shrivelled. ngingio, v. i. laugh Ka ngingio noa nga tamariki.

NGiră, n. needle.

NGita, v. t. bring; carry. NGitaa atu te mea nei. (R.)

ngita, a. fast; firm; secure. Patua te whao kia ngita.

whakangita, v. t. 1. make fast. WHakangitaia mai to kuri. 2. shoot out. Me waiho kete ranei nga kai, me whakangita ranei?

Katahi ka werohia te tui ra, ka tu;

te ngoengoetanga, NGŏĕtŏĕtŏ, n. a kind of eel. NGŏhĕ.

ngŏhĕngŏhĕ, a. 1. supple; soft. Kawea nga aka nei ki te wai kia ngohengohe ai.—Ngohengohe ana nga paparinga, of the cheeks in laughter. 2. strong; active.

ngohe, n. strength; activity. ngongohe, a. withered; flaccid. NGohi, n. 1. fish. 2. troop or company of fighting men.

NGohiwe, n. a kind of eel.

NGŏi, n. 1. strength; energy. Hore he ngoi, he aha. 2. topknot.

ngoingoi, n. old woman. NGŏikŏrĕ, a. weak.

NGōirŏ, n. 1. conger-eel. young eels.

NGokĭ, v. i. creep.

NGöngöngöngö, a. crippled.

NGöngĭ, n. water.

NGongo, i. v. i. 1. waste away; become thin. E ngongo ana oku waewae i te mate. 2. sail close to the wind. NGongo tonu to tatou poti. ii. v. t. suck through a tube.

ngongo, n. sick person.

NGŏngŏhău, n. jib.

NGongore, see under ngore.

NGongori, see under ngori.

NGorangora, n. small kumara.

I. NGore, v. t. entice. He ngore i te tupua, me ata ngore marire.

II. NGŏrĕ, a. 1. soft; flaccid. 2. having the edge turned; wireedged.

ngore, n. a kind of mat. (R.) ngŏngŏrĕ, a. blunt; without a barb (as a fish-hook).

ngorengore, n. young eel.

NGŏrĭ, ngongori, a. weak; listless. NGongori kau; kahore he kaha.

katahi ka ngoringori, n. a small black eel. rangona e nga wahine nei (137). NGoro.—ngŏngŏrŏ, v. i. 1. snore. NGongoro ana te ihu o te poaka. 2. utter exclamations of surprise or admiration. Ka tangi te ngongoro a te iwi ra ki te ahua o te tangata ra.

NGöröngă, n. a shell fish.

I. NGote, n. small potato.

II. NGote, v. i. suck. Kahore e ngote te tamaiti nei.

I. NGoto, n. head.

II. NGoto, v. i. 1. strike deep. Kia ngoto te hoe. 2. penetrate. Kai te mata ngira tonu Te ngotonga ki roto ra. Aue te mamae i!

NGotu.—ngŏtŭngŏtŭ, or ngōngŏtŭ, n. firebrand; half burnt stick.

NGoungou, a. thoroughly ripe; well cooked; soft. He hanga ngoungou noa.

ngoungou, n. 1. live coal. 2. a fashion of wearing the hair tied up in a knot at the forehead.

NGouruuru, a. few. NGouruuru kau ake nga rakau i mahue.

NGu, n. 1. squid. 2. animalculæ in the sea. 3. tattoo marks on the upper part of the nose.

ngungu, v. t. gnaw.

whakangungu, v. i. refuse to speak.

NGŭ.

whakangungu, v. t. fend; ward off. WHakangungu-rakau, a closely woven mat, worn to defend the person from missiles.

NGŭhă, v. i. rage; snort.

NGunguru, see under nguru.

NGŭnŭ, n. worm.

NGupără, n. a small fresh water mussel.

NGuru.—ngunguru, v. i. 1. utter a suppressed groan, sigh or grunt. 2. rumble.

NGŭtŭ, n. 1. lip.

whakangutungutu, v. t. grumble NGŭtŭkão, n. a fish. at; scold. He aha tau e whaka- NGŭtŭkŭră, n. a pattern of carvngutungutu mai na koe ki a au? ing or ornamental painting.

2. rim of a NGutu-awa, n. mouth of a river. NGŭtŭhŏrĕ, a. wasteful.

0.

I. O, n. provision for a journey. | OATI (o), n. oath. Kei te hao inanga, kei te rou OATI, v.i. swear. kakahi, hei o ki te Taiapu (157).

II. O, v. i. 1. find room; be capable of being contained or inclosed. Ka tomo te kaipuke; e kore e o nga ponaka. get in; implying difficulty or reluctance.

III. O, plural of to. See to.

- IV. O, prep. 1. of; belonging to: used in speaking of parts of a whole, names, qualities, feelings, places occupied, houses, · land, inhabitants, water for drinking &c., medicine, clothes, parents, superiors; also of the derivative nouns of adjectives and intransitive verbs, and of those of transitive verbs when they are used passively. ngutu o te ana.—Te ahua o taua ngarara nei (156).—NGa tangata o te kainga o Te WHata. — Te toanga o enei tangata (156). —Te tahunga o te Arawa e Raumati (93). Compare a. prep. 2. from (place). NGa tangata e haere ana o Rotorua ki Taupo (149). — (time). O reira mai ano a mohoa ona nei. 3. *at*taching to. Kahore he manukanuka o te haere.
- V. O, int. in answer to a call, to shew that the call is heard. hence
- o, v. i. answer. Kihai rawa i o mai.

whakao, v. i. answer.

Oha and ohaoha, a. 1. generous. He tangata oha. 2. abundant. Ka rahuitia nga pipi, ka oha. oha, n. 1. relic; keepsake; anything which serves to keep a departed friend in remembrance. Haere mai koe, te oha o nga tangata mātua. 2. dying speech. WHakatau-oha, make a dying spe**c**ch.

Ohia, (ō) v. t. 1. long after. Ko te ngakau e ohia ake ana ki taua mea. 2. approve. Kahore he tangata i ohia mai ki taku karanga i tainahi, ko te tunga tera mo nga hoiho. 3. think on the spur of the moment. He whakaaro ohia noa ake naku.

Ohiti, (ō) a. cautious; on one's guard. Kia ohiti koutou ki nga korero a tera tangata. whakaohiti, v. t. warn.

Oho, (ŏ-ŏ) v.i. 1. start from fear, surprise &c. 2. wake up from sleep. Oho noa ake au i te moe, e whakahengi mai ana ia ki a au. 3. begin speaking. whakaoho, v. t. startle; rouse.

Ohoěkă, (ŏ-ŏ) n. panax longissimum, a tree; the same as horoeka.

Ohokŭ, (ō-ŏ) for ōkŭ. See oku. Ohomăuri, (ŏ-ŏ) v. i. start suddenly.

Ohongă, (ŏ-ŏ) n. anything which may serve to connect an incantation with the person on whom it is intended to take effect;

which he has touched &c.

Ohorĕrĕ, (ŏ-ŏ) v. i. start suddenly.

Ohu, (ŏ) n. company of volunteer workers. Ka mahara a Manaia kia tuturia he tangata hei ohu waru mo ana tao (117).

ohu, v. t. 1. do by aid of a compary of volunteer workers. ohu to mara, kia hohoro ai. 2. beset in great numbers; surround. Ka ohua koe e matou. Ohŭa, (ō) n. the moon at 13 days old.

Oi, (ŏ) v. i. 1. shudder. Te mea i oi ai taku kiri ko te mahi a Kereopa. 2. grow. I nga rangi ra o taku oinga.

oioi, v. i. 1. shake. E tata koe ki uta, e oioi te ika, e rere ki te taha katau (36). 2. shew reluctance to move. Ko te karakia a enei tangata, oioi noa ai.

whakaoioi, v. t. shake; agitate. I. Oi. (oī) v. i. shout. Ka tangi te oi.

II. Oi, (oī) n. soft mud. Me hoe rawa ki ko; he oi tena wahi. Oikě, (ō) n. the moon at 19 days old.

Okă, (ŏ) v. t. prick; stab.

oka, n. 1. knife; dagger. 2. rafters for a kumara pit.

okaoka, v. t. strip off. Okaokangia he peha mo ta tatou ahi. Okaka, v. i. feel a longing.

Okě, (ŏ) v. i. 1. struggle; wriggle; writhe. 2. put forth all one's strength. Okea ururoatia. be eager. E oke ana te tangata ra ki te haere.

okeoke, a. restless. Ka okeoke tonu te turoro, ka mate.

oke, n. a kind of shark.

okeoke, n. 1. sick person. oven.

OKETOPA, n. October.

as a lock of his hair, anything | Okioi, (ō) n. a bird: the same as hokioi, and hakuai.

> Okioki, (ŏ-ĭ) v. i. rest; pause. Hoake tatou ki te taumata okioki ai.

> whakaokioki, v. t. cause to rest. Oko, (ŏ-ŏ) n. wooden bowl, or other open vessel.

> okooko, v. t. carry in the arms, or in the lap or fold of one's garment. Ma wai e okooko te tamaiti?

> Okŭ, (ō) 1. preposition o with personal pronoun, 1st person singular of me. See o IV. 2. plural of toku. See toku.

> Okuoku, (ŏ-ŭ) a. few. Compare ouou.

> Oma, (ŏ-ă) v. i. run. Pass. omakia, be run for.

> Omaki, (ŏ) v. i. move swiftly; fly. E omaki ana te kapua o te rangi.

Omoomo, n. melon.

whakaomoomo, v. t. attend a sick person.

Ona, (ō-ă) preposition o with personal pronoun, 3rd person singular; of him; of her. o IV.

One, (ŏ-ĕ) n. beach.

oneone, n. earth; soil.

Oněmătŭa, (ŏ) n. loam.

Onepu, n. sand.

Onewa, (ŏ) n. 1. a kind of dark grey stone. 2. any implement made of the same.

Ono, (ŏ-ŏ) a. six.

Ono, (ŏ-ŏ) v. t. plant. Kei te ono riwai NGaitawhiri.

Onoi, v. i. move. E kore koe e onoi mai i te tumu?

Ongaŏngă, n. nettle.

ongaonga, a. rough; prickly. E ongaonga ana te mea nei, taratara tonu.

2. whakaongaonga, v. t. goad; excite. Te karakia whakaongaonga (158).

Onge, (ŏ) a. scarce. He onge no te kai i mahue ai tera wahi. ongeonge, a. 1. scarce. Ka ongeonge nga kai ka hamuhamu i nga puka. 2. lonely. Ka ongeonge pea te tangata kotahi.

onge, n. a bird.

Opĕ, (ŏ) v. t. 1. scrape up; scrape together. Opea mai to kapura ki waho. 2. scratch the head &c. ope, n. troop; number of persons moving together.

OpI, (ŏ) a. terrified. Opi ana tera au i te mataku.

Opungă, (ō) n. a kind of conglomerate stone.

Opure, (5) a. pied; varied with patches of colour; in patches. He opure to mara a Hare.

Oră, (ŏ) a. 1. alive. 2. well in health. 3. safe; escaped; recovered. E, kua ora a Raumati (102). 4. satiated; satisfied with food. "Te ora iti o Kahutore". luxuries, as opposed to necessaries.

ora, n. slave. Kei hea nga ora wahine?

oranga, n. food.

Oră, (ŏ) n. wedge.

Orăiti, (ŏ) a. escaping with difficulty. Ka tangi raua mo te oraititanga o tona teina (50).

Orănoa, (ö) a. escuping with difficulty. Oranoa matou i te tahuritanga o te waka.

Oraora, (ŏ-ă) v. i. shake; wag. Heoi ano; oraora kau ana ko te hiku kau (160).

Orăpitŏ, (ŏ) a. escaping narrowly. Oră, (ŏ) v. t. 1. bore. 2. search out secretly.

oreore, v. i. shake.

oreore, ad. very dry. Pakupaku oreore.

Orea, (ō) n. a kind of eel.

Ori, (ö-i) v. t. 1. cause to wave to and fro. Ka oria e te hau.
2. E ori mai ana te tupapaku,

kua tae mai tona wairua ki konei.

ori, n. 1. bad weather. Ka rokohina e te ori ki Tokomaru ka noho. 2. prey of disease. He ori matou na te mate nei. 3. place where people have been carried off by disease. Kaua e noho i runga i te ori, kei piri mai te mate ki a koe.

whakaoriori, n. song chaunted over a child by a person holding the child in his arms.

Oro, (ŏ-ŏ) v. t. sharpen on a stone; grind. Kia oroia taku toki, ka haere ai au ki te mahi.

Oroko, (ō-ŏ-ŏ) ad. for the first time. Kihai i oroko kumea, kua puta kei waho o te ana (160).

Orongonui, n. the moon at 28 days old.

Oropapa, a. all alike without exception. Ka oropapa nga kino o te kainga nei i te kainga nei te whakarite.

Orota, a. 1. voracious; destructive. E tama, he autaia koe, he orota. 2. exterminated; utterly consumed. Orota ana tera te tangata whenua i te patunga a te taua; kahore he morehu.

Oru, (ŏ-ŭ) a. boggy. E oru ana te whenua.

oru, n. 1. bog. 2. sting-ray.

Ota, (ŏ-ă) n. sawdust.

otaota, n. herbs in general; weeds; litter. Tarakea atu nga otaota. ota, a. green; uncooked.

ota, v. t. eat in a green state.

I otaina e matou nga kumara.

Otāně, (ō) n. the moon at 25 days old.

Oti, (ö-1) 1. finished, with a verb in the infinitive to denote the operation which is finished. Kua oti te waka te tarai. 2. with atu or mai, gone or come for good. Ka oti atu a Hakiri; el kore e hoki mai.

whakaoti, v. i. finish.

whakaotinga, n. youngest child of a family. Ko Pehi to matou whakaotinga. See heoti.

Oti, (ŏ-ĭ) ad. in question, then. E kore oti koe e haere?

Otiia, (ŏ-ĭ-ĭa) conj. but; but on the other hand.

Otira, (ŏ-ĭ-ā) conj. but; but indeed; but at the same time. Owhiti, a. See ohiti.

Nona ano taua kainga; otira no matou katoa.

Ou, (ō-ŭ) 1. preposition o with personal pronoun, 2nd person singular; of thee. See o prep.

Ouĕ, n. a variety of phormium tenax, with leaves of a brown colour.

Ouĕnŭkŭ, n. rainbow.

Оимй, n. oven.

Ouou, (ŏ-ŏ) a. few.

Owhanga, (ō) n. nest.

Ρ.

I. Pā, v. t. (pass. pangia or | pakia). 1. touch. Kua pa atu nga ringa ki aua pohutukawa, ana, ngahoro noa iho (74).--Kahore te turoro nei e pa kai. 2. hold personal communication Nonanahi ia i pa mai ai kia au. 3. affect. Kai pangia koe e te mamae. 4. reuch one's ears. Ka pa te karanga a te tanga nei, "Ko te Kahureremoa" (148).

whakapa, v. t. 1. touch. 2. tell privately. Tekaha ko Hemi, whakapakia ana ki te wahine. -make secret suggestions. whakapāpā haere nakoe ki te rakau ra kia tukua ki raro.

II. Pa, v. t. (pass. paia) 1. block up; obstruct. He aha ra te ara nei i paia ai? 2. Ka paia te huaki; the assault is made.

whakapa, v. t. close up.

whakapakanga, n. youngest in a family. Te matou whakapakanga (10); our youngest brother.

pa, n. 1. stockade; fortified place. e ingoa o tona pa ko WHakawa (182). 2. weir for catching &c. 3. anything wherewith open place is blocked up; barricade. 4. fat covering the inwards of animals.

III. Pa, v. i. 1. be struck. noa atu ratou e epaepa ana i a ia, kihai hoki i pa (16). 2. begin to ebb. Ka pa te tai.

IV. Pa, n. a term of address. Tauti mai, e pa!

Păe, n. 1. horizon. Ka puta te ra i raro i te pae.-Kia ngaro te tu-a-pae whenua (21). region; direction. Kei whea te pae ki toku matua? (136). 3. horizontal ridges parallel to one another. 4. step in a stair-5. perch; rest. He pae case. koau.—Te pae mo taku pu. 6. circumference measured by the maro with the extended arms. He rakau nui, e toru te pae. -Pae tahi hamama te rakau nei. 7. ropes by which a seine is hauled, the upper and lower ropes being called respectively, pae-runga, and pae-raro.

pae, v. i. 1. lie across. He aha te mea e pae mai nei i te ara? 2. lie on one side; and so 3. be collected together; lie ready for use. Kua pae nga rakau 4. be laid to mo te whare. the charge of any one.

paku nei. 5. be cast on shore. E pae ana tera i uta, kua mate (93). Pass. paea in the same sense. I paea te kaipuke ki NGunguru.

pae, v. t. surround with a border. Paea mai nga parua o te umu, kia hoki mai ai te mamaoa ki roto.

păpăe, v. i. be driven broadside on shore. Ka papae te waka, akuanci ka pakaru.

paenga, n. 1. place where anything is laid on one side or across. Hence 2. margin of a cultivation, being the part to which the weeds are thrown. 3. place where pits are constructed for keeping kumara &c. Kei te paenga rua a te Raharaha.

whakapae, v. t. 1. lay across Me whakapae te rakau nei hei arawhata. 2. accuse Ko te take i haere niai ai ia, he whakapaenga ki te rua kumara na ona hoa (136).

paepae, n. 1. threshold; door sill; or anything similar. vessel to hold anything.

Păckură, n. lost property: so called from the red ochre (kura) which was dropped into the sea by Tauninihi, and afterwards picked up on the shore by Mahina. Ko te paekura kite e Mahina (74).

Paemanu, n. collar-bone.

Păepăeroa, n. mat with a broad ornamental border.

Paeroa, n. wind which blows along. the shore.

Paetara, a. Kaho paetara, batten fastened to the uprights of a house to keep them in place; wall-plate.

Păeturi, n. tattooing on the thigh. Păewăe, n. threshold.

pae nei hoki na korua te tupa- Păewăi, n. 1. a kind of eel. 2. batten on the inside of the point between the rauawa and the body of a canoe. 3. driftwood. 4. paewai o te rangi, water horizon. Mehemea ka tino marama te paewai o te rangi.

Pāhākā, n. calabash.

Pāhākě, v. i. bask.

whakapahake, v. i. bask. E wakapahake na i te ra.

Păhăki, n. denoting small relative distance. Kei pahaki tata atu e takoto ana, lying a little beyond.

Pahanahana, v. t. anoint with red ochre and oil.

Pāhāo, v. t. enclose in a net; shut in.

pahao, n. basket used for catching fish.

Pāhău, n. beard.

Păhěkě, v. i. 1. slip. Kei paheke koe. 2. have a running issue.

pāhěkěhěkě, a. slippery.

Păhěmŏ, v. i. 1. pass by; pass on. Kua pahemo te ope o NGatiporou. 2. pass on one side; miss. Kahore i tahitahi ki taku waewae; i pahemo.

Păhěně, v. i. 1. come untied. Kia mau te hotiki, kei paheno. 2. slip away; escape. WHai noa, whai noa, paheno tonu atu. Pāhěngăhěngă, n. a tree.

Pāhengihengi, a. blowing gently. He hau pahengihengi.

Pahi, a. gloomy; disquieted. pahi tona ngakau.

Păhī, n. company of travellers; number of persons in a body. Ko hea te pahi e haere nei.

Pāhĭa, v. t. slap. I pahiatia pea te tamaiti nei, ina ka tangi.

Pāhīhī, v. i. flow in driblets. Pahihi ana te rere.

Păhikă, a. 1. passed on. Kua pahika atu nga tangata o Tokomaru. 2. extending to greater length. Pahika ake taku rakau i tau.

Pāhikohiko, n. bow fence, made of sticks with both ends stuck into the ground; any make-shift fence.

Pāhiwihiwi, a. uneven. Mamae ana au i te pahiwihiwi o toku moenga.

pahiwihiwi, n. a fish.

Păhŏ, a. soaring.

whakapaho, v. t. soar.

Pāhoahoa, n. headache; giddiness; stupor.

Pāhokā, and pāhokāhokā, n. screen or shed made of branches with the butts stuck into the ground.

Păhore, a. 1. scraped off; abraded. Kua pahore te hiako. 2. having the skin rubbed off. He rongoa mo te pahore o toku waewae. 3. dented.

Păhu, n. alarum, made of stone or wood, formerly used in time of war.

Păhū, v. i. burst; explode. Kaanga pāhūhū, popped corn.

Pāhŭa, v. t. plunder. Kua pahuatia te kāinga o Taka.

Păhuhu, v. i. slip off. E mau ana te whakaheke; e kore e pahuhu.

Pāhunu, v. i. burn. (R.)

pahunu, n. fire.

Pahupahu, n. fester.

Păhungă, n. crumb.

Păhure, v. i. 1. pass by. Kua pahure ke nga waka i te ata. 2. come in sight; appear. Tangohia te mea e pahure mai na. 3. escape. Me te manu motu i te mahanga; ehara, ka pahure (64).

whakapahure, v. t. ceuse to pass by.—v. i. be nearly gone by. Pai, a. 1. good. 2. pleasant.

pai, v. i. be pleased: be willing; păkăpăkă, a. dry.

assent. Kihai ia i pai mai ki ta korua korero. —Pass. paingla, be liked; be approved of. E kore e paingla tenei kainga. whakapai, v. t. 1. make good; set in order. 2. pronounce good; praise.

whakapai-ruaki, feel nausea. whakapaipai, v. t. adorn.

whakapaipai, a. ornamental.

Păiăkă, n. 1. root of a tree. 2. weapon made from a root (155).

Păiere, n. bundle. E hia nga paiere raupo?

paiere, v. t. make up into bundles. Paieretia nga rakau.

Păihău, n. 1. beard. 2. wing of a bird.

Păihere, n. or v. the same as paiere.

Pāihi, a. uneasy in mind. Paihi ana tera au i taku rongonga i te korero na.

Păihôrĕ, a. going astray; desultory. Ta te tamariki mahi, paihore ke, paihore ke.

Paike, v. t. strike. Paike a ki te hama.

paikeike, v. t. elevate. Taria mai he oneone hei paikeike mo tenei wahi.

Păikea, a. He whare paikea; a house having the entrance at one end, but no verandah.

Păină, păinăină, v. i. warm oneself. Kia paina atu ahau ki te taha o te kapura.

Păipăi, n. a cutaneous disease.

Păiri, a. disquieted; afraid. Ka pairi toku ngakau ki te pukapuka a NGatiporou.

Paĭwĭiwi, a see pahiwihiwi.

Pākā, or pākākā, a. 1. scorched.
2. red or brown. Kei te wahi pakaka te ara.

Păkă, a. dried. Me i paka te kai nei, ka reka. Pākāhā, a. violent; severe. pakaha ana te mamae.

Pakaiahi, n. fireplace in a canoe &c.

Pakake. n. whale.

Păkăkinăkină, a. hot. E pakakinakina ana te whiti o te ra. Pakakohi, n. fern root.

Păkăku, v. i. 1. make a harsh grating sound. 2. make a repeated knocking.

Păkăngă, n. quarrel; hostilities; war.

Pākāngā, see under pa.

Pakani, a. quarrelsome. Katahi ano taku tangata pakani, ko

Păkărără, n. a kind of eel. Pakarea.

Păkări, a. 1. matured, hard. 2. strong.

whakapakari, v. i. boast.

Păkăru, a. 1. shivered; broken. Kua pakaru te kohua. 2. rent. He pakaru no te poti te hoea ai. 3. put to flight. (N.B. pakaru is not applied to a cord &c. which would be motu; nor to any thing long and stiff, which would be whati.)

pākāru, or **pākārukāru,** v. t. break in pieces. Pakarua te karaha.

Pākšu, or pakaukau, n. wing of a bird, of an army, or of a

Pākāurŏhārŏhā, n. winged grasshopper.

Pākšurua, n. sting ray; a fish. Păkăwhā, n. 1. leaf. 2. husk.

Pākē, n. rough mat made of leaves of kiekie or flax.

Păkě, a. obstinate. Ka pake te I. Păkihi, a. 1. dried up. Hence tangata ra, e kore e whakatika.

whakapakepake, v. t. unsettle; II Pakihi, v. i. dig for fernroot. cause to abscond. Na To Rangi pononga.

E Pake, v. i. crack; emit a sound like that of rending &c. pake te rakau, meake whati.

pākēkē, v. t. scrape. Kia pakeketia nga riwai.

Pākěhā, n. foreigner. Kai pakeha, a kind of sweet potato.

Pākěkā, n. land that has been exhausted by cultivation.

pakekakeka, n. a water plant. Pakěkě, a. 1. hard; stiff. Pakeke tonu, e kore e ngawhere. 2. grown up; adult.

Pākēkē, see under pākē.

Păkěrě, n. outer leaves of a plant, as opposed to rito.

Pakětů, v. t. clear off; cut off. E paketu ana ahau i te taru.

Păkewă, v. i. make a mistake in speaking.

păkewă, a. solitary. He ika pakewa.

I. Paki, a. fair; without rain. Kia paki te rangi ka haere ai tatou.

II. Păki, păpăki, v. t. 1. slap; pat. 2. clap or strike together. Papaki ou ringaringa.—He tai papaki rua, a place where two waves meet.

papaki, n. cliff against which the waves beat.

pakipaki, v. t. 1. slap or pat frequently. 2. cure or preserve by drying. Kei te pakipaki upoko.

pakipaki, n. 1. decoy parrot. 2. fin.

III. Păki, n. girdle. Hei paki putanga mona.

Păkiăkă, n. root of a tree.

Päkihäwä, n. throat fin of a fish. 2. at lowest ebb. Kua pakihi te tai.

I hoki mai au i te pakihi.

i whakapakepake i orua ai taku pakihi, n. place where fernroot is dug.

whakapakihi, v. t. dig super- | whakapakoko, v. t. dry. ficially. Kaua e whakapikihitia te keringa.

Păkihiwi, n. shoulder.

Păkihŏrĕ, a. lazy.

Păkikău, n. garment. Te wahi i waihotia ai ona pakikau (132).

Pākiki, v. t. question frequently or urgently. Ka pakikitia te tane kia korero; kore noa iho e korero.—He aha ra kia pakikitia rawatia e koe?

Păkini, v. t. 1. nip; pinch. 2. nick; notch.

pakini, a. notched. Hore he wahi i pakini.

Păkipăkităi, n. a slimy vegetable matter in the sea.

Pākirā, a. bald.

Păkiri, v. t. shew the teeth; grin. Ka pakiri mai nga niho o te tangata.

Pākirikiri, n. a fish.

Păkirehua, v. i. make enquiries. Ka hoki mai ki konei pakirehua ai.

Păkitără, n. wall of a house.

Păkiwăhă, n. sides of the mouth. pakiwaha, a. boastful. He tangata pakiwaha.

Pako, v. t. glean after the crop has been taken up. E pako kapana ana.

Păkŏa, a. 1. that has become shallow or dry. 2. low; of the tide. Kia pakoa te tai ka haere ai tatou.

Pakohea, a. dried up. Ka pakohea ahau i te ra.

Păkŏhŭ, a. rent; cleft. Ka pakohu tenei wahi.

pakohu, n. chasm.

Pākŏkŏ, a. not producing young; barren.

Pákŏkŏ, a. 1. shrunk; dried up. 2. emaciated; lean. Ka pakoko 🖛 kauwae o te tawhiti nei. old; of the previous year of roots &c. used for food).

whakapakoko, n. image.

Păkongă, a. concave, hollow. E pakonga ana tenei taha.

Păkŏră, a. low (of the tide).

Păkore, a. broken (of anything which breaks to pieces, as an earthen vessel, calabash.)

Pākoro, n. potato stack.

Păkŏrŏ, a. not producing young; barren.

Păku, a. 1. dried. E paku ana taku korokoro. 2. small. whare paku.

paku, n. 1. scab. Kua pakua te toto. 2. small quantity; anything small. E rua rawa nga paku korero o tenei runanga. păpăkŭ, v. i. set; become hard or dry. Kua papaku te hinu i roto i te taha.

pāpākŭ, a. shallow. Kia tuku te wai ka papaku te kauanga.

pakupaku, 1. somewhat dry; shallow. 2. somewhat small. Riri pakupaku, spite.

whakapaku, i. v. i. begin to be dry or small. Ka whakapaku te tai, ina nga manu ka noho i runga i te tahuna. ii. v. t. make dry &c.

Păkū, v. i. 1. make a sudden sound or report. Na wai te pu i paku nei? 2. resound. tangata e haere mai nei, tona rongo e paku nei i nga whenua (189). 3. extend. Na Mauipotiki i tinihanga ki a Hinenuitepo, i pa mai ai he mate ki nga tangata o te ao, paku ki runga, paku ki raro (7).

pākūkū. and whakapakuku. v. i. knock repeatedly.

Pakuka, n. screen from the wind. Pākura, n. water-hen; porphyrio melanotus. Taringa-pakura, stub-He taringa pakura te tangata nei. Tapuwae pakura, a kind of ornamental work in a Pangarangara, n. a fish. Maori building.

pākurākurā, a. red.

pākŭrākŭrā, n. 1. red garment. 2. a fish.

Pākuru, v.i. knock; make a knock-

pakuru, n. two sticks, one of which is held between the teeth and struck with the other.

pakurukuru, n. figurehead of a canoe, consisting of a bust only, without arms.

Pakuwha, n. relation by marriage.

Pāmāmāo, a. distant. pamamao o tou kainga?

Pāmārō, a. 1. solid; hard. 2. steady; without hesitation. Kia pamaro ai te haerenga mai ki waho o te ma (151).

Pănă, v. t. 1. thrust or drive away; expel. 2. cause to come or go forth in any way. He karakia pana tamariki (8).

pănăpănă, v. i. throb. E panapana ana te toto.

Pănăhi, n. convolvulus sepium or c. soldanella.

Pānăko, n. a species of fern.

Pānanaki, v. i. incline with a gentle slope; rise with a gentle ascent.

Pănău, v. i. jump (as a fish). pānaunau, n. gentle ascent of a hill.

Păně, n. head.

Păněkě, i. v. i. move forwards. E kore e paneke te waka. ii. v. t. move. Panekea ake te ta-

pāněkěněkě, n. small edge tool; hatchet.

Pāngă, see pa I.

Păngă, v. t. 1. throw. 2. lay; place Ka pangaa nga kai ki runga ki te waka.

Pāngăngă, a. lean. Hore i te ngohi nei; panganga kau.

Pango, a. black; of dark clour. Păngoro, a. full. Pangoro tonu te waka.

Pāngŏungŏu, n. a fish.

Pāngunungunu, v. t. peel. Pangunungunua he riwai ma tatou.

I. Păni, n. 1. orphan. 2. widow. II. Pani, v. t. paint; besmear. E pani ana te kuia ra i tona

matenga ki te hinu.

III. Păni,—păpăni, v. t. block up. Kua pania tena kuwaha. Pănoho, n. pole for propelling a

canoe. (R.)

Pehea te Panoko, and panokoreia, n. a fish which adheres to rocks.

Pănoni, v. change.

Pānonoko, the same as panoko. Pănŭkŭ, v. i. 1. move on. hai i panuku te rongoa; mau tonu ki te korokoro. 2. expressing lapse of time. Ka tau ko Rehu; panuku tou mai ko Rukupo; panuku tou mai ko Rangiora.

Păo, v. t. 1. strike with a hammer &c. 2. crack or break; and hence applied intransitively to the hatching of eggs. Ka pao nga hua pipipi. 3. Pass. paoa, be scattered. Ka paoa rikiriki nga tangata o reira. The men of that place are scattered like dust.

paopao, v. t. 1. strip off the bark by bruising. 2. refuse any thing which one really wishes for. Me paopao oti? He mokopuna ranei na Rahiri?

Păoă, n. 1. smoke. 2. gall. See also under pao.

Păoĕ, a. solitary.

Păoho, a. on the alarm. Paoho kau ki hea ranei.

Paoi, n. wooden beater for pounding fernroot.

păoi, v. t. pound with a paoi. Kua paoitia he aruhe hei kina-

Păoro, v. i. 1. echo: resound. Paoro ana nga maunga i tetahi taha, i tetahi taha. 2. be jarred by harsh sounds. Paorooro ana nga taringa.

Paowa, see paoa.

I. Pāpā, n. 1. father, or father's or mother's brother. Mana e takitaki te mate o tona papa. a lizard.

II. Pāpā, v. t. ram or compress with the hand. He mea papa te oneone.

Păpă, n. 1. anything broad, flat and hard; flat rock; slab; board. 2. disputed land, or other ground of quarrel. He papa taku ki a ia; I have offended him. riro i a au te papa; I have gained the victory. S. breech; buttock. Kei nga papa te mamae. 4. vessel made of totara bark. E rua nga papa hinu (138). 5. a proper name for the earth, short for Papa-tu-anuku.

papa, v. i. 1. lie flat. 2. be thrown down or overcome. Ko ana tuakana, i papa noa i te ngaunga a Tawhiri ratou ko ana tama **(6)**.

whakapapa, v. i. go slyly or stealthily. Ka whakapapa mai te tangata ra; he tahae pea. v. t. 1. lay one upon another; place in layers. 2. recite in chronological order genealogies, legends &c. I haere mai ia ki te whakapapa i nga kauwhau o mua.

whakapaparanga, n. 1. layer; series of layers. 2. generation. Păpă, v. i. 1. break shortly, or He mea papa noa. suddenly. 2. burst; explode. Papa te whatitiri runga nei. 3. chatter, as the teeth with cold.

ki (94).—Paoia he roi ma ta- | Păpăahŭahŭa, n. shoulder-blade. Papae, see under pae.

> Păpăhewă, a. diseased in the eyes. Păpăhoro, v. i. 1. fall or drop out. Ka maroke nga harakeke, ka papahoro nga kai. 2. flee. Kua papahoro te ope.

> Păpăhū, v. i. *blaze*. Ka papahu te kapura.

Pāpākā, n. 1. crab. 2. a variety of potato.

Păpă-kăi-rā, n. outer surface of the side of a canve.

Păpăki, see under paki.

Pāpāki, v. t. sew one thing upon another, and so 1. patch. Me papaki tou kakahu. 2. sew two ketes mouth to mouth to hold maize &c. Taurakitia, ka maroke, papaki rawa ka whakatu atu ki roto ki to whata.

Papaku, see under paku.

Păpăkură, n. an insect.

Păpămārō, a. 1. kard. 2. obstinate.

Păpăngă, a. kalf-full. Ringihia he wai ki roto, kia papanga.

Păpăngă, n. site. Kotahi papanga kainga.

Pāpăpă, n. 1. celebask. 2. skell of an egg &c. 3. chaff or bran. 4. a kind of moss. 5. a tree. Pāpāpā-kōurā, n. a plant.

Păpăpătua, n. vessel made of totara bark.

Pāpārā, v. i. 1. flow (of the tide). Ka papara te tai. 2. denoting any slight extension of space. I a Te Ranginga a raro; papara atu, i a Pi; papara atu, i a Rua.

Păpărăhi, n. stage for drying kumara.

Pāpārāhua, n. a kind of table from which food is eaten (R.).

Păpără, see under pare. Pāpāringā, n. ckeek.

Pāpāru, a. flat-reofed.

Păpărua, v. t. 1. double. 2. re-

Păpătă, see under pata. Păpătăhi, n. flat land.

Păpătăirită, a. level; of an even surface.

Păpă-tāniwhăniwhă, n. lagenophora Forsteri; a plant.

Păpă-tăngărŏa, n. a shell fish.

Păpătău, n. hard surface. papatautia te wahi ra i te tangata nei te takatakahi.

Păpătăură, n. a red fungus growing on rocks.

Pāpātěa, a. having no tattoo marks on the face.

Păpătu, n. 1. screen for defensive purposes; bulwark. champion.

Păpătŭa, n. land which has not been cultivated.

Păpătupu, n. 1. hard ground. 2. solid muss. I a au te papatupu o te oneone.

Păpăumă, n. coprosma grandifolia; a tree.

Păpăwăi, n. outer surface of the bottom of a canoe.

Păpăwhěnŭa, n. a kind of eel, not full grown; the same as whakaau.

Papipapi, a. confused. Ka papipapi te reo o te tangata nei.

Pāpŭa, a. fruitful. He rakau papua te kahikatea.

Papura, a. purple.

I. Pără, n. 1. sediment; impurity; dross. He wai para horo; water made muddy by a landslip. 2. dust. 3. half of a tree which has been split down the middle. Wahia ana, ko Matatua tetahi para, ko Aotea tetahi (109). 4. a species of cordyline; a tree. 5. marattia salicina; a 6. bravery; spirit. tangata whai para.

părā, 1. turned to dust; rotten. He riri ano ta te tawa uho, PARAKUHI, n. breakfast.

he riri ano ta te tawa para; ara o te rangatira, ona whakatauki (145). 2. turned yellow; sere. Ka para nga kai o to mara.

II. Pără, a. affected with pimples.

III. Pără, v. t. cut down bush &c.; clear. Kei te para a Piwaka i tana waerenga.

Pāră, n. a fish.

Pārăe, n. level or undulating open country.

Parahaere.

Pārāhārāhā, a. flat and thin. WHiri paraharaha, flat cord platted with three strands.

paraharaha, n. 1. hoop iron, or anything similar. 2. tool made of thin iron.

Părăhăkŏ.

whakaparahako, v. t. reject; refuse. He aha koe i whakaparahako ai ki te kakahu mou?

Pārāhi, n. steep slope.

Părāhi, n. brass.

Părăhŭa, n. fresh alluvial deposil.

Părăhua, v. t. take off the bait from a hook. I parahuatia taku matau e te ika.

Părăhunuhunu, v. t. roast. Ka haere tatou ki te parahunuhunu ngote ma tatou.

Paraire, n. bridle.

PARAIREI, n. Friday.

Părăkău, n. slave.

Părăkětě, n. booty.

Pārāki, n. land-wind from the north.

Părākiri, n. innermost fence of a pa, inside the katua or main fence.

Părăkiwăi, n. silt; sediment from a flood.

He Parakoka, n. refuse of flax leaf. Părăkŏkă, n. a fish, the same as părŏrĕ. (R.)

kite mai ki ana paramanawa hei oranga, hari ana (151).

Părănăkŏ, n. a plant.

Părănŏhĭ, v. t. cover with hot stones in a native oven.

I. Părăngia, n. bait for fish.

II. Părăngia, v. pass. be overcome with sleep. Kei parangia koe e te moe.

Părăngunu, v. t. roast. Parangunua he taiawa ma tatou.

Părāoă, n. 1. sperm whale. weapon made of the bone of a sperm whale. Paraoa-roa, weapon made of a whale's rib.

Părāoă, n. flour; bread.

Părăpără, n. 1. sacred place. 2. firstfruits of fish, cooked before the rest. 3. a tree.

Părăpărăhăngă, n. fragments of food.

Părăra, n. 1. sudden and violent gust of wind. 2. bad fern root. Părărăhĭ, a. flat.

Părărē, n. food. Ka haere tatou ki te parare. (R.)

Părărē, v. i. speak or cry loudly; bawl. Parare tonu te mangai o te wahine ra. — Ka parare raua ki te tangi (97).

Părărěkă, n. potato.

Părăriki, n. rust.

PARARUTIKI, a. paralytic.

Părătū, a. high up. Kua paratu noa atu te ra.

Pārău, n. slave; slavery. Ka riro taku tamaiti i te parau.

Părău, a. 1. false. Parau tahi e ta! 2. making fruitless exertions; toiling to no purpose. Ko te iwi ra tera, ka parau kau atu i uta (179). 3. making vain pretensions; speaking falsely. Paraparau kau koe e hoa.

Părăŭri, a. dark in colour; darkskinned.

Părămănăwă, n. refreshment. Ka | Părăweră, n. land where the ferm &c. has been burnt off.

Părăwhĕnŭa, n. flood.

I. Păre, n. band for the hair; ornament for the forehead; wreath. Pare titi; peak of a cap.

II. Păre, and păpăre, v. t. turn aside; ward off. Ka parea te matia, ka hemo.

Pāre, n. barley.

Părehe, a. flattened; bent inwards. He ihu parehe; a flat nose. Ka parehe te tuara i te kawenga.

părěhě, n. flat cake. He parehe aruhe.

I. Părĕhŏ, n. head.

II. Părĕhŏ, v. i. be consumed. Kua pareho ke nga ika i te poti.

Pārĕkĕrĕkĕ, n. sandal.

Părěko, v. i. be consumed.

Părěkůhĭ, v. t. cut the hair short. Părĕkŭră, n. battle; battle-field; place where people have fallen in battle.

Păremătă, n. stern of a vessel. Păremo, a. 1. drowned. Kia tupato ki to tamaiti kei paremo. 2. he arero paremo; a tongue slow in speaking.

Părĕnăkŏ, n. a. tree.

Părengă, n. steep bank of a river. Părĕngŏ, v. i. slip.

pārĕngŏrĕngŏ, a. slippery. kowhatu parengorengo, a term applied to a churlish fellow.

Părepăre, n. 1. breast work in a fortification. 2. defensive charm (173).

Pārĕră, n. 1. duck. 2. a fish. pārĕrărĕră, n. plantago; a plant. Părĕră, n. north-west wind.

Părĕrămăumŭ, a. unable to swim. Părĕtăi, n. bank of a river.

Păretua, n. pad under a load, to protect the back.

Părewhero, n. slaughter in battle.

I. Pări, n. cliff; precipice. Pari karangaranga; echo.

II. Pări, a. flowing (of the tide only). E kore tatou e puta i paru, n. 1. raupo on the walls nga kowhatu; kua pari ke te tai.

III. Pari, v. i. only in the phrase "pari te ihu", be overpowered; be baffled. Kua pari te ihu ki te moe (93).

Pārĭhĭrĭhĭ, n. head.

Părikou, n. a kind of eel.

Pārīrātăngă, n. cessution; intermission. Te ai he pariratanga o te hau nei.

Părirău n. wing of a bird.

Păriri, v. i. shoot up; grow.

pariri, n. 1. shoot of a plant. 2. clearing in the bush where the trees have begun to grow Parurenga, n. prey; booty. again.

Păritea, n. white cliff. Ano te kiri, me he paritea (164).

Pārō, n. 1. hollow of the hand. 2. small basket for cooked food. Păropăro, a. withered; decayed. Părore, a. causing relaxation or weakness. E whiti, e te ra, parore ki te kiri.

parore, n. a fish.

Părŏri, a. awry. Parori ke te kauae.

Păroro, a. cloudy; threatening. Ka titiro ki te rangi e paroro ana, ka noho.

paroro, n. threatening clouds; scud; bad weather. I to mea ka puta te paroro, ka waipuke te whenua.

I. Păru, a. dirty.

paru, n. dirt; mud.

paruparu, n. 1. mud. 2. a preparation of cockles. He rangatira; e kore pea ia e kai i te paruparu (190).

II. Păru, v. t. 1. cover with a Tikina of raupo. whare. 2. lay thatch on the roof without tying. Kotahi te papanga nati, kotahi te papanga paru.

of a house. 2. thatch on the roof. Ka piki raua ki runga ki te tuanui, ka tapatapahia nga paru o the whare (47).

III. Părŭ.

whakaparu, a. high; full (of the tide). He tai whakaparu te tai o te ata.

paruparu, a. deeply laden. Paruparu noa te waka ki raro ki te whenua.

Pārŭa, n. brim or edge of a bowl, nest &c.

Păruăuru, n. one who cultivates the soil.

I. Pārŭrŭ, a. shaded. tonu te mahinga a tuahangata.

II. Pāruru, v. t. rub together. Parurutia nga riwai kia ngahoro ai te ngarehu.

Pătă, n. 1. drop of mater &c. 2. grain of corn &c. 3. a kind of potato. 4. a kind of mat.

pata, and patapata, v. i. drip; fall in drops. Ka pata iho te

papata, n. small waves.

papata, a. covered with spots or pimples.

patapata, n. strings of a mat. whakapata, n. ancient times. No

tua, no whakapata.

Pātăhi, v. i. befal all ulike. hara kahore i patahi ki a tatou.

Pātăi, v. t. 1. question; enquire. Waiho, mana e patai mai. provoke. Ka whakaturia e koe he kara, he patai riri tena. 3. induce. He pataitai naku i te tangata kia whakatika ki runga. 4. jeer; mock.

raupo hei paru mo waho o te whakapatai, v. t. ask. Ka whakapataia mai e te pakeha.

Pātăi, n. a kind of girdle. Pātăkă, n. 1. storehouse raised upon posts; elevated stage for storing food. WHakanoia ki runga ki te pataka. 2. enclosure. He pataka poaka. (R.) Patanga, n. boundary. Ko te

patanga tenei ki a Patahuri raua ko Tirawatu. Pătăpătăiāwhā, n. heavy rain. Pātari, and pātaritari, v. t.

amuse; divert. Pataritaria te tamaiti. 2. allure; entice. Ka whakaritea nga tangata hei pataritari atu i te ngutu o te ana (151). 3. provoke; incite.

whakapataritari, v. t. provoke.

Pātătă, a. near.

Pătătē, v. i. crack; break with a cracking sound.

patate, n. a tree.

Pătăto, v. i. rattle; jingle.

Pātăuă, a. caused by rain. Wai pataua, surface water.

Pātē, n. schefflera digitata; a tree. Pātěa, n. a variety of kumara.

Patěhětěhě, a. short. He raupo patchetche nei.

Pātěngitěngi, n. storehouse for kumara.

Pătěrě, v. i. flow readily. Patere ana nga kupu a Tohitapu.

patere, n. dance.

patere, ad. denoting abundance. Tini patere; exceeding many.

Pătětě, v. i. move along. E kore e patete te waka i te tai timu. patetea, pass. be lengthened or extended. Ka patetea te whare.

Păti, v. t. try to obtain by coaxing, flattery &c. He pati moni i te pakeha i pena ai tana korero.

patipati, a. flattering; deceiving; not to be depended upon. He rongo patipati te rongo o te Kawana ki a au.

whakapati, v. t. flatter; cajole; coax. He aha tau e whakapati? e kore hoki e hoatu.

Pătī, v. i. ooze; spurt; splash. Pati ana te wai o roto ina kainga.

Pātiki, n. a fish; flounder.

Pătiko, ad. heudlong; in haste. Ka rere patiko koe ki Maungawaru rawa ngaro noa atu ai.

Pātiotio, n. 1. a shell-fish. rock covered with mussels.

Pātītī, n. 1. a kind of grass. 2. hatchet.

Pātito, n. eruption on the head; scald head.

Păto, v. i. crack; snap; emit a sharp sudden sound. E pato mai ra te rakau; kei reira te tangata i oma nei.

pātoto, v. i. 1. beat; dash. Koi patoto te tai ki te akau, koi aha. 2. knock repeatedly. bite, as a fish in taking the

Pātŏhě, n. fallow; abandoned cultivation.

Pātoke, v. t. glean potatoes &c. E patoke kapana ana.

Pătoti, v. i. cut a notch or furrow. Patoti noa ai i runga; kaore i hou ki raro.

patoti, a. dented; notched.

Pātŏtŏi, a. chapped. E patotoi ana oku ngutu.

Pātū, n. wall screen.

Pătu, v. t. 1. strike; beat; thrash. Aue rawa ake, ka aue, e patu ana, a roa rawa, ka tukua (19). 2. ill-treat in any way. 3. kill. Ka toia mai ki waho, ka patua, ka mate a Kae (38). patu, n. weapon. Ko te kauae o

tona tupuna tana patu (19). păpătu, v. i. strike together; clash.

Ka papatu a raua rakau. patu, a. Kaho patu; lowest bat-

ten on the roof of a house. Pătupăiărehe, n. demons of evil

influence.

Patutu, n. dogskin mat; the same as puahi.

I. Pău, v. i. 1. be consumed or exhausted. Ko etahi rawhi ka pau ma nga whakaeke. 2. denoting the complete or exhaustive character of any action. Ka pau katoa nga poaka te hopuhopu. With mai or atu it signifies that all have come or gone. I pau mai ano nga tangata o te ope ra ki ro whare.

whakapau, v. t. consume; finish; leave no exception.

II. Pău, n. a kind of potato.

Pāuš, n. 1. haliotis or sea-ear; a shell fish. 2. potatoes blackened from exposure to the weather.

Paŭhŭ, v. i. 1. slip. Kei pauhu atu te rakau. 2. put off; adjourn. Pauhua atu ta tatou mea mo te takiwa o te hanganga i te whare-karakia.

PAUKENA, n. pumpkin.

Pāŭkŭ, n. a garment.

PAUNA, n. pound.

PAUNA, v. t. weigh.

Păwă, n. entrance to a trap. See also paoa.

Păwěkě, v. t. ensnare.

Pāwĕră, a. 1. hot. 2. solicitous; apprehensive. Ka pawera toku ngakau.

Pāwhākārŭa, n. north-east wind. Pāwhārā, a. ripped open.

pāwhārā, v. t. rip open. Ka haehaea te ika nei; pawharatia tonutia i te riu (155).

Pē, and pēpē, a. 1. crushed; mashed. Kua pe ke nga pititi i roto i te kete. 2. soft; easily crushed. 3. suppurating, as a boil. Homai he rongoa hei whakape mo taku whewhe. 4. soiled by any pulpy or viscid substance. Kei pe tou kakahu i te miere.

pēpē, n. soft mass; cake. He pepe roi.

Pěa, ad. 1. perhaps. E kore pea

ia e pai mai ki ahau (131). 2. intensive, sometimes preceded by hoki; indeed; of course. He taniwha hoki pea kei te ara ki Tikitapu (156). 3. for pehea: how.

Pěau, v. i. be turned away. Kua peau ke te ihu o te kaipuke. whakapeau, v. t. turn away. Ko to utu mo to tohunga ta moko, me whakapeau mai ki a au.

I. Pěhă, n. bark; peelings &c.

II. Peha—pĕpĕhă, n. 1. boast.
2. affected speech; witticism.
He pepeha te ki nei, ehara i te ki tuturu.

whakapehapeha, v. i. boast.

Pēhăngă, n. 1. derivative from pehi. See pehi. 2. heap. Te pehanga wahie o kaike mai ra.

Pēhēa, a. interrogative. of what sort, character, appearance &c.

Pehea te ahua o to tane? (52).

pehea, v. t. do or treat in what way. I peheatia te iwi ra i mate ai?

Pēhǐ, i. v. t. 1. press; weigh down. E haere mai ana hoki nga kawekawe, e pehi ana i te waka ki raro (110). 2. repress. E kore e taea tona hiahia te pehi. 3. abolish. 4. sit or brood, as a hen.

ii. v. i. *lie*. E pehi mai ra nga wahie i tua o te whare.

pehi, n. 1. sticks rubbed together to procure fire; especially the kaunoti, or under one. 2. second person killed or taken in battle. I a Tupe te mataika, i a au te pehi.

pehipehi, v. t. waylay. Katahi ka pehipehia mai e Rata i tahaki (55).

pehipehi, n. 1. ambuscade. 2. sill of a door frame. 3. return for a present. Ko te kohi pehipehi nga tangata.

Pēhiakura, n. dicksonia squar- Pěkī, v. i. chirp; twitter. rosa; a fern tree.

Pěi, v. t. drive out; banish. peinga hoki ia na ona

Pěipěi, n. lump of earth; clod. Peihana, n. basin.

Pěkă, n 1. branch of a tree, river &c. hence 2. firewood. 3. fern.

peka, v. i. turn aside.

pekanga, n. branch road. Kia tae koe ki te pekanga o te ara ka noho ki raro.

whakapeka, v. t. refuse. Korero whakapeka, dark saying.

pekapeka, n. 1. bat. 2. windmill toy. 3. some kind of ornament (153).

I. Pěkě, n. upper part of the arm; fore quarter. Ka ngaro katoa nga peke matamua ki roto ki nga koro (151).

II. Pěkě, v. t. leap over. Pekea te awa nei.

pēpěkě, v. i. draw up the legs or arms. Pepeke ou waewae. pěkěpěkě, a. quick. Kia peke-

peke te haere.

whakapeke, v. t. conceal. mau ki te hāte, ka whakapekea ki roto ki ona.

III. Pěkě, v. i. be all gone or II. Pěpě. v. t. attract birds by come, without exception. hore ano au taonga kia peke mai?

Pēkě, n. hag.

Pěkěhāwani, n. the star whose appearance marks the 8th month.

Pěkěpŏhŏ, n. first born child.

Pěkěrángi, v. i. dance.

pekerangi, n. outermost or fourth fence of a complete stockade.

Pěkěrěrě, n. small garment for the shoulders; cape.

Pěkětůa, n. 1. supplementary load carried on the back. 2. a weapon carried in the belt.

manu e peki ana (137).

He Pēna, a. like that which is near, or has some reference to, the person spoken to.

pena, v. t. treat or do in that way. Me pena ia te mahi na? pena, ad. in that case.

Pěnăpěnă, v. t. take care of; tend; keép.

Pēněi, a. like anything near, or connected with the speaker.

penei, v. t. do in this manner. Ko wai ka hua tera e peneitia?

penel, ad. in this case; if the case were thus; otherwise. Me i ora ano a te Arawa, penei e ma nga waka hei hoenga ki Hawaiki (93).

Pěnupěnu, a. mashed. Kua penupenu nga kapana i roto i te kohue.

Pĕo, v. t. beg. E peo kai ana te tamaiti.

Pĕŏi, n. solanum aviculare; a shrub.

Pepa, n. 1. paper. 2. pepper.

I. Pěpě, n. 1. a grub found in rotten wood. 2. moth.

pēpěpě, n. 1. moth or butterfly. 3. a plant. 2. basket.

imitating their cry. Ka mau ki te raurekau, ka pepea.

pepe, n. leaf used for the above purpose. Ma Matete e whakatangi te pepe.

Pepe, a. close together. Akuanei kia pepe te haere.

Pēpē, see under pe.

Pepeha, see under peha.

Pepeke, see under peke. Pēpuere, a. February.

Pēră, like anything which is unconnected either with the speaker or the person addressed. Me i pera te ahua, ka pai ano.

pera, v. t. treat or do in that | Pīhā, n. small kumara.

Peraro, n. a shell-fish.

Pěrě, n. arrow or dart thrown by means of a thong attached to a stick.

pere, v. t. throw an arrow or dart.

perepere, v. t. clear off weeds &c. Me perepere nga taru o te mara ka ngaki ai.

Perehia, n. agrostis aemula, pilosa or Billardieri; grasses.

Pěropěro, n. dog.

Peru, n. 1. fulness about the eyes and lips when a person is angry. Ka tuku nga peru a to tangata. 2. overhanging portion of a roof. E nui ana te peru ki waho.

peruperu, 1. throat feathers of the kökö, or prosthemadera. 2. a kind of dance.

Pětăpětă, a. worn out.

petapeta, n. rags.

petapeta, ad. all at once.

Pěto, v. i. be consumed. Kua peto noa atu te rongoa.

Pěwě, n. anything bow-shaped; so 1. eyebrow. Tu ana nga pewa o te tangata ra; ka riri. new moon. 3. entrance to a trap for birds &c. 4. Pewa ika, roe of a fish.

I. Pī, n. young of birds; chick. II. Pī, v. i. flow (of the tide). Kua pi te tai.

pĭpī, v. i. ooze.

pīpī, v. t. bathe with water.

Pi, n. urine.

Pia, n. 1. gum of trees, or any similar exudation. 2. blind eel. Pĭahăerĕ, n. a plant.

Piango, a. empty. poho.

Pīătă, a. bright; clear; transparent.

Pie, v. t. 1. desire earnestly. call.

Pĭhā, and pĭhāpĭhā, n. gills of a fish.

Pĭhăngă, n. window.

Pīhangaiti, v. i. lie in a heap; be gathered together. Kia pihangaiti nga papa.

whakapihangaiti, v. t. lay in a heup.

Pīhǎo, v. t. surround. Pihaoa! Pihaoa!

Pĭhărău, n. small eel.

Pihareinga, n. cricket. Ko te pihareinga kei te noho marire; mo te raumati ka tangi ai.

Pihe, n. song sung over the bodies of the slain.

pihepihe, n. girdle for the waist. Pĭhĭ, v. i. spring up; begin to grow. Kua pihi nga korau.

pihi, n. a species of grass.

pihi, a. watertight.

pihipihi, n. a bird.

Ріні, вее рини.

Pĭhŏ, n. a variety of potato.

Pīhoihoi, n. ground lark; anthus Novæ Zelandiæ.

Pīhŏngă, a. putrid. He pihonga te kai nei.

Piihi, n. piece; block of land.

Pīkaru, discharge from the eyes. Pikau, v. t. carry on the back: pick-a-back. Kahore he tangata hei pikau i te kete kai.

pikau or pikaunga, n. load for the back.

Pīkāwikāwi, a. flexible; flaccid. I. Piki, v. t. 1. climb. Pikitia te rakau nei ki etahi karaka ma tatou. 2. piki turanga, come to the rescue; assist any one in fighting. I pikitia e ia toku turanga.

Ka piango te pikitanga, n. ascent of a hill &c. whakapiki, v. t. cause to ascend. Katahi a Kupe ka whakapiki i tona waka (109).

> 2. H. Piki, a. frizzled; closely curled.

III. Pĭĸĭ, n. fig.

Pikiarero, n. 1. roof of the mouth. 2. clematis indivisa; a climbing I. Pio, v. i. be extinguished; go plant.

Pĭkĭtără, n. 1. verandah. 2. a kind of eel.

Pĭkŏ, v. i. bend; stoop. Ka piko te rakau; meake whati.

piko, a. bent; curved. He tuara piko.

piko, n. corner; bend. Hei te piko o te awa tatou noho ai. whakapiko, v. t. bend.

whakapiko, n. murder committed upon persons who are in the act of eating food which has been prepared by the murderers.

pikopiko, n. young shoots of ferns. He pikopiko i te ngahere ngakai a te Maori.

Píkŏkŏ, a. hungry.

Pīmĭrŭmĭrŭ, n. a bird.

Pīnăkităngă, n. gentle slope of a hill &c.

Pīnăkĭtĕrĕ, n. a plant.

Pīnăku, n. war-canoe; the same as pitau.

Pine, and pipine, a. close toge-Ko' matou kua pipine mai ki roto noho ai.

PINE, n. pin.

Pīnohi, and pīnohinohi, v. t. place hot stones on food in a native oven, to insure its being Pinohinohia ta tatou cooked. poaka.

pinohi, n. sticks used for handling hot stones; tongs.

Pīnono, v. t. beg; obtain in an artful manner.

Pingão, n. desmoschænus spiralis; a plant.

Pingau, n. 1. a plant; perhaps the same as pingao. 2. strings of a mat.

Pīngŏngŏ, a. shrunk. Pingongo ana nga papa o te hoiho.

Pīngŏrĕ, a. flexible; bending. Pingore noa te arawhata.

Kua pio te kora. (R.)

II. Pio, a. many. He pio te tangata.

piopio, n. a bird.

whakapiopio, n. metrosideros scandens, a plant.

Pĭoĕ, n. dry firewood. (R.)

Pīŏi, and pīŏiŏi, v. t. shake; brandish. Ka whakatika a Hatupatu, ka pioi i ana kirikiri upoko (102).

pioi, n. song sung while brandishing heads or scalps.

pioioi, n. a bird.

Pīŏkāŏkā, v. t. strip off. Piokaokangia he peha mo ta tatou ahi.

Piŏkĕŏkĕ, n. a small shark.

Pīŏrĭŏrĭ, n. song.

Pipi, n. cockle; a shell fish.

whakapipi, v. t. place one on another; stack.

Pīpī, a. half grown; not matured. He iwi pipi. Compare kopipi. See also pi.

Pipipi, n. turkey.

Pīpīwhārāurŏa, n. chrysococcyx lucidus; small cuckoo.

Pĭrăhău, a. rotten. See pirau. Pīrăhu, n. firewood. (R.)

Pīrākā, and pirakaraka, n. firewood. (R.)

Pirăku, n. firewood. (R.)

Pīrăngi, v. t. desire. Ka nui tana pirangi ki te paraoa hei kai mana.

Pĭrără, v. i. be separated; be divided; be wide apart. Pirara ana te awa.—Ano nga moko o Tohu; pirara ana.

Pĭrătă, a. sharp.

Pĭrău, a. 1. rotten. He pirau no nga kai i mahue ai. 2. gone out; extinguished. Homai he wahie, keiwha pirau te ahi. I. Piri. v. i. 1. stick. Piri kita kore e taea. 2. come close; keep close. Kua piri mai te waka. 3. skulk: hide oneself.

pipiri, v. i. come to close quarters; join battle. Kat pipiri ta raua whawhai. Katahi ka

piripiri, n. acæna sanguisorbæ; a plant. Hoe piripiri; additional steer-oar.

whakapiri, v. t. stick; fasten. II. Piri, n. the moon at 21 days old.

Pĭrihŏngŏ, v. i. keep close. He tamaiti pirihongo.

Pirikahu, n. acæna sanguisorbæ; a plant.

Pĭrĭpĭrĭwhătă, n. carpodetus serratus: a shrub.

Pĭrĭtă, n. rhipogonum scandens; a climbing plant.

Pĭrĭtŏkă, n. animalculæ adhering to rocks.

Pĭriwhetau, n. acæna sanguisorbæ; a plant.

Piro, a. putrid; stinking.

piro, n. 1. foul smell. 2. intestines.

Piroku, v. i. go out; be extinguished. Ka piroku te ahi.

Pīrŏrĭ, i. v. t. plant. I haere mai ahau i te pirori parareka. ii. v. i. roll along as a ball &c.

pirori, n. hoop; a toy.

Pītău, n. 1. young succulent shoot of a plant. 2. war canoe with a fancy figurehead, i.e. one not representing a human head.

Pītītī, n. peach.

Pito, n. 1. end; extremity. tona ringa tetahi pito o te taura e mau ana. 2. navel.

Pītŏitŏi, n. 1. a small land bird. a sea bird.

Pĭtŏkĭtĕ, n. niggard; churl.

Piu, v. t. throw or swing with a Piua mai te pito o te cord. whakaheke.

te ika nei ki te kowhatu; e piupiu, v. i. oscillate; move to and fro. Kua piupiu te pu o Raka.

piupiu, n. a plant.

Pīwăi, n. small kumara, overlooked in lifting the crop. Matahi kari piwai; the second month.

piwai, v. t. dig.

Pīwākāwākā, n. rhipidura flabellifera, or fantail; a bird.

Pīwări, a. 1. bent. 2. beautiful.

Pīwătăwătă, a. full of interstices or open spaces. Ka piwatawata mai nga pātu o te whare.

Po, n. 1. night. Ko te po whakaau te moe (46). Used in speaking of a small number of days; "Po hia koutou ki te ara?" "Po 2. seuson. Ko te po toru". tanu kai tenei. 3. place of departed spirits.

pongia, v. pass. be overtaken by night. Ka pongia tatou akuanei.

Pŏa, v. t. allure by bait; entice. Me poa te manu ki te kaanga ka mau ai.

popoa, n. sacred food, eaten on account of the dead.

pŏapŏa, n. buit.

Poăhă, a. open.

Poškš, n. pig.

Poānanga, n. clematis hexasepala Compare pua-wananga.

Poăngăăngă, n. skull.

Poare, a. open. Compare puare. Poaritarită, v. i. be in a hurry. Ka poaritarita ki te kai, ka raoa.

Poăuău, a. mistaken; confused.

Pŏhă, a. full.

poha, n. basket.

Pohaha, a. split open; ripped up. Pohaha ana te putea.

Pohaně, v. i. practise sodomy. Pohata, n. wild turnip.

Pohatu, see powhatu.

Põhăuhău, a. confused. Ka he noa iho nga whakaaro, ka pohauhau noa iho (71).

Pŏhě, or pŏpŏhě, a. 1. withered. Kua pohe nga rau o te rakau. 2. blind.

whakapohe, v. t. blind; throw dust in the eyes (metaphorically).

Pohene, a. mistaken; in error. Pohewa, a. mistaken; confused.

Pohiri, see powhiri.

Pŏhŏ, n. 1. chest. Ka mamae taku poho i te maremare. 2. stomach. Ka piango te poho. 3. seat of the affections; breast. WHiti ana taku poho i to karanga.

Pōhŏi, n. bunch of feathers worn in the ear for ornament. Ka haere ki te wai, ka mahue te pohoi ki uta; ka hoki mai ki uta, katahi ka pohoi i tana pohoi.

Pŏhŏpā, a. having scruples.

Pohowera, n. charadrius bicinctus; a bird.

Pohue, and pohuehue, n. a name given to several climbing or trailing plants, as convolvulus; clematis &c.

Pohuhu, a. 1. swarming; in crowds. Me te ngaro e pohuhu nei. 2. cloudy; overcast.

Pohutu, v. i. splash; make a splashing.

pohutuhutu, v. i. be splashed. Komai he takai mo nga taputapu, kei pohutuhutu.

Pohutukawa, n. metrosideros tomentosa; a tree.

Pŏi, n. ball.

pŏipŏi, v. t. toss, swing or wave about. Poipoia te tamaiti nei.

Of an offering to an 'atua'.

Katahi ha maoa te kuri ra, ka poipoia (112).

Pŏihewa, n. small basket for cooked food.

Poike, v. t. place aloft. I poiketia rawatia nga kaka ki runga ki tona mahunga.

poike, a. tufted at the top. He rakau-poike.

Poioio, n. first shoots of potato or kumara.

Poĭto, n. for pouto, float.

Poka, n. hole; pit; well.

poka, v. t. 1. make a hole in or through; bore; pierce. Me poka te rakau nei. 2. strike out a path. He ara poka hou tena. 3. do anything unusual.

pokapoka, v. t. 1. pierce with a number of holes. He mate pokapoka; scrofulous sores. 2. plant in holes. Me pokapoka nga kapana ki te papatu.

Pokăi, n. 1. ball of string &c. 2. swarm of flies; flock of bird. Ka rere ki waho nga pokai koko (33).

pokai, v. t. wind in a ball. Mau e pokai te aho.

Pokäikähä, a. confused; at a loss. Ka tae matou ki te wahi ngaru, ka pokaikaha.

Pōkākā, a. 1. stormy. I kitea e au te pokaka rawa o te haura. 2. hot. He pokaka no te whare i mahue ai.

pokaka, n. storm; squall.

Pokaku, a. in doubt; mistaken; confused.

Pokanoa, v. t. do without authority; do at random.

Pokapu, n. middle; centre.

Pokare, or pokarekare, v. i. be agitated, as a liquid. Marino tonu te moana; hore rawa he pokaretanga.

whakapokarekare, v. t. disturb the surface of water; spill.

I. Pökö, n. 1. short axe. 2. greens; turnip tops &c. E tia te poke; me te maunu koura! II. Poke, a. soiled; dirty. poke ou kakahu.

pokepoke, v. t. mix up with wa-

III. Poke, v. i. uppear (as a spirit). Ka poke mai te tupapaku ka wehi koe.

Pokěká, n. a kind of mat made of flax.

Pokěkă, v. i. be perplexed.

Pokěkě, a. small. He mara pokeke.

Pokeke, a. sullen.

Pokěrě, n. 1. pitfall. 2. pulp of Ponana, a. hurried; flurried. He the tawa berry.

pokere, ad. in the durk. haere pokere atu te tangata i konei.

Pokerehu, n. fruit of the tawa. pokerehu, ad. without cause. patua pokerehutia noatia iho e au taku tamaiti.

Poki, and popoki, v. t. 1. cover Pokia ta tatou umu. 2. over. place with the concave side downwards. Me popoki te waka nei. popoki, n. lid; cover.

pokipoki, n. eddy wind.

Pokihi, v. i. shoot; begin to grow.

Poko, v. i. go out, as fire; become extinguished. Homai he wahie kei poko te ahi. - Me te poko (13), of a sudden disappearance, like the going out of a flame.

popoko, a. withered; shrivelled. Pŏkŏhĭwĭ, n. shoulder.

Pŏkŏkŏhŭa, n. an epithet which is considered the greatest possible insult. Compare kohu.

Pŏkŏrĕhŭ, n. ashes.

Pŏkŏrŭa, n. 1. pit; hollow. 2. ant.

pokorua, a. hollow; sunken. He mate kai te tangata ra; i kitea ki nga kanohi ka pokopoko-

Pokowhiwhi, n. shoulder.

Kei Pokurukuru, n. lump.

pokurukuru, a. full of lumps.

Pŏnă, 1. knot. 2. joint in the arm or leg. 3. cord. Ka kuhua te pona a WHakatau ki te whare, puta noa ki tetehi taha, puta noa ki tetehi taha (61). 5. string of fish.

pona, v. t. tie in a knot.

ponapona, n. joint in the arm or leg.

Ponaho, n. anything diminutive in size.

ponana i mahue ai nga pukapuka.

Poniania, n. lower part of the nose.

Ponini, v. i. glow; diffuse a red light. Ponini ana te kakahu o te tangata nei ki roto ki te wai.

I. Pono, a. 1. true. 2. hospitable; bountiful.

pŏnŏngă, a. true; unfeigned. Ehara i te wakapupuni pononga (133).

whakapono or whakapononga, v. t. believe; admit as true. WHakapononga ana a Manaia (122).

II. Pono, v. i. 1. light upon; come upon. Pono rawa mai e putu ana i roto i te hangi (90). 2. fall in one's way. He mea i pono mai ki toku aroaro.

popono, v. t. covet. Oti, ka popono koutou ki nga kota o te Mahia?

pononga, n. captive; slave.

Pŏpŏ, and pŏpŏpŏpŏ, a. rotten; worm-eaten.

Popo, a. pointed. Ma tawhiti e titiro Maungataniwha, popo tonu a runga.

Pŏpō, v. t. crowd around; throng. Popo, v. t. 1. pat with the hand. Popotia te tamaiti na kia mutu ai te tangi. 2. knead; mix up. noint. Me popo ki te hinu ki te kokowai.

Popoa, see under poa.

Popohe, see under pohe.

Popoki, see under poki.

Popokořua, n. ant.

Popokořua, n. a bird.

Poporo, see under poro.

Poporo, see under poro.

Poporoihewa, n. hedycaria dentata, a tree.

Pŏră, a. flat-roofed. He pora te whare.—Pora matanui, having a roof of moderate pitch.

pora, n. ship. Tangata pora, man from shipboard; foreigner.

Porae, v. t. anoint.

porae, n. a fish.

Porahu, and porahurahu, a. perplexed; embarrassed; awkward. He haka ano ta te ware, he porahu noa iho nga ringa (146).

Poranga, v. t. float. Ka rukuhia, ka porangatia ki tahaki.

Porangi, a. 1. hurried. He aha tau e porangi nei? 2. beside oneself; out of one's mind.

porangi, n. madman. Kei te porangitia koe (122). you are losing your wits.

Pŏrără, a. having wide spaces or interstices. E porara ana a raro o te kete, i komama ai.

Porăurăhă, a. confused.

Pŏrĕ, v. i. start in sleep.

pŏpŏrĕ, v. t. 1. desire; wish anxiously for. 2. shew favour to; treat kindly.

porepore, a. faint with hunger. E porepore and toku manawa. whakaporepore, v. t. propitiate; court the favour of, by a gift &c.

Porearea, a. 1. tiresome; importunate. 2. afraid of being tiresome; modest.

Ma wai e popo te paru? 3. Poreke anoint. Me popo ki te hinu pu te rakau i waenganui.

Porena, v. i. float, as oil on water.

Poreta, n. mat to lie on (193). Poreterete. n. a kind of duck.

Porewarewa, or porewharewha, a. 1. giddy; stupefied. 2. mad.

Pŏrĭ, n. 1. collops of fat. 2. tribe.

Ko wai te ingoa o to koutou
pori? Compare hapori.

Poria, n. 1. ring on the leg of a captive bird, to prevent the string from cutting it. 2. a kind of ornament (153).

poria, v. t. load with a weight. He mea poria ki te punga hei whakatoimaha (154).

Pŏrĭhăwă, n. a bird.

Pōrĭrŏ, n. bastard.

Pŏrŏ, 1. butt end; termination.
2. block. Kei hea te poro ra-kau?

poro, v. i. be finished; come to an end. Taihoa, kia poro te kai ki te whenua.

pŏrŏngă, a. end. Ko te poronga tenei o tana korero.

poporo, or poroporo, n. solanum aviculare and nigrum; plants.

Pŏrŏăki, 1. leave instructions at departing. Na Te Waikeri te poroaki kia hoatu he kapana mau. 2. take leave.

Poroha, see porowha.

Porohe, n. 1. a large mussel. (R.) 2. young of the fish mohi.

porohe, v. t. gather up in loops, as a cord &c.

whakaporohe, v. t. knot together.

Pŏrŏhŭrĭ, v. t. upset; overturn. v. i. tumble one over another.

Pŏrŏkăkī, n. back of the neek. Pŏrŏkĕrĕ, v. i. be broken off short. Pŏrŏkī, v. i. give directions at the time of departure. Ka poroki iho ia ki a maua kia haere atu koe apopo. Porongaua, n. throat of a fish. | Pororaru, a. bewildered.

Pŏrŏrĕrĕ, a. broken right off.

Porori, a. 1. slow; sluggish. He tangata porori ki te haere. 2. not bored (of the ears).

porori, n. tattoo marks on the breech.

Pororotua, a. numbed with cold.

Pororua, n. sonchus oleraceus;

sow-thistle.

pororua, v. t. tamper with. Kei pororuatia e Tamatekapua (71).

Porotaitaka, a. 1. turned over and over. 2. confused. Ka porotaitaka nga whakaaro o NGatikahungunu.

Pŏrŏtăkă, a. round.

Porotawa, n. a fungus growing on trees.

Porotiti, n. 1. disc. 2. a toy. Porotitiki, v. i. come to an end. Ko te porotutukitanga mai tena o te awa.

Porowha, a. foursided; square.

porowha, v. t. range in square.

I porowhatia te haka ki te marae. v. i. full flat. Porowha tonu te rakau ki raro.

Pŏrŏwhĭtě, n. circle; wheel.

Pŏrŏwhĭu, v. t. throw.

Poruku, v. t. double up. Porukuhia te kete.

Poruru, a. close together; thick.
Porutu, v. i. make a splashing
with the hands in bathing.

Potăe, n. covering for the head; hat; cap.

potae, v.t. 1. put over one's head, so as to cover or envelop it. 2. slip on over the head. I potaea te kaha ki te matenga o te kereru.

Potăităkă, a. 1. turned round and round, or over and over. 2. giddy; confused. 3. seeming to turn round.

Potaka, n. top to spin. He po-

taka where rua; a top with two points.

potakataka, a. round.

Potángotángo, a. very dark. E noho mai na koe i roto i te potangotango.

Potapota, a. broken to pieces.
Potapota noa te waka i te tai.
Potatu, and potatutatu. a. impatient; distracted. E potatu ana ki te haere.

Poteretere ana oku kakahu.

Potětě, n. a stick used to hold a dog, one end being fastened to the collar. Me te kuri e mau nei i te potete.

potete, a. curly.

potete, v. t. speak frequently of.
Potete tonu kia patua ahau.

Pŏtĭ, n. 1. angle; corner. He poti na Uekahia, ma Rongotakutama e kumanu, (of a small quantity of kumara in the corner of a kete). 2. basket for cooked food.

potipoti, n. shrimp.

Роті, n. cat.

Potiki, n. youngest child.

Pŏtŏ, a. 1. short. 2. denoting the exhaustive character of an action &c., shewing that all the things spoken of have been dealt with. Kua poto nga mea o runga o te kaipuke te mau mai. Pōtūrī, a. 1. deaf. Poturi ana

Poturi, a. 1. deaf. Poturi ans aku taringa. 2. stubborn.

Pŏu, n. post; pole.

pou, and poupou, v. t. 1. stick in; plunge in. Te tino rarahutanga ki te hoe; te tino pounga ki te wai i poua ai (171). 2. fasten to a stake &c. Poua to tatou waka. 3. elevate upon poles. Apopo ka pou i te kai nei, kia rokohanga mai kua noi ki runga (142).

poupou, n. 1. peg; stake. 2. shrouds of a canoe mast.

poupou, a. 1. steep; perpendicular. Poupou tonu te pikitanga. 2. on the meridian. Ka poupou te ra, ka whakatika mai Powhatu, n. stone. matou.

Pou for pau. See pau.

Pouă, n. old person. Kite rawa au i a koe, kua pouatia koe. Pŏuăkă, n. box.

Pouakakiwa, n. chief place of

residence. Pouărĕhĕrĕhĕ, a. old and wrinkled.

Pouaru, n. widower: widow. Poue, n. a shell fish.

Pounaho, a. long and stiff.

Pounui. n. south-wind.

Pouraka, n. net attached to a hoop, used for catching cray-

Pourewa, n. an elevated platform attached to the stockade of a pa. Pouri, a. 1. dark. Kaore ano i marama noa; e pouri tonu ana (1). 2. sorrowful; sad; distressed. He pouri nona ki tona matua ka mate.

pouriuri, a. darkish; gloomy. Poururu, a. darkish; gloomy.

whakapoururu, v. i. look sorrowful or gloomy. He aha koe ka whakapoururu ai ki te kai mau.

Poutangata, a. He toki poutangata, a greenstone adze, used as a weapon of war.

I. Pouto, n. float.

II. Pouto, v. t. cut off. Poutoa te kauru o te rakau.

Poutumaro, a. on the meridian. Poututerangi, n. the star whose appearance marks the tenth month: perhaps α Aquilæ.

Pouwhenua, n. a weapon like the taiaha.

Powaiwai, v. t. 1. whirl or whisk about; move with a fanlike mo-2. fan. tion

Powhăitěrě, n. paroquet.

Powharu, v. i. sink into a bog

&c. Ka powharuwharu nga waewae ki te one.

powharu, a. soft; boggy.

Powhiri, v. t. 1. wave; whisk; Powhiriwhiria ta tatou whirl. rama kia ka ai. 2. beckon any one to come on; welcome. powhiri ana tera te tangata whenua, me te haere atu te manuhiri ra (166).

powhiriwhiri, n. provision for a journey.

Powhiwhi, n. a creeping plant. I. Pu, n. 1. tribe. Ko te pu tenei o Tipare. 2. bunch; bundle; anything growing in a bunch. Taua pu wiwi (13). 3. heap; stack. Te pu o te kupenga (79). 4. skilled person; wise one. Na koutou, na nga pu, na nga tohunga, na nga kaupapa (98).

pu, a. niho pu, double tooth.

pu, v. t. make into a bundle, or ball. Puia nga raupo mo te whare. pūpū, n. 1. bundle. Tikina nga pupu raupo. 2. a shell fish. pūpū, v. t. make into bundles.

whakapu, v. t. and v. i. lay or lie in a heap. Hei hea a tatou kete whakapu ai?

whakapu, n. stack. He whakapu kupenga tera e tu mai ra. II. Pū, v. i. blow. Te hau e pu mai nei ki taku kiri (17).

pupu, v. i. 1. bubble up; boil. Kahore ano i pupu noa te wai. 2. rise, as a fog.

pu, n. wind instrument as putorino, pu-tatara &c. Ko Ruaeo, e whakatangi ana i ana pu (76).

whakapu, v. i. howl as a dog. III. Pū, a. precise; very. Ko te kainga pu tenei.

pu, ad. exceedingly; exactly. Me te kawau pu te ahua.

IV. Pū, a. loathing; hating. whakatika ki te kai, ka pu te guised ill feeling.

V. Pū, n. gun.

I. Pua, n. flower; seed.

He pua, a. foaming; breaking. ngaru pua.

II. Pua, v. roll or wrap up clo-Puaia tou kakahu ka thes &c. kauhoe ai ki tawahi.

puapua, n. a garment wrapped round the arm as a protection from a blow.

Pušhš, n. mouth of a river. Kei te puaha o Piako (144).

puaha, a. leaving a clear passage. Ka puaha te tai nei: hoea tatou; when a wave has broken leaving an interval of smooth water.

Pūšhi, n. white dogskin mat.

Puaka, n. 1. dry twigs. 2. flower.

Puakaha, a. open; attentive. Kia puakaha mai ou taringa.

Puaki, v. i. 1. come forth; shew Ka puaki te upoko i roto i tona rua (98). 2. be ut-I puaki i a wai te kupu pana moku? 3. be exhaled. Ka puaki te kakara o te tawhiri.

whakapuaki, v. t. utter; disclose. Pŭano, n. dizziness; the effect Pŭha, or puhapuha, a. full; up of height on the nerves.

Puănu, a. cool. Puanu ake ana te hau o te pari nei.

Pŭangă, n. the star Rigel.

Puangahori, n. the star Procyon.

Pūăngiăngi, a. cool; refreshing. Pūšo, v. i. dawn. Hei te puaotanga tatou ka haere ai.

Pŭare, a. open. Kia puare te whare.

Pŭarĕrĕ, n. decoy bird; of small birds only.

Puāritărită, a. hurried; in a hurry. Tenei te wahi i puaritarita ai.

spaces. 2. transparent; clear.

ngakau. — Pu ana a roto, ke Puatawhiwhi, n. a climbing plant. ana a waho: a proverb for dis-, Pŭatea, n. gnaphalium, species. a plant.

> Pūšu, n. ripple; rapid. Ko te whawhaitanga tuatahi, i te puau o WHangamarino, i te Koheroa.

Pŭāwăi, n. flower.

Pŭawananga, n. clematis indivisa, a plant.

Pužwhě, v. i. be taken aback by the wind as a sail; be driven forcibly by the wind. Paia ake e ta! ka puawhe mai te awha ki roto nei.

Pūĕa, v. i. rise to the surface. Ka puea mai te tohora.

Pūčhŭ, n. dust.

puehu, v. i. be in the form of E puehu ana te nehu ki runga ki te kai.

Pūčku, a. unproductive, as crops. Pūĕrŭ, or puweru, n. shaggy mat, made of partially dressed flax.

Pūětŏětŏ, n. a bird which frequents swamps.

Puha, n. 1. gills of a fish. 2. song; chaunt. Katahi ano ka takitakina ona puha:—ona puha nei na, "Kia rere atu te Kawana ki tawhiti."

to the brim. Puhapuha ana te wai, toka tonu i runga.

Pūhăehăe, a. envious.

Pŭhake, a. full to overflowing. Ka puhake rawa; rite tonu ki nga niao te wai.

Pūhănă, v. i. glow. Te puhanatanga o te uira o te ahi o te Arawa (81).

Pūhăngă, n. 1. a kind of eel. 2. derivative from păpăhi. See under puhi.

Puhangaiti, v. i. lie in a heap. See pihangaiti.

Puătăătă, a. 1. full of holes or Puhără, n. a kind of elevated platform for warlike purposes. Pühāureroa, conch or horn, blown | Pühüki, a. blunt; dull. to give signals.

Puhi, n. 1. betrothed woman. 2. much courted unbetrothed young woman. He puhi hoki a Hinemoa (131). 3. knot or bunch of hair; a mode of wearing the hair tied up like a sheaf. a kind of eel of very large size. 5. NGa puhi a Puarata. puhipuhi, v. t. ornament with bunches of feathers or hair, as

the bow or stern of a canoe Puhipuhi rawa te paua ki te waero (21). puhipuhi, a. tied up in a bunch;

growing in bunches. Ka puhipuhi te tupu o te kapana.

Pŭhĭ.

pupuhi, i. v. t. 1. blow. 2. fire a gun. 3. shoot with a gun. ii. v. i. swell.

puhipuhi, v. t. blow frequently. puhipuhi paipa, smoke a pipe.

Puhihi, n. seed potatoes which throw up a weak shoot.

puhihihihi, a. stiff, of the hair. Ho puhihihihi no te upoko.

Puhikorokoro, n. lamprey, of a large kind.

Pühŏi, a. 1. slow; dull. He waka puhoi. 2. deaf.

Puhonga, a. stinking; offensive. Pūhore, a. 1. unsuccessful in fishing &c. 2. scarce. Te mara tautane, he mara ki nga atua whakapuhore kai.

Pūhoro, n. 1. tattoo marks on the thigh. 2. bad weather.

Pūhoru, a. that will not open. He pipi puhoru.

whakapuhoru, v. i. leap out of the water. E whakapuhoru ana te kanae.

Pūhou, n. coriaria ruscifolia, a shrub; the same as tutu.

Pūhŭa, v. t. glean potatoes or kumara, after the crop has been taken up.

huki taku toki.

Pŭiă, n. 1. volcano. 2. bush. puia, a. smarting. Ka puia aku kanohi i te au.

Pŭiăki, a. rare; precious. kakano puipuiaki.

puiaki, n. treasure. Kei ngaro ko oku kanohi, kei waiho ko te whenua hei puiaki mo nga mea i muri i a au.

Puĭhĭihĭ, n. strings of a mat.

Pŭkă, n. muhlenbeckia adpressa; a shrub. 2. cabbage. 3. spade. pukapuka, n. 1. brachyglottis repanda, a shrub. 2. lungs. 3. paper; letter; book.

II. Pŭkă, v. i. 1. be jealous. Ka puka taku manawa pant. i te omanga.

Pūkāeă, n. a wind instrument made of totara and used to sound an alarm in time of war.

Pukähä, n. 1. refuse portion of flax leaf. 2. a garment made of the same.

Pŭkähŭ, a. abundant.

pukahu, n. spongy matter enveloping the seeds of pumpkins.

Pūkăi, i. v. i. lie in a heap. Ka rukea nga tupapaku hi waho pukai ai (153). ii. v. t. lay in a heap. Pukairia nga oneone ki waenganui.

Pūkākā, a. hot.

Pūkaka, n. long bones of the arm or leg.

Pūkākī, n. scrofulous swelling in the neck.

Pūkana, v. i. distort the eyes; stare wildly.

Pūkătăkătă, a. dry; crisp.

Pŭkătěa, n. atherosperma Novæ Zelandiæ, a tree.

Pūkăuri, a. 1. barren. 2. burning fiercely. E kore e ngaro; ka pukauri tonu te ka, he whare

pukauri, n. a kind of shell fish.

Pukawa, a. bitter; unpalateable. Pukawa rawa atu tena mea ki roto ki toku waha.

Pŭkě, n. 1. hill. 2. pubes.

puke, v. i. rise, as a flood. Ka puke te wai o Waipaoa.-Ka pukea te wai akuanei.

pukepuke, a. hilly.

whakapuke, v. i. begin to rise Pukupango, n. potato blackened (of resentment &c.).

pukëngă, n. 1. source of a river. 2. teacher; model. Ko wai tou pukenga, nana koe i ako?

Pukei, for pukai. See pukai.

Pukěko, n. 1. porphyrio melanotus, or water hen. 2. wounded man. 3. old fruit of the previous year.

Pükěpoto, n. a kind of dark earth, used as a pigment.

Pukeri, v. i. rush along violently as a flood or wind.

Pukěrů, v. t. blow. Pukerua te kapura.

Pūkiki, a. stunted.

Pŭkŏhŭ, n. fog.

Pukoki, n. self-sown potato.

Pukoro, n. 1. sheath; case. 2. halo. 3. net for catching eels, in shape like a long bag. a kind of mat made of closely woven flax, with a narrow ornamental border.

pukoro, v. t. surround with a halo. Ka pukoroa te marama.

Pūkŏrŏrŏa, n. a large basket.

Pŭkorŭ, n. fold of a garment. pükörükörü, v. t. gather up in folds.

pukorukoru, n. rotten wood.

Pŭkŭ, n. 1. swelling. 2. stomach. 3. abdomen. 4. passions; affections.

puku, v. i. swell. Ka puku toku kauae.

pukupuku, n. closely woven mat, which being wetted is impervious to a spear. Pukupuku- whakapupuni, v.i. sit close; hide

patea; pukupuku with an ornamental border.

Puku, ad. 1. secretly; without speaking. I oma puku ia. without food. Kei te noho puku matou.

Pŭkŭpā, a. without offspring; barren.

by exposure.

Pŭkŭrău, n. ileodictyon cibarium, a kind of fungus.

Pŭkŭrĭrĭ, a. angry; quarrelsome. Pŭkŭwăi, a. watery; sodden. He pukuwai te wahie nei.

Pumahu, a. steamy; reeking. Ka pumahu te whenua i te ra, meake tupu te kai.

Pūmău, a. fixed; constant; permanent. Ka pumau tona noho ki Hauraki.

Pūmŭkă, v. t. thrust at; stab.

Puna, n. spring of water.

Pŭnăiŏrŏ, n. a plant.

Punake, n. fore end of the body of a canoe, to which the tauihu or bow is spliced.

Pŭnărŭa, a. 1. in pairs. wheki punarua, squid caught in pairs; an ill omen. 2. having two wives. He tangata punarua.

Pūnăunău, p. satiated.

punaunau, n. selfsown potato.

Pūněhŭněhŭ, a. 1. dusty. 2. in small particles like dust. He na punehunehu; misty rain.

punenehu, n. dust.

Puni, a. 1. stopped up. He awa puni te Wairoa. 2. covered; filled up. Kia rua auau ka puni te mara.

puni, n. 1. place of encampment. Ko te puni tenei o te taua. 2. company of persons. Ka toru puni e haere ana. 3. a kind of karakia.

oneself. Ka whakapupuni mai | Puranga, n. heap. i roto i nga pureirei.

Punua, n. young of animals.

Pūnŭi, a. close together. Kia punui tahi tatou te haere.

Pūnŭkĭ, a. blunt.

Punga, n. 1. anchor. 2. basket for catching eels. 3. odd number. E rua tekau nga tangata, kotahi punga.

punga, v. t. 1. fix with an anchor. Hei waho punga ai o waka (92). 2. sink; engulph. pungapunga, n. 1. pumice stone. 2. a kind of potato. 3. pollen of the flowers of raupo; or cake made of the same. 4. vellow colour.

Pŭngărĕhŭ, n. ashes.

Pŭngătă, a. dry. Ka pungata te toetoe o te whare.

Pūngāwĕrĕwĕrĕ, n. spider.

Pūngĕnĕngĕnĕ, a. mnffled up.

whakapungenengene, v. t. cover up with clothes.

Pungorungoru, a. light or loose as earth &c.

pungorungoru, n. sponge.

Pŭpā, v. i. eructate.

Pūpăhī, n. encampment.

Pupu. see under pu.

Pupuhi, see under puhi.

Pūpūrăngĭ, n. a shell fish.

Pupuri, see under puri.

Pupuru, see under puru.

Pūputa, n. blister on the skin, from chafing.

Puputu, see under putu.

Pura, n. any small foreign substance in the eye.

pura, a. troubled by the intrusion of some foreign matter; Ka pura oku kanohi. blind.

purapura, n. seed. Pūrāhorŭa, n. messenger.

Pārākāu, n. 1. old man. 2. ancient legend; myth.

purakau, a. niho purakau, double tootk.

puranga, v. t. heap up. ranga ana ia i nga kowhatu ki te marae. v. i. lie in a heap.

Purără, a. having interstices; open.

Pŭrătă, a. turbid.

Pūrātŏkě, n. 1. glow-worm. phosphorescent animalculæ in the 3. anything glistening in the dark.

Pūrău, n. fork.

puraurau, a. 1. covered with sharp points; bristling. I roto i te kowhatu e noho puaaurau ana. 2. bitter; offensive (of feelings or speech).

I. Pure, n. a ceremony for removing the 'tapu' from houses, canoes, persons &c.

pure, v. t. set free from 'tapu'.

II Pure, v. t. arrange in tufts or patches. Ka purea nga huruhuru ki nga taha o te ihupuni.

purepure, a. in patches or tufts. Pūrěhě, a. wrinkled.

Pūrēhŭa, n. moth.

purehua, v. i. emit gas. Ka purehua te kapura.

Pūrĕhŭrĕhŭ, n. moth.

Pūrěi, and pureirei, n. 1. isolated tufts of grass; bushes or shrubs in a swamp &c. 2. sunken rock. Kei eke tatou ki runga ki te purei ra. 3. small patch of garden. He pureirei nga ngakinga o taua kaainga.

Pūrěkě, n. 1. fleshy side of the flax leaf. 2. garment made from the same.

purekereke, n. puff of wind.

Pürěkirěki, n. tufts of grass in a swamp. He repo pai, he purekireki.

Purěku, n. cooking shed.

Pūrěmu, n. 1. lower kem of s garment. 2. adultery. puremu, v. i. commit adultery.

Pūrena, v. i. run over. Purena i ana te wai o te kaho.

Pürěngi, n. stay of a mast.

Purero, v. i. project; be promi-

Purewha, n. a black mussel. Pŭrĭ.

pupuri, v. t. 1 hold in the hand. Puritia te rakau nei. 2. detain. Kahore matou i puritia ki te kainga.

puripuri, v. t. suppress anger &c. Te puripuri te tangata nei te

puritanga, n. handle.

Pūriri, n. vitex littoralis, a tree. Purorohu, a. accompanied with a

whizzing or whistling noise. Purorohu ana te hau nei.

Pūroto, a. having no current; still. Kahore e kaha te rere o te awa; puroto noa iho ana.

Pŭrotŭ, a. 1. clear; transpurent. He wai purotu. 2. pleasant; agreeable. Purotu noa iho te kainga.

Pūrŏu, n. fork.

purou, v. t. catch on a fork. He mea purou nga tuna a Tirare. purourou, n. a bird; the same as tieke.

I. Puru, n. plug; cork; bung. puru, v. t. 1. plug up; stuff up. Purua te puta o te waka ki te kakahu. 2. confine by means of a plug.

pupuru, a. pulpy; semi-liquid. Kia pupuru te kohari kao.

pupuru, for pupuri. See under puri.

purupuru, v. t. 1. stop the chinks of anything. Purupurua te whatitoka me te matapihi (47). suppress. Kaua e purupurua a koutou korero.

purupuru, n. chisel.

whakapuru, n. pad to prevent chafing. WHakapuru tao, pad Putěrě, v. i. go in a body.

worn on the arm as a protection against a spear thrust. whakapuru, v. t. protect with a

purutanga, for puritanga. under puri.

II. Puru, a. fusty; mouldy.

I. Pūrŭa, v. t. do a second time. II. Pūrua, ad. by two and two. Ka haere purua nga tangata.

Pürühěkähěkă, a. mouldy.

Pŭrŭhĭ, n. flea.

Puruma, n. broom.

PURUMA, v. t. sweep.

Pūrŭrŭ, a. 1. shady; thick with leaves &c. He rakau pururu. 2. close together. Pururu tonu to ratou noho.

Pŭtă, n. 1. hole. Kei hea te puta o te peeke? 2. battle field in which people have fallen. puta tuatahi i hinga ai maua, kei Papara-tu.

puta, v. i. 1. pass through, in or out. Ko tona ara tenei e puta ake ai (54).—Ke puta te kiore ki roto. 2. come in sight. puta te waka i Tuamotu.

pŭtă-kē, be changed.

pūputa, n. blister caused by chaf-

putaputa, a. full of holes.

whakaputa, v. i. boast. Ka kino to mahi whakaputa.

Pūtăhĭ, v. i. join; meet. Ko te putahitanga tenei o nga ara.

Pūtake, n. 1. base; root. 2. reason; cause.

putangitangi-Pūtăngĭtăngĭ, ātāmā, or putangitangiātŏa, n. paradise duck.

Pŭtăpŭtăwētā. n. a tree.

Pūtără, or pūtātără, n. a shell used like a horn for signals.

Pūtăwă, n. 1. a fungus. large potato.

Pūtē, or pūtěa, n. bag or basket for clothes.

putere, n. stranger.

Pūtiki, v. t. 1. tie together; knot together. 2. get logether, as an army. Tahi tonu to maua putikitanga.

putiki, n. 1. knot. 2. a method of dressing the hair, adopted by chiefs.

Pūtŏa, n. a plant.

Pūtŏitŏi, v. t. tie in bunches.

Pūtokitoki, a. stunted; shrivell-He kino no te whenua i putokitoki ai nga pakawha.

Pūtongamarangai, n. south east wind.

Pūtorino, n. a kind of flute. Pūtorore, n. jet of gas from burning wood.

Pūtŏtĭ, a. stunted.

Pūtŏtŏ, a. bloody; raw. tonu te pokaka nei.

Pŭtŭ, v. i. lie in a heap; lie one upon another. Pono rawa mai, e putu ana i roto i te hangi pūwharawhara, a. deaf. (90).

putu, n. heap.

pūpūtu, and putuputu, a. 1. close together. Kia puputu nga pouaka, kia o ai. 2. frequent; at short intervals. I te hoki putuputu tonu o te tira o tetahi whaitua, o tetahi whaitua (160). whakaputu, v. t. lay in a heap. Pūwāhā, n. mouth of a river. Also written puaha.

Pūwätäwätä, a. full of interstices or open spaces.

Puwĕră, a. warm.

Pūwĕrĕwĕrĕ, n. spider.

Pūwĕrŭ, n. shaggy mat made of partially dressed flax.

Pūwětě, n. a bird.

Pūwhā, n. sowthistle, or any vegetable used as greens.

Putoto Puwha, v. t. spit out. Ka puwhaia nga kai ki waho.

Pūwhără. n. astelia Banksii; a plant.

Pūwhěnŭa, n. stay of a mast.

R.

Rā. n. 1. sun. 2. day. 3. sail. $R\bar{a}$, prep. by way of; by. Ra te taha o te ngahere tou ara. Ra runga i; by the top of; over. Kai-ra-runga; eat food which has been passed over anything tapu.

Ră, ad. 1. there; yonder. 'Kei whea a WHakatau?' Ra, e whakaangi mai ra i tana manu i runga i te taumata ra (59). 2. simply denoting that the thing spoken of is not near, or is unconnected with the speaker or the person spoken to. Te patu e haua mai ra ki a ia (91).

rara, ad. there.

2. forehead.

whakarae, v. i. lie exposed; stick WHakarae ana nga kuout. mara ki runga.

whakarae, a 1. green; not dry. He rakau whakarae. 2. raw; not cooked. He kai whakarae i tapaea mai nei ki a matou.

Răhă, a. open; extended.

I. Răhi, n. servant; dependant.

II. Răhi, a. 1. great (physically or morally). Te rahi o tenei whare. Plural rarahi. 2. plentiful. Kia rahi mai he kai. 3. sometimes used in a peculiar construction for other. No rahi o whenua ona raruraru: the troubles of other lands belong to themselves.

Răe, n. 1. promontory; headland. rahinga, n. 1. largeness; abundance. 2. company; party. Ko koia e noho ana (80).

rahirahi, a. thin; not thick. He II. Raka, v. i. 1. be entangled. papa rahirahi.

rahirahinga, n. temple of the head.

Rahiri, n. rope.

rahiri, v. t. receive cordially; He mea rahiri marire koe na nga tangata o Heretaunga.

I. Raho, n. testicle.

II. Răho, or rahoraho, n. platform; floor. Te raho o te waka.

raho, v. t. cover with a floor or platform of wood. Ka rahoa tera repo ki te rakau.

Rähu, n. basket made of flax leaves.

răhurăhu, or rarăhu, n. pteris aquilina or common fern.

rahurahu, v. t. handle; pull about. He aha tau e rahurahu ki taku

rărăhŭ, v. t. seize; lay hold of. Te tino rarahutanga ki te hoe (171). Heoti, rahunga atu, kei nga waka: ehara, to kau ana ko nga rauawa anake (171).

Răhŭa, v. i. be foiled; be unsuccessful.

I. Rāhui, n. a mark to warn people against trespassing, used in the case of 'tapu', or for temporary protection of fruit, birds or fish.

rahui, v. t. protect by a rahui.

II. Rāhŭi, n. flock; herd. wai te rahui poaka nei?

Răihi, n. small enclosure; pigsty. RAIHI, n. rice.

Rāiă, ad. or conj. 1. why. Ka pakaru raia te waka nei. but.

I. Rāinā, ad. there; yonder.

II. Rāină, conj. whether; or. Κo tenei raina, ko tera raina. Raiona, n. lion.

tetehi rahinga i te motu i Mo- I. Răkă, ad. a lengthened form of ra; there. See ra.

> Ka raka oku waewae, ka hinga au. 2. aching from weariness. raraka, v. t. entangle.

III. Răkă.

rakaraka, v. t. scratch; scrape. rakaraka, n. an implement to scratch with; rake; harrow.

Rakapikipiki, v. i. lie across one another.

Rākău, n. 1. tree; spar. 2. stick; weapon. 3. wood; timber.

Rākaunui, n. the moon at 16 days old.

Rākăumătŏhĭ, n. the moon at 17 days old.

I. Răki, n. north. No hea koia koe? no te raki? (17)

raki, a. dry; dried up. Kua raki ana kai i te ra.

II. Răki, n. green leaves &c. on which the food is laid in a native oven.

Răkŏ. n. albino.

Răku, rărăku, rakuraku, v. t. scratch; scrape.

rakuraku, n. implement to scrutch with; rake; harrow.

Rāmā, pron. they.

haere?

Rămă, n. 1. torch. 2. razor. rama, v. t. catch by torch light. Ka riro a Hinaki ma kei te rama tuna.

ramarama, n. myrtus bullata, a shrub.

Rămi, v. t. squeeze. Me kowha te pipi ka rami ai ki te wai. Răněa, a. abundant; in full sup-

ply. Ka nui te ranea o te kai. Rāněi, conj. whether; or. connecting alternatives. Ko nga tangata e haere ana ki Taupo, The seki nga maunga ranei. cond alternative is often left to be understood. Me tuku atu ranei te tangata nei kia Rănŭ, v. t. mix. He mea ranu te kai nei ki te hinu.

whakaranu, v. t. mix.

Rănŭăwătĕa, n. a plant.

Răngă, n. 1. company of persons. 2. shoal of fish.

ranga, v. t. 1. pull up by the roots. Rangaa mai he taiawa. 2. raise; cast up. A, ka tupu, ka rangaa te one, ko te Ahuroa (114). 3. set in motion an army &c.; urge forwards. Ka rangaa tana taua hei tukituki i te pa tuna.

rangaranga, or raranga, v. i. blow gently. Te hau e ata raranga mai nei.—Ata rangaranga ana te ta.

rărăngă, v. t. weave. Ka rangaa he kete (7).

whakarangaranga, v. t. extol. E whakarangaranga ana i a ia te koroke nei.

Răngăhău, v. t. carry on a loop of flax.

I. Rāngāi, n. 1. herd; flock. Taku rangai parera, e toru tekau. 2. company. He rangai tangata e haere mai nei.

II. Rāngăi, v. i. be raised in a menacing attitude. Ka rangai nga peke o te tangata ra, akuanei ka wero.

Răngăpū, n. company. Katahi ka kitea atu te rangapu tangata nei, e taka ana mai i raro i nga rakau (16).

Răngătăhi, v. i. be quick; move quickly. Rangatahi tou waewae.
 Răngătiră, n. 1. chief, male or

female. Kahore he rangatira o tenei whenua, ko toku matua anake (195). 2. master or mistress. Ko te ingoa o toku rangatira, ko te Kahureremoa (147).

rangatira, a. in a state of peace. He tohu whenua rangatira te haka.

He mea ranu hinu.

mix.

plant.

many of persons.

all up by the mai he taiawa.

A, ka tupu,

b, ko te Ahutti motion an plant.

All motion an Răngi, n. 1. sky. 2. region above the clouds; heaven. Kei hea to kotiro? E! kei te rangi (49).

3. weather. Na te rangi kino i kore ai matou e haere. 4.

day. Tupato ana nga tuakana, whanga ana i tetehi rangi (95).

5. division or portion of a song.

Rangi rua te haka nei. 6. air; tune. 7. tenour or drift of a speech &c.

rangirangi, v. t. 1. annoy; vex. 2. roast; scorch.

rangirangi, n. song to keep time in pulling.

Răngimārio, a. quiet; peaceful.
Răngiŏră, n. brachyglottis repanda; a shrub.

Răngipăruhi, n. person fully tattooed.

Răngiroro, n. giddiness. Ka taka te rangiroro i toku matenga.

Răngităpu, n. scaffolding for raising a ridgepole.

Răngitoto, n. black lava; scoria.
Răngo, n. 1. roller upon which a heavy body is dragged. 2. land overgrown with fern or scrub. 3. fly.

Răngonă, passive of rongo. See rongo.

Rãoă, v. i. be choked. He paku te ika i raoa ai a Tamarereti. Răorăo, n. level or undulating country.

Răpă, n. 1. stern post of a canoe.
 2. flat part of a spade.
 3. rapa maori, familiar spirit.

rapa, a. 1. having the toes united by a membrane; webbed. He waewae rapa to te parera. 2. entwined. Rapa tonu te taura ki te rakau.

raparapa, n. flat part of the foot, between the instep and the toes. Kei toku raparapa toku mate, mamae katoa toku tinaua. raparapa-ruru, a variety of potato.

rărăpă, v. i. flash forth. rarapa Rără, ad. there.
he uira. Rărăhu. see unde

whakarapa, n. fish basket.

II. Răpă, for rapu, v. t. seek; look for.

Rāpākĭ, n. girdle; apron.

rapaki, v. i. be girt up. Rapaki rawa nga kakahu o Kapenga.

Răpă, n. 1. tattooing on the breech.

2. a variety of potato.

Rāpea, ad. intensive. indeed.

Rapi, rarapi, v.t. clutch; scratch. E rapihia ana tou ringa e te ngarara.

Rāpŏi, n. swarm; cluster. Naomanga iho a Rua ki te rapoi kutu nei (77).

rapoi, v. i. hang together in a cluster. Te ngaro e rapoi mai ra. v. t. guther together. Rapoia mai nga otaota.

Rapopoto, v. i. be assembled.

Răpu, v. t. 1. seek; look for. Roa noa au e rapu ana i taku to-ki; kaore i kitea. 2. apply to any one for advice. Na konei matou i rapu ai ki a koe. 3. squeeze.

Răro, n. 1. the bottom; the under side. Like names of places, it is preceded by u when it is the subject in a sentence, or when repeated by way of explanation. With a preposi-

rapurapu, v. i. be in doubt. Kei rapurapu o koutou whakaaro.

Rāpupuku, v. i. bud; put forth buds.

Rārā, n. twig; small branch.

Rără, n. 1. rib. 2. stage on which kumara are dried. 3. shoal of fish.

rara, v. i. 1. be spread out on a stage. Ka rara nga tuna ki runga ki te ahi. 2. go in shouls. Ka rara nga ika ki runga i te kaharunga. 3. broach to; be thrown on the broudside. Ka rara te poti, ka tahuri.

Rărā, v. i. make a continued sound.

Ka rara nga waewae i te omanga. roar. I rangona ki te waha e rara iho ana i te tauwharenga kowhatu o Moerangi (158).

Rără, ad. there. See ra.
Rărăhŭ, see under rahu.
Rărăngă, see under ranga.
Rārăngĭ, n. row; rank.
Rărăpă, see under rapa.
Rărăpĭ, see under rapi.
Rărătă, see under rata.
Rărău, see under rata.
Rărău, see under rau.
Rārauhē, n. pteris aquilina; common fern.

Rărăwě, see under rawe.

 Rărĕ, a. dull; stupid. He rare koe.

II. Rărĕ, v. i. lie. Kei te rare tou nga rongoa. v. t. carry. Maku e rare tou kakahu.

Rari, n. a fish.

Rari, a. wet. Ka rari toku kakahu.

Rărī, v. i. make an uproar. Ka rari tera te tamariki.

der side. Like names of places, it is preceded by a when it is the subject in a sentence, or when repeated by way of explanation. With a preposition it is often equivalent to an adverb, and may be rendered, down; down below. pueru i waiho i raro takoto ai (137). When preceded and followed by a preposition, it forms a complex preposition signifying, beneath; under &c. nekehia atu ki raro i nga peke tetahi o nga taura, kua mau (159).—-Ka haere nei to tatou matua, ka haere hoki tatou i raro i ona waewae. i.e. in his 2. the north. train. E ahu ana nga waka ra ki raro. for ra or rangi; day. Mo era nga raro ena korero; tenei, mo tenei rangi.

Răru, and raruraru, v.i. 1. be in difficulty; be perplexed. Heoti ano, he raru to Manaia, heoti

ano ka maiki ia i tera wahi whakarau, v. t. 1. take captive. 2. be hindered; be en-(122).cumbered.

whakararu, n. hindrance; encumbrance.

Rărŭa, v. i. be misled; be disappointed.

Rātā, n. metrosideros robusta; a

Rătă, a. 1. tame; quiet. He kararehe rarata anake. 2. familiar; friendly. Kaore te tamaiti na i rata mai ki a au.

ratarata, a. 1. clear; not muddy. Kei te ratarata ranei te puna? 2. red-hot. Ka ratarata nga powhatu o te umu. 3. sharp; cutting. Ratarata ana tera te mata o te toki nei.

Rātău, pron. for ratou, they.

Răto, v. i. be all served or provided. Ka rato nga tangata i te utu.

whakarato, v. t. serve all round. WHakaratoa nga tamariki ki te kai.

Rātŏu, pron. they; them.

I. Rău, n. 1. leaf. 2. blade.

II. Rău, a. hundred. Takoto ana te rau ma whitu i roto i te hangi (90). Sometimes used to signify other. Kua ata whakaritea e raua i rau rangi ra (131). -Kei rau o whenua e haere ana.

whakarau, v. t. multiply. Tenei te he, kei nga tangata ora, nana i whakarau te korero mona.

III. Rău, v. t. 1. catch in a net. Kua riro a Koro ki te rau inanga. 2. gather into a basket. kete.

rărău, v. t. lay hold of; handle. Kahore e rarau o ringaringa ki ro oneone.

rărău, a. in captivity. Kei te Răurākău, n. see raurekau. noho rarau raua e noho nei.

2. lead away. Ka whakaraua ki te tuaahu (85).

WHakarau-ora, take alive; save a captive alive.

whakarau, n. captive.

Rāuă, pron. they two. Used redundantly in speaking of two persons together. Ka mate a Hou raua ko WHakaturia (67). Also in addressing two persons together: E Tama raua ko Maka!

Răuăkă, n. bed or land in a cultivation.

Răuăruhe, n. fronds of pteris aquilina. Para rauaruhe; brown growth of kumara leaves.

Răuăwă, n. attached sides of a To kau ana ko nga canoe. rauawa anake (171).

Răuhăngă, a. deceitful.

Răuhī, v. t. place together; collect.

Răukăi, n leaves of which baskets are made for cooked food. Răukăwă, n. an odoriferous plant used as a scent.

Răukěkě, v. t. pull about recklessly. Raukeke noa te tamaiti nei; e kore e takoto to mea.

Răukūmără, n. a species of senecio; a plant.

Răukură, n. 1. feather. 2. a fish. Răumārie, n. a fish.

Răumăti, n. summer.

Răununui, a. broad. Kia pehea te raununui o nga pou?

Răupā, a. chapped; cracked (of the skin). Ka mate oku waewae i te raupa.

RAUPANI, n. frying pan.

Răupěti, n. solanum, a plant.

Raua nga mea na ki te Răupī, v. t. cover up; cherish tenderly: take care of. Ka raupitia te roi ki te rau rakau.

> Răupŏ, n. typha angustifolia; bulrush, used for building.

Răurărăhĭ, a. broad.

Răurěkă, a. deceitful.

Răurēkău, n. a species of coprosma; a shrub.

Răurŏhă, v. t. spread about. Raurohatia nga witi.

Răurōrŏa, n. a coarse kind of thistle.

Răuru, n. a flat method of platting with 7 strands.

Răutăo, v. t. envelop with leaves in a native oven. Ka rautaongia ki te koromiko (36).

Răuwiri, v. t. interlace with twigs.

Me rauwiri te taiepa nei ki te
manuka. v. i. be cust on shore.
Ka rauwiri to matou kaipuke
ki uta.

răuwiri, n. fence interlaced with

I. Răwă, n. 1. goods; property. Kahore aku rawa. 2. ground; cause. Te ai he rawa i patua ai te tangata nei.

rawa, a. numerous. E rawa ana nga tangata.

whakarawa, v. t. fasten with a latch or bolt. WHakarawatia te tatau.

Whakarawa, n. lutch; bolt.

II. Băwă, ad. 1. quite; very; at all. Mate rawa te tamaiti nei.
E kore rawa ahau e haere.
2. really; indeed. He mahi rawa tena?

Rawahi, n. the other side, of a river &c. Kei rawahi te ope. 2. either side. E tu koe ki tenei rawahi (116).

Rāwăi.

whakarawai, v. t. sneer at; disparage. E whakarawaitia ana te kakahu.

Răwăkă, a. abundant; sufficient. E kore e rawaka nga kai.

Răwăkore, a. without property; poor.

Rāwaru, n. a fish.

I. Răwě, a. 1. close. Kia rawe to pa i te tatau. 2. suitable;

becoming. Ka rawe tou kakahu.
3. excellent. Mahue rawa tau
mea te rawe! 4. suiled; furnished. Ka rawe koe i te hu.
rărăwě. a. 1. easy; attainable.

E kore e rarawe tenei i a au. 2. abundant. Kei te rarawe nga kai o te rua.

rawe, v. t. take up; snatch. I rawea e ia te pueru hei kaka mona.

whakarawe, v. t. close: fasten up. WHakarawea nga kete kumara.

II. Răwě, a. interrogative, how many. E rawe au?

Raweke, v. t. manipulate; dress food &c.

raweke. a. meddlesome.

Răwhi, rărăwhi, v. t. 1. grasp; seize. Ka rawhia reretia te karukaru puru o tona whare hei paki putanga mona (13). 2. hold firmly. Tera te pakiaka o te koareare te rarawhi ra. rawhi, n. basket. Roiroia te rawhi.

Rāwhĭtĭ, n. east.

Rĕa, v. i. spring up; grow. Kua rea nga riwai.

Rěhě, a. wrinkled. Ka rehe te kiri.

rehe, ad. intensive, attached to adjectives. Parau rehe. Kuware rehe.

Rěhěa, v. i. be balked; be baffled. Katahi nei pea au ka rehea (15).

Rěho, a. bad. Ka haere ki te reho.

rehoreho, n. a shell fish.

I. Rěhu, n. flute.

II. Rěhů, v. t. chip; split off in chips. E rangi te kowhatu; ka rehua, ka ngawhara. —Rehu ahi, strike fire.

rehurehu, v. i. be gone down as the sun. Ka rehurehu te ra; e kore tatou e tae. whakarehu, v.t. 1. give a relish rengarenga, n. 1. arthropodium to anything. He nui te kai maori, ko te mea hei whakarehu e iti ana. 2. cause to decline. E to e te ra ki whakarehua iho.

Rěi, n. 1. breast. 2. tusk or large tooth. 3. anything made of ivory. 4. anything of great value; je-

whakarei, n. 1. carved work at the head and stern of a canoe. 2. canoe with elaborately carved figure head, bust and arms.

Rěiă, see under rere.

Rĕinga, n. derivative from rere. 1. leap. 2. place of departed spirits.

Rěipută, n. boar with tusks.

Reira, n. that place, time or circumstance, already mentioned. Ko NGatoro i haere ki nga raorao, ki te takahi waipuna i reira (78). Na reira; therefore (past).-Ma reira; therefore (future).

Rěkă, a. 1. sweet; palatable. Me i paka te kai nei, ka reka. 2. pleasant; agreeable. Reka tonu nga korero.

rekareka, a. 1. pleasant. 2. tickling; itching. 3. delighted.

Rěkě, n. 1. a mode of dressing the hair in a knot. 2. thrust with a stick.

rekereke, n. heel.

Rěko, n. white dogskin mat.

Rěmů, n. 1. posteriors. 2. lower end of anything. Ko nga remu o nga riwai hei kai ma matou. 3. lower hem of a garment.

Rěmurča, n. a plant.

Rěnă, v. t. stretch out. Renaa te kakahu.

renarena, a. full. Ka renarena te tai. It is high water.

Rěngă, n. good fern-root. Kotahi kete renga, kotahi kete parara.

cirrhatum, a plant. 2. tetragonia expansa or New Zealand spinach.

Rĕo, n. 1. voice. He reo tangata e wawaro mai nei. 2. speech. Kua nanu te reo. 3. language; dialect.

reoreo, n. 1. a bird. 2. plain or undulating country (R.) Compare raorao.

Rěpă, n. 1. belly of a shark. 2. a kind of mat; the same as lātătă.

Rěpě, n. a kind of potato.

reperepe, n. dowry.

Rěpŏ, n. 1. swamp. 2. sting ray; a fish. 3. cannon.

reporepo, n. a slippery weed growing on rocks.

Rĕră.

whakarera, a. high.

Rěrě, v. i. 1. run (as water). 2. fly. Rere tonu ke kukupa, a tau noa atu i te matapihi o te where o Tinirau. - be carried away. Me te huruhuru manu ka rere i te hau (170). 3. escape. Kahore he rerenga o taua 4. sail. ope. Rere noa atu ana, rere noa atu ana, he waka i tona rerenga (70). 5. leap. Ka rere iho taua wahine nei ki roto ki te koruarua (13). 6. pace to and fro in making a speech. 7. rise or set, as the havenly bodies. He marama e kā rere ake ana i te pae te ahuatanga (159).—E to e te ra, e rere ki te rua. 8. be born. Ka rere ta Tauwheoro, ko Hokinga. 9. be rejected. Hoatu rawa ta taua korero ki a Paoa, rere ana i a ia. 10. Ko te here ka waiho hang. ki rere ana (147).

Pass. reia, or rerengia, be run upon or over; be run after. Ka reia taua wahine e nga tane

o reira (148). be sailed over. Ka roa tenei wahi e reia nei e tenei waka (71).

rere, n. 1. waterfall. 2. shoal; rewarewa, n. knightia excelsa, swarm. Ka mau katoa te rere kākara.

rere, ad. abruptly; suddenly. Motu rere te taura nei.

rērērē, v. i. *run* &c. to and fro. 🖠 whakarere, v. t. 1. cast away; reject. Me whakarere enei ra- Rēwăi. Katahi ka whakarerea e ratou tera wahi. 3. use a weaano te whakarerenga iho o tana meremere (120).

whakarere, ad. suddenly. Ka puta whakarere mai te hau tonga.

Rěrě, int. demanding attention. rīšngš, n. screen. E hoa! rere!

Rereahiahi, n. the evening star. Rērehu, n. the star whose uppearance marks the 9th month; perhaps Antares.

Rerehu, v. i. be heated. Ka rerehu te okeoke.

Rěrěi, ad. there. E noi mai rerei.

Rěrěmăi, n. a large kind of shark.

Rěrěpěhí, n. tattooing on the breech.

Rěrěpari, n. a kind of crab.

Rěrěrůa, a. double; in two thicknesses or folds.

Rotao, n. grass or leaves on which the food is laid in a native oven.

Rětĭ, n. snare.

reti, v. ensnare.

Rětě, a. deep. He wahi reto tera rikarika, a. 1. abashed; overawtaha.

Rěturětu, n. a water-plant.

Rěuă, n. a shrub.

Rěwă, v. i. 1. melt; become liquid. 2. float. 3. get under way, start. Kotahi te mano o nga waka, ka rewa ki te moana, ka hoe (41). 4. be elevated;

be high up. Ka rewa te ra ki runga.

rewa, n. mast of a vessel.

a tree.

whakarewa, v. t. 1. put afloat. WHakarewaia te waka. 2. set in motion. Ka whakarewaia a Kahukura, a Itupawa, a Rongomai (84).

kau; kua pirau. 2. leave; for- whakarewai, v. i. rain heavily. I ua nehu i mua; muri iho ka whakarewai, ka rahi ake te pata. pon in striking a blow. Tahi Rewha, n. eyelid. Manana kau ana nga rewha.

rewharewha, n. epidemic sickness; influenza &c.

Ri, v. t. shut out with a screen. Ka riia te hau.

Homai nga raupo naka hei rianga.

Rĭakă, v. i. strain; put forth strength. Riaka ana nga naua ki te pupuri i a au.

Rĭakĭ, v. t. lift up. No tana riakanga i nga riwai nei. v. i. fall out.

Rianga, see ri.

Rie, a. *two*. E rie. (R.)

rienga, a. two. E rienga i a matou. (R.)

Rĭhă, n. nit.

whakarihariha, a. 1. disgusted. 2. disgusting.

Rĭkă, a. 1. restless in sleep; uneasy. I a au e moe ana, ka rika tera au. 2. impatient. Me haere koutou ki te arahi i te hanga ka rika nei ki te haere. ed. Te rikarika te tangata ra 2. having ki tona rangatira. Kihai i rikarika misgivings. tana patu, kihai i titiro. hesitating. Te rikarika te whakatikanga o te iwi nei.

whakaririkă, v. i. 1. be anxious or apprehensive. Me te noho matou; me te whakaririka akua- | Ripi, v. t. cut; gash. nei matou ka tahuri. 2. wait ripiripi, v. t. cut open. anxiously. WHakaririka noa ana matou kia tika te hau. 3. cower; crouch.

whakarikarika, a. exciting feelings of disgust; disgusting.

Riki, a. small. He ririki anake enei rakau.

rikiriki, a. 1. in small portions or sections; in fragments. Ka mahora rikiriki tatou, we are altogether scattered.

Rĭkŏ, v. i. wane. Ka riko te mărămă.

rikoriko, a. dusky; darkish. te ahiahi rikoriko.

Rimă, a. five.

Rimu, n. dacrydium cupressinum,

rimurimu. n. 1. seaweed. 2. moss. mildew.

Rīnena, n. linen.

Rĭnŏ, n. 1. twist of two or three strands. Rino makawe, lock of frizzled hair. 2. iron.

rinorino, n. twist of two or three strands.

Rĭngă, ringaringa, n. hand: arm.

Ringi, riringi, v. t. 1. pour out. Ringihia mai he wai i roto i te tahaa. 2. throw in great numbers. Te ringihanga mai o te tao o te manuka (101).

Rĭpă, n. boundary line.

ripa, v. i. make a line or furrow. Kei te takahi i te ara, a tawhiti noa atu, ripa ke atu, ripa ke mai (94). v. t. deprive an atua of power.

riparipa, v. t. put a border to. Riparipaia ta tatou hangi.

riparipa, n. tattooing on the cheeks. Rīpěkă, a. lying across one another. He ara ripeka, a cross road. ripeka, n. cross.

ripeka, v. t. 1. lay across. 2. mark with a cross. 3. crucify.

ka ripiripia; he ika ka haehaea (98).

ripi, n. stick to kill eels with.

Rĭpŏ, n. 1. whirlpool; eddy; curl. 2. deep pool. Kua tae ki te ripo, kei reira te WHeke a Muturangi e noho ana (109). Used of the deep sea. Te ripo tauarai ki Oropi.

ripo, or riporipo, a. eddying; curling. He hau ripo — Ka puhia mai e te hau, ka riporipoa te mura o te ahi.

Rīrā, a. strong. Koia ano te rira o tenei tangata ki te mahi. whakarira, v. i. but forth strength; work hard. I runga ahau i te whakarira, a ruwha noa iho.

Rīrāpā, a. having flat projections. He pukatea tena rakau ina hoki te rirapa.

Rire, n. deep water.

Riri, v. i. 1. be angry. Ka rongo ki te patunga o tana kuri, katahi ka riri. 2. quarrel; fight. Mo apopo taua riri ai (92). The passive is sometimes used impersonally. Katahi ka riria; then they fought. v. t. rebuke; forbid. Katahi te tangata nei ka riri kia kati te haka (194). riri, n. 1. anger. 2. quarrel. Riri taua nui, war between two nations. Riri taua whenua; quarrel between tribes, women, right to land &c. Riri tara whare; quarrel between different sections of the same hapu. ririri, v. i. quarrel one with another. Ka ririri nga wahine nei (139).

Ririki, see riki.

Rĭrĭo, v. i. be diminished. ririo te mate o toku ringaringa. Ririu, see under riu.

Rīrīwăi, n. stakes in the bed of a river, to which nets are attached.

Rīrīwākā, n. scirpus maritimus, a marsh plant.

Biro, v. i. 1. be gone or come Rito, n. young unexpanded leaves, away. Kua riro atu tana wahine ki te kawe wai ma raua. 2. be brought; be taken. Kua riro mai i a Tawhaki te iwa [o nga taro] (49). 3. be gotten or obtained. Ka riro te kaainga i a Manaia ratou ko ana tama (123). Riro ke; be chang-

whakariro, or whakariro ke, v. t. wrest; pervert. Kei whakariroia ta matou korero e koe. riro. ad. intensive. Nonamata riro; from very ancient times. riroriro, n. gerygone flaviventris, a bird.

Rīrŏi, n. rat.

Rita, n. an evil spirit. Haere ana a Rita, noho ana te tangata.

Rītākā, n. leaves &c. with which food is covered in a native oven.

Rĭtě, a. 1. like. I rite ahau ki ia manu, ki ia manu; manu iti, manu rahi (19). alike. Kia rite koutou te haere. 2. corresponding in position, number &c. Ka pakarua iho te wahi i rite ake ai tona iringa ake (64).—Ko nga rangatira i rite tonu: e toru nga matua, tokotoru hoki nga rangatira (101). 3. balanced by an equivalent; paid for. Kua rite noa ake i a au te kakahu. 4. performed. Rite tonu etahi o nga kupu i a ia (65). 5. agreed to. Heoi ka rite enei korero i a ratou katoa.

whakarite, v. t. 1. make like. 2. compare; liken. 3. put in order; arrange; fix. 4. balance by an equivalent. 5. fulfil; perform.

ritenga, n. 1. likeness.

stom; habit. 3. place or thing corresponding; price &c.

or heart of a plant. Ko te rito i waenganui te waiho.

Rĭu, n. 1. bilge of a canoe or vessel. 2. anything similar in shape: valley. Te riu o Waiapu, e tuwhera kau nei.—belly of a fish. Pawharatia tonutia i te riu (155).

ririu, v. i. 1. subside into its channel or bed. Kua ririu te waipuke ki roto ki te awa. 2. pass by. I kite atu au i a ia e ririu ana i ko.

Pass. riua, be gone. Ka riua ia koe.

Rĭukă.

whakariuka, a. restless from cold. Moe whakariuka ana au i te po nei.

Rīwăi, n. potato.

Rĭwhă, a. chipped; gapped. Ka riwha te papa.

riwha, n. chink.

Rō, n. mantis; an insect.

Ro, for 'roto i te' in complex prepositions. Ka noho ano a NGatoro i ro pa (92).

Rŏa, a. 1. long; tall. roroa. He tangata roroa anake. 2. slow; taking a long time.

whakaroa, v. t. 1. lengthen. 2. delay.

Rŏakă, a. abundant.

Roha, a. spread out; expanded. E roha ana nga pakikau o te Pakau-roharoha, winged koau. grasshopper.

roha, n. sting ray; a fish.

Rohe, n. 1. boundary. 2. handnet for fish.

roherohe, v. t. mark off by a boundary line; separate. nga rangi i roherohea e Tane (32).

roherohe, n. torch.

2. cu- Rohi, v. t. screen with bushes.

I te rohi kumara matou i te mara a Maru.

Rohutu, n. myrtus obcordata; a tree.

Rŏi, n. fern-root.

roiroi, a. half-cooked. Ma wai tenei kai roiroi.

roiroi, v. t. tie up. Roiroia te rawhi.

roiroi, n. dwarf.

roroi, v. t. grate into a pulp.

roroi, n. kumara grated or mashed.

whakaroiroi, v. i. wander about; be unstable; be unsettled.

Rŏimătă, n. tears.

Roke, n. excrement.

rokeroke, n. a variety of potato. Rokohanga, v. pass. be overtuken or come upon; be reached. Rokohanga atu e au kua mateke.

Rokohina, the same as rokohanga.

Roku, or roroku, v. i. 1. be weighed down; sink. He marama ka roku i te pae. 2. grow weak; decline. used of a person dying; of fire that will not burn &c. Whakaara noa au i a ia, ka roroku tonu atu. 3. act the coward; submit tamely to insult or degradation.

Rŏmă, n. current; stream.

Rŏmĭ, or rŏrŏmĭ, v. t. 1. squeeze.

Aua e romia kei kutere. 2.

Aua e romia kei kutere. 2. plunder.

Ronă, v. t. 1. bind; confine with cords &c. Kua tukua inaianei, a inaianei kua ronaia ano. 2. confine thatch to prevent it from

being carried away by the wind. Kahore ano i ronaa te whare. 3. engulph. Ka kawhakina e te au kume, e te au rona (112). 4. prepare cockles in the form

of a pudding. Kei te rona pipi a Kino. Ronaki, a. 1. sloping; slanting.

Te puke ronaki. 2. gliding

easily. Të ngaru, të aha, ka ronaki te haere.—He hau tika; ronaki tonu mai i muri.

Rŏngŏ, v. t. pass. rangona. 1. hear. Kahore ranei koe i rongo wawara o raro nei na? (33) 2. feel. Katahi ka rangona e au te mamae. 3. smell. Rongo kau ano te tupua ra i te haunga ahua tangata (150). 4. laste. Ka kai a Kae, ka rongo i te reka (36). 5. obey. NGare noa, kihai hoki i rongo (143).

rorongo, v. t. repeat the commencement of a song &c. Katahi ka rongohia atu e Rongorongo (108).

rongo, n. 1. tidings; report; fame.

Ka nui noa atu tona rongo;
paku ana ki nga iwi katoa. 2.
peace after war. Ka mau te
rongo (166); peace is made.
Hohou rongo; make peace.—
Rongo-a-whare; peace brought
about by the mediation of a woman.—Rongo-a-marae; peace
brought about by the mediation
of a man.

whakarongo, v. t. 1. cause to hear; inform. Hoki tonu te purahorua ra ki te whakarongo i nga wahi i kapi i nga tangata o runga i a te Arawa (81). 2. listen; attend. E whakarongo ana raua ki te putanga mai o te hau (93). WHakarongo-uka, bear pain with firmness.

2. whakarongoa, n. noise. Te wham karongoa o te tamaiti nei! dd. Used interjectionally. WHakare. rongoa! Hush!

Rŏngŏa, v. t. 1. preserve; take care of. Rongoatia a tatou kai mo apopo. 2. apply medicines to.

rongoa, n. 1. anything preserved. Hence applied to drugs. 2. medicine; remedy; preservative against sicknes or death. He mata tawhito te karakia a Tamure hei rongoa mona (172). Rori, a. distorted.

Rongohua, n. perch for birds. Rŏngŏmăiŏră, n. steep roof.

Rŏngŏuă, n. basket for cooked food, used in some religious

Rŏngŏwăhă, v. t. muzzle. Hoatu, rongowahatia ta taua kuri.

Ropā, n. 1. slave; servant. Katahi a Marutuahu raua ko tana ropa ka haere mai (137), single man: lodger in a family.

Ropi, n. potato.

ceremonies.

Rŏpĭ, and rŏrŏpĭ, v. i. 1. close. Ropia te kuwaha. 2. cover up. 3. use as a covering. Ropia tou kakahu.

Ropině, v. t. cover up. Ropinea nga mea na ki waenganui.

Ropu, n. 1. company of persons. 2. clump of trees. 3. gust of wind; squall. Ka puta mai te ropu hau, tutu ana te puehu o te whenua.

Rorā, a. 1. powerless. Ki taku titiro, kua rora a Hirini. lazu. Katahi te rora o ta koutou mahi.

Bŏrĕ, n. snare; trap.

rore, v. t. ensnare. Ka puta te kiore ki roto, ka rorea.

rore, a. 1. deceitful. He rore noa te mahi a te tangata ra. 2. weary. 3. intoxicated.

rorerore, a. 1. entangled. 2. enervating, relaxing. Rorerore ana tera te whiti o te ra.

whakarorerore, v. t. bind. aha te tikanga ka whakarorerorea noatia nei au e koe?

Rorea, n. tide-bore.

Bōrī, v. t. 1. bind. 2. gather cockles.

rori, a. entangled. I reira nga whakaheke e rori ana.

rori, n. 1. basket in which cockles Ru, v. t. shake. Ka ru i ana ma-

are gathered. 2. animalculæ in the sea.

Ka rori nga kauae.

Rōrĭa, n. jew's harp.

Rŏrŏ, n. 1. brains; marrow. 2. entrance; doorway.

Rŏrŏa, see under roa.

Rŏrŏăi, n. a fish.

Rŏrŏhū, v. i. whiz; buzz.

Rororo, n. 1. young maire tree. 2. pieces of wood rubbed together to procure fire. 3. ant. Rŏtă, n. a fish.

Rotari, n. fierce looks. mai tera nga rotari.

rotari, a. fierce.

I. Rŏtŏ, n. lake.

II. Roto, n. treated in construction like the proper name of a place. 1. the inside. Ko roto o te whare, i ki katoa i te tangata. Ki roto ki; into; in. Ki roto i; i roto i; hei roto i &c. in. Sometimes used with an ellipsis of the preposition following. He kai ma roto puku See also ro. (158).2. the Ka tu nga tokotoko ki midst. roto ki te otaota (79). 3. places inland; or up a river.

Rŏtŭ, and rŏrŏtŭ, a. heavy. Rorotu ana nga kanohi i te moe.

rŏrŏtŭ, v. t. oppress with sleep. Ka rotua te whare e nga wahine ra (37).

Rŏu, √. t. 1. reach or procure by means of a pole or stick. Roua he kiekie ma tatou. 2. collect cockles or other shell fish. Kei te rou kakahi (157).

rou, n. long stick used to reach anything with.

rourou, n. small basket for cooked food.

Routu, n. comb.

Rowhea, a. weary. Ka rowhea noa iho au i te mahinga.

kawe (55). v. i. shake. Ru ana te whenua.

ru, n. earthquake.

ruru, v. t. shake.

I. Rŭa, a. two.

ruarua, a. of two minds; in doubt. Ka ruarua toku ngakau.

rurua, ad. both equally. E tika rurua ana raua.

II. Rŭa, n. 1. pit; hole. Me haere au ki roto ki te rua noho ai (97). 2. potuto store. 3. grave.

whakarua, n. north east seabreeze. WHakarua-kopito; a kind of ornamental work in the interior of native buildings.

Ruahine, see ruawhine.

Rŭaki, v. t. vomit. Ka ruakina te kai ki waho. Whakapai ruaki; have a feeling of nausea.

Rŭa-kŏaŭau, n. kumara store.

Rŭarăngi, a. large (of animals). He kuri ruarangi.

Rŭa-tāhŭhŭ, n. potato store.

Rŭatăpŭ, a. having two entrances. Ano he kiore e mau ana i te tawhiti whakaruatapu (160). Rŭatără, n. large lizard.

Rua-tirawa, n. store with an excavated floor.

Rŭaŭmŏkŏ, n. the demon of earthquakes. Te tini o Ruaumoko.

Rŭawāhĭa, n. a star which appears in the 9th month.

Rŭekě, n. verandah.

Ruhi, a. weak; exhausted.

rūrŭhĭ, n. old woman.

whakaruhi, v. t. enervate. Ka whakaruhiruhia te tangata e tenei mate.

Rŭi, v. t. scatter; sow.

Rŭkărŭkă, a. indefinite. I mahue rukaruka te korero nei, kahore hoki i marama.

Rŭkě, v. t. throw. Rukea te kupenga ki te moana.

whakaruke, v. t. strike. Me whakaruke te kuri ki te rakau.

Ru Ruku, v. t. dive for. Kei te ruku paua nga tangata.

rukuruku, n. small basket or basket half full. Ko te rukuruku a WHakaotirangi. a proverb for scarcity of food.

rukuruku, v. t. gather up into small compass. Rukuruku Hunaa, horahora Papakanui. a proverb expressing the superiority of plain serviceable garments to those which are merely ornamental; Hunaa being the name of a place where fine flax was grown and Papakanui that of a kiekie thicket.

ruruku, v. t. 1. draw together with a cord. WHiria he taura hei ruruku i nga pakitara o te whare. 2. bind together anything that is broken or fallen to pieces. Pass. rukutia.

ruruku, n. band; girdle. Homai tetahi ruruku kia piri ai.

RUMA, n. room, apartment.

I. Rumaki, n. basket of seed potatoes.

II. Růmákí, v. t. duck in the water. v. i. stoop; bow. Ka rumaki tonu te pane ki raro ki te hoe.

Rŭnă, n. 1. rumex flexuosus;
 dock. 2. a water plant.

II. Rună, v. t. 1. tie together; draw together. Kotahi tonu te kete i runaia ai. 2. steer. Runaa te ihu o te waka ki waho. 3. reduce; pare down. Runaa mai nga taha o te rakau kia iti mai.

runanga, n. assembly; council. runanga, v. t. discuss at a meeting.

Runga, n. treated in construction like proper names of places. 1. 'the top; the upper part. He mea puhipuhi a runga ki te puhi kereru (154). Ki runga; upwards; on high. I runga; on high. Ki runga ki; ki ru- | II. Ruru, v. t. tie together. nga i, upon. Ki runga ake i; above. Ra-runga-tia mai i te taiepa; let it be pussed over the fence. 2. the south; southern parts.

Rupahu, a. 1. blustering; angry. Katahi te 2. random; wild.

tangata tahupera; rupahu noa iho ana korero.

Rupe, ruperupe, v. t. 1. shake violently. He aha tau e ruperupe i tou kakahu? 2. treat with violence.

Rūpěkě, v. i. be all come toge-Kua rupeke mai nga tather.

ngata.

Rure, v. t. 1. shake. 2. toss about; scatter. He aha i rurea atu ai nga kai na; te whakawhaititia? 3. bandy words; wrangle. Korero atu ana ratou; rure atu; rure mai.

rurerure, v. t. 1. brandish. Ka rurerurea tana paraoa. 2. maltreat. Kati me he rurerure i to potiki.

[. Rŭrŭ, n. owl; athene Novæ Rŭwhā, a. weary. Zelandiæ.

Me i mohio koutou ki te ruru mōkī. v. i. draw closer together. ta, kahore koe e ruru mai kia whaiti?

ruru, a. sheltered from wind. He wahi ruru tenei.

Rurutakě, a. shivering.

Rūrūwai, a. foolish; silly. mate o te tangata ra, he ruruwai noa iho, he porangi.

Rūtā, v. i. rage; bluster. e natia taku korero: waiho kia ruta ana au.

Rūtăki, a. blustering; furious.

Rŭtŭ, i. v. t. 1. jolt; jerk. 2. dash down; fell. He rutunga na te mate. 3. try to obtain by flattery. He rutu taonga mana. ii. v. i. 1. nod from side to side. He hoka pai, e rutu ana. 2. be agitated with anger; storm. Rutu noa ana te tangata ra.

Ruwahine, n. 1. old woman. 2. woman under the restriction of 'tapu'.

Ka ruwha oku waewae.

T.

C. Ta, i. v. t. 1. dash down. He ua ta whakarere; very heavy rain. 2. strike with a stick &c.; Hoatu tatou ki te ta karaka.—Ta i te kawa; strike with a branch of kawakawa; this being part of the 'pure' ceremony. Hei te ra e whaongia ai te tupapaku ki te papa, ka taia te kawa o te papa. sprinkle by means of a branch or bunch of leaves dipped in 4. whip a top. ana to tamaiti i tana kaihotaka. 5. dash the water out of a canoe; bale. Tangia te rire o te

waka. 6. paint; print. i taia ki te takou te whero (16). 7. tattoo. Na wai i ta to moko? 8. net. Katahi ano ka kitea te ta o te kupenga (179). ii. v. i. 1. breathe. Ka te toku manawa, ka mamae. - Ka whakata i tona manawa (132). She takes breath. 2. be oblique; deviate from the perpendicular. He ta kakaho, ka kitea; he ta tangata, e kore e kitea. Compare takau.

ta, n. 1. mallet; maul. 2. whip for a top. 3. scoop for baling water out of a canoe. (tătā).

4. stern of a canoe. 5. shin; (or tata) lower joint of the leg. 6. wind. He ta tika tenei mo te kaipuke.

tătā, v. t. bale water out of a canoe.

tătā, n. vessel used to bale with. tātā, v. t. 1. dash down. 2. break to pieces by dashing on the ground. Hence cleave; split up. Tatakia te rakau na hei wahie ma taua. 3. strike repeatedly with a stick; beat. 4. oppose; contradict. E pa, he kupu tata to kupu. See tātā.

tāngă, n. 1. circumstance, time or place of dashing &c. 2. company; relay. Haere tonu atu te tanga o mua (193).—E toru tanga o toku kaainga ka noho atu apopo. 3. place where a seine is worked. Kia tae atu au ki te kawe i te hau o tenei tanga ika (22).

II. Tā, n. a mode of address among tribes on the East coast. ta!

III. Ta, a particle compounded of Taematuku, a. purulent. 'te' the, and 'a' of. Plural 'a'. valent to 'te kupenga a Raumati'.

Taawhĕ, v. i. l. go round a corner. A ka taawhe ratou i Muriwhenua (123). 2. be travelled all round. Ka taawhe i a au te motu nei te haere.

Taawhi. v.t. suppress feelings &c. Taawhi noa iho ana, e totoko taepa, n. fence. kau te whanowhanoa (82).

taawhitaawhi, v. i. hang back. whakaaroaro ranei, kia aha! ranei (164).

Tăe. v. i. 1. arrive. Kua tae mai tahataha, n. steep bank of a river. 2. go. He aha koa ra, ko koe kia tae; keoi ano. 3. reach

the utmost limit. Ka tae te roa o to kai (84). Pass. taea. 1. be reached. Ka taea te taingawai o te ihu (72). Hence often equivalent to as for as; Ka noho ki Piako, taea noatia te ngahuru. 2. be equalled. Kahore he tangata e taea ai Te Horo, te oha. 3. be effected; be accomplished. Ka taea e au tenei, ka taea hoki e au tera atu aianei (19). with an infinitive verb to denote the character of the action. E kore e taea te whai (144). 4. be overcome; be taken. pa taea.

whakataetae, v. i. try strength; Ka mea a Tamure kia contend. whakataetae ia ki a Kiki (172). Tăe, n. 1. exudation from plants. 2. dye. Kua hemo te tae o nga kakahu.

Tăeăkă, n. a variety of potato. Tăckă, for taca. See under tac. Tāeki, v. i. lie. Hei kona taeki ai.

taematukutia a roto o te mate. 'Ta Raumati kupenga' is equi- Tāeŏ, n. thicket of kiekie or kareao. Me te taeo pirita.

Tāĕpă, v. i. hang down. Kei hopu tou ringa ki te aka taepa; engari kia mau ki te aka matua (49). Te taepaepatanga o te rangi (72); the place where the sky hangs down to the horizon.

tonu ake ana i roto i te nga- Tăhă, n. 1. side. Kei te taha o te wai e takoto ana. of flax plant.

Kihai ia i taawhitaawhi, kia taha, v. i. pass on one side; go Ka taha te patu i tona by. angaanga (91).

a Paoa ki to matou whare (196). whakataha, whakatataha, v. i. go on one side; steal. WHakatataha ana; ko Autahi ano.

whakatahataha, v. i. turn from I. Tahau, n. front part of the side to side.

Tăhā, n. calabash. (91).

Tahae, v. t. 1. steal. Akuanei, whakapaea iho, na Hotunui i stealth.

tahae, n. 1. thief. 2. young fellow; person. 3. filth (34).

Tahakě, n. young fellow; person. Tăhăki, n. 1. one side. Haere ana te wahine ra ki tahaki tangi ai (83). 2. the shore, re-

garded from the water. Ka tata ki tahaki, ka tutu a Tua-

nui (113).

Tahaku, for taku. See taku.

Tăhăngă, a. 1. naked. Ko tenei tangata e noho tahanga nei. kahore he weruweru. 2. empty.

tahanga, ad. moderately; a little. Kaua e waiho te wai kia koropupu: kia werawera tahanga.

Tahaohao, v. i. cease (of rain). Kua tahaohao te ua.

Tahapa, v. i. 1. pass by. tahapa ke te kaipuke. 2. be left behind. Kua tahapa kei muri te kaainga.

tahapa, a. at an acute angle. Ho awa tahapa, a river which makes an acute angle with the sea at its mouth. Ha awa tahapa, ka pai te haere; tena ka poupou ki waho, ka kino.

Taharahara, v. i. be diminished. Ka taharahara nga wahie.

Tăhătăi, n. sea-shore.

Tăhătikă, n. coast line. Kei te taunaha haere mai a Taikehu ma i nga whenua katoa o te tahatika (75).

Tăhătu, n. 1. upper edge of a seine or of a canoe-sail. 2. horizon. Na taku potiki koe i tiki ki te tahatu o te rangi (148).

thigh.

Katahi ka II. Tăhău, pron. for tau, thy. utu te tangata ra i tana taha Tahawahawa, v. t. contaminate with something 'tapu'. He aha i tahawahawatia ai e koe nga kai?

tahae (136). 2. do anything by Tahe, n. 1. menses. 2. abortion. whakatahe, n. abortion.

> whakatahe, v. t. clear from obstruction. Ka whakatahea te awa kia rere ai te wai.

Tăhē, n. calabush.

Tăhěhă, n. a small mat.

Tāhěi, v. t. divide by a crease or narrow stripe. Taheitia te pukapuka.

tahei, a. divided by a crease or stripe. He poaka tahei; a black pig, with a narrow white stripe crossing its back.

Tāhěkě, v. i. descend.

taheke, a. quick. Kia taheke te

taheke, n. waterfull; rapid. tahekeheke, a. striped; streaked.

Tāhĕrĕ, v. t. tie; ensnare. haere ki te tahere huahua ma ratou. v. i. hang oneself.

I. Tähi, a. 1. one. 2. unique: E tahi te oha unprecedented. a to tangata.

tahi, ad. 1. together. Haere tahi ana raua ki waho. 2. through-Tahi mai ano i te ihu, a te noko atu ana (50). altogether. Parau tahi to korero.

II. Tăhi, v. t. sweep. Tahia te whare.

tahitahi, v. t. 1. scrape. hitahi ana ia i te riwai. touch lightly. Kahore i tahitahi ki taku waewae; i pahemo.

tahitahi, ad. within a little; Tahitahi tonu taua ka riri i mua ake nei.

Tăhirā, n. the day after tomor-

row. A tahira te eke ai ki uta (142).

Tăhiwi, n. heart of a tree. He rakau tawhito, e mau te taitea i waho, e tu te tahiwi.

Tahoată, n. pumice stone.

Tāhŏe, v. i. stretch out the arms alternately in swimming.

Tahōhō, a. soft; pulpy. Tahoho noa nga pititi nei.

Tāhŏrā, v. t. gather fruit off a tree. Me tahora he matai ki ro rahu.

Tăhŏră, n. uncultivated open country. Kei waenga tahora e haere ana.

Tahoro, v.t. 1. cause to crumble down; throw down a heap or structure. Tahoroa nga pukepuke. 2. pour out. Ka oti te tahoro te wai o te karaha.

Tāhu, for tāhuhu, see tahuhu.
I. Tāhu, n. 1. husband; spouse.
2. any other near relative. Tangi-a-tahu; dirge.

II. Tăhu, v. t. 1. set on fire; light. Na nga tangata a Puhi i tahu te whare. 2. tend a fire. Kia pai te tahu o te ahi, kei paoa. 3. cook. Tahuna he kai kia ora ai te haere.

Tăhŭa, n. heap of food.

Tāhŭhŭ, n. 1. ridgepole of a house. 2. line of ancestry.

tahuhu, v. i. run in a continuous line. E tahuhu haere nei ano toku ingoa ki toku tupuna ki a Manaia (123).

Tahuna, n. 1. shoal; sandbank.
2. seaside; beach. 3. bed or land in a cultivation, divided off by furrows. 4. battle field.
Ka mate te hoariri, ka riro te tahuna i tetahi.

Tāhuně, n. seed-down of raupo or typha angustifolia.

Tahunga, n. any downy substance.

Tăhuperă, a. fulse. Ko nga ko-

rero tahupera ano te tu o nga korero inaianei.

Tăhurăngi, n. beings resembling fairies.

Tăhuri, v. i. 1. turn oneself. 2. turn over; upset. Kua tahuri te waka. 3. turn to; set to work. Tahuri; haehaea te ika nei (152). tāhurihuri, n. head.

Tăhuti, v. i. run away. Ka mea te wahine nei kia haere atu ia kia tahuti (144). 2. Tahuti mai! a cry of welcome.

I. Tăi, n. 1. sea. Wai tai; seawater. 2. tide. Kia pari te tai ka hoe matou. Taitai nunui; spring tides. Taitai ririki, or tai kāwā, neap tides.

II. Tăi, n. a term of address in speaking to a married woman. E tai!

III. Tăi, n. the other side. Kei tai atu, beyond.
IV. Tăi.

taitai, v. t. remove tapu from a newly built canoe: a ceremony accompanied with the sacrifice of a slave. Hence, 'He taitainga waka koe noku' is equivalent to 'you are my slave'.—
Ka taitaia te waka (112).

Tăiăhă, n. a flat weapon of hard wood, about 5ft long, having one end carved in the shape of a tongue.

Tăiāmĭkĭ, v. i. wander.

Tăiăpŏ, v. t. 1. carry in the arms. 2. covet. Ka taiapotia te kainga.

Tăiăpu, v. t. assault; try to take by storm. A whea ta taua pa te taiaputia ai?—Used also of a star when in close conjunction with the moon. Kei te taiapu te whetu i te marama. This is considered a sign of war, and indicative of the success of one side or the other according to the position of the star.

Tăiări, v. t. smash. Mango-taiari; a kind taiari. of shark.

Tăiăroă, a. weary; exhausted. Katahi ka taiaroa ake a roto i a au.

taiaroa, n.

Ka kawea te taiaroa ki a Apakura (44).

Tăiătĕa, a. fuint-hearted ; nervous. He ngakau taiatea.

Tăiăwă, n. 1. foreigner. 2. cutarrh; cold. 3. potato.

Tăiāwhio, v. t. go round about; encircle.

Tăiopă, n. fence.

Tăihěkě, v. i. 1. descend; go down. Taiheke rawa te ra, ka tae tatou. 2. slope downwards. Taiheke tonu atu tera wahi.

Taiho, n. heart of a tree.

Tăihoa, ad. by and bye. Taihoa ka kite ratou i ta ratou mahi (141). — E tata mate; e roa taihoa.

Taĭkă, v. i. lie. Kei nga mea I. Tāirĭ, v. i. e taika mai ra.

Tăikăhă, a. violent; impetuous.

Tăiki, n. 1. rib. 2. wicker basket; anything of wickerwork. Katahi ka tikina he kareao i (154).

taiki, v. t. provoke an atua by passing cooked food over any one who is tapu. Compare tapena.

Taikiri, int. expressing surpise or alarm, Taikiri! taikiri! kore rawa nei koe e ki mai ki ahau! (165).

Taiko, n. a bird.

Tăikură, n. heart of a tree; red wood.

Tăimăhă, a. 1. heavy. 2. oppressed in body or mind.

Tăimătě, n. slack water. taimate tenei; ka hoe tatou. Tăină, for teina. See teina.

Me he pipi | Tāināki, or tāinānāhi, n. yesterday.

> Tainakareha, n. the day before yesterday.

> Tāināwhea, n. what time; interrogatively, of past time only.

Tăingāwăi, n. the purt of a canoe where the water is baled out.

Tăiŏmă, n. pipeclay.

Tăiŏrŏrŭa, n. valley. Kia heke tatou ki te taiororua, ka noho.

Tăipără, v. t. fire a volley at. No toku whakatikanga ake, ka taiparatia mai au.

I. Tăipu, v. t. betroth.

II. Tăipu, n. sand hill.

Tăipŭa, v. i. lie in rounded musses or heaps, as cumulus clouds. **Tăirăkĭ,** n. a shell fish.

Tairangaranga, a. elevated.

whakatairangaranga, v. i. rise up. Na NGapuhi i whakatairangaranga ki te riri, koia Tokakuku.

Of the sun late in the afternoon, when it hangs as it were over the horizon. Ka tairi te ra.

II. Tăirĭ, v. t. block up. Tairia te ara.

te ngahere, hei hanga taiki Tāiro, v. t. cause a tohunga to be destroyed by his own atua. I meatia atu ona mea tapu ki roto ki te hangi kai, hei tairo i a ia; kia hoki mai ai ona atua ki te kai i a ia.

> Tăiroa, a. lingering; spending much time over anything. He tairoa ahau ki te moe.

> Tăita, n. snag; timber fixed in the bed of a river.

> Tăitahae, a. oppressive; wearying. He taitahae te ngaru nei.

Taitai, see under tai.

Tăităiā, a. unlucky in fishing &c. He Tăităiāhengă, a. producing no food. He moana taitaiahenga, he onge tahi rangi; a proverb, for an unsuccessful fishing excursion.

Tăitămăriki, n. young man; young person of either sex.

Tăitămăhine, n. young woman.
Tăitătă, a neur. Kihai ano i taitata atu (151).

Tăitea, n. white wood; sap.

taitea, a. fearful; timid.' He manawa taitea.

Tăitua, n. 1. the further side of any solid body. Kei taitua o te whare. 2. for tai tua, western sea. See tua.

Tăituri, n. dew.

Tăiŭrŭ, v. i. lean; decline from the perpendicular. Kia taiuru te tu o te taiepa.

Taiwaru, n. a fish.

I. Tăkă, v. i. 1. full off. Taka ana ki raro takoto ai (16). 2. fall away; desist. Ka taka ratou ki raro o ta ratou mahi. 3, turn on a pivot. 4. undergo change in direction. Akuanei ka taka tonga te hau. 5. go Kua taka nga waka ki round. tua. 6. range; roam at large. E taka mai ra nga tamariki i waho. 7. full to one's lot or turn. Kua taka mai ki a au te mea nui.

taka, ad. on all sides; round. tātākā, v. i. fall frequently or in numbers.

whakataka, v. t. 1. throw down; cause to fall off. 2. muster; ussemble. Kua riro a Te Horo ki te whakataka taua. 3. surround. Katahi te hokowhitu ra ka whakataka i taua whare, a, taka noa (41). v. i. take a circuitous course. E whakataka ana te ara konihi a Te Puhihuia (170).

whakataka-riri, a. 1. rousing indignation; vexatious. 2. vex-ed.

whakataka, n. herd. Ka taki-

rau nga kararehe i te whakataka kotahi.

II. Tăkă, v. t. 1. prepare. Ma nga pononga e taka he kai. 2. taka whakaaro, mahara &c. entertain a design; propose. Ka taka a WHakatau i te mahara kia haere ia ki te takitaki i te mate o tona tuakana (40).

takataka, v. t. make ready. III. Taka, v. i. lie in a heap.

taka, n. heup. Me huihui a tatou kumara kia kotahi te taka. ____.

I. Tăkā, n. batten which covers the outside of the joint of the rauawa of a canoe. He taka to waho, he paewai to roto.

II. Tăkā, v. t. fasten a fishhook to a line. Katahi a Maui ka taka i tana matau (20).

taka, n. thread by which the hoolis fastened to the line.

Tăkăawhě, a. circuitous. He ara takaawhe.

Tākāhē, v. i. go wrong; come to nothing. Mehemea ka takaheta korua tukunga ki te pakeha katahi ano ka taea te pana i te pakeha.

Tăkăhi, v. t. 1. trample. E takahi ana nga tamariki i nga kumara. 2. place the foot one anything to hold it. Ko te wahine tena nana i takahi te kauahi, he wahine tapu hoki-3. plunder. 4. disobey. Kua takahia nga kupu i rongo ra ratou (22). 5. intransitively. Katahi ra ka takahia dance. (167).

takahi, n. that part of the trunk of a tree which is nearest to the ground.

takahanga, n. 1. circumstance &c. of trampling. 2. sole of the foot.

Tăkăhŏa, n. companion.

Tăkăhŏrĕ, n. 1. widower; widow. 2. naked person. Păkăi, v. t. 1. wrap up; wrap Takariri, whakatakariri. round. He mea apoapo e te rimu, takai atu, takai mai (11). Takarita, v. i. shew resentment. 2. wind round.

akai, n. wrapper; covering.

round.

Pākākā, n. 1. common fern; waewae i te ngaunga a te takaka. 2. fibres in fernroot.

Pākākāu, n. 1. stalk; straw. 2. fore-arm.

Tăkăhău, a. 1. free from business; at leisure. Taihoa e haere, kia takakau; kei haere maharahara te ngakau (189). from the marriage tie.

ľäkämingŏmingŏ, v. i. turn round. Takamingomingo ana a raro o te whenua.

Păkăŏiŏi, v. i. writhe; roll.

Takaŏnge, v. i. be in want. kaonge noa i ro ngahere; koi kai, koi aha.

Păkăŏrĕ, n. ring on the leg of a captive bird, to prevent the string from cutting it.

Păkăŏrĭorĭ, v. i. writhe: roll over and over.

Pakapapa, v. t. double up. Takapapaa te kete.

Tăkăpău, n. mat to sleep on. Hurihanga takapau; conclusion of the 'pure' ceremony. Ka hurihia te hurihanga takapau; ka noa (22).

takapau, v. t. set free from 'tapu'. Ka takapauria (112).

Tăkăpu, n. 1. belly. 2. middle of a drag net.

Tăkăpŭi, a. going about in company.

Tăkăpŭkě, v. t. plant in hillocks. Me takapuke nga purapura.

Tākārē, a. enger; strenuous. takare ana ahau ki te haere.

Tăkărĕkŏ, a. threatening rain. He marangai, ina e takareko nei.

See under taka.

Kia ata takarita.

takaritarita, a. *vexed* ; *annoyed*. akatakai, v. t. wind round and 1. Takaro, v. i. play; sport. Pass. takarohia; be played with.

takaro, n. game; play.

pteris aquilina. Ka mate oku II. Tākaro, ad. by and bye; presently. Takaro tatou e haere.

> Tăkărŭrĕ, v. t. mention repeat-He aha toku ingoa i edly. waiho ai hei takaruretanga i runga i te ngutu o te tangata? v. i. become listless. He takaruretanga mahi, mahue ake.

2. free Tăkătāpŭi, n. intimate companion of the same sex.

Tăkătu, a. prepared; ready. takatu nga tangata ki te haere. Tākāu, a. sloping abruptly; steep. Tăkăwăengă, n. go - between ; mediator.

Tăkăwăi, v. t. anoint. E takawai ana ia i tona upoko. (R.) Tākāwě, v. t. sling over the

shoulder. **Täkäwhäkĭ,** v. i. *roam at wıll*. Takawhaki ke noa atu nga ta-

mariki: kaore e noho ki nga matua.

Tăkăwhĕtăwhĕtă, v. i. *writhe* ; toss oneself. Ka hinga ka takawhetawheta nga waewae.

Täkäwĭrĭ, a. twisted. He rakau takawiri; e kore e akoako.

Tākē, v. i. absent oneself. Take koanga; whakapiri ngahuru; Last at work but first at the feast.

Tăkě, n. 1. root; stump. 2. post for the palisading of a pa. 3. cause.

taketake, n. 1. lower point of the sail of a canoe. 2. stick fastened to the end of a seine to keep it stretched.

taketake, a. 1. well founded; firm; lasting. He rongo take-

take. 2. certain; on good authority. Katahi matou ka rongo taketake ki nga korero mo te matenga o nga tangata o Turanga. 3. own. He mahi taketake nana.

I. Takěkě, guard-fish.

II. Takěkě, a. altogether acquir-Takeke noa nga tini kupu maori i a koutou.

III. Täkeke, v. t. muke a net. Rokohanga atu e au e takeke ana i te kupenga.

takekenga, n. mesh of a net. Tăkěkětŏngă, n. a fish.

Tăkěrě, n. keel of a canoe &c.

tākěrěkěrě, n. thread to lash the bait on to a fishhook. Ko te takai o te mounu, he takerekere.

whakatakere, n. 1. bottom of deep water; bed of a river. 2. strugglers from an army or company of travellers.

Tăkĕrĕhāiă, n. open rent in the bottom of a canoe; dangerous Ehara i te aurukowhao; he takerehaia. Often applied to irretrievable misfortunes.

Tāki, v. t. 1. take to one side; take out of the way. Ko nga he o mua, i uru ano ahau ki roto: ko tenei he, me tāki au i toku tinana ki uta. 2. take food from the fire. Ka maoa nga kai na: takina.

I. Taki, v. t. 1. track; tow with a line from the shore. 2. begin or continue a speech. takina e Raharuhi ana korero ki nga korero o era rangi. 3. challenge. Takina te taua. 4. intransitively, make a speech. Kei rnnga ko Hotunui e taki haere mai ki Hauraki (139).

takitaki, i. v. t. 1. recile a song &c. Ka takitakina ona puha. 2. proroke. Ka takitakina kia Takitini, ad. in crowds.

pamaro ai te haerenga mai ki waho o te rua (151). 3. trace out; look for. 4. avenge. haere ana ki te takitaki i te mate o tona papa. ii. v. i. 1. Ka takitaki mai nga kawainga o te ata. 2. dawn. Ka takitaki mai te ata.

takitaki, n. fence.

whakataki, v. t. 1. conduct. Maku 💻 koe e whakataki, kia tika ai 💻 🛥 to haere. 2. begin or continue 3. go in search of; a speech. trace out. Ka haere taua ki te whakataki i taku kotiro-(48).

II. Tăki, or tātāki, ad. 1. giv ing a distributive force to nu— 🛲 Takirua, by twos; two merals. at a time. 2. denoting that what is said applies to each one individually. Kua takimaumau (150); they were ever one of them caught.

Tākĭekĭe, n. a kind of eel.

Tākĭhĭ, n. kidney.

Tăkĭrā, n. the moon on the ni- 📹 neteenth day.

Tākīrī, v. t. 1. untie; loosen== Hutia te punga, takiritia hok nga ra (70). 2. disengage the -6fibre of flax. Kei te takir whitau. 3. free from 'tapu' He takiritanga kainga. 4. drav= Ka takiriti away suddenly. mai te tahā i roto i te wa (91). v.i. 1. start convulsively fly back as a spring. 3. rush charge. Kia paia te takiri. 🚅. dawn. Ka takiri te ata.

Tākirikāu, n. a variety of phormium tenax, the fibre of which is disengaged without the use of a shell. See tihore.

ana; Haere mai e taku tamaiti; Takitaro, a word denoting a short lapse of time. Kia takitaro taua ka haere. We will go in a little while. See taro.

tini i te autaia te takatakahi.

Takituri, n. death-watch beetle.

Făkĭură, n. sacred food; cooked on the occasion of the removal of the bones of the dead.

Läkiwā, n. interval of space, or time.

sakiwa, v. i. be separated by an Ka takiwa noa mai interval. te iwi ra (171).

Tăko, n. palate; gums.

Tăkō, a. 1. loose. He tako noa te aka o te taiepa nei; kaore 2, peeled off. Ka tako i mau. te hiako.

Takoha, a. 1. spread about; scattered. Kei te takoha noa atu nga mea o roto o te whare.-He takohatanga mahi, a dispersing from work. 2. free from fear or suspicion. Kahore he maharahara o tera takiwa: tahoka noa atu nga whakaaro.

Tăkohe, a. not hurried. E whakatakohe haere ana (170). Compare takuhe.

Takohu, n. mist. He takohu hau moana, he tohu marino.

Täköki. a. sprained. Ka takoki toku waewae.

Takora, n. small kumara.

Tākoru, a. hanging in folds; loose.

E takoto mai Takoto, v. i. lie. ra to pukapuka.

whakatakoto, v. t. 1. lay down. 2. plant an ambuscade. 3. whakatakoto tupuna, recite genealogies.

whakatakoto, n. ambuscade.

takotokoto, n. sprit of a sail.

Takou, n. red ochre; a variety obtained from yellow earth by burning. Ano i taia ki te takou se where (16).

Tāku, pron. my. pl. āku. See a, prep. Tăkŭ, is equivalent to toku.

i tupu Ngatimaua: papa taki- Taku, a. slow. He taku te haere o te tangata ra: te hohoro te aha.

> tātăkŭ, v. t. utter slowly or deliberately. Tau mahi he ata tataku marire i te kupu.

> tătăku, v. t. threaten behind one's Kei te takuna koe e Turi kia patua.—Kei te takuna e Turi he mate mou.

takutaku, v. t. 1. threaten. recite incantations. Haere ki ruku ka takutaku ai e koe ki te uri o Tuwharetoa (129).

Tăkŭăhĭ, n. stones let into the floor of a hut as a fender for fire.

Tăkŭătě, v. i. sigh. Ka takuate noa iho a roto i a ia i te aroha.

Takuhě, a. secure; without apprehension. Na reira ka takuhe te haere; na reira ka maheu te haere. Compare takoha and takohe.

Tăkungă, n. 1. food of indifferent quality. He takunga ra enei kai; he takunga parae. 2. ground; pretext. Kia ai he takunga ka haere ai. takunga ki, have a claim on, for services rendered &c. Engari a Piwaka, i whai takunga ki a Turi.

Tăkupe, a. quiet; at ease. te whakatakupe matou e noho nei; kaore he whakaohooho.

Tăkŭpū, a. short. Me kokoti nga manga kia takupu.

Tăkurua, n. 1. Sirius; the dogstar. 2. winter. Mahia he kai mo tau; mahia he wahie mo takurua. – He riri takurua, a winter quarrel, i.e. one of no magnitude.

Tăkŭrŭtŭ, a. feeble; sluggish. Kia ata haere tatou i nga takurutu. Let us go gently on account of the feeble ones, i.e. the women & children. He wahie takurutu, firewood that will not blaze.

Tăkŭtăi, n. sea-coust.

Tămă, n. son; eldest son. Te tama a Rehua, ko Kaitangata. tamatama, v. t. treat with marks of disgust. Ka tamatamatia te wahine whakarawai.

whakatamatama, v. i. be above doing a thing; be too proud. Katahi ano te tangata whakatamatama ki te taka kai.

Tămaahu, v. t. remove the 'tapu' from a kumara ground before taking up the crop. Katahi ka tamaahutia te kai.—Tututu kai-kore; tamaahu kai nui.

tamaahu, n. firstfruits of kumara. Tămaarŏa, n. son.

Tāmāhānā, v. t. cook a second time; warm up cooked food.

Tămăhině, n. daughter. plural tămāhině.

Tămăitĭ, n. child. only used in the singular. plural tamariki.

Tāmākā, n. round cord platted with five strands (150).

Tāmāki, v. i. start involuntarily.
Tāmāngā-kōtörē, 1. youngest child in a family. 2. next youngest brother or sister.

Tāmāokā, a. cooked. Kia korohuhutia, kia tamaoka iho ka kai.

Tămărăhĭ.

whakatamarahi, v. i. boast oneself; act proudly.

Tāmārāmārā, a. swaggering.

whakatamaramara, v.i. 1. strut; swagger. Whakatamaramara ana te haere a te tangata ra. 2. expostulate. I a ia i roto i te wai, ka whakatamaramara mai, ka mea mai, 'A tama ra, waiho au i Hikurangi (111).

mariki, n. 1. child; (opposed to adult). Waiho kia takaro

ana, he tamariki hoki u ana.

2. plural for tamaiti, children.

Tămătĕa, n. the sixth, seventh,
eighth and ninth days of the
moon's age, called respectively
tumatea-tu-tahi, tamatea-tu-rua,
tamatea-tu-toru, and tamatea-tuwha.

Tāmău, v. t. fasten. Tamautia rawatia te whare; kei waiho kia tuwhera.

Tămě, and tametame, v. i. 1. ____ smuck the lips. 2. eat.

tame, n. food.

Tăměně, v. i. be assembled. Kustamene mai nga tamariki.

Tami, v. t. 1. press down with a weight. Aua te tamia te rahurahu, kei pirau te kapura.

2. repress. I tamia ra hoki ia taku korero.

Tāmŏe, v. t. 1. press flat.

tamoe ra i te rauaruhe. 2

smother; repress. Tukua kis

puta te korero; aua e tamoea

3. leave for a long time in the

process of cooking. Tamoea tatou poaka kia maoa ai.

tamoe, n. kumara used in the _e 'tamaahu' ceremony.

Tămomi, v. i. be engulphed. Ku= _8 tamomi te tangata ki te hu.

Tāmŭimŭi, v. i. throng; crow-

Tămŭmŭ, v. i. hum.

Tamure, n. snapper; a fish.

Tānā, pron. his; her; its. plurana. See prep. a.

Tănă, n. ton.

Tāně, a. male.

tane, n. husband. Kahore and sa Tangotango i mohio ko Tawhaki tenei, ko tana tane (51).

Tănĕa, v. i. *be choked*.

Tāněkăhă, n. phyllocladus trichomanoides; a tree.

Tăněwhă, v. i. lie. (R.)

Tāniko, n. ornamental border of a mat. Kahu taniko (155).

Tăniwhă, n. a fabulous reptile Tăngăroamua, n. supposed to reside in deep water.

Tănŏe, v. i. be sprained. He tanoe toku mate.

Tănoni, v. i. be sprained. tanoni toku waewae.

Tănu, v. t. 1. bury. I tanumia ki roto ki nga hutinga huruhuru manu (95). 2. plant.

Tănüku, v. i. 1. crumble down. 2. swallow saliva. O tanuku ana te korokoro i te wehi.

Tănumi, v. i. disappear behind an object. Kua tanumi ki tua. tanumi, v. t. fold double.

Tanga, v. i. be assembled. Tanga kau nga tamariki a Rewa. also under ta.

Făngă.

tătăngă, a. quick. Me whakarite nga hoe kia rite rawa, kia tatanga ai tatou te puta ki waho (170).

tăngătăngă, a. 1. loose; not tight. Ka tangatanga nga pou o te whare. 2. easy; free from pain. Ko toku tinana ka tangatanga; kei aku waewae anake te mamae.

Tāngăengăe, n. umbilical cord. Tāngāhāngāhā, n. a fish.

Tăngăi, n. 1. bark; peel. 2. cervical vertebræ.

Tăngăněi, ad. (used by R. for tena ko tenei) but now; but as for this.

Tāngāngā. a. loose; not tight. tanganga, n. stragglers; camp Hokowhitu te iho followers. o te taua; ma te tanganga ka

Tāngāngāo, v, i. subside. Ka tangangao te ngaru.

Tăngără, a. loose.

Tāngărĕ, a. angry.

whakatangarengare, v. i. grow

twenty-third day of the moon's age.

Tăngărŏarŏtŏ, n. twenty-fourth duy of the moon's age.

Tăngătă, n. man; human being. He tangata ano i reira, ko nga tangata whenua ake ano o tenei motu (123).

tangata-tawhito, water-hen pukeko.

Tängätäkimöri, a. small; insignificant. Kahore i tangatakimori te putanga mai o taua

Tangoo, n. tetranthera calicaris. a tree.

tangeo, a. acrid. Tangeo tonu te taro nei.

Tăngĕrĕ, n. keel of a canoe &c. Tăngĭ, v. i. 1. cry; give forth a sound. E tangi he pu i nga po katoa, ko au tena (131). 2. weep; utter a plaintive cry, as a token of grief. Haere ana te wahine ra ki tahaki tangi ai (83). 3 sing a dirge or lament. 4. cry as a token of affection. Kia ata tangi tatou kei rongo mai aku hua (97). 5. salute. Kahore ana kupu mai, ko te tangi kau mai; heoi ano.

tangi, n. 1. sound. Te tangi o nga pu a Tutanekai (130). 2. lamentation. Katahi ka whakahuatia iho e te tungane tana tangi (34). Tangi-a-tahu, dirge. tătăngi, v. i. jingle; rattle.

whakatangi, v. t. cause to sound. Ka whakatangi au i taku koauau (76).

whakatangitangi, n. a species of metrosideros.

Tăngĭtă, v. i. lie. E tangita mai

Tăngŏ, v. t. 1. luke up; take in the hand. Ka tango ia i tetahi hua o taua rakau, ka panga iho (16). 2. take away;

Tangohia te puru o te | Tăopuku, v. t. cook anything whatitoka, o te matapihi (47).

tătăngo, v. t. snatch one from E tatango ana nga another. tamariki i te kakahu.

tangotango, v. t. handle; have recourse to; use. Tena, tangotangohia etahi o a koutou karakia (158).

tangohanga, n. 1. circumstance &c. of taking. 2. betrothal; marriage. 3. feast given on occasion of betrothal or marriage.

tăngötăngŏ, n. rail of a fence. Tangongo. a. thoroughly ripe or

cooked; soft.

Tăngoro, a. 1. loose. 2. not distended; not full. Tangorongoro noa te kete nei. skin loosened: blistered. Ka.tangorongoro a roto o toku rekereke.

Tangörüngörü, a. thoroughly ripe or cooked; soft.

Tangoungou, a. thoroughly ripe. Tănguru, a. deep-toned; gruff. He reo tanguru.

I. Tão, n. spear.

II. Tao, v. t. cook in a native oven. Ka patua nga kuri e rua, kotahi i taona (112). v. i. contain food in process of cooking. Ka tao te hangi tapu (173).! WHakataona ta tatou umu.

tătăo, v. i. 1. remain a long time in the process of cooking. tatao o te umu nei; tē hukea. 2. lie flat and close. Te kohu e tatao ana i runga i te whe-Kia tatao 3. be deep. tonu te ono o te kopura. 4. Ka tatao te tuara; ka 5. bleed at the nose. Ka tatao taku ihu.-E tama, he ihu tatao koe.

Tšokětě, n. man's brother-in-law; woman's sister-in-law. OMĚ, n. lown.

wrapped in for cooking. Tăongă, n. *property* ; *treasure*. Tăoroa, n. long spear. Tāŏrŭ, a. soft; yielding. Taoru kau ana te puku. taoruoru, a. boggy. Tăotu, n. wounded man. Tokoono i mate rawa; tokotoru nga

wrapped up in leaves &c.

taopuku, n. leaves which food is

taotu. Tăpă, n. margin; edge.

Tăpă, v. t. 1. call; name. Koia i tapaa ai toku ingoa e te iwi nei ko Tatau (46). 2. command.

tapatapa, v. t. call by the name of any one.

3. having the Tapa, v. t. pulverize soil. Kei te tapa te mara o Paratene.—Me te mara tapa te moana.

> Tāpā, a. chapped. Ka tapatia te hiako.

> Tapae, v. t. 1. lay one on ano-ther; stack. Ma wai e tapae nga witi ki te whakapu? 2. 🛶 🤄 place before a person; present. -Tapaca he kai ma te manuhiri. — i. v.i. lie in a slanting position. Tăpăhi, v. t. cut; chop.

tapatapahi, v. t. cul to pieces.

Tāpăi, n. part of a net which is first put into the water. Kia___ whiti atu te tapai ki ko.

Tăpăiru, n. 1. first-born semale == in a family. 2. nephew or niece. Tāpāki, n. mats or leaves on which food is laid in a native oven. Ka kohia ki te tapaki nga kai

Tăpăkŭri, n. basket.

(173).

Tāpākūwhā, n. 1. present given by a bridegroom to the bride's relations. 2. woman introduced into a family by marriage.

Tăpănihi, v. i. go stealthily; go on one side. Tapanihitia to tatou haere kei kitea.

Papapa, v. i. 1. stoop. Kia tapapa te haere. 2. lie flat. 3. brood; sit. E tapapa nei te manu i runga i nga hua.

Fāpārărŏ, n. north wind.

Făpărengă. v. t. muzzle. Taparengatia te waha o te kuri.

Fāpāru, v. t. 1. join; add. Taparu iho, taparu iho nga tahua o te kai. 2. eat voraciously. Kaua e taparua te kai.

Tăpăruru, a. slow. Aua e taparurutia te haere.

Tăpătăhi, a. 1. not doubled. He kakahu tapatahi. 2. having one aspect; single.

Tăpātăi, n. sea shore. Kei te tapatai e tupu ana.

Tăpătăpăumă, n. coprosma grandifolia, a tree.

Tapătu, v. t. thatch; cover in a roof. Kei te tapatu a Pikai i tona whare.

Tăpătu, v. i. reach the bottom. Kia tapatu ki raro ka tahuri ai ki te tunu kai.

Tāpāu, n. mat to lie on.

Tăpăwăhă, n. tattooing on the cheek.

Tăpěhă, n. rind; bark. tapeha, a. false.

whakatapeha, v. t. 1. falsify; pervert. I whakatapehatia ketia e ia te ahua o nga korero.

2. give the lie to. I whakatapehatia ra e te Mokena a Matete: i kiia ra te arero, he arero taiaha.

I. Tăpěkă, v. i. turn aside. Kotahi te wahi i tapekatia.

tapeka, a. false; erroneous.

II. Tăpăkă, v. t. turn up clothes that they may not be an impediment in travelling. Ko nga weruweru, he mea tapeka ki runga i te kaki (146).

Tăpěkě, v. i. be gone, or come, leaving none behind. Kua tapeke atu nga tangata.

Kia ta- Tapěna, v. t. insult or irritate flat. 3. an 'atua' by passing food over a person who is 'tapu'. Ko wai te tohunga i tapenatia e koe ki nga kai na.

Tăpĕpă, v. i. totter; falter. Kua tapepa te waewae; meake hinga.

Tăpěpě, v. i. 1. slip; stumble. Ko te wahi tenei e tapepea nei. 2. make a mistake in repeating a karakia. 3. speak indistinctly or inarticulately. He reo tapepe.

Tăpĕrĕ, a.

He whare tapere, a house used for meetings of the 'hapu'. Ka huihui nga whare tapere (131).

Taperu, v. i. pout. He aha nga ngutu o te wahine e taperu mai na?

Tăpī, n. native oven.

tāpīpī, n. small native oven.

Tăpi, v. t. patch; mend. Tapia to tatou waka.

tapitapi, v. t. 1. get together the remains of a scattered army.

2. murmur at; find fault with.

I tapitapia ahau e te tangata ra.

Tăpĭkĭ, v. t. 1. lay hold of. Katahi ka tapikitia e ia tana aho (21). 2. bind into a sheaf or bundle. v. i. 1. be entangled. Ka tapiki te kupenga. 2. bend the leg as in stepping over anything. Tapiki tou waewae ki tua o te rakau na.

tapiki, n. sheaf; bundle.

Tāpiko, v. t. set a trap. I he te tapikotanga o te tawhiti.

Tapipi, see under tapi.

Tāpĭrĭ, v. t. join; add; append.
tapiri, n. 1. anything added or appended. 2. vigorous shoot growing up beside the main stem of a plant. Ka tupu nga tapiri o te karaka nei. 3. assistant.

Tāpŏa, n. abscess.

Tapŏi, v. i. be travelled round, Kua tapoi i a au te motu nei.

Tāpōkěrě, v. t. crowd with workmen. Tapokeretia mai ta taua mara kia awe te oti.

Tăpökö, v. i. 1. go in; enter. Ka pari te tai, katahi ka manu, a ka tapoko ki Hauraki (189). 2. sinh in mire.

tāpŏkŏpŏkŏ, a. soft; boggy.

Tāpŏrā, v. t. collect inanga &c. into small baskets, ready for cooking.

tapora, n. baskets in which inanga are cooked. E rua nga tapora paruparu a te tangata nei; pau katoa (190).

Tăpŏrĕ, v. i. 1. bend; sag. Ka tapore nga heke o te whare nei. 2. become fuint. Taporepore ana taku manawa i te hiakai.

Tāpŏtŏ, n. a variety of phormium tenax, called also tihore and takiri-kau.

Tăpŏtŭ, v. i. reach the bottom of a hill &c.; reach to the ground; be brought down to the water. He kakahu tapotu.—'Toia Tainui, tapotu ki te moana'.

Tăpŏu, a. dejected; downcast. Te titiro koe, he morehu, kei te tapou tou nga whatu.

Tăpă, a. 1. under religious or superstitious restriction, as chiefs, tohunga, newly built-houses, canoes &c. Any one violating this restriction contracted a 'hara' and was certain to be visited with some great calamity. 2. beyond one's power. Tokowha ona hoa i kainga katoatia e ia: kotahi i tapu, ko Tawhiri (7). 3. sacred; holy.

taputapu, n. 1. goods; property.
2. appliances. E mahi ana te
hunga i noho i runga i a ra-

tou nei taputapu, i te karakia (154). 3. foot of a pig.

Tapuae, see tapuwae.

Tăpuhi, v. t. 1. nurse; carry in the arms. Tapukitia te tamaiti nei, kei tangi. 2. tend in sickness or distress. Kei tawhiti taku tapuhitanga i a koe e noho nei.

whakatapuhi, v. t. carry in the arms; nurse.

I. Tapui, n. 1. intimate companion. 2. familiar spirit. Waiho iho ona tapui i reira, he patupaiarehe (80).

II. Tāpŭi, v. t. lay in a heap. He mea tapui nga rakau.

Tāpūkš, v. t. bury; cover with earth. v. i. be heaped up. Ka titiro ki nga pungarehu e tapukepuke ana (186).

Tăpŭkōrăkŏ, n. a bird.

Tāpuni, v. t. close up faulty places in a net. Tapunia te kupenga.
 Tăpuwăe, n. 1. footmark. 2. foot-

step; tread. Ka haruru nga tapuwae.

Tără, n. 1. point; spear-point. Ka whati tana tara (33). 2. peak of a mountain. Te tara ki Tautari. 3. spines in the dorsal fin of a fish. 4. rays of the sun, appearing before sunrise. Puta rawa mai te tara o te ra, kei runga o Pouarua e haere ana (144). 5. papillæ on the skin. 6. courage; mettle. 7. mem-He tangata whai tara. brum virile. 8. sterna frontalis; tern; a sea bird. 9. sidewall of a house.

tara, v. i. throw out rays, as the sun just before rising. v. t. influence by charms. Ka taraa te rangi.

tara, a. Korero tara, fable.

taratara, n. 1. spine; spike. 2. a part of a trap. Te taratara o te tawhiti.

taratara, a. prickly; rough. tātără, n. 1. rough mat made from the leaves of kiekie. shell used as a wind instrument; called also pu-tatara. 3. fence. 3. a shrub.

whakatara, v. t. 1. challenge; put on one's mettle. 2. stimulate by entreaty. Ka whakataraa te atua (112).

whakataratara, v. t. make rough; notch.

Tără.

tătără. a 1. loose; untied. 2. distant. He mea nei te tane ka tatara ki tawhiti.

Tărăhăngă, n. 1. fork of a tree. 2. indentation. 3. trap for hawks &c.

Tărăhău, n. a rough mat.

Tărăhěkě, n. a plant. Tărăhī, n. diarrhæa.

Tărăhono, v. t. pile up; lay in Tarahonotia nga kai a heap. ki te kaainga.

Tarahu, v. t. heat a native oven. Tarahuna te tapi.

tarahu, n. native oven.

Tārši, v. t. chop with an adze. to ratou waka (51).

Tārāi, n. basket of fern-root. Ka rua tekau nga tarai roi.

Tărăire, n. nesodaphne taraire; | Tărăwāhi, n. side or bank of a a tree.

Tārākě, v. t. clear off; sweep Tarakea nga otaota. Tărăkĭhĭ, n. a fish.

Tărăkini, a. held by the point.

Tărăkŏi, n. a kind of grass.

Tărăkŭră, n. a cutaneous disease. Tărămārō, n. a kind of grass.

Tărămea, n. spear-grass; aciphylla squarrosa &c.

Tărăměngěměngě, a. crisped; curled.

Tărămŏrĕ, a. lean; shrunk; shrivelled.

TARANATA, n. talent.

Tărăngărără, n. a kind of toetoe.

Tărăpī, a. very small and fine, as threads in a mat.

whakatarapi, a. fastidious; delicale.

Tărăpĭkĭ, v. i. lie across. rapiki ana nga rakau nei.

Tărăpō, n. a large night bird.

Tărăpŭngă, n. a bird.

Tărărău, v. i. make a loud confused noise. Tararau ana tera te waha o te tangata.

Tărărī, n. whirligig.

Tārărŏ, n. mass of mashed food. He tararo pipi.

Tărărŭa, a. 1. having two points or peaks. 2. cleft.

Tărătă, n. pittosporum eugenioides ; a tree.

Tărău, n. trowsers.

Tārău, v. t. *paddle sideways.* Tarautia atu te waka kia piri ki tahaki.

Tārău, n. condiment; relish. Homai te koura na hei tarau mo a taua puwha.

Tărăuhŏ, n. heart of a tree.

Tărăumă, n. chest; thorax.

Ka tarai ano nga tangata ra i Tārāwā, v. t. hang upon a line or rail.

> tarawa, n. line or rail on which anything is hung.

> river, valley &c. Kei tera tarawahi te kaainga.

> Tărăwăi, n. unevenness in the horizon line at sea. WHakatarawai ana te waka, the canoe is like a speek on the horizon.

Tărăwĕră, n. a plant.

Tărăwětĭ, a. hostile. Nona hoki te taraweti ki a au.

whakataraweti, v. t. treat as an enemy. Ehara au i te pakeha, kia whakatarawetitia rawatia au e koutou.

Tărăwhĭtĭ, n. hoop.

Tăre, v. i. 1. hang. E tare mai

ra i runga i te taiepa. 2. gusp for breath. E tare ana a Potopoto i te mamae.—Tare ana taku poho.-Ka oma, ka tare- III. Tări. tare te manawa.

whakatatare, or whakataretare. v. i. stoop or lean forward in order to look at anything. whakataretare iho ana i runga i nga pakiaka o te rakau kia kite i a te Kanawa (180).

Tārēhā, n. ochre.

Tārěhu, v. t. cover with earth; bury. na ki te oneone.

Tarehu. ad. at unawares. Mamae ana te ngakau ki o tatou hoa e patua tarehutia mai nei e ratou.

Tarei, for tarai. See tarai.

Tārěkā, a. eager; strenuous. Compare takare.

Tarěkě, n. small edge tvol.

Tārĕngă, v. t. cover up. renga noa a tatou mea ki te otaota.

Tārēpārēpā, v. i. flap in the wind. Tukua te ra kia tareparepa.

Tarĕrărĕră, v. i. be torn. Tarerarera ke, he wahi ano, he wahi ano.

Tārĕwă, a. 1. raised up. Hapainga kiatarewa ki runga. 2. afloat. 3. hanging. 4. drooping; trailing. Ka tarewa te tupu o te kapana. 5. declining. Ka tarewa te ra. 6. aghast. Ka tarewa nga kanohi. 7. unsettled; not paid for. He mea mamae te taonga tarewa: kia ea ano ka ora te tangata.

I. Tări, v. t. carry. Taria atu nga rakau nei ki ko.

II. **Tă**rĭ.

taritari, v. t. provoke a quarrel. whakatari, v. t. 1. provoke a quarrel. 2. incite; stir up. \mathbf{E} whakataritari ana i a Te Kanga ki te haka (145). 3. expose to chastisement. Nau ano koe i whakatari i mate ai.

tătări, v. i. wait. Ka tatari te 🗪 manuhiri nei ki te tangata o te ahi nei kia hoki mai (186). 🕳 🦪 Pass. tāria, be waited for. Ko koe e taria nei e Kohere ma. 💶 🚗. Taria is also used as an adverb, 🕳 🗢, by and bye; after a time. Ta- --- ria nei he mate e pa mai ki == =i a Tu (6). See also tātari.

Tarehutia atu nga kai IV. Tări, n. 1. a mode of platt---ing with eight strands. 2. noose e for catching birds. Ka hangaa he tari, a ka hoatu ka potaeria ki tona upoko (33).

> Tărikărăkia, n. a method of 🚾 f platting (19).

Tăringă, n. 1. ear. 2. derivative from tari. See I**. Tari.**

taringa, a. deaf; obstinate. Taringa noa iho ki te ngare a te hunga o rahaki (23).

Tāringā, n. circumstance of wail*ing.* See **tătări** under III. **Tari**... Tăriŏi, v. i. loiter. E kiia atu ana Haere; e tarioi tou na.

Tărŏ, n. 1. colocasia antiquorum; 💳 a plant cultivated for food... "Kei ranga noa te taro a Kēa",... is a proverb for attempting impossibilities, 'te taro a Kea" being a large stone at Taiporutu near Table Cape. — Tarohoia; a large variety of taro. bread.

Tăro, a word denoting the lapse of a short interval of time. A. ka taro; and after a little while. —Taro ake; in a little while.— Taro kau iho (188); in a very short time.—Kihai i taro (162); not long after.

Tărŏ.

tarotaro, v.t. cut one's hair. Kua oti koe te tarotaro.

hureremoa kia whakatika ki ru- Tārŏa, n. 1. a variety of pher-

mium tenax, the same as wharanni. 2. self-sown potato.

Tarči, v. t. 1. lie up in a 'kete'. He utu mo te kai taroi kapana. Tăromă, a. soft; flaccid. roma noa nga pititi nei.

Tarona, v. t. strangle. Waiho ' mana ano ia e tarona (159).

Tarore, v. t. put into a noose; strangle. Ko wai he matua mou, kia tarore koe i toku Tāruru, a. close together. kaki?

Tarori. v. i. pass away quickly; disappear. Me te wai e tarori Tărutăwhiti, n. influenza. ana.

Tărŭ, n. 1. grass; herbage. disease. Taru-tawhiti, influenza, supposed to be of foreign origin. tarutaru, n. grass.

Tăru, a. other (indefinitely). Ka Tătă, a. 1. near of place or time. haere ka toro i taru kaainga.

Tarua, v. t. 1. tattoo a second time. 2. repeat any process.

Tarua, ad. by and bye. Perhaps for taria.

Tăruhăe, a. jealous.

Tārŭkě, n. trap for crayfish.

Taruke, v. i. 1. press along impatiently; hurry. Katahi ka tau te kuri nei, ka taruke ki te rere ki te wai (120). lie dead in great numbers.

tarukenga, n. slaughter.

Tărună, v. i. be connected by family ties, friendship &c. te huanga matou i taruna ai ki a Takirau.

whakataruna, v. i. be connected. Na taku wahine au ī whakataruna ai ki Ahuriri. 2. serve as a bond of connection; serve as a pretext.

Tărupi, n. fresh growth of trees on land that has been cleared. Tărure, v. i. 1. become loose or unfixed. 2. quail; lose heart. Kua tarure te Hauhau, kua mataku. 3. become listless.

taruretanga mahi. 4. languish; be pursued with diminished vigour. Kia tarure te riri a Waikato raua ko te pakeha.

2. calm. Ka taroia te moana. Tarŭrŭ, v. t. 1. beguile. I tarurua e nga korero maha.—entice. I maka he koura ki ro wai hei 2. shake or taruru mo te ika. rub together. Tarurutia nga riwai na kia ngahoro te ngarehu.

Tārūrū, a. shaking. No reira ano te taruru haere nei.

Tārŭtŭ, v. t. jerk violently. Ma tona kaha a ia ake ano e taruturutu (159).

Tātā, n. 1. stalk of a plant. 2. fence.

E tata koe ki uta, e oioi te ika, e rere ki te taha katau (36). — Kia tata ki te awatea ka hoki iho ki te purupuru i te whare (47). 2. sudden. WHawhati tata te panga mai o te mate.

tātātā, a. near. Kia tatata mai nga tangata ka karanga ai.

tātātā, n. a kind of mat.

Tătā, see under ta. **Tātāekŏ,** n. a bird.

Tātāhău, v. i. 1. be fierce; be Hei wahi ke korua violent. tatahau ai. 2. be stormy. Akuanei pea tatahau ai te rangi nei.

tatahau, n. *leg*.

Tātăhĭ, n. the sea side. Kei tatahi tena otaota e tupu ana.

Tātāhĭ, a. wide apart. He tatahi rawa nga rakau o te taiepa. Tātăi, v. t. 1. measure; compare. Tataia te whare kia tika ai. 2. tatai rakau, measure weapons; fight. 3. join the component portions of a fishing net. Ka tukua te tangata ki te tatai i nga kupenga a Marutuahu (142). tatai, n. plan; purpose. He tatai pai aku tatai.

Tātāirŏngŏ, n. a variety of potato.

Tātākāngā, n. derivative from tātā; circumstance, &c. of dushing down. See under ta.

Tātākāu, a. having stems or stalks only; without fruit.

Tătăkī, v. t. arrange snares on a string, for catching birds.

tătăkī, a. viscous; gluiry. Tataki ana te ware o te mangai.
2. racy. Tataki ana tera te kaki o te Rire ki te korero.

Tātākī, ad. distributive. See under taki.

Tātākinö, v. i. hurry on in confusion. Mua ata haere; muri tatakino.

Tātākŏtŏ, n. sprit on the lower edge of the sail of a canoe.

Tataku, see under taku. Tatanga, see under tanga. Tatangi, see under tangi.

Tatango, see under tango. Tatao, see under tao.

Tatara, see under tara.

Tātārāhākē, a. 1. bristling. 2. having numerous bare branches.

Tātărăkihi, n. cicada; locust.

Tātārāmŏa, n. rubus australis; New Zealand bramble.

Tātări, v. t. strain; sift.

tatari, n. strainer; sieve.

Tătări, see under tari.

Tātāriki, n. a small bird.

Tātău, pron. for tatou; we including the person addressed.

Tătău, see under tau.

Tātāwhāingă, v. i. vie: compete. Tātěměa, conj. because.

Tătere, a. 1. moving about; unsettled. Tatere tonu taua, te u te noho, te aha. 2. loose; unfixed. Ka tatere te pou o te whata.

Tātŏu, pron. we; plural, including the person or persons ad-

dressed. E kore koe e noho marire tatou? (14). Will you not remain quietly with us?

Tătu, v. i. strike one foot against the other; stumble. Taku mahititanga ake, he tatu anake toku waewae.

tatutatu, a. tottering; unsteady. Tatutatu kau nga waewae.

Tătu, v. i. 1. reach the bottom. Ka tatu te hoe. 2. be at euse; be content. Ka tatu tona ngakau.

whakatatutu, v. t. sound with a line. Me whakatatutu ki mua, kei eke te kaipuke.

Tātŭa, n. girdle.

tatua, v.t. put on as a girdle. Ka—whakahua i tana karakia mo—tona tatuatanga i tana maro (97)...

Tāturi, n. wax in the ear.

I. Tău, n. 1. year. Tau tini noae e noho ana te ope ra (158).

2. string of a garment &c.; loop or thong on the handle of a 'mere': loop forming the handle of a basket. Te tau o te ate; a figurative expression for the darling of one's heart.

3. ridge of a hill.

II. Tău, a. strange. Used only in a few compound words, as tautangata; tauiwi; tauwhenua &c.

III. Tău, v. t. sing. Ka tau te tini o te Hakuturi i tana tau (55).

tau, n. song.

IV. Tău, v. i. 1. light; rest. Tau noa atu ia i te matapihi o te whare o Tinirau (33).—E tau mai ana tana titiro ki a au. 2. lie at anchor or moorings. Ka tae ki te Tihi-o-Manono, tukua iho te punga, e tau ana i reira (60). 3. be suitable; become. E kore e tau te kakahu pakeha ki a koe. 4. bark. Katahi ka tau te kuri nei (120). v. t. attack. Ka haere te taua a NGa-

tiawa ki te tau i te pa o taua tangata (182).

tătău, v. t. 1. draw or push a sliding board &c. Tauia mai ra te papa o taku whare (28). 2. squeeze; express. Kua tapeke a matou pononga ki te tatau taweku. 3. count. Ka tatau ano te wahine ra; tatau rawa iho, e waru ano taro (49). repeat one by one. E tauria ana e koe o ratou ingoa (11). 4. assault; storm. Ka tauria te pa o te WHakatohea; kihai i 5. tie. Tauia to tatou ra. v. i. quarrel. E tatau ana nga tangata.

tatau, n. door. Toia ake to tatau kia tuwhera (66).

tautau, v. t. tie in hunches; thread on a string. Me tautau nga kaanga kia maroke ai. howl. Haere tautau ana te kuri

tautau, n. 1. string or cluster. 2. greenstone ear-ornament hooked at the end.

whakatau, v. t. 1. cause to light &c. Titiro whakatau, look intently. Katahi ano taua tangata ka titiro whakatau atu. tempt; try one's hand at. Katahi ano tona papa ka whakatau epa ake (16). 3. imitate. Ko wai tau e whakatau nei. 4. feign; make believe. 5. go to met, or visit. Ka ki ake ki ana tamariki kia hoki atu ki maketu ki te whakatau i ana whanaunga (78). 6. search; examine. Ka haere mai ki te whakatau i reira. 7. address in a formal speech; make a formal proposal to. Hei ano te putake o ta matou korero, he whakatau i a koe kia noho.

Tau, pron. thy. Plural au. preposition a.

another direction. E ta! tau ke atu koe? tahuri mai ra!

Tāuă, pron. dual, we two, including the person addressed; you and I. Sometimes used in addressing one's own tribe or party. E te tăua nei, hei te po taua hoe ai (41).

Tăuă, n. hostile expedition; army. Ka rewa te taua a WHakataupotiki (41).

Tăuă, pron. that before mentioned. Plnral aua. Ka hui taua iwi ki te matakitaki (37). Sometimes when followed by nei it is equivalent to 'a certain'. Tutaki ana i taua wahine nei e wero manu ana mana (95). Tăuă, int. give way.

Tăuā, v. i. wear mourning garments. E taua ana koe?

taua, n. sign of mourning for the dead. He kakahu taua, a mourning dress.

Tăuăpŏ, v. t. hug; carry in the arms. Tauapohia mai te tamaiti na.

Tăuārăi, n. screen.

Tauhanga, see tauwhanga.

Tăuhără, n. odd one; one having no fellow.

Tauhena, see tauwhena.

Tāŭhĭ, v. t. sprinkle.

Tăuhiku, v. i. be in the rear.

whakatauhiku, v. i. place oneself in the rear. Na te toa ia i whakatauhiku ai.

Tăuhĭnŭ, n. pomaderris phylicifolia, a shrub.

tauhinu-korokio: a shrub.

tauhinu-koromiko; a shrub. Tăuhōkăi, n. stake in a river to

which a net is fastened. Tăuhou, a. strange; unacquaint-He tauhou te whenua, he tauhou te tangata (148).

Tăuhŏuăngă, n. last year.

Tāu, v. i. turn away; look in Tauhutihuti, v. t. pull one ano-

ther's hair. Kei te tauhutihuti i a raus.

Tăui, v. i. 1. ebb. Meake taui Tăumău, v. i. be betrothed. No te tai. 2. be sprained. Ka taui toku waewae.-Also of a stiff Ka taui toku kaki. neck.

Tăuihu, n. figurehead of a canoe. Tăuiră, n. counterpart; and so 1. teacher; pattern. 2. pupil; copy. Ka mauru tona ngakau i te ika Taunahua, n. obstacle. a tona tauira.

Tauiwi, n. strange tribe; soreign race. Ko Waikato kau tera e Tăunu, v. t. jeer. rere ra; he tauiwi anake e noho 'Taunuke, n. stalk of fruit. mai ra.

Taŭkă, int. stay; wait a while. Tăukăcă, n. thread used to fasten a fishhook to the line.

Tăukăhore, int. expressing surprise. Taukahore! nga mea nei, te pine!

Taukaka, n. spur of a hill. Tăukāuki, n. spur of a hill. Tăukăwě, n. /oop to serve as a

handle. Tāukě, v. i. lie separate. Мe tauke tena pehanga.

whakatauki, n. saying; proverb. Tăukiri, int. expressing surprise. Tăukŏrŏ, n. a large basket.

Tăukoru, a. having the folds filled out. I titiro au ki tou kakahu ka taukoru i te riwai. Tăukŭrĭ, for taukiri.

Tăumăhă, a. heavy. See taimaha.

Tăumăihĭ, n. 1. facing boards of the gable of a house. small tower in a pa.

Tăumănu, n. thwart of a canoe.

Tăumārō, a. obstinate. He taumaro no Tohi te mau ai te rongo.

Taumaru. a. shaded Taumaru to tatou kaainga.

Tăumătă, n. brow of a kill.

Tăumătŭa, n. place where the taupoki, n. lid; cover.

'pure' for a kumara plantation was performed.

te itinga tenei wahine i taumau ai.

Tăunăhă, v. t. bespeak. Kei te taunaha haere mai a Taikeha ma i nga whenua katoa o te tahatika (75).

whakataunahua, forestall in the occupation of land.

Tăunga, v. i. 1. become familiarized; become intimate. Kahoki te teretere nei, kua taunga ki te kotiro i tukua atu ra e tona matua (143). 2. be at kome in a place; become domesticated. Ka taungatia matou ki tenei kainga.

taunga, n. bond of connection between families. Ko wai te taunga i taunga ai koutou ki kona?

Tăupā, v. t. obstruct; prevent. Kihai au i haere; i taupatia au e te tangata i te po.

taupa, n. fat covering the intestiness; omentum.

Tăupăre, v. t. obstruct; thwart. E ngaro nei nga tangata, he riri ki a koe, he taupare i a

Tăupătupătu, v. t. beat one another.

Tāupě, a. 1. not rigid; weak; bending. 2. variable.

taupe, v. t. bend down. Taunetia mai te rakau na kia taes atu ai e au nga hua.

Taupiripiri, v. i. walk arm arm; or clasping one another round the waist.

Tăupo, n. loadstone.

Tăupŏkĭ, v. t. cover; close wzth a lid. Taupokina te pouakes.

ro, v. t. bring to an end; short. Kua tauporoa te la i nga kai.

a, v. i. 1. rest; support of the Ka taupua nga tangata runga ki te takere o te a. 2. float on the water. The tau i te moana, a, ka nge-ka taupua. 3. take breath. Thi tonu te haerenga ake i a, taupua rawa atu, i te ra ano..

hǐpǔhǐ, v. i. lean one on her.

rŭ, a. overcast; gloomy. rangi taupuru.

, n. rope; cord. Taura kaara, fore stay of a canoe

kĭ, n. drought.
i, v. t. dry by exposure to

ngă, n. moorings; place of orage. See tau.

ngi, a. 1. incomplete. Hei te whakaatu taurangi? 2. ng completion in prospect. aurangi; promise; pledge. pă, n. stern-post of a canoe. pirăpi, v. t. claw one an; scratch.

rŭa, n. witchcraft.

kareka, n. 1. captive taken in war; slave. 2. scoundrel.

wă, a. 1. having no settled tation. 2. not paid for. taonga taurewa.

n. ornament of feathers on iaha.

nă, v. t. entertain. I waki te taurima i tana mari.

ĕ, a. opposite. Kua tauki te kaainga o tenei taa.

, n. west wind.

8, n. canoe in which a net irried.

Tăurumărumăki, v. t. duck one another in the water.

Tăutaawhĭ, v. t. come to the assistance of; support.

Tautahi, n. odd one. E waru pu tautahi; eight couples and an odd one.

Tăutăkă, a. topheavy; unsteady. Tautaka ki to tatou waka.

Tăutāně, a. Mara tautane; kumara ground set apart for the atuas to secure their goodwill with regard to the rest of the crop.

Tăutăpă, v. i. give the word for action. Katahi ka tautapa te whakahauhau a te hunga e tu iho ra i te taumata, 'E, kua ngaro kei roto: kumea' (151). chaunt a song for the purpose of keeping time in any united effort. 2. challenge. I te tautapa riri te hunga na ki a au.—Riri tautapatapa, single combat according to previous challenge.

Tăutări, n. upright stick in the wall of a native house, supporting the small battens to which the reeds are fastened.

tautari, v. t. fix the tautari. Kei te tautari te whare o Tuke.

Tautau, see under tau.

Tăutăuā, a. 1. inactive. Me aha i te tautaua o nga tangata o tenei kainga? 2. cowardly. Te ingoa o tena tautaua, he towhare.

Tăutăuāmŏa, a. He riri tautauamoa; a quarrel in which few take part.

Tăutě, v. t. 1. prepare fish for cooking. 2. tend; look after.
Hoki marire atu ki uta nga waka o te mano ra, ki uta hoki taute ai i a ia (41). Kei muri te tangata tetere nei e taute ana i a ia.

whakataute, n. anything that one

has to attend to; charge. Ko ana whakatautaute, ko tana

Tăutěkă, n. 1. brace; prop. 2. pole on which a weight is car- Tauwhatu, n. fishing net. piece of wood used to twist up the lashing of anything in order Tauwhenua, n. strange land. to tighten it.

tauteka, v. t. 1. support with a Tauwhirowhiro, v. i. Kei te 3. prop. 2. carry on a pole. tighten by twisting.

Tăutikă, a. even; level.

tautika, n. boundary. Ko te tau-¡Tawa, n. nesodaphne tuwa; a tree. tika tenei o te kainga.

Tăutimăi, int. Welcome!

Tăutīněi, v. t. kold up, or support a weak person.

Tăutītī, v. t. support an invalid Tăwā, n. ridge. in walking.

Tăutiti, v. t. stick into one's belt. tautiti, n. belt; girdle.

Tautohe, v. i. contend; persist.

tautohetohe, v. i. contend one E tautohetohe with another. ana nga waka ra.

Tăutohito, n. adept; person of Tawaha, a. having an unpleasan experience.

Tautoko, v. t. prop up; support. Tăutoro, v. i. stretch forward; extend oneself.

Tautuku, v. i. 1. stoop; bend down. 2. be low. Nekehia ake tena ki runga; kei te tautuku rawa ki raro.

Tăuwăre, v. i. touch without attracting notice. Heoi ano, tauware atu nga ringaringa ki runga i te paue hokomirimiri ai (159).

Tauware, n. 1. thwart of a canoe. 2. space between two thwarts.

Tšuwěhě, v. i. be separated. Ka haramai tenei ka tauwehe.

Tšuwhāingă, v. i. contend; vie. E tauwhainga ana te waka ki

Tăuwhăngă, v. t. lurk for. Ki\

te tauwhanga i te tangata i tarai nei i to ratou waka (51). wahine, ko ana tamariki ka riro Tauwhare, v. i. orerhang. I raro i nga tauwharenga kowhatu (133).

ried between two persons. 2. Tauwhena, a. of small stature;

dwarfish.

Tăuwhiwhi, v. i. be entangled.

tauwhirowhiro te mărama: said of the moon at the time of the change. Compare whire.

tawatawa, n. mackerel.

tawatawa, a. striped like macke-Me te anuhe tawatawa rel. (30).

Tawae, v. t. 1. divide; separate. Tawaewaetia te ahi kia ka ai-Tawae taro; separate young tubers of taro. 2. throw down standing crops. Taku kaangapau katoa te tawae.

Tāwāhā, n. bed in a garden.

taste. Ka tawahatia toku mangai.

Tawahi, n. the opposite side of a river or valley. E haer ana kia whiti ki tawahi o teawa (41).

Tawai, n. canoe without attached sides; tiwai.

Tāwăi, v. t. jeer; taunt. Aua ra e tawaia te tangata na.

Tawai, n. fugus Menziesii, and fagus fusca; trees.

tawaiwai, n. phyllocladus trichomanoides; a tree.

Tăwăkă, a. grooved ; channelled.... Tăwăkě, v. t. repair a hole in canoe. Tawaketia to tatou waka-Rau tawake; piece of wood in serted to stop a hole; patch.

Tawaro, n. 1. a herb used for food. 2. a tree.

He Faware, v. t. dupe; cajole. taware tana i o tatou mahara.

lawari. a. 1. almost broken off; Tawhai, v. i. stretch forth. Kau hanging by the skin &c. 2. wearied; exhausted.

Awariwari, a. bending from side to side.

l'awatawa, see under tawa.

l'awatu, n. oven of cockles (R.).

rami ki te wai kia hemo ai te tawau o te panahi.

:Awauwau, n. a fish.

Pāwăuri, a. dark; black.

as clothes &c to keep them out of the way in travelling.

taweka, n. incumbrance, hindrance. He aha te tawekaweka i runga i a Te Matche?

I. Täwěkě, v. i. be all gone, or come; be entirely consumed. Ko te whakataweketanga tenei o nga kaumatua e noho nei.

II. Tăwěkě, v. t. set snares for birds. Tatou ki te taweke i a tatou kaha.

taweke, a. connected by relationship, friendship &c. Na wai koe i taweke ai ki konei?

Tawěků, n. coriaria ruscifolia; a shrub, the same as tutu.

Tawera, n. 1. the morning star; the planet Venus. 2. burnt place in a wood &c.

Tāwĕrĕwĕrĕ, v. i. hang.

Taworu, n. garment; rag.

Tawewe, v. t. 1. sound with a line. 2. examine the bottom of the sea or a river by dragging, to ascertain its freedom from obstructions. Haere, tawewetia te taanga mo te kupenga nei.

Tāwiri, 1. a shell-fish. 2. a tree; the same as kohuhu. 3. eelnet. 4. cowardice. No reira ka mau nei hei tawiri (67).

lawapou, n. sapota costata; a Tawha, v. i. burst open; crack. tawha, n. 1. crack; chasm. 2. calabash. Compare tăhā. Tăwhăi, n. a tree.

tawhai, stretch forth the arms alternately in swimming. imitate; rival. E kore e taea te tawhai te whare o NGatitoa.

Tāwhānă, a. bent like a bow. Tāwhǎo, n. copse wood.

Pawau, a. pungent; acrid. Me tawhaowhao, n. drift wood &c. cast up by the sea. NGa tawhaowhao o te akau roa (11). Tawhără, a. wide apart. Kia tawhara te ko o te mara.

Fawěkă, v. t. carry round the neck, tawhara, n. fruit of freycinetia Banksii, or kiekie.

> Tawhărără, a. 1. leaning; slant-2. declining (of the sun). Ka tawharara te ra.

> Tāwhărău, v. t. shelter with branches stuck into the ground. Ko tona waka, toia ake ki uta; tawharautia ake (56).

> Tawharu, v. i. bend down in the middle; sag. Kei tawharu iho te tahuhu.

Tāwhătĭ, v. i. ebb. Kua tawhati te tai.

tawhati, n. valley.

Tāwhě, see taawhe. Tăwhĕ.

tawhetawhe, n. old garment; rag. Kua kore o matou tawhetawhe. Tāwhěnŭa, n. land wind.

Tăwhĕră, a. open; gaping. whera katoa te waewae o Waiahinau.

tawhera, n. leaf.

Tăwhěrě, n. Weinmannia racemosa; or towai; a tree.

Tāwhětă, v. i. 1. dangle. 2. be listless. 3. lie together; lie in a heap. Ka tawheta nei nga rakau.

Tāwhĭ, see taawhi.

Tăwhĭ, n. food. E kore e o atu te tawhi maori.

Tăwhio, v. i. 1. go round about.
2. be in an out of the way situation. He tawhio te kainga ki roto.
3. be travelled round.
Ka tawhio i a ia tera motu.

Tāwhiri, v. t. beckon; wave to.

Tawhiritia te ope ra kia haere
mai. 2. bid welcome. E haere
atu ana te tangata, ka pa te
tawhiri (139). 3. whirl round;
wring the neck by whirling round.

tawhiri, n. a species of pittosporum. Ko te tawhiri kua oti te whakarewa hei whakakakara i te whare (192).

Tāwhiti, n. snare; trap.

Tăwhiti, a. 1. distant; widely separated, in space or time. Nawai i tata, a ka tawhiti noa atu, ka tawhiti noa mai (70).

2. hospitable; generous. Katahi ano te tangata tawhiti!

tawhiti, n. 1. a distant locality; a distance. Kua riro ki tawhiti. Kei tawhiti often signifies matchless; unrivalled. Kei tawhiti tou manawanui. 2. man; fellow; a familiar term. Te whakatikanga ake o taua tawhiti raka (65).

Tăwhiti, v. i. for tahuti, run away. Kua tawhiti taku tamaiti.

Tăwhitŏ, a. old.

Tawhiu, v. t. drive together; hunt up.

tawhiuwhiu, v. t. whirl round and round.

Tawhiwhi, v. i. be entwined, or entangled. Ka tawhiwhi te puawananga ki nga manga o te rakau.

Tě, art. plural nga. 1. the. 2. with verbs (a) it may form an infinitive; Kihai i taea te korikori (143)—(b) or a gerund; Hei utu mo ta ratou tukunga i a ia ki te whawhai (7)—(c) or it may be repeated from

tera or tenei earlier in the sen __tence, when the action is im __perfect. Tera a Hineiteiwaiw= te titiro mai ra i runga i t __whare (62).

Tē, apparently compounded of and the verbal particle e. K koe tē mohio ana; for Ko k te [mea] e mohio ana; You at the person who knows.

Tē, ad. not. Mahi noa matou te to; tē panuku, tē aha.

To, v. i. crack; emit a sharp e plosive sound.

tětē, v. i. exert oneself. Tete n koutou ki te mahi kai, era whai kai?

tētē, n. 1. figure-head of a can 2. canoe with plain figure-head d. whakatē, v. t. squeeze fluid 221 of anything. Me whakate te puku kia hemo ai te pirau ki waho.

whakatētē, v. t. *milk*.

Tea, a. white.

tětěa, v. i. gnash the teeth.

Tĕa, ad. interrogative. where. Tea mea ma? (R.)

Těhě, n. membrum virile.

Tehea, pron. interrogative. which. Ko tehea to koutou waka? pl. ehea.

Tēhēa, ad. interrogative, where. Tehea toku kakahu? (R.)

Tšină, n. 1. younger brother of a male. 2. younger sister of a female.

Těitěi, a. high; tall.

Teitei, n. summit.

 Těkă, a. false; lying. He korero teka.

whakateka, v. t. disbelieve.

II. Těkě, v. t. drive forwards; urge on.

teka, n. 1. small dart thrown for amusement. 2. projecting part of a ko, by means of which it is forced into the ground by kia or charm.

tětěkă, a. numbed. Ka teteka aku ringaringa i te matao.

whakatētěkă, v. i. desire; intend; meditate. E whakateteka ana ia ki te whawhai.

E hoki Tekaha, conj. but then. ana te Hauhau i Taureka; tekaha ko Rongowhakaata, kawea ana ki Patutahi.

Těkău, a. ten.

Těkě, n. pudenda muliebria.

Těki, n. outer fence of a pa.

teki, v. i. drift with the anchor down but not touching the bot-

whakateki, v. t. suspend so as not to reach the ground. Мe whakateki tena papa.

Těkŏ, n. rock.

tekoteko, n. carved figure on the gable of a house. Te whakatikanga o Tangotango, tu ana i runga i te tekoteko o te whare (48).

TEMEPARA, n. temple.

Tenă, pron. plural ena or ana. near or connected with the person addressed; that; this. Hei aha tena wahine i hahauria ai e korua? (185).

tena, ad. there; here. He wai ano tena? The usual greeting "Tena koe" may be literally rendered, "Here you are!" as much as to say "I am glad to see you". Tena is often used to invite co-operation, or to encourage or urge on a work, -Come now. Tena, tatou ka here i te ra kia ata haere ai (18).-or again to give emphasis to a demand; Tena, he aha te tohu o tou ekenga mai? (122) Hence

tena, v. t. encourage; urge for-Tenatia ana e aua waward. hine ko te kai ma te mahi.

the foot. 3. a kind of kara- whakatenatena, v. t. encourage. tena, conj. but. Kaore nga mea o Hawaiki i poto hei whakatuputupu i te wahine; tena, mo nga tane, i poto katoa; nga mea iti, nga mea nunui.

Těně, a. invented. He kupu tene noa ake tenei kupu.

Těně, v. i. be importunate. E tene mai ano pea ki tetahi mana.

whakatenetene, v. t. annoy; pro-Hore i te whakatenetene mai o te taurekareka nei. Tēněi, pron. this; near the spea-

ker. Ko tona ara tenei e puta ake ai (54). plural enei, anei. tenei, ad. 1. here. Tenei ra to maua nei kaainga (165). 2. now. E pai ana i mua; ko tenei, kua kino.-Ko tenei, e tama, he iwi kino te iwi nei (141).

TENETI, n. tent.

Těně, a. notched. Kia teno te rakau.

Těngă, n. pomum Adami; the prominent part of the throat.

Tĕngĭ, a. three.

Tĕo, n. stick.

teo, v.t. stick into the ground. teoteo, n. a small kind of shag. Tĕpĕ.

whakatepe, v. t. do in order without any omission; do com-WHakatepea te mahi. pletely. Těpětěpě, n. 1. clot of blood &c. 2. jelly-fish.

Teră, pron. that; away from either the speaker or the person addressed; that other; the other. Ka hui tera iwi ki te matakitaki (145). Often used for the personal prononn. Ka ki mai tera, Kei te ata tonu (90).

tera, ad. there. Tera ano tetahi pa nui onamata (166).

Tere, v. i. 1. drift from moor-Ka tere to tatou waka i te hau. 2. float. E tere tonu ana ia i runga i nga kiaka (143),

3. move swiftly. Ka nui te tere o to koutou kaipuke. be quick. Kia tere mai he kai whakahoki mai i te korero.

tětěrě, a. large; swollen. Ka tetere taku matihao.

teretere, n. company of travellers.

Ka u mai he teretere no Aotea (143).

teretere, v. i. be liquid; flow; run.

Tetahi, pron. 1. one; a; a certain. Ka whakatika tetahi o nga rangatira o te ope ra (154).
2. another. Ka karanga mai tetahi tangata, Me au nei te ahua? (61).
3. some. Kawea atu tetahi wai mo te manuhiri (168). Plural etahi, some; some others.

Tětě, v. i. stand fixed in the ground. NGa rakau e tete mai ra.

tete, n. head of a spear.

whakatete, v. t. 1. molest; annoy; quarrel with. He whakatete kaainga, a quarrel about land. 2. act waywardly or perversely. E ta! whakatete tonu koe ki te noho?

Tētē, see under tea. Tetea, see under tea. Tetehi, for tetahi. See tetahi. Tētěkă, see undor teka.

Totoro, n. trumpet.

Tětěrě, see under tere.

Teure, n. ripe fruit of kiekie or freycinetia Banksii.

Těwě, n. 1. membrane of the fætus. 2. fermented juice of the tutu.

tewetewe, for tawatawa; a fish like mackerel.

Töwhätöwhä, n. a weapon made of wood, broad and flat at one end something like the head of an axe.

Tī, n. 1. cordyline of several species. Ti haere (84) ti trees

appearing to change their position; considered to forebode evil. Ti-mataku-tai; the species called toī. 2. game. Ti ringaringa; played with the hands. Ti rakau; played with a ball.

tītī, v. i. 1. squeak. Ka titi mai te kiore i roto i te raupo. 2. tingle. Titi ana nga taringa.

tītī, n. mutton bird. He aha koe i haere mai ai ki a au hei titi mo to ahi?

Tia, v. t. stick in; drive in. Me tia nga pou o te teneti.

tiatia, v. t. 1. drive in pegs &c. 2. adorn by sticking in feathers. Kua herua ake taua tangata ra i te po, kua tiatiaina ki te raukura (97).

tia or tiatia, n. peg; stake. Tĭa, n. abdomen.

Tia, a. 1. how great. E tia tous humarie! (164). 2. frequent—He tia hokihoki mai nou.

Tiaho, v. i. emit rays of light; shine. Ka tiaho mai te ahi.

Tiaka, n. dam; mother.

Tiakākāhi, a. on the meridian, spoken of the sun.

Tiaki, v. t. 1. guard; keep. I a—
au e tiaki ana i te whare, ka—
puta mai a Ponui. 2. watch—
for; wait for. Kei tatahi ia—
e tiaki ana i te waka o Ka—
rihi kia u mai.

Tiăngă, n. mat to lie on; calledalso tienga or takapau.

Tiare, n. scent. Tau ana te tiare i te raukawa.

Tiări, v. t. hang up. Me tiariki waho, ki te rakau.

Tiaroa, n. long straight side. To tiaroa o te pa.

Tiěkě, n. 1. a bird; creadion carunculatus. 2. a black mat.

Tiemi, v. i. 1. play at see-saw-2. be unsettled; be cast adrift-Tenei to iwi ka tiemi, ka tiemi. Tičnga, n. mut to lie on. See tianga.

Tiepa, v. i. hang loosely. Me tiepa noa ake tona kakahu.

Tiĕrĕ, n. scent. Tena rawa te tiere te haere na, ara te kakara o te tawhiri (193).

Tihahuhahu, v. t. scatter about.
Tihaere, n. a pole with a snare
arranged on it, baited with
flowers, for catching birds.

Tīhăuŏră, n. a plant.

Tihě, v. i. sneeze.

Thei, v. t. carry a burden on the back, holding it in place with the hands. Tiheitia nga kai nei.

Tihema, n. December.

Tiheru, v. t. bale water out of a canoe &c. Tiherua te wai o te poti.

tiheru, n. vessel to bale with. Tihewa, v. i. sneeze.

Tĭhĭ, n. summit.

tihi, v. i. *lie in a heap*. Tekau nga taro e tihi ana i tona aroaro (49).

tihitihi, a. idling; trifling.

Tihoi. v. t. expand the middle of a mat in the weaving by inserting thread in the woof which do not run through to the edges.

Tīhŏihŏi, a. *noisy*. He kotiro tihoihoi.

Thoka, v. t. 1. stick in; thrust in. Tihokatia atu te maripi ki te raupo. 2. shelter by sticking small branches into the ground.

tihokahoka, n. temporary shelter made with branches stuck into the ground.

Tihore, v. t. 1. strip off. Tihorea te kiri o te rakau. 2. peel; take the skin off.

tihore, n. the best variety of phormium tenax, prepared without the use of a shell.

See Tihou, n. an implement used as a spade.

Tikă, a. 1. straight; direct. Ko te ara tika tena. 2. keeping a direct course. A, tika tonu atu ki te korokoro o te Parata (72). 3. right; just; fair. Ka rongo ia kei te tika nga kupu (42).—E tika hoki! a form of expressing thanks.

tikanga, n. 1. rule; plan; method. Ka rapua e ratou he tikanga hei mamingatanga ma ratou i a Kae (37). 2. custom. Tona tikanga mai tenei o mua iho (47), 3. reason. Ko te tikanga o te Huhuti, i pai ai ki a Te WHatu-i-apiti, he pai no Te WHatu-i-apiti (165). 4. meaning; purport. Te tikanga o tena tau, he kohuru. 5. authority; control. Kahore ona tikanga ki ena taonga.

whakatika, v. t. straighten. v. i. straighten oneself; stand up; rise up; start on a journey.

whakatika, n. way; path.

Tīkākā, a. 1. hot. Tikaka ana te ra. 3. burnt by the sun.

Tīkăokăo, n. barn-door fowl.

Ti-kapu, n. a species of cordyline.

Tikaro, v. t. pick out of a hole; scoop out. Tikarohia ake te kanohi e Tongameha (48).

Tikětikě, and tītikě, a. lofty; high. Titike ao; papaku po.

Tiki, v. t. 1. fetch. Ka tukua atu e ia tana tangata ki te tiki atu i tetahi ika mana (141). 2. go to for any purpose. Ka tikina mai a Tane ka whakaarahia ki runga (55).

Tiki, n. 1. post marking a 'tapu' place. 2. figure on the gable of a house. 3. lower part of the back; sacrum.

tikitiki, n. 1. girdle. 2. knot of hair on the top of the head.

Ka wewete i tona tikitiki, ka ru i ona makawe (55). whakatiki, v. t. keep without food.

Tĭkĭhŏpĕ, n. loins.

Tikikiwi, n. a method of finishing off the thatch of a house.

Tikitu, a. entire; untouched. He ngahere tikitu.

Tĭkŏ, v. i. evacuate the bowels. tītĭkŏ, n. a shell-fish.

Tĭkŏkĭ, a. easily overbalanced; unsteady. He waka tikoki.

Tikokekoke, a. high up in the heavens. Kua tikokekoke noa atu te ra o waho (13).

Tīkŏkŏ, v.t. take up with a shovel or ladle. Tikokoa te oneone ki waho.

Ti-kupenga, n. a tree; a species of cordyline.

Tīmăngă, n. elevated stage, on which food is kept.

Tīmătă, n. short spear.

Tīmătă, v. t. begin. Ka timataia te korero e Kawe.

timatanga, n. beginning.

Timo, v. t. peck, as a bird; prick; strike with a pointed instrument. Timu, a. ebb; ebbing. He tai

Timu, a. ebb; ebbing. He timu; ebb tide; low water.

Timu, for tumu. See tumu.

Tină, a. fixed; fast. Tina ana ratou i te mataku o te taua.

whakatina, v. t. 1. fasten; fix. 2. confine; put under restraint. Ka whakatinaia ahau ki te kai; I am restrained from food. 3. treat as a slave; oppress with work. Ka whakatina mai koe, ko te mea taumaha ki a au. 4. provoke. He whakatina ra ki a au kia oho ai ahau.—v. i. applied to protracted parturition. Kua whakatina hokikaore i hohoro te whanau (128).

Tĭnăkŭ, n. seed potatoes.`
kōkō aku tinaku.

Tĭnănă, n. body; trunk.

Tiněi, v. t. 1. put out; extinguish.

Tineia te kapura. 2. destroy; kill. He rewharewha ki te tinei i etahi tangata ki te mate. tīněiněi, v. t. confuse; put out of proper order. Korero whakatepe i o korero, kaua e tineinei.

tīněiněi, a. unsettled; ready to move. Noho tineinei; sit on one's heels, ready to jump up instantly.

Tini, a. very many. Kia tini nga pou mo te taiepa. Tini whaioio; innumerable.

tini, n. host; myriad. Tenei te tini o NGatoro kei roto i te hangi e takoto ana (91).

Tīnī, v. t. 1. annoy. Ka tinia ahau e te pawerawera. 2. terrify. Ka tinia e te mataku o te taua.

Tinihanga, v. t. deceive; cheat. I tinihangatia au e te kai arahi i po ai ahau. practise upon. Maku e tinihanga ki a NGatoroirangi (70).

Tini-ngërongëro, a. very numerous.

Tini-whaioio, a. innumerable.

Tino, a. exact; precise; very.

Ka tae ki te tino wahapu o
Manuka (162).—Used also to
give vividness to narrative. Te
tino rarahutanga ki te hoe, ka
rite noa ano; tino pounga ki
te wai i poua ai; anana! me te
pere! (171).

tino, n. precise spot. Ko te tino o Taiamai tenei kamaka.

tino, ad. quite; very. Ka tinotae atu a Hakawau ki te kainga o Kaiwhare (162).

Tinohi, v. t. put heated stones upon food laid to cook in a 'hangi'.

Tingă, a. likely. E tinga ano i tawhiti koe.

Tīngăhŭrŭ, a. ten.

Tingĕi, a unsettled; ready to move. He noho tingei noa to matou noho i konei. Compare tineinei, under tinei.

Tio, a. sharp; piercing. Aue! te haupapa, tio tonu.

tio, n. 1. ice. 2. oyster. 3. land-mark.

tiotio, a. having sharp points or projections; prickly. He kowhatu tiotio.

Tioră, v. t. split. Ka tioraia katoatia te makahi.

tiora, n. marauding party, separated from the main army.

Tioro, v. i. tingle; be jarred. Ka tioro aku taringa i te pakutanga o te pu.

Tĭpă.

tipatipa, a. false. He korero tipatipa.

Tīpā, a. dried up. Ka tipatia a raro o te whenua.

tipa, n. a shell-fish.

Tipăopăo, v. t. put out of proper sequence. Kaua e tipaopao to korero.

Tipătěrě, a. for tini-patere; very numerous; in very great numbers. Kua tipatere koe i te awatea, kua hinga ki Taranaki. Tipău, n. myrsine Urvillei; a tree. Tipi, v. t. pare a horizontal surface; pare off. Tipia atu nga tarutaru ka ngaki ai i te mara nei. v. i. skim lightly along the surface. Anana! titipi kau

tipitipi, v. i. spread rapidly. Ka rongo ha ki a Kiki; tipitipi ana te rongo (172).

ana taua waka (70).

Tīpīhāurāro, v. t. exterminate. He tipihauraro tonu mai a NGapuhi, a, haramai tonu.

Tipoka, v. t. dig up what has been buried. Na te tangata i tapuke, na te kuri i tipoka.

tipoka, a. dried up. Katahi ano ka tipoka inaianei.

Tipoko, v. i. 1. be extinguished; be destroyed. Ka tipoko anake

aku ika i te kuri. 2. become rotten; perish. E! kua tipoko noa atu nga kai o te rua nei! Tīpŏrĕ, n. a shrub.

Tipu, for tupu. See tupu. Tipua, see tupua.

Tipuaki, n. crown of the head. Compare tumuaki.

Tipuna, see tupuna.

Tiră, n. 1. file of men; row. 2. company of travellers. Tera te tira ka puta. 3. fin of a fish. 4. rays; beams. NGa tira o Autahi. 5. mast of a canoe.

Tīrāhā, n. large bundle. E rima nga tiraha raupo.

tiraha, v. i. lean. Kia tiraha nga pou o te whare.

tiraha, a. 1. slow. Tiraha tonu te haere o te pahi nei. 2. face upwards. Anga tiraha; lie on one's back.

Tīrăngărăngă, a. scattered. Ka tirangaranga nga otaota i te ketunga a te poaka.

Tīrāngŏrāngŏ, a. scattered. Tīrāngĭ, v. i. be unsettled.

Tīrara, v. i. be wide apart. Tirara ana nga waewae.—be scattered. Waiho i kona tirara haere ai.

Tirătu, n. mast of a canoe.

Tīrău, n. peg; stick.

Tīrāumŏkŏ, n. bastard.

Tīrĕa, n. second day of the moon's age.

Tīrěkǐ, n. stack of fern-root.

Tiremi, v. i. ebb. Kua tiremi te korihirihi (R).

Tīrĕngĭ, a. unsettled. Ka noho tirengi nga tangata i te mataku.

Tīrēpā, v. t. line with reeds the roof of a native house.

Tīrī, v. t. 1. throw or place one by one. E tiri ana a Tohe i nga ika ki uta. 2. plant. E tiri parareka ana a Te WHata. 3. place one on another; stack.

tiri, n. offering to an Atua. Ka poipoia te tiri ki te atua, ka mea, To tiri, na, e WHiro.

Tīrīpāpā, v. i. explode in succession. Ka tiripapa te mahi a NGapuhi.

Tĭrĭwā, v. t. 1. plant at wide intervals. Tiriwatia, kia awe te 2. plant in spaces caused by failure of seed, and so generally, put into a vacant place. Kahore tetahi e tiriwatia e koe? tiriwa, n. space; compartment; district.

Tĭrŏ, tĭtĭrŏ, v. i. look. Ka titiro atu ia i te haeatatanga o te whatitoka (13). -Titiro makutu; look hard, and hence, look Ka titiro makutu covetously. mai ia ki toku kakahu. survey; view. Ka puta atu te ruahine ra ki waho, titiro atu ai i te ope ra (93).

tirotiro, v. i. look about.

Tīrou, n. fork; pointed stick used as a fork.

tirou, v. t. 1. take up with a stick or fork. 2. move a canoe sideways, by plunging the paddle into the water and drawing it towards one. Tiroua mai te ihu o te waka.

Tītăhă, v. i. 1. be on one side; Titaha ana lean to one side. nga tuturu o te whare.—decline, as the sun. Ka titaha te ra. 2. pass on one side. He aha koe i titaha ai i toku kainga? 3. go in an oblique E rua ona titahadirection. tanga (15). 4. vary from; have a different tendency. Kaore i titaha i taku whakahaere o korero i whakaari ake nei.

titaha, n. 1. axe. 2. a kind of mat.

Kei te tiri i nga kai o te Titaka, v. i. move about; turn Titaka noa taku niho. round. titakataka, v. i. turn over and over; wallow.

Tītărĭ. v. t. scatter about.

Tītěi, n. spy. Compare tutei.

Tītěngĭ, a. unsettled. Kati te noho titengi, kia u ki raro.

Titi, v. i. 1. stick in as a peg or pin. Titi tonu te pere ki nga heu o te whare (81). 2. shine. Tangohia ana e raua te puru, na, titi tonu te ra ki roto (47). 3. go astray. Kua titi ke atu pea nga poaka ki waho. v. t. 1. stick in. 2. fasten with nails or pegs. Titia te papa nei.

titi, n. peg; pin; nail.

Tītī, see under ti.

Tītĭkĕ. see under tike.

Titiko, see under tiko. Tītīmākŏ, n. a bird.

Titiro, see under tiro.

Tito, v. t. invent; compose. te Horua i tito tenei waiata.--Ke korero tito; a fabrication.

Tito, a. having the face covered with long hair. He kuri tito. —He pahau tito; a beard covering nearly the whole face.

Tītohea, a. exhausted by frequent cultivation.

Tītoki, n. alectryon excelsum; a

Tītŏkŏ, n. pole used to stretch or extend anything; sprit of a sail &c.

titoko, v. t. 1. stretch with a pole. 2. keep off or away. Ka titokotokona ratou ki mamao o to ratou unga atu nei (121).

Tītongi, n. the same as titoki; a tree.

Tītŏrĕ, v. t. or v. i. split; divide. Na te panga o taku patu, titore ke, titore ke (29).

Tītupu, v. i. 1. chap. Ka mate au i te titupu o toku waewae. 2. peel off. Kua titupu mai te hiako o te uwhi.

Tĭutĭu, v. i. turn about. E tiutiu ana nga kanohi.

tiutiu, n. a bird.

Tiwăi, n. canoe without attached sides. Takoto humuhumu kau ana ko nga tiwai anake (171). Tiwăi, a. lasting; permanent. Ka-

tahi ano ka tiwai te noho o te pakeha.

Tīwākāwākā, n. a bird.

Tīwări, v. t. scrape. Me tiwari te roi kia reka ai.

Tiwata.

Tīwē, v. i. scream (of children only).

Tiwěkă, a. vagabond; roaming after no good. E kore e ngaro te tohu o te wahine tiweka.

Tiwěrăwěră, a. mournful.

Tiwha, n. patch; spot; bald place on the head; mark of a landslip &c.

tiwha, a. squint. He kanohi tiwha.

titiwha, v. i. be in patches or small circumscribed portions. Ano he pounamu kei nga karu pango e titiwha ana (159).

tiwhatiwha, a. 1. dark. 2. gloomy in mind; sad. Ka nui rawa te tiwhatiwha ki a ratou ka ngaro atu nei.

Tīwhānā, v. i. be curved. E tiwhana mai ra a Kahukura i runga i te rangi.

Tīwāki, v. t. expand; open.

Tīwhārāwhārā, v. i. be split; be separated.

I. To, n. stem of maize, raupo &c. II. To, a. pregnant.

whakato, v. i. plant.

III. To, pron. thy. (Plural o). Generally equivalent to tāu. See tāu.

IV. To, v. t. drag; haul. Ka toia nga waka ki waho manu ai (70). To-whare, drag a person out of his house and kill him; murder in cold blood.

tōtō, v. t. 1. drug a number of objects. Ko nga waka, he mea toto ki uta (131). 2. chip or knock off; chop. Toto tonu ai ki te kowhatu. 3. perform a ceremony over a child; the same as tūā and iriiri.

tŏtō, v. i. ooze; trickle.

toanga-waka, place where canoes are dragged over; portage.

V. Tō, a compound of te and o, thus, To Turi kuainga, is equivalent to Te kaainga o Turi.

VI. Tō, prep. up to; as high as. Nawai ra, i raro te wai, a ka to nga turi (130).

Toa, a. 1. male, of animals. He kararehe toa. 2. bruve; victorious. Tenei ra ka rongo ki te tino toanga o enei rangatira tokowha (157).

toa, v. i. 1. throw up a stalk.

Kua toa te witi. 2. romp;
frolic. Kei te toa nga tamariki.

totoa, a. 1. impetuous; fierce.
Totoa tonu te ngakau; te puripuri te aha. 2. urgent. Heoi
ano te mea i totoa mai ai maua,
ko koe kia noho.

toa, n. brave man; warrior, Ka peratia tonutia nga toa o taua iwi nei (60).

toatoa, n. 1. phyllocladus trichomanoides; a tree. 2. haloragis alatu; a small plant.

Tŏangă, n. derivative from toa. See toa.

Toangă, n. derivative from to. See IV. to.

 Tŏe, v. i. be left as a remnant. Kotahi i toe, ko te koromatua (24).

toenga, n. remnant.

II. Tŏe, and tŏtŏe, v. t. split; divide. Me he haeata e toea ana i te taha rangi (164). toetoe, v. t. split into strips or Tohetea, a. exhausted by cultivashreds. Toetoea he korari mo te kupenga.

toetoe, n. 1. different species of grass or rushes used for thatch-Toetoe kakaho; arundo ing. conspicua. 2. shingles for covering roofs.

Toěkě, n. loop of cord, put loosely round the feet to enable them to grasp a tree in climb-

Tŏemĭ, n. 1. hand-net. 2. net the edges of which are made to draw together like the mouth of a bag.

Tŏeně, v. i. set. Ka toene te ra. See towene.

Tŏerĕ, n. hand net.

Toha, v. t. spread out.

tohatoha, v. t. spread abroad; distribute. Katahi ka tahuri te manuhiri ra ki te tohatoha i tana kai (166).

Töhakě, n. basket. Kohia he wene ki te tohake. (R.)

Tohapuru, v. t. gird tightly. Kia tohapurutia te manawa.

Tŏhě, v. i. 1. persist; be urgent. Ka tohe tonu te taua ki te whawhai (182). 2. refuse; object. Kihai hoki ai i tohe; whakatika tonu atu ki runga (39).

totohě, v. i. contend one with another. Heoti ano, ka totohe ratou i konei; tohe atu ana, tohe mai ana (122).

tohetohe, v. i. be pertinacious. Te tohetohe ki te whakatuma (79).

tohetohe, n. uvula.

Tōhē, n. 1. thief. 2. uiggard.

Tohěněhěně, a. disarranged; disturbed. He tamariki; he whakatohenehene kaha tana mahi: said of wanton provocation.

Toheraoa, n. agrostis æmula and some other grasses.

heroa, n. a kind of a shell-fish.

tion; barren.

Tŏhĭ, v. t. 1. perform a certain ceremony over a newborn infant. I haere mai au kia tohia ta taua kotiro (52). perform certain ceremonies before or after a battle.

Tohi or totohi, v. t. cut. Tohia a tatou purapura kia ranea ai. whakatotohi, v. t. cut.

Tohipă, v. i. turn aside. rawa atu au kua tohipa ke, he ara ke.

Tohiră, v. t. project; be overlong. Tōhŏră, n. whale.

Tohoraha, n. whale.

Tŏhŭ, n. mark; sign; proof. He aha te tohu o tou ekenga mai? (122).

tohu, v. t. 1. preserve; lay by. 2. save alive; spare. E kore koe e tohungia.

tŏtŏhŭ, v. i. sink. Kua totohu te waka ki raro.

tohutohu, v. t. 1. mark. 2. shew. Tŏhŭ, v. i. think. Ko wai hoki koa ka tohu? (148).

Tohunga, n. 1. skilled person. A, oti ake i ia tohunga, i ia tohunga, a Tainui ma te tarai (69). 2. wizard; priest. ano i ata mutu noa te karakia a nga tohunga (91).

Tohungarua, v. t. dole out. Tohungaruatia etahi kapana ma tatou.

tohungarua, n. one who deals.

Toi, n. finger; toe (of the little finger or toe only which are called toi iti or toiti). Kowhakina mai ana te ahi i te toi iti o nga matikara (24).

Tŏi, or tŏitŏi, v. i. trot; move briskly. Kia toitoi te haere.

toitoi, n. 1. summit. 2. a shellfish; the same as ngārŭrŭ.

whakatoi, v. t. 1. answer rudely or perversely. 2. annoy; tease. Tol, n. 1. cordyline indivisa; a tree. 2. mat made from the leaves of the same. 3. wicker receptacle for seed potatoes.

toi, v. i. be moist; exude. Toi tonu a roto o te rakau.

Toiha, v. i. pace up and down (not a genuine word).

Toihi, v. i. be split. Kua toihi te rakau.

Toiki, n. tree charred by fire.

Toimaha, for taimaha. maha.

Toingo, a. smart; gay. Toingo ana te kakahu nei.

Toiti, n. little finger or toe.

Tŏitŏirĕkă, n. a bird.

Toitu. entire: untouched: uncultivated.

Toka, v. i. overflow. Toka tonu te wai i runga.

Toka, n. stone; rock in the sea. totoka, v. i. become solid; set. Ka totoka te hinu.

whakatotoka, v. i. congeal. Kia toka; wait a while.

Tokši, n. 1. strip of wood covering the joints of a canoe. perpendicular pieces of wood, fastened above to the thwart and supporting the kauhuahua on which the rahoraho or floor is laid.

Tokākāwā, n. steam; perspiration. He tokakawa pea no te

Tokamatua, n. company; body of persons.

Tokari, v. t. cut; notch. Tokaritia te rakau kia u ai te waewae. v. i. 1. be cut or severed. Kua tokari te hutihuti. 2. ebb. Kua tokari te ngaehe. (R.)

WHakatokarikari, v. t. cut in notches.

Tokău, n. a canoe having sidestempost.

Tokě, n. 1. earth worm. 2. a fish.

4. puden-2. lobe of the ear. dum fæmineum.

tŏtŏkĕ, n. a fish.

Toke. v. i. be out of sight; be gone away. Ko te tokenga tenei e toke atu ai ahau. (R.)

Tokěkě, a. churlish.

Te tai to-Tŏkĕrău, a. eastern. kerau; the sea on the east side of the island.

Tokere, n. a musical instrument. E whakatokere ana nga tohunga i nga iwi o Wahieroa (56).

Toki, n. axe; adze; or any similar tool. Toki hangai; adze. -Toki whakapae, or toki titaha, common felling axe. Toki poke; american axe.

tokitoki, n. alectryon excelsum; a tree.

tokitoki, a. very calm. Tokitoki ana tera te moana; koi ngaru, koi aha.

tokitoki, v. t. earth up; loosen the earth about the roots of plants.

Tŏkĭ, v. t. for tiki, fetch.

Tokiri, v. t. shove; thrust lengthwise. Tokiritia te waka.

Toko, a prefix to the numerals from tahi to iwa inclusive, to the interrogative numeral hia, and to the adjectives maha, ruarua, ouou &c., but nsed only in speaking of persons. rongo te tokomaha i te toanga o aua tangata tokowha.

Tŏkŏ, n. 1. pole. I whakaturia hoki nga toko o te atua (112). 2. rays of light. Ka hapai nga toko o te rangi.

toko, v. t. propel with a pole. Tokona te waka kia puta ai.

tokotoko, n. small pole; walking stick. Ka tu nga tokotoko ki roto ki te otaota.

boards, but no figurehead or toko, or totoko, v. i. spring up in the mind. Taawhi noa iho ana, e totoko tonu ake ana i roto i te ngakau te whanowhanoa (82).

whakatotoko, v. i. begin to swell. Tokohana, n. hiccough.

Tokohi, n. adultery.

Tŏkŏhĭa, a. how many. See toko. Tokohinu, a. some. See toko. Tŏkŏmăhă, a. many. See toko. Tŏkŏmănăwă, a. Pou tokomana-

wa; post supporting the middle portion of a ridgepole.

Tokomanga, a. brunched; forked. Tokomauri, n. 1. poles of mapou used in the ceremony of 'pure' for a kumara ground. Ka whakaturia nga tokomauri o te mara. 2. hiccough.

tokomauri, v. t. excite one's affections; enamour. Te kai tokomauri o tona puku.

Tokopuhake, n. hiccough.

Tŏkŏrŏa, a. thin; lean; lanky. He raumati tenei, koia i tokoroa ai te ika.

Tokŭ, pron. my. Plural oku. See prep. o.

Tomă, n. cemetery. Ko te toma tupapaku tera.

Tomăirăngi, n. dew.

I. Tomo, v. i. be filled. E rua ano hekenga o te aho, kua tomo te waka i te mahi a te ika (21).

II. Tomo, v. i. enter. I te mutunga ai o te karakia ki te tuaahu, ka tomo ki roto ki to raua whare ko te ruwahine (92). Pass. tomokia, be entered.

whakatomo, v. t. cause to enter. whakatomo, n. a large basket.

Tomuri, a. late. He witi tomuri Tongako, v. i. be scabbed; fester. tenei i koaha ai.

Tona, n. excrescence; wart; corn &c.

Tonă, pron. his; her; its. Pl. ona. See prep. o.

Tono, v. t. 1. bid; command. Ka Tongamimi, n. bladder. puta ake ia i tona rua, kia wha-

whai ratou (97). 2. bid to go; Tonoa ana to ratou tupuna ki te kimi (95). 3. demand. E haere ana ahau ki te tono utn mo taku mahi.

Tonu, ad. 1. denoting continuance, still; continually. He tiaki tonu tana i te kaainga i ia ra, i ia ra (94). 2. quite. tonu ki roto o tana kupenga (142). just. Pena tonu i ia ra, i ia ra (95). 3. simply; only. Te kai a tera wahine, he ota tonu (95). Ko ahau tonu; it is I myself. 4. immediately. Kua tae atu ki te taha o te wahine ra, kapo tonu atu ki te kotiro (52). This word often has a suffix -tanga when used with passive verbs in animated narrative. Apitiria tonutanga atu ko te pa, ka horo (91).

I. Tonga, n. south wind; southern region.

tonga, a. southerly. He hau tonga.

II. Tonga, n. blemish on the skin. Tongă, n. derivative from to. See to.

Tonga.

whakatonga, v. i. 1. keep oneself quiet; restrain one's feelings. 2. entertain feelings which one does not shew outwardly. Kei te whakatonga riri koe? Pass. whakatongatia, be murmured at; be found fault with Kei te whakatongatia secretly. ahau e te iwi nei.

Ka tongako te hiako.

Tonga-kotaratara, n. south-westwind.

Tonga - ma - uru, n. south - westwind.

tono iho te tini tangata ra kia Tonganga, a. 1. uncooked; raw. 2. broken. Tonganga ana te kete. Tongarerewa, n. 1. an ornament for the ear. 2. a word of endearment; treasure.

Tongi, point; speck.

tongi, v. t. nibble at bait. tongi te ika.

Me topa nga parareka kia reka ai.

Tŏpă.

1. *bird*. topatopa, n. 2. small sting ray.

whakatopa, v. i. soar. aroarowhaki nga parirau.

whakatopatopa, v. i. plant kumara &c.

Topāpāru, a. deeply laden. waka topaparu to koutou.

Tope, v. t. cut; cut off. mai he mataora.

Tope, n. fern freshly grown after being burnt.

Topīpī, n. small native oven.

topipi, v. t. cook in a small oven. Topipitia tetahi kaanga.

Topito, n. end; extremity.

Topu, n. pair; couple. Ko taua hunga i haere i uta, kotahi rau e whitu tekau topu (75).

topu, a. assembled; in a body. Kei te noho topu tou ratou ki to ratou kaainga.

Topuni, a. 1. close together. Me haere topuni tatou. 2. overcast. He rangi topuni.

topuni, n. black dogskin mat.

Tŏră, v. i. burn; blaze. Ka tora te ahi.

Tŏrĕ. v. i. burn. Ka tore te whare o Tutere.

tore, n. white spot.

toretore, n. a large mussel; the same as kuku.

toretore, a. having inflamed eyes. toretore, v. t. split into strips. He mea toretore marire te harakeke.

Torea, n. hæmatopus unicolor; a bird.

Ka Torěkě, v. t. be left behind. Kahore tetahi i toreke ki muri.

Topa, v. i. cook in a native oven. whakatorekereke, v. i. lag behind. Kei whakatorekereke te haere.

> Tŏrěmĭ, v. i. disappear. Kua toremi te waka ki tua o te rae. Torěně, v. i. overflou.

Ka rere Törëngi, v. i. disappear.

whakatopa te manu, kahore e Torere, v. i. hurry; go headlong. Ka torere tonu ra hoki te ngakau ki te whai i te whakahiangongo o tona ngakau (170). He torere, n. abyss.

Tŏrĕtĕrĕ, n. small sting-ray.

Topătăpătă, n. very small ku-Torewai, n. a freshwater mussel. Tŏrĭ, n. cat. (R.)

toritori, v. t. cut; separale.

Tōrĭnŏ, n. 1. drum of the ear. 2. small basket for cooked food. Torino, a. flowing smoothly. He torino tonu te au; he hohonu. Torĭrĕ, a. fine; smart.

Toririki, a. small. Ka haere ka toririki te whawhai n i.

Tŏrĭwăi, a. moist; watery. toriwaitia oku kanohi.

Toro, n. persoonia toro; a tree. Tŏrŏ, v. i. 1. stretch forth. Ka toro mai tona ringa ka raraku (194). Ka toro nga kawai o te hue. 2. burn; blaze. toro te whare i te korakora.

toro, v. t. 1. thrust or impel endwise; stretch forth. Torona mai tou ringa. 2. go to see; visit. A ka aroha ki te tuahine, ka haere ia ki te toro (39). survey; reconnoitre. Kua eke rawa mai taua iwi nei ki uta, kotahi i tukua mai ki te toro (47). explore. Te waka nana i toro te nuku roa (109). consult by divination. Ka torona a Kahukura, a Itupawa, a

of an oven preparatory to cooking. Torona te hangi; ka kăkā. totoro, v. i. stretch forth. Totoro

mai te ringa.

torotoro, v. i. put forth the hands; act. Ka whakatika nga rangatira ki runga ki te korero i te ata torotoro (150).

torotoro, n. metrosideros scandens; a climbing plant.

whakatoro, v. t. 1. push forth. E whakatorotoro kau ana i te timata i roto i nga ran, kaore ano i wero noa. 2. touch; make trial of.

Toroa, n. albatross. Kahu toroa, garment covered with albatross

Toroai, see torowai.

Torohě, n. marauding party.

toroherohe, v. i. wag. Toroherohe mai ana te hiore o te kuri. Torohěkě, n. pimelea arenaria; a plant.

Tŏrŏī, v. i. ferment.

Toroihi, v. i. 1. sprout; bud. Ka toroihi te kiekie. 2. be inso-Kua mohio ratou ki to matou ahua; no reira ka toroihi tonu ratou.

Torokaka, a. stiff and straight; (of hair). torokaka waero-kiore; hanging straight down. kaka taratarakina, split at the points. torokaka motihetihe, sticking straight up.

Törökiki, v. i. sprout afresh.

Tŏrŏmĭrŏ, n. podocarpus ferruginea; a tree.

Törömökä, n. button.

Torona, n. throne.

Toronăihi, n. reaping hook; sickle. Töröngă, n. derivative from toro. See toro.

Torongă, v. t. deal out in small quantities. Ka ata torongatia mariretia nga kai.

Rongomai (83). 5. take fire out | Toropapa, v. i. lie flat. Ka toropapa te wahie; e kore e ka. Toropukě, n. mound; hillock. Toropuku, a. secret; stealthy. Ka toropuku te haere o te tahae.

Tŏrŏrĕrĕ, n. diarrhæa.

Tŏrŏukă, n. headland.

torouka, a. green; unripe; uncooked.

whakatorouka, v. i. muse; have the thoughts occupied. E moe whakatorouka ana a Te Ponga ki te pewheatanga ra e tata ai ia ki a Te Pnhihuia (167).

Torowăi, n. 1. a weapon made of a whale's rib. 2. a wooden weapon.

Torowhenua, n. a variety of kumara.

Tŏrŭ, a. three.

torutoru, a. few. He torutoru nga tangata o tera kaainga.

Torŭa, a. twilled. He kareko torus.

Tōrŭhĭ, u. a fish.

Totā, n. sweat.

Totără, n. 1. podocarpus totara; a tree. 2. leucopogon Frazeri and some other plants.

Тотĕ, n. salt.

Toti, and totitoti, v. i. limp; Rokohanga atu e au kei te Kerikeri e totitoti ana.

Totikă, a. straight; correct; right. Toto, n. blood. Taua toto, expedition to avenge blood that has been shed. Ka puta nga pa i ora ki te taua toto (91).

toto, v. i. bleed. Ka toto taku ihu.

Totorěkă, n. a shell-fish.

Totorongu, n. a freshwater fish. Tou, prep. thy. Plural ou. See prep. o.

Tou, n. anus.

Tou, v. t. 1. kindle; set on fire. Toua te rama. 2. dip into weter; wel. 3. plant. E waru nga kopura, whatiwhatiia ana; ka toua, a ka tupu (114).

toutou, n. a small black bird.

Tou, ad. a contracted form of tonu. See tonu.

Toŭa, n. yalk of an egg.

Toukěkě, a. churlish.

Toupiore, a. listless; languid. Na te werawera au i toupiore ai, te tae atu ai au ki a koe.

Tourawhi, a. male (of animals only).

Touwha, v. i. swell. Ka touwha te puku.

Towahiwahi, and towawahi, a.
1. moist; watery. Towawahi ana nga kanohi; me te mea e tangi ana. 2. shining. Towawahi ana te taupoki o te pouaka. 3. sleek.

Towai, n. weinmannia racemosa; a tree.

Towene, v. i. set. Ka towenewene te ra ki te rua.

towenewene, a. importunate; tiresome.

whakatowenewene, v.i. be troublesome. Ka tika kia riri mai tera; nau hoki i whakatowenewene atu ki a ia.

Towhare, v. t. murder in cold blood.

Towhero, a. red. Ka towhero te puku.

I. Tu, n. 1. part of a fishing net which is first in the water. 2. girdle to which the 'maro' was attached. 3. manner; sort. Na wai tenei tu mahi?

II. Tu, v. i. 1. stand. Ka tu nga tokotoko ki roto ki te otaota (79). Pass. turia; be set on foot. Ka turia te korero be arranged. Katahi ka turia te haka (167). 2. be vehement. Tu ana te kiha a tou tangata.
3. be hit; be wounded. Kua tu i te tao a Hatupatu (95). 4.

be served. Kia tu katoa nga tangata.

tu. v. t. fight with; engage. Ka puta mai ki te tu i a matou.

tutu, v. i. 1. be raised, as dust &c.

Ka tutu te puehu. as noise;
disturbance &c. Tutu ana te
heihei (5). 2. stand erect; be
prominent. Ka tutu nga tara.
3. be insubordinate; be disorderly. Ka timata a Tapo i tana
mahi tutu (111). Pass. tututia; have violence offered to one.
Kua tututia taku wahine (117).

tutu, v. t. 1. summon; assemble.

Ka mahara a Manaia kia tuturia he tangata hei ohu waru mo ana tao (117). 2. tutu waewae; or tutu ngarehu; dance a war-dance. 3. set on fire.

Me tutu te koraha kia atea ai te ara.—Tungia he ahi kia mahana ai tatou.

mon people; summoner. Ka tukua te tutu. 2. perch for birds.

whakatu, v. t. 1. erect; set up.
2. make a set speech. Na Te
Koki enei whakatu ki ana tamariki. 3. propound a subject
for discussion. 4. instigate. Kua
oma te mokai nei: na wai ra
i whakatu kia haere?

turanga, n. circumstance, time or place of standing &c. See tu. Turanga-tohu, war-dance. Turanga-whanau; relationship of cousins.

tungă, n. 1. circumstance &c. of being wounded. 2. wound.

I. Tua, n. the further side of a solid body. Tua-o-rangi; duys gone by. Me aha hoki te ki i korerotia i tua o rangi?

tua, a. on the further side. To tai tua, the western sea.

II. Tŭa. n. a form of address used by the NGatiwhatua tribe. Haere mai, e tua. III. Tua.

tuatua, n. 1. ridge. 2. a species of a shell-fish.

tŭtŭatăngă, n. ridge.

- IV. Tua, ordinal prefix to numeral adjectives. Te tuarua o nga haerenga (133). Ka tuahia koe ki Taranaki? Ka tuarua. How many times have you been to Taranaki? Twice.
- V. Tŭa, v. t. fell; cut down. Ka riro ki te tua rakau.
- I. Tuā, v. t. 1. give a name to a child with accompanging religious ceremonies. Kua tuatia te tamaiti a te Papa. 2. mention the name of any one. Ko te tuatanga tenei o tou ingoa e NGatiporou. 3. lay under the influence of a spell. He karakia ano mo Tawhirimatea, he tua mo te rangi. See also tutua.
- II. Tua, or more correctly tu-a, (See I. tu, 3) a prefix to adjectives &c. signifying a moderate degree of the quality expressed. Tu-a-whero; reddish.

Tuāahu, n. sacred place, used by tohunga for purposes of divination &c.

Tuahăe, a. jealous.

Tŭahangata, n. a familiar name for the hero of a story &c. "my gentleman".

Tuahau, n. a kind of rough mat made from the leaves of kiekie. Tŭahine, n. sister of a man.

Tuăhu, v. t. throw up into hillocks. Mo tana mara i tuahua kautia; kaore i whakatokia (136).

Tuahuri, v. t. cover the roof of a house with a coating of raupo preparatory to thatching with toetoe.

Tuăitără, n. spines on the back of a reptile or fish. I te wehi Tuārāki, n. north wind. ano ki nga tuaitara e tutu haere ana mai (150).

Tŭakana, n. 1. elder brother of 2. elder sister of a a male. female.

Tŭakanga, n. circumstance &c. of felling. See tua.

Tuaki, v. t. disembowel fish or birds.

Tuakuku, v. t. 1. scrape. Tuakukutia o harakeke. 2. take the roughness off a piece of timber before dragging it out Me to puwharawhara? noa me tuakuku ka to ai.

Tuākura, n. dicksonia squarrosa; a tree fern.

Tuamaka, n. round cord platted with five strands (19).

Tŭanŭi, n. roof of a house.

Tŭanŭi, a. harsh; overbearing. Tuanui noa atu to kupu ki tou tuakana.

whakatuanui, v. i. be overbearing.

Tuangau, v. t. beat with a stick. Tŭangi, n. cockles.

He wai tuao Tūžo, a. transient. te wai nei; mao rawa ake te ua kua mutu te waipuke.

Tua-o-rangi, n. days gone by. Tuāpae, n. anything bounding the horizon. Kia ngaro te tuapae whenua (21).

Tŭapěkă, a. dissimulating.

whakatuapeka, v. i. dissimulate. Tuāpora, n. firstfruits of a crop. Tŭapŭkŭ, round cord platted with four strands.

Tŭarā, n. 1. back. 2. ally; support.

Hoatu tuatuara, v. t. assist. ratia to teina.

whakatuara, ad. backwards. Ko korua anake e haere whakatuara: ko au e kore.

Tūžrāhia, n. hæmatopus longirostris, a bird.

Tuarangi, a. old; of ancient date. He korero tuarangi.

Tuarangaranga, a. unsettled; perplexed. Ka toa a Ruku, ka tuarangaranga, ka kowhete a Tuawahine, n. a familiar name roto o te ngakau.

Tŭarăro, a. Iwi tuararo; backbone.

Tuărengă, n. a fish; the same as inanga.

Tŭari, n. steward.

TUARI, v. t. dispense; deal out.

Tŭarŏa, n. back part of a house. Iwi tuaroa; back bone.

Tŭarongo, n. back of a house. Tuată, a. Ika tuata; fish roasted and eaten by the crew of a canoe on its first fishing excursion; this being part of the 'pure' ceremony. He ika tuata tetahi; i tunua ma nga kaumoana.

Tuatahi, a. first.

Tŭātără, n. 1. a large lizard. 2. spines on the back of a lizard. Ka momohe ra pea ona tuatara (154). 3. clod.

Tuatea, n. break on the crest of a wave. Ka pupuhi te hau ka whati te tuatea.

Tŭatča, a. 1. pale. He manu tuatea; a fat bird, the skin of which shews white under the feathers. 2. anxious; distressed. He tuatea ki tona hoa e mate

whakatuatea, v. i. grow anxious. E whakatuatea ana ahau ki te mate o taku tamaiti.

Tŭatini, n. blue shark.

Tŭaŭkĭ, a. old; of long standing. He mate tuaukiuki.

Tŭaŭkipo, n. midnight.

Tŭaŭriŭri, a. 1. very dark. He po tuauriuri; a dark abyss. 2. very many. He mano tuauriuri.

Tŭaŭrŭ, a. 1. western. Te tai tuauru. 2. rare; choice. tahi ra te manu tuauru e noho nei ki runga ki a tatou; properly said of a white kaka, and so of anything rare and highly prized.

for the heroine of a story: 'my lady' (170).

Tŭawhěnŭa. n. 1. main land. 2. interior.

Tuawhiti, a. thick; fleshy; fat. Tau mahi e te manawa tuawhiti! (160)

Tuhāhā, a. happening late in the day. Ka tuhaha nga tai; ka awatea hoki.

Tuhana, see tuwhana.

Tuhără, n. a kind of toetoe.

Tuhăuă, a. quick. Kia tuhaua te haere.

Tuhăuwiri, v. i. shiver with cold; quake with fear. He tuhauwiri te timatanga o toku mate. Tuhea, a. overgrown with bushes. Tuhěihěi, a. dishevelled. heihei nga huru o tou mahu-

Tŭhĭ, v. t. 1. delineate; draw; write. 2. point at; indicate by pointing. 3. ascertain the fortune of. Katahi ia ka tuhi i tona atua, ara ka matakite, hei titiro i tona aitua (175).

tuhituhi, v. t. write. Tuhituhia he pukapuka ki tou whanaunga.

Tuhiti, v. t. expel; banish. au tena ka meinga kia tuhititia e koe? E kore pea au e haere i to tuhiti.

Tuhŏe, a. steep. Ka tuhoe te tuanui, e kore e tuturu.

Tuhono, v. t. join. Tuhonoa tetahi wahi ki te tahuhu.

Tühüa, n. obsidian; so called from Tuhua or Mayor Island; called also matā-tuhua.

Tuhunga, n. perch for birds to light on, placed in a convenient position for killing them. He wero manu tana mahi ki te tuhunga a to tangata nei.

Tuhura.

Ki te tuhura ki ngu mea kahore ano i iriiria.

Tui, n. parson-bird; prosthemadera Novæ Zelandiæ.

Tui, v. t. 1. pierce. He karakia tui, a charm for spearing birds.
2. thread on a string. Ka tahuri mai ano tera ki te tui i nga ika (179).
3. lace; fasten by passing a cord through holes. Tuia to tatou waka (60).
4. sew.

tui, n. string on which anything is threaded. Ka pau te tui te whakaeke ki te ngohi (179).

tuitui, v. t. 1. lace; sew. 2. fasten up; render inaccessible. Ko nga rangi i tuituia e Tane (32).

Tukăhotea, a. having no covering on the roof. Ko nga whare o konei kei te pakaru; kei te tukahotea.

Tukărărŏa, n. a bird.

Tukări, v. t. dig and throw up into hillocks. Homai he kaheru hei tukari i taku mara.—"Katahi ano ka tukari te mara a te Noinoi", is a saying used when the sea is beginning to rise.

Tukăuăti, n. whirlwind.

Tŭkě, n. elbow.

tuketuke, v. t. elbow; nudge. Katahi ano a Manaia ka tuketuke atu i tana tamaiti kia rere ki te whiu i te mataika (119). Tükekau, a. short. Tukekau nei

te roa o te ara.

Tŭkemătă, n. eyebrow.

Tüki, v. t. 1. strike with anything impelled endwise; ram. 2. butt. 3. attack. Ki a Tangaroa, me tomo te pa; ki a Rangitu, me tuki ata.

tutuki, v. i. reach its furthest limit. Ka tutuki te tai; it is high water. be finished; be completed. Kia tutuki to korero.

tutuki, v. i. strike against an object; stumble. Ka tutuki toku waewae ki terakau.

tukituki, v. t. 1. demolish; knock to pieces. I tukitukia katoatia nga whare e te taua. 2. destroy; kill. Tukitukia te kuri. 3. take to pieces; take down. Me tukituki te taiepa, ka hanga ai kia pai.

Tuki, v. i. give the time to rowers in a canoe.

Tūkino, v. t. ill-treat; use with violence.

Tükipöhö, a. contrary; (of the wind).

Tüköröhü, n. plantugo; a plant.
Tükü, v. t. let go; give up; allow. Tukua marietia nga pakeha kia haere.—Tukua atu, is often used as equivalent to hereafter.

tuku, v. i. 1. set to. Tana tukunga atu ki te kai (94). 2. subside. Kia tuku te wai ka whiti ai ki tawahi. 3. settle down. Ka tuku katoa te mangu o te rangi. Tukunga atu mo; place into which one may be received. Tukunga iho; end; result.

tuku, n. incantation used in cases of childbirth.

tukutuku, n. 1. web of a spider.
2. ornamental work in the interior of a house.

Tükükü, v. t. plunder. Tukukus katoatia ana te kai a Taki.

Tŭkŭmărŭ, a. cloudy. E tukumaru ana te rangi.

Tŭkŭpū, a. 1. coming down on all sides. He ua tukupu. 2. overcast; lowering. Tukupu ana te rangi. 3. covering completely. He moko tukupu.

Tŭkŭrŏa, n. back-stay of the sail of a canoe.

tukuroa; a season of famine.

Tümä.

whakatuma, v. i. menace; act defiantly. Na reira ano ka whakatumatuma (79).

Tuma, n. odd number in excess. Kotahi rau, tuma, o te taua.

Tumahana, n. return present for a kaihaukai, given at the same time.

Tumănăko, v. t. regard any absent object with favour, or desire. Tumanako tonu te ngakau ki te mea i kiia mai moku. Tumāngăi, n. a kind of charm (154).

Tumāro, a. hard; solid.

Tumăru, a. shady. Kia haere ki te wahi e tumaru iho ana i te rakau.

Tumătă, v.t. set on fire; burn.

Tumătăkăhŭkĭ, n. upright sticks, between the posts of a native house, for supporting the laths, to which the reeds are fastened.

Tumătăkuru, n. discaria toumatou; a shrub.

Tumătătěngă, a. apprehensive; anxious. He tumatatenga noku ki a koutou.

Tumătohi, a. 1. marching in close order. 2. watchful; on the alert. Kia tumatohi; mo te huaki rawa mai, kua rite.

Tumău, a. fixed; constant. He kaainga tumau.

tumau, n. housekeeper; cook; servant.

Tuměkě, v. i. take fright. E kore au e tumeke i o korero whakawehiwehi mai.

Tumere, n. a weapon of war. Tumoremore, a. shorn of exter-

nal appendages. Tumoremore kau ana te rakau, kahore he hiako.

Tumu, v. i. 1. halt suddenly. 2. start involuntarily. Tumu ana te waewae, he kowhera; he aitua. 3. coo; grunt.

of a tree. 2. part of an apparatus for snaring birds.

Tumu, n. promontory; headland. tumu, a. contrary. He hau tumu. Tumuaki, n. crown of the head. Tuna, n. eel.

Tunewhä, v. i. close the eyes as when overcome with sleep; be drowsu.

Tunu, v. t. 1. roast; broil. Tunua nga riwai ki te ahi. 2. inspire with fear. Na reira ano i tunu ake e ki ana ke matua tangata (101).

tunutunu, a. faint-hearted; afraid.

Tunutunu ana te whakaaro o
te tangata.

Tunuhuruhuru, v. t. do violence to a friend or connection: offend; injure.

Tungă, see tu.

Tunga, n. 1. grub of a species of beetle, found in decayed wood.

2. decayed tooth; toothache.

tungatunga, v. i. beckon; make signs. I ia Manaia e tungatunga atu ana ki tana tamaiti tupu (119).

Tungane, n. brother of a female. Tunganga, v. i. be out of breath. Tungangi, n. a shell-fish. He ara whakatungangi, a stile.

Tungărăngără, v. i. be futigued. Tungăroa, n. back part of a native house.

Tungehe, v. i. quail; be alarmed. E kore au e tungehe.

Tungitungi, n. sacred oven near a cultivation.

Tungou, v. i. nod; beckon. E tungou mai ana te tangata ra ki a taua.

tungoungou, n. chrysalis of a large moth.

Tüngürü, a. 1. worn away by friction; blunted. 2. having lost one's influence. Ka tungurutia

maua ki te titiro mai a te ta- Tūpěrě, v. t. ejaculate. ngata. au e tupere atu, Tena

Tungutu, v. t. 1. put together the sticks of a fire. Tungutungutua nga mounga. 2. set on fire; burn. Kei te tungutu a Te Waru i toana waerenga.

Tuồnh, v. i. stoop; bow the head. E tuohu tonu ana ahau, koia ahau te kite ai. 2. keep oneself out of the way. E tuohu mai nei i roto i tona whare i tona whare.

Tuŏi, a. thin; lean. He kararehe tuoi, e kore e kainga.

Tuŏrŏ. He tuna tuoro; ka rangona te tau o te tuoro.

Tupā, n. a shell-fish.

tupa, a. unfruitful. He karaka tupa.

Tupăki, a. fair; without rain. Ka nui te roa o te tupakitanga, o te korenga e ua.

tupakipaki, a. small. He whare tupakipaki.

Tupakihi, n. coriaria ruscifolia, a shrub.

Tupāpāku, n. 1. corpse. 2. sick person. 3. one intended to be killed.

Tupăre, n. chaplet. WHatiia mai he kowhai hei tupare.

Tupăripări, n. low bank of a river.

Tupăru, v. t. coat with raupo. Tuparuparua te whare.

Tūpātĭu, n. north-west wind. Tūpātŏ, a. cautious; suspicious.

Tupe, v. t. deprive of power by means of a charm. Katahi ka tahuri ki te tupe i te tupapaku; na, kua ngoikore te tupapaku (119).

Тйрĕhŭ, a. angry; blustering. Haere tupehu ana te tangata. Т йрĕкҳ, n. tobacco.

Tupěkě, v. i. jump; leap.

au e tupere atu, 'Tena koe'.
Tuperepere, a. 1. boisterous. He

marangai tuperepere. 2. vigorous; as the growth of plants. Tupereru.

whakatupereru, v. i. make a noise with the lips.

Tupo, a. Rua tupo, 1. cave in which the bones of the dead are deposited, after the flesh has decayed. 2. hole over which incantations were performed for the purpose of depriving one's enemies of power. Compare rua haeroa, under haeroa.

Tupčki, v. t. cover.

tupoki, n. covering; lid.

Tupono, v. t. light upon accidentally; chance to hit. Tupono pu te rakau ki te kanohi o te tamaiti.

Tupoporo, v. i. be overturned. Tuporo, v. t. behave kindly to. Tupore rangi tahi; whakariri kei rau rangi.

Tupou, or tupoupou, v. t. 1. put the head downwards stoop down. 2. fall or throw oneself headlong. 3. dive.

tupoupou, n. porpoise.

Tupu, v. i. 1. grow; increase. E tupu tonu mai nei ano te kumara i te pari o taua whenua (74). 2. spring up. Ka tupu te whawhai a taua pa ki nga tangata o Awhitu 166). 3. be firmly fixed. Tupu tonu te pou nei.

tupu, n. 1. shoot; bud. 2. growth.

3 social position. WHakaheketupu treat with indignity. He iwi kino te iwi nei; he iwi whakaheke tupu tangata (141).

tupu, a. genuine; own. Tana tama tupu (119).

tuputupu, n. a kind of mat. whakatupu, v. t. 1. cause to grow; cherish; rear. 2. assume

make oneself like. Katahi ka wkakatupu kuri te tangata ra. Tupus, n. 1. goblin; demon. 2. object for terror; taniwha &c. 3. strange sickness.

tupua, a. strunge.

tupus, v. t. steal. Kia tupustia ai a Kae e ratou (37).

whakatupua, n. a fish.

Tūpuhi, n. gale; storm. He tupuhi tenei; e kore tatou e puta. tupuhi, a 1. thin; lean. He tu-

puhi te kiore. 2. inactive; sluggish. Kati me he tupuhi; Be no longer inactive.

Tupună, n. ancestor; male or female. Plural tupună.

Tupuni, v. t. put on the outer covering of the walls of a house. Me tupuni ki te raupo.

Tupuranga, n. derivative from tupu. See tupu.

Tūrāhā, v. i. keep away; keep clear. Turaha ana te kai i a

Turaki, v. t. throw down from an upright position; push down. I kite au i te turakanga o te tamaiti nei ki roto ki te wai.

turaturaki, v. t. throw down a number of things.

Turămă, v. t. light with a torch; give light to. Turamatia ahau e hoa; ka pouri kerekere.

Türămöe, v. i. be sleepy.

Turapa, v.i. spring. Turapa tonu atu a Tama ki tona moenga (71).

Türăpănă, v. t. fillip.

Turără, v. t. spread out. raa ki te ahi, kia maroke.

Ture, n. law.

Tūrěhŭ. v. i. doze.

turehu, a. indistinctly seen.

turehu, n. ghost; fairy; anything dimly seen.

Turei, n. Tuesday.

Türěpŏ, n. a tree.

the character or appearance of; Turere, v. i. steal away; flee. Kua turere atu te kiore.—Turere ana te moe i aku kanohi. Turětírětí, a. unsteady. Kei taka koe; e turetireti ana te kaho. Turi, n. 1. knee. Na wai ra, i raro te wai, a ka to nga turi (120). 2. post of a fence.

Turi, a. 1. deaf. 2. obstinate; stubborn. He turi maori no te koroke nei.

turituri, a. 1. obstinate. He turituri tonu te iwi nei ki te noho ki tona mahau, ki tona mahau. 2. noisy.

turituri, n. noise. E kore e rangona i te turituri.—Turituri! Hush!

whakatuturi, v. i. be obstinate. See also tūtŭri.

Turikākoa, n. spinifex hirsutus; a kind of grass. Ka ngau ki te turikakoa te paringa o te tai, e tika ana te rere o te kuaka.

Türingöngëngöngë, a. crippled; lame.

Türipēpēkē, a. having the knees bent. E turipepeke ana te haere. Tŭripona, n. knee-joint.

Turipu, a. weak in the knees. He waewae turipu.

Turituri-pourewa, n. a bird.

Turiwataitai, v. i. be benumbed; shiver.

Tŭriwetăutău, v.i. be benumbed; shiver.

Türöri, v. i. stagger; totter. Ka haramai tenei ka turori ki te whare.

Turoro, n. 1. sick person. Kua turorotia a Moka. 2. corpse. turoro, a. sick.

Türötöwäengä, n. middle. te turotowaenga o te po.

Turu, n. the moon at fifteen days

Tŭrŭ, v. i. last a short time. Turu tahanga atu; in a little while.

Pass. Turua; be done for a short time. Turua kautia ki te taha ki te whatitoka; turua kautia ki roto (66).

Turu, or turuturu, n. stick to steady oneself by.

turu, v. t. build an eel weir. Kei te turu pa a Moka.

tŭtŭrŭ, v. i. leak : drip.

tūtŭrŭ, a. fixed; permanent. tūtŭrŭ, v. i. kneel. Tuturu

tuturu, v. i. kneel. Tuturu ou turi.

Turu, n. stool; seat.

Turua, a. beautiful. Ananal ka turua ra! (21).

Turŭapŏ, n. midnight.

Turuatu, n. a bird.

Tūrŭawăengă,) n. middle.

Tūrŭawepo, n. midnight.

Turuki, v. i. 1. grow up in addition: as the sucker of a tree Ka turuki ake nga huruhuru hou o te manu. 2. come up with afterwards; come as a supplement. Ka haere atu koutou apopo; ka turuki atu matou i muri. 3. travel by short sta-Na te turuki o to ratou haere i tae mai ai he awhina. 4. be full. Turuki tonu te waka. turuki, v. t. 1. supplement with Turnkitia te rahui. a second. 2. thatch a house.

turuki, n. sucker; anything supplementary.

Turupout, v. t. support on a pole. Turupoutia iho nga karaha ki te rakau.

Tururu. v. i. 1. cover oneself from the cold. He aha koe ka tururu ai? 2. crouch; be downcast. Ka pai kia haere koe ki te iwi e noho tururu mai ra.

Türütü, n. dianella intermedia, a plant.

Tŭtă, n. back of the neck.

Tūtāe, n. dung.

Pass. Turua; be done for a Tutae-whetu, some phosphoresshort time. Turua kautia ki te cent substance.

Tūtăi, n. spy; scout.

Tutăki, v. t. 1. meet. Tutaki ana i taua wahine nei e wero manu ana mana (95). 2. make to meet; put to; close. Tutakina te taupoki o te pouaka. tutaki, and tutataki, a. touching; meeting.

Tutăngă, n. portion; division.

tutangatanga, v. t. cut into portions. Hei apopo ka tutangatanga i nga rakau nei.

Tutără, n. small talk; gossip.

Tūtātā, a. near.

Tütăumăhă, n. a kind of charm or incantation (159).

Tutea te waka ki waho.

tutetute, v. t. jostle; hustle.

Tūtěi, v. t. spy; reconnoitre. tutei, n. spy; scout.

Tŭtětůkě, v. t. push with the

elbow. Tütăură n a shell-fish: a kind

Tuteure, n. a shell-fish; a kind of fusus.

Tutikă, a. upright.

Tūtĭră, n. row; file.

Tutohu, v. t. receive a proposal favourably; give consent to. Tutohu ahiahi; whakarere hapai. Accept at night and reject in the morning.

Tŭtŭ, n. coriaria ruscifolia; a shrub.

Tŭtŭ, v, t. mell down fat &c. Katahi ka tutua ki te tăhā (153). Tŭtŭ.

whakatutu, v. t. fasten a net to a hoop for the purpose of catching certain kinds of fish.

Tŭtū, see under tu.

Tutua, a. mean; low-horn.

Tŭtŭa, see under tua.

Tūtŭiră, n. a fish; a small stingray.

Tūtunāwai, n. a water plant.

Tŭtupapa, n. coriaria thymifoliu, Tuwha, v. t. distribute. Tuwhaia a plant.

Tuturi, v. i. kneel. Ka tuturi ona Tuwhana, v. t. urge; incite. Nau turi; he kneels.

Tututu, v. t. perform a certain ceremony over a kumara ground with a view to promote fecundity.

Tūtŭtupo, n. redness; glow. Ka tau te tututupo ki runga i te rangi (81).

Tuwa, a. growing out of place; self-sown.

Tūwăhărŏa, v. i. yawn.

Tuwătăwătă, n. main fence of a pa, called also katua.

nga kai ma nga tangata nei.

i tuwhana nga tangata o mua ki te haere.

Tuwhěkě, a. covered with sores. Toku tinana ka tuwheketia nei. Tuwhěnŭa, a. covered with sores. Tuwhera, a. open. Ka tuwhera

te kuwaha. whakatuwhera, v. t. open; set

Tuwhiti, v. t. expel; banish. Compare tuhiti.

U.

open.

U, n. breast of a female; udder; teat.

U, v. i. 1. be firm; be fixed. Kahore i u nga pou o te taiepa; tarure noa ana. 2. reach the land; arrive by water. Ka hoe a Tainui, ka u ki Kawhia (76). Pass. ungia, be arrived at. Katahi ano ka ungia e te waka te tauranga o Kiki (172).

whakau, v. t. 1. make firm. 2. kindle a fire. 3. bring to land. WHakauria to tatou waka ki 4. with a reflex sense, bring oneself to a place; arrive; come up. Ka tae atu ki te ana, ka whakau pahi marie te ope ra (159). 5. perform a certain ceremony on first arrival at a place, to guard against infringement of 'tapu'.

U, prep. used in an elliptical form of expression, u āna, u āu, &c. and implying sympathy with the person spoken of. He aha koa u ana, te waiho ai hei hoa aroha mo tatou? (12). Why should he not, poor fellow, be allowed to stay &c. E tika ana u au; haere ano i runga i ou mohiotanga (15).

Ua, (ŭ) n. 1. back-bone. Kua tika te ua o te tangata ra ki te haere (169). back of the neck. Ko te ua kau i maranga (101). 2. thick twisted or platted hem on the collar of a mat.

ŭaŭa, n. 1. sinew. 2. vein; artery. 3. firmness; resolution; effort.

uaua, a. 1. strenuous; pertinacious. Uaua tonu ia ki te ora 2. difficult. Katahi te mana. mahi uaua.

whakauaua, v. i. 1. be strenuous. 2. be reluctant.

Ua, (ŭ) v. i. rain. Akuanei pea ka ua. Pass. uaina, be rain-Ka uaina koe ki te ed upon. haere aianei.

ua, n. rain. Ua-po; showery weather.

Ua, (ŭ) ad. when. Ko reira koe kite ai, ua tae koe ki te kaai-

Ua, (ūā) a particle used in expostulation. Kati ua haere mai ki konei. Don't, pray, come here any more. Kati ua tohetohe; do not be so obstinate!

Uški, (ŭ) v. t. 1. launch; push endwise. Uakina mai te rakau na. 2. push a sliding door, so as either to open or shut; hence simply, open; shut.

Uanga, time &c.—of raining. See ua.

Uăpărĕ, (ŭ) v. t. attribute to another what is charged to oneself.

Uarŭa, (ŭ-) n. cloak with a cape to it.

Ue, (ŭ) n. the moon on the fourth day.

Ue, (ŭ) v. t. move a canoe with a puddle worked against the side; scull; steer with a puddle. Uea to tatou waka ki waho.

ueue, v. t. incite; impel. Me he ru na ano e ueue ana i a tua-wahine (132).

Ueha, n. prop; support. Homai tetahi rakau hei ueha mo te poti.

Ueně, (ŭ) v. i. whine.

Uepu, (ne) n. company; party.
Tena ano tetahi uepu whakaae;
tetahi uepu whakakahore.

Uerĕ, (ŭe) n. a shell-fish.

Uhi, (t) n. an instrument used for puncturing the skin in tattooing. NGa uhi matarau a Uetonga (30).

Uhò, (ŭ) n. 1. heart of a tree. 2. umbilical cord. Comp. iho. uho, a. sound. He riri ano ta te tawa uho, he riri ano ta te tawa para (145).

Uhu, (ŭhŭ) v. t. perform certain ceremonies over the bones of the dead. Tae rawa atu matou meake mutu te uhu. Compare hahu.

Uhumăněa, (ŭhŭ) a. knowing; clever.

Uhunga, n. derivative from uhu. See uhu.

Kati ua tohe- Uhungă, (ŭhŭ) v. t. cry over; so obstinate! lament. Haere kia uhungatia koe.

Ui, (ii) v. i. 1. ask; enquire. Katahi ka ui atu te wahine ra, he aha tau, i haere mai ai koe ki konei? 2. relax or loosen a noose. I uia te kaha i te kaki o te manu.

Uiră, (ŭi) v. i. gleam; flash. Te uira o te ahi o te Arawa (81). He taua pea tera, ina hoki nga pu ka uira mai nei.

uira, n. lightning. Ka puta te hau, te ua, te uira, te whati-tiri (93).

Ukă, (ŭ), v. i. be fixed. E uka ana a raro o te pou i te one. ukauka, v. i. 1. be preserved; last. Kawea nga kai ki runga whata, kia ukauka ai mo etahi rangi. 2. be slow; be sluggish. Kihai i ukauka to matou whakatikanga ake.

Uki, (ŭki) n. ancient times. No uki, no nehe, no whakapata. ukiuki, a. old.

Uku, (ŭkŭ) n. white clay.

uku, v. t. wash, using clay for soap. Ka haere a Marutuahu ki te uku i tona mahunga ki te wai (138).

Ukui, (ŭkŭi) v. t. wipe; rub. ukui, n. white clay.

Ukupapa, (ŭku) v.i. be all consumed; be all dealt with without exception. Compare oropapa.

Ukupārā, (ŭkŭ) v. t. smudge. Umā, (ŭ) n. bosom; chest.

Umărăhă, (ŭ) a. 1. extended; wide. Kaore e pai to tatou pa ki konei, ke umaraha rawa. 2. bewildered; abroad. Katahi ka umaraha nga whakaaro.

Uměrě, (ň) v.i. 1. sing or chaunt, to keep time in any united effort. 2. shout in wonder, satisfaction &c. Ano te mangai o ngi ana te umere (160).

round. Nana i umiki te whenua.

Umu, (ŭmŭ) n. native oven; ha-Pokia ta tatou umu.

whakaumu, n. hole dug in the ground to serve as a landmark, or to mark the spot where any one has fallen in battle.

Unăhi, (ŭ) n. scale of a fish.

unahi, v. t. scale a fish. hia nga ika nei. Comp. inohi.

Uněně, (ŭ) v. i. beg importuna-Hore i te unene o te tangata nei ki taku pouaka.

Unu, (ŭnŭ) v. t. 1. pull off. Kei te unu i ona kakahu. 2. draw He tangata ke nana i tiki mai i unu nga titi (66). 3. bring out; exhibit. Ka unuhia te tere o te waka.

Unuora, (unu) n. object of intense affection. Kei tua e Tenga, unuora i ahau.

Ungă, (ŭ) v. t. 1. send. Ungaa atu tetahi tangata ki tawahi, ki te tiki kai. 2. cause to be born. Kahore he karakia i mahue nei hei unga mai i to tamaiti ki waho (128).

Ungă, (ū) n. derivative from u. See u, v. i.

Ungutu, (ung) v. t. place things so that the ends touch one ano-Ungutungutua nga motumotu. v. i. meet together.

Upăně, (ŭ) a. abreast; in even rank. Upane tonu te haere o te taua.

Upoko, (ŭ) n. head; upper part. Kua mau te ringa o Rata ki te upoko; ka patua, ka mate (55) —Kei te upoko o te mara e takoto ana.

Upokohŭe, (ŭ) n. porpoise.

Upčkororo, (ŭ) n. a fish.

te tangata me te ia wai, e ta- Upokotangata, (ŭ) n. a kind of toetoe.

Umiki, (ŭ) v. t. traverse; go | Ură, (ŭ) v. i. 1. be red or brown. Ka ura te kanohi i te riri. 2. glow; especially of sunrise. Kaore ano i roa kau ake te uranga o te ra, kua po (18).

Urăngă, (ū) n. derivative from u. See u, v. i.

Urĕ, (ŭ) n. membrum virile.

ureure, n. ripe fruit of kiekie or freycinetia Banksii.

Uri, (ŭ) n. 1. offspring; descendants. To Tamure uri, tenei ano te ora nei (174). 2. race. I mohiotia ai he uri makutu, no te tikanga iho a ona tupuna (174). relative; blood connection. Ko wai tona uri i haere ai ia ki reira?

Uru, (ŭrŭ) n. 1. west. Kei te anga te kuwaha ki te uru (110). 2. head; upper end. E kore e taka te uru o a taua rakau (92). 3. part of an apparatus for catching birds. Te uru o te taanga. 4. single huir. NGa uru o te upoko. 5. grove of trees. Kei te uru manuka e tu mai ra.

Uru, (ŭrŭ) v. i. join oneself; be associated. Kia uru mai koe ki roto ki a matou, kia ora ai koe. 2. participate in an action; become accessory. 3. reach a place; arrive. E kore matou e uru ki WHarekahika.

uru, v. t. repair a mat, by weaving in a new piece. Urua tou kakahu.

uruuru, a. angry.

whakauru, v. i. ally oneself. whakauru etahi o NGatihine ki roto ki te Uri-o-NGonga.

whakauru. n. *ally*.

Uruăhu, (ŭrŭ) n. tabooed place where certain ceremonies were performed.

Uruhanga, (ŭrŭ) n. sudden blast

commencing a southerly wind. Kei mua o te hau te uruhanga.

Uruhi.

whakauruhi.

Uruhŭa, (ŭrŭ) n. swelling.

Uruhumu, (uru) n. swelling of the foot. See uruumu.

Urukěhu, (ŭrŭ) a. light-haired. Urukowhao, (ŭrŭ) n. 1. leakage in a canoe through the holes rauawa. 2. any trifling damage. He urukowhao, e ki ana ko Hekerau.

Urumaraki, n. sudden blast of wind.

Urungă, (ŭrŭ) n. 1. pillow. rudder; steer oar. 3. derivative from uru. See uru.

Urungi, (ŭrŭ) n. rudder; steering paddle.

urungi, v. t. steer.

Urupā, (ŭrŭ) v. i. 1. catch in the water. Ka urupa tana hoe. 2. draw to an end. Ka urupa te mahi; the working season is over.

urupa, n. 1. chance blow. 2. fence round a grave; burying place.

Urupu, (ŭrŭ) v. i. be brought to the point of doing anything. te mea ka urupu nei tatou ki te titiro i te he, e kore e ahei kia hoki atu tatou ki tena mahi.

Urupuiă, (ŭrŭ) n. clump of trees. Ururŏa, (ŭrŭ) n. 1. a shell-fish. 2. a kind of shark. Kia mătenga ururoa te tangata; a man should die game.

Ururua, (ŭrŭ) a. 1. overgrown with bushes. Ka ururuatia te 2. revelling; luxuriating. Te kaki ururua; au mahi (94).

Urutā, (ŭrŭ) a. epidemic. He mate uruta.

Urutăpu, (uru) a. untouched; in

a state of nature. He ngaherehere urutapu.

Urutĭră, (ŭrŭ) n. dorsal fin of a fish.

: Urutoko, (ŭrŭ) n. poles erected on a tuaahu, or sacred place. Ka whakaturia nga urutoko (112).

Uruŭmŭ, (ŭrŭ) a. swollen. uruumutia toku waewae; i tutuki ki te kowhatu.

made for the lashings of the Uruuruwhenua, (uru) n. anything thrown on a 'wahi tapu' for good luck. Comp. whakau, 5. under u.

> Ută, (ŭ) n. 1. the land, as opposed to the water. Na, ka hoe nei ratou, a ka tae ki uta 2. inland parts, as op-(118).posed to the coast.

> Ută, (ŭ) v. t. 1. put on board a canoe &c. Ka utaina nga utanga o ia waka, o ia waka (70). 2. load. Katahi ka utaina te waka o Hineiteiwaiwa (36).

utanga, n. burden; freight.

Uto, (ŭ) n. 1. revenge. Ka kainga te kanohi o te tupapaku hei uto mo tona teina. 2. object of one's revenge; sworn Ka mate i a ia tona enemy. uto. See ito.

Utonga, (ū) a. uncooked; unripe. He utonga te kai nei; kaore e reka.

I. Utu, (ŭtŭ) n. 1. return; price paid; reward; ransom. Ko te utu tenei mo taku mahi. satisfaction for injuries receiv-No konei i mamingatia ai e Manaia taua iwi nei, kia kahakore ai ratou ki te rapu utu ma ratou (118). 3. reply.

utu, v. t. 1. pay for; compensate. Utua taku mahi. 2. answer. Kaua e utuutua nga ki a te iwi nei.

whakautu, n. a term of endearment, used in speaking of a child.

II. Utu, (ŭtŭ) v. t. 1. dip up water. Utuhia mai he wai ki te karaha. 2. fill with water. Katahi ka utu te tangata ra i tana taha (91).

III. Utu, v. i. be stanched. Pono atu ahau ka utu te toto.

whakautuutu, n. a kind of charm | Uwha, (u) a. female of brutes.

Uwhango, a. misty.

Uwhi, (ŭ) n. a variety of potato. Uwhĭ, (ŭ) v. t. 1. cover. Tikina he tarutaru hei uwhiuwhi mo nga kete. 2. sprinkle. Uwhiuwhia nga kakahu ki te wai.

Uwhikāhŏ, n. yam.

W.

I. Wa, n. 1. definite space; in- wae, n. leg; foot. Kua tokari terval; area; region. 2. indefinite space; unenclosed country. WHare tu ki te wa, he kai na te ahi. 3. time; season. wa mahi tenei; e kore matou e haere atu.

wa, v. i. be far advanced. Ka wa te po.

wawa, v. i. 1. be scattered; be separated. Te tahuritanga o te pa, ka wawa noa atu nga tangata. 2. be planted. Ka wawa nga purapura ki ro oneone.

wāwā, n. fence. Me piki au i runga i nga wawa o te pa nei (177).

whakawa, v. t. 1. accuse; bring a formal charge against. 2. 3. investigate; adcondemu. judicate on. Hence, kai-whakawa; judge.

whakawāwā, v. t. recriminate. Kati te whakawawa i a koutou. v. i. wrangle. Otira, i matua whakawawa ano nga uri o Tangaroa (5).

II. Wa.

wawa, v. i. make a loud rumbling or roaring noise. WHakarongo ki te wawa o te tai.

Wăe.

wăwăe, v. t. divide; part; separate. Me wawae te rahurahu hei ara.—Na te hara ahau i wawae mai.

taku wae.

waewae, n. 1. leg; foot. 2. footmark. Ka hahauria e tetahi, a ka kitea ki nga waewae e takoto ana, ahu tonu ki roto (202).3. shrouds of a canoe mast.

WHakakite waewae, or tūtū waewae; dunce the war dance, from the performance of which it was usual to augur well or ill of the expedition. Katahi ka whakakite te taua ra i tona waewae (41).-Kia kitea te waewae tangata; i.e. as soon as it begins to get light.

waenga, n. 1. circumstance, time or place of dividing; division; dividing line. 2. portion marked off by a dividing line. the middle; the midst; without any article, and with the following noun in the position of an adjective. Kei te rapu a Taka i tana poaka i waenga parae. If no other noun is expressed, mara is generally understood. Tera te koroheke ra kua tae ki waenga e karakia ana (201).

Wăeă, v. i. be weary. Ka waea oku waewae i te haerenga.

Wăehăuā, a. lame.

Wăekāhŭ, n. a plant. Wenga, see under wae. Waenganui, n.

Waengapu, n. the midst.

Waengarahi, n.

Wăerău, n. crab; crayfish.

Wăere, v. t. clear by cutting down wood &c.

waerenga, n. clearing for cultivation.

Wăero, n. 1. tail of an animal. 2. hair of a dog's tail. Puhipuhi rawa te paua ki te waero (21). Kahu-waero; mat covered with hair of dogs' tails.

Wăeroa, n. musquito.

Wăerŭrŭ, n. a variety of potato.

Wăewăe, see under wae. Wăewăekākā, n. gleichenia he-

cistophylla, a plant.

Wăhă, n. 1. mouth. Kihai te matau i mau ki te waha o te ika (117). 2. voice. Ka hamama mai te waha, "Etia"; he waha 3. sheet of a tangata (116). 4. middle portion of a sail. seine. 5. region. Kua tae mai a Te Waru, o Mangaaruhe, o te waha ki uta o te Wairoa. wahawaha, n. a shell-fish.

Wăhă, v. t. carry on the back. Wahaa ana e ia a Tawhaki ki to raua where (45).

whakawaha, v. t. 1. take up on the back. WHakawaha e koro ma; ka haere tatou. 2. start; set in motion. I whakawahaa he ope.

Wăhăikă, n. a wooden weapon of war.

Wăhăkăwă, a. having a distaste for ordinary food. Na Hotunui au i ngare mai ki tetehi ika mana; he wahakawa nona (141).

Wahanga, n. derivative from wahi; see wahi.

Wăhăngă, n. from waha. See waha.

Wăhăngu, a. dumb; quiet.

Wăhăpu, n. mouth of a bay or river.

Wähäröa, n. entrance to a fortified pa.

Wāhi, or wāwāhi, v. t. 1. split; divide. Wahia ana; ka pakaru; ko Matatua tetehi para, ko Aotea tetchi (109). 2. break open; lay open; disclose. wahia nga korero: kati me he purupuru i nga korero.

wahi, n. 1. part; portion. Te tohu o Manaia i kitea ai, ko tetahi wahi o te ringa, he mea whakairo (93). 2. place; locality. Waiho tonu iho hei ingoa mo tena wahi a Katikati o Tamatekapua (78).

Wăhĭ.

whakawahi, v. t. anoint. oti nga turi te whakawahi ki te hinu. Comp. towahiwahi.

Wähie, n. firewood. Ka ki ake a Tawhaki, 'Tikina he wahie moku' (78).

Wāhină, n. virgin.

Wăhině, n. 1. woman. E noho a tinana tonu ana te wahine, te tamariki, te tana (152). 2. wife. Ka mata te umu a Kuiwai, wahine a Manaia (82). Plural **wāhĭnĕ.**

whakawahine, n. strip of wood supporting the karaho of a canoe; *kauhua*.

Wăho, n. 1. the outside. Ka takitakina te taniwha kia pamaro ai te haerenga mai ki waho o tona rua (151). 2. the open sea, away from land. Ka mea atu nga tuakana, 'Tukua atu te punga i konei'. Ka mea atu ia, 'Kauaka; engari me hoe rawa ki waho noa atu' (20).

I. Wăi, pron. interrogative. who? Ko wai tenei e haere mai nei? Often used when the speaker either cannot or cares not to give the names. Muri iho ko

Mairatea, muri iho ko wai, ko | Wăikări, n. ditch. See waikeri. wai, ko wai, a muri iho ko WHakatau-potiki (39).—Ka oti o ratou waka, ka huaina nga ingoa, ko WHiritoa, * * * ko wai waka atu hoki, ko wai waka atu hoki (40).

II. Wăi, n. 1. water or any liquid. E kui, kawea atu tetahi wai mo te manuhiri (168). 2. vessel to hold water; calabash. 3. bag of a fishing net. E wha nga wai o te kupenga.

III. Wăi.

whakawai, v. t. entice; beguile. Aua e whakarongo ki tana mahi whakawai.

Wăiă, v. i. 1. be accustomed. Tau mahi, e te haki ka waia ki te kai taniwha! (155). be strained; be filled with tears. Ka waia nga kanohi i te tirohanga.

Wăiārăngĭ, a. red.

Wăiări, n. small kumara.

Waiariki, n. hot spring.

Wăiătă, n. song. Ka whakakitea nga mahi a Raukatauri i reira; te waiata, te putorino, te koauau (37).

waiata, v. t. or v. i. sing.

whakawaiata, n. a fish.

Wăiăuă, n. porpoise.

Wăiĕhŭ, n. a fish.

Wăihăkihăki, n. itch, or other cutaneous disease.

Wăihăngă, v. t. make. See whaihanga.

Wăihăpě, v. i. tack ship; go about.

Wăihīnău, n. a kind of mat.

Wăiho, v. i. 1. be left. Piki atu he maunga, waiho iho ona tapui i reira, he patupaiarehe (80). 2. let be. Me he mea he kotiro, waiho te ingoa i a Paretuahu (136).

Wăihoki, ad. likewise; in like munner.

Wăikăuĕrĕ, v. i. be without energy; be subdued. Na te karakia matou i waikauere ai ki te riri. **Wăikĕo**, n. a fish.

Wăikĕrĭ, n. *ditch*.

Wăikŏrŏhŭhū, v. i. be subdued; be listless.

Wăikŭră, n. rust.

Wăimārie, a. 1. quiet; meek. 2. lucky. Ko Pi anake o runga o to matou waka i waimarietia e te ika.

Wăiměhă, a. insipid; distasteful. Rapu noa i nga kao nei, te whai para; he waimeha anake. -Korero atu i aua korero, korero atu; a, waimehatia ana.

Waina, n. vine; wine.

Wăinămŭ, a. having a dislike to certain kinds of food.

Wäingëngë, n. a kind of shark. Waingohia, a. easy. Koia ano te waingohia o tenei pukapuka ki a au.

Waiŏra, n. spaces between the tattooed lines.

Waipu, n. sound of the firing of

Wăipuke, n. flood. Na te waipuke i kore ai e tae to matou ope.

Wăirākău, n. *manure*.

Wăirăngi, a. 1. beside oneself. Kua whakawairangi noa ake te ngakau ki te kai o ia wahine (167). 2. foolish. Nona ano tona wairangi ki te tahae, me tona whiu.

Wăirănu, n. gravy.

Wăirărăuă, n. gravy; juice.

Wäiräu, n. gleanings of potato or kumara.

Wăirěkă, a. agreeable; in favour. Kai wairekatia ki reira, e kore e hoki.

Wăirori, v. i. turn round.

Wăirŭa, n. 1. spirit. 2. unsubstantial image; shadow.

whakawairua, v. i. 1. be repre-

sented by an unsubstantial image. E whakawairua mai ra te waka i roto i te wai. 2. appear dim and shadowy. Kei whea te waka nei?—E, e whakawairua kau ana.

Wăităhingă, n. ditch.

Wăitău, v. i. 1. moulder; perish.
WHahikitia te rua, kei waitau ake nga kai. 2. be worn out; be faint. Kua waitau te ngakau i te tirohanga.

Wăitŏhi, n. a charm repeated before engaging in battle.

Wăitŏhŭ, n. mark.

waitohu, v. t. mark an animal. Waitohungia a tatou poaka.

Wăitühi. I reira ka kawea kia whakawaituhitia te wahine ra (79).

Wăiu, n. milk. Waiu-o-Kahukura; euphorbia glauca, a plant.

Wăiuătua, n. rhabdothamnus Solandri; a plant.

Wăkă, n. 1. canoe. Ka oti nga waka ra te waihanga, ka toia ki waho manu ai (70). 2. anything shaped like a canoe. 3. medium of an atua. WHakaeke kau ana a Hakawau ki te pa o te waka o aua atua, ka kitea mai e haere atu ana te waka o enei atua (177).

wakawaka, n. parallel ridges. E rua nga wakawaka o te mara nei ka oti.

Wākāwā, a. having a distaste for food. See wahakawa.

Wănă, v. i. bud; shoot.

wana, n. 1. young shoot. 2. stake or paling of a fence. 3. division of a heap of food as placed at the time of a hakari. Kotahi wana i a matou.

wanawana, n. 1. spines; bristles. Tu-te-wanawana, bristle up; become exasperated. Ta koutou, he mea kia tu te wanawana o te iwi nei. 2. fear;

thrill. Ka rere mai te wanawana i te aranga matua ki te riri.

whakawanawana, v. i. throw out bristles; throw out rays. Ka whakawanawana te ra.

Wăni, v. t. 1. scrape. Kei te waniwani riwai nga wahine. 2. skim along; touch lightly; graze. Wani mai ana i runga i nga maunga.—Kia wani te waka ki tera taha. 3. brush or comb the hair. Kei te wani a Rehe i tona mahunga.

wani, n. sticks for obtaining fire by friction. See kauahi.

Wăo, n. forest. Naku koe i tiki ki te wao nui a Tane.

wăwăo, v. t. 1. part combatants. Waona nga tamariki nei; aua e tukua kia whawhai. 2. distract one's attention. I wareware au ki tena; na te maha o nga korero i wawao.

Wăokŏ, n. bush-man.

Wăokŭ, n. dense forest. E noho ana ki te waoku, he pukepuke ki tetahi taha, he pukepuke ki tetahi taha.

Wără.

wawara, v. i. make an indistinct sound; murmur; rustle. E Rehua, kaore ranei koe i rongo wawara o raro nei na? (33).

Wărăhŏe, a. false. He hunga warahoe koutou.

 Wărĕ, a. 1. mean in social position. Ko taua moenga, he moenga rangatira iho ano; e kore nga ware e moe i reira. 2. ignorant.

wareware, a. 1. forgetful. I wareware pea koe ki ta taua korero. 2. forgotten. Ka wareware i a au te ingoa o tenei wahi.

tou, he mea kia tu te wana-whakaware, v. t. 1. distract wana o te iwi nei. 2. fear; one's attention; hinder. I wha-

kawarea ahau e te manuhiri i wāwău, n. 1. noise. 2. coward. roa ai. 2. beguile. Wăwă, ad. 1. soon. E kore ts

II. Wăre, n. viscous fluid; spittle; exudation from trees.

Wărea, v. pass. be occupied; be absorbed. Tino omanga o te iwi ra ki roto ki te pa, ki nga patu; warea ki reira, e haere marie ana a Te Ponga ma (171).

—No te wareatanga e te moe o te tangata, ka haere te wahine nei ka oma (144).

Wărĕhŏu, n. a fish.

Wari, n. potato that has become watery through age or frost.

wariwari, n. guard-fish, takeke. Wăro, n. burning coals; charcoal.

Wărö, n. deep hole or pit. Kore kau noa ake kia kitea tetahi waro, kia pera me te waro o Pekehaua (158).

Wărŏ.

wawaro, v. i. sound indistinctly. He reo tangata tena e wawaro mai na.

Wăru, a. eight. E waru pu is sometimes used ironically for not at all; by no meuns. Kia mahue te whanake o Paoa? E waru pu te mahue ki raro (193).

Wăru, v. t. scrape; shave; cut the hair. Ka mahara a Manaia kia tuturia he tangata, hei ohn waru mo ana tao (117).

Wătă.

wawata, v. t. desire earnestly; long for. E wawata puku ana tetehi, me tetehi, ki a raua ake (131).

watawata, a. full of holes; perforated.

Watea, a. 1. unoccupied; clear. He where watea tena. 2. cautious. Kia watea te tango i to NGapuhi.

Wău.

wāwău, v. i. 1. quarrel; wrangle. 2. make a noise. Wăwă, ad. 1. soon. E kore tatou e tae wawe atu. 2. first. E tatari tonu mai ai a Kiki,

ko Tamure te kai wawe i taua hangi tapu, kia hohoro ai a Tamure te mate (173).

Wē.

wēwē, v. i. yelp as a dog.

Wěhě, wehewehe, v. t. divide; detach. Ko Rangi raua ko Papa e pipiri tonu ana, kaore ano i wehea noatia (1).

wehe, v. i. be enraptured; be transported with delight. Ka wehe te Hauhau i te rekareka. wehe, a. deficient in food. He tau wehe; a year of scarcity.

Wěhěrňa, a. 1. divided; leading by different routes. He ara weherua. 2. in doubt; anxious. Ka weherua au ki te kupu a Karauria

Wěhĭ, v. i. be afraid. Heoi, ka whati te ope ra i te wehi ano ki nga tuaitara e tutu haere ana mai (150).

wehi, a. *terrible*. Heoi te mea i ahua wehi mai [ko nga kanohi] (159).

wehiwehi, n. spines as in the dorsal fin of a fish.

whakawehi, v. t. terrify.

Wěkă, n. ocydromus australis; wood-hen; a bird.

Wēkiki, v. i. quarrel. Na wai nga tamariki e wekiki mai ra? Wěkŏ, v. i. be extinguished. Kua weko te ahi.

Wěků, v. t. catch hold of; hook; tear. Ka wekua tona pake e te rakau, ka motu nga hukahuka, a tupu tonu ake hei rakau nui (80).

wěků, n. bush; wood.

Wěně, n. 1. shoot of a convolvulus or gourd, 2. food.

wene, a. many; very numerous (of small things). He wene,

he wene, he wene noa atu.— Ka mutu nga wene korero o tenei kainga.

wenewene, n. 1. gourd. 2. an insect.

whakawene, v. t. make into a noose.

Wednesday.

Wept, n. whip.

Wera, a. 1. burnt. Ka wera i kona a te Arawa i te ahi (81). 2. heated; hot. Kua wera te wai.

wera, n. heat. Kua rite tahi tona auetanga ki to Maui auetanga i te wera o te ahi (24).

werawera, a. warm.

Were, werewere, v. i. hang; be suspended. E werewere mai ra te kete i runga i te rakau.

whakawerewere, v. t. suspend.

Wori, n. 1. root; rootlet. 2. centipede.

weri, v. i. take root in one's ears; be heard. Korerotia ra kia awe te weri.—Kia weria ki roto ki nga taringa.

weriweri, a. 1. disgusting; offensive. He kai weriweri. 2. disgusted; provoked.

Wero, v.t. 1. pierce; spear. Tutaki ana i taua wahine nei e wero manu ana mana (95). 2. throw a spear; dart. Na ka tatu, ka werohia ki a Rupe (33).

wewero, v. t. strike with a spear. E wewero patiki ana.

Wěrčků, v. i. be extinguished. Kua weroku te ahi.

Wĕrŏ-tărĭngă, n. a kind of rough mat.

Wĕrŭ, wĕwĕrŭ, or weruweru, n. garment. Kua riro nga weruweru i a Tohitapu.—Kua tirohia iho ki nga weweru, he mea tapeka, ka mohio tonu iho no tawhiti tenei tira (147).

Weta, n. an insect.

Wētăngŏtăngŏ, a. very dark. Pouri wetangotango te ngakau.

Wētārā, n. seed potatoes which throw up a very weak shoot.

Wětě.

wĕwĕtĕ, v. t. untie; unravel. Wetekia te tau o tou kakahu.

Wăti.

wetiweti, a. loathsome; disgusting.

whakaweti, v. t. threaten. He kupu whakaweti.

WĒTĬ, v. t. weigh.

Wětě, v. i. be extinguished. Kua weto tana ahi (24).

Wětčki, v. i. swim in shoals. He aha te ika e wetoki mai nei?

Weu, n. single hair; fibre; rootlet.

Wiki, n. 1. week. 2. wick.

Wĭnĭwĭnĭ, v. i. shudder. Winiwini ana te kiri i te mataku.

Wiri, v. i. tremble. He makariri noku i wiri ai ahau.

whakawiri, v. i. tremble; feel anxious. Tenei te ngakan te whakawiri noa atu nei ki a koe e pokia mai na e te rehu o te pu.

Wĭrĭ, v. t. bore.

wiri, n. gimlet; auger.

whakawiri, v. t. twist; wring. Katahi te tama ka whakatika; whakawiria iho te tau o te patu ki te ringa (29).

whakawiri, a. twisted. He rakau whakawiri.

Wītā, n. one of the fences forming the fortification of a pa outside the 'katua' or main fence. To waho, he pekerangi; to roto mai he wita.

Wĭtĭ, n. wheat.

Wīwī, n. rushes; juncus of various species.

WH.

I. WHA, a. four.

II. WHE, v. i. be disclosed; get abroad. Ka wha i konei te tahae a Ruatapu.

III. WHa.

whāwhā, v.t. feel with the hand; handle; lay hold of. WHawharia mai ana e Uenukn, horomia oratia ana taua tamaiti (107).

WHăe, n. a term of address to an elderly woman contracted from whaea. E whae, tikina nga ika (118).

WHăcă, n. mother.

WHăereere, n. dam; mother of animals.

I. WHăi, n. 1. sting-ray; a fish.2. a game; cat's cradles.

II. WHăi, a. 1. settled; constantly resident. He tangata whai ahau. 2. possessing. He tangata whai mana.

III. WHai, v. t. 1. follow; pursue. Ka kite koutou i te waka e whai mai ana i muri i a matou (173). 2. look for; go in search of. I haere atu ki te whai wahie. 3. aim at; design. E whai ana a Paka kia riro te whenua i a ia. 4. court: He whai ta Taka i a Te Kahu hei wahine mana. proceed to the next in order. E karakia ana te koroheke ra; kua oti tetahi karakia, e whai ana ki tetahi (201). 6. whai i te kawa; perform the ceremonies for removing the 'tapu' from a house.

whăwhăi, v. i. *fight*. Ka tohe tonu te taua ki te whawhai ki nga tangata o roto o taua pa (182).

whāwhāi, v. i. 1. be in haste;

be hurried. He whawhai nona kia rokohanga ai nga tangata ki te kainga. 2. v. t. chide.

whăiwhăi, v. t. chase; hunt. Kua riro a Te Puni ki te whaiwhai poaka.—WHaiwhai-korero, see under whaikorero.

whainga, n. 1. circumstance &c. of pursuing &c. 2 enmity; hostility. Kei hea te tangata hei ki mo te whainga? 3. ceremony of removing 'tapu'. I mea ia kia patua he tangata hei whainga mo tona whare.

WHăiăipŏ, v. i. be in love with a person.

whalaipo, n. sweet-heart. Ka moe a Tutanekai i tana whaiaipo, i a Hinemoa (134).

WHaiapu, a. maro whaiapu; a kind of apron or petticoat.

WHăiăwă, n. bed of a river.

WHǎihāngā, v. t. 1. make; build.

Ka oti ra nga waka ra te whaihanga, ka toia ki waho manu ai (70). 2. do; busy oneself with. Ta te ope whaihanga, he ngahau; kaore e mohio, ka mate ratou (92).

WHăiki, v. i. make a formal speech. Koia nei a maua whaiki i reira.

WHăikōrĕrŏ, v. i. make an oration; speak in a formal way.
WHakatika ki te whaikorero.
—Ka tae ki te marae o te rangatira o taua pa, ka noho ka whaiwhaikorero (166).

WHaioio, n. anthus Novæ Zelandiæ, a bird.

whaioio, a. very numerous. He tini whaioio.

WHEITÖ, or whairoiro, v. i. be dimly seen; be imperfectly understood.

WHăităuă, n. a party which comes to the assistance of another in time of war.

WHākā, v. t. make an immediate return for anything. Hei whaka nga parareka nei mo nga kai

WHāĭtĭ, a. narrow; compact.

whakawhaiti, v. t. put into small space. Me whakawhaiti nga rakau.

WHăitĭrĭ, n. thunder.

WHaitohu, v. t. distinguish with a mark.

WHăitŏkă, n. doorway; front part of a house.

WHăitŭa, n. side; region. Kei tera whaitua o te manga.—I te hoki putuputu tonu o te tira o tetahi whaitua, o tetahi whaitua (160).

WHăiwhăiā, v. i. bewitch; injure by charms. Kua whaiwhaiatia toku matua e Maru.

WHăiwhăirŏrŏa, v. i. persevere; be urgent. E whaiwhairoroa nei koutou ki te pana i te iwi nei.

WHăkă, prep. towards; in the direction of. Horahia te titiro whaka waho. In composition, 1. with an adjective or an intransitive verb, forming an intransitive verb, it denotes an approach to, or commencement of the condition indicated. Kua whakatata a Te Ponga ma ki te tauranga i Manuka (171). 2. with a noun forming an intransitive verb, it signifies an assumption of the character which the noun expresses. Engari kia mate whakatane. 3. when it forms a transitive verb, it is always causative. whakakukupa (33); make into a pigeon. whakaririki (118); make small. whakahoki (109); cause to re-Other varieties and modifications of meaning will be found under the word to which 'whaka' is prefixed in each 'WHaka' is sometimes contracted to 'wha'.

WHaka, v. t. make an immediate return for anything. Hei whaka nga parareka nei mo nga kai a NGaitahupo. reply to. Kahore ano kia whakatia mai taku korero.—He patu whaka; a return blow.

WHākĭ, v. t. confess; reveal. WHakina mai to tahae.

WHăkĭ.

whawhaki, whakiwhaki, v. t. pluck off; tear off; gather fruit &c. Whakiia mai he pititi ma taua.

WHākŏekŏe, v. t. tickle.

WHākŏmă, v. t. eat.

WHākörēkörē, (for whakakorekore) v. t. deny. WHakorekore tonu mai ia ki taua korero. See kore.

WHākŭrŭ, v. t. pelt.

WHănă, v. i. 1. recoil; spring back; as a bow. 2. kick. Kei mate koe i te whana a te hoiho. 3. rebel. E whai tonu ana mai hoki tenei mea, te kino, i a tatou. E kore e taea te whakamanawanui; e whana ana te ngakau (82).

whana, n. spring made of a bent stick, in a trap for rats or birds. whana, a. bent; bowed. He rakau whana.

WHănă, n. company; party; people. Ka ara tetahi whana. Compare hunga.

WHănăkě, v. i. move onwards, or upwards. See ake. Kua whanake te tai; the tide has flowed. E whanake ana te rakau nei; this tree is growing.

whanake, n. 1. steam. Ka huhu ake te whanake. 2. cordyline australis; a tree. 3. a rough garment made from the leaves of the above plant. Ko te whanake o Paoa, e kore e mahue ki raro (191).

WHānāko, v. t. steal. Ka mau tana whanako (95).

WHānāriki, n. brimstone. Compare ngawhariki.

WHănătů, v. i. 1. go; go away.
2. grow; become. He kai ka
whanatu ka momohangatia.

WHănău, v. i. 1. go. 2. grow; become. 3. bend down. Ka whanau iho te rakau.

whănăungă, n. relative; blood relation. He whanaunga pu a Kawiti ki a Te Koki.

WHānšu, v. i. 1. be born. I muri tonu mai tenei o tona whanautanga (19). 2. be in childbed. Ka rite nga ra e whanau ai te wahine (127).

whanau, n 1. offspring. Te whanau a Tane (55). 2. a familiar term of address to a number of people. Engari, e te whanau, kei aroha tatou ki tona auetanga (19).

whakawhanau, v. i. come to the birth. Ehara koa pea i te whakawhanau tau e mamae na koe (128).

WHanewhane, n. liver.

WHĂNŎ, v. i. 1. verge towards; be on the point of. Ka whano ka o te upoko ki roto ki te kaha.—Ka whano mate taua maia (80). 2. proceed to do; go on. Mahara tonu ratou ki nga whanonga a to ratou tupuna wahine (165).

WHănŏkē, a. acting strangely; extraordinary; outrageous. Hua noa he ope patu tangata; kaore, he whanoke (158).

WHănowhanoa, n. vexation; feeling of annoyance. Ka mate au i te whanowhanoa.

WHānŭi, a. broad; wide.

WHānŭi, n. the star Vega or α Lyra.

I. WHanga, v. i. wait; lie in

wait. Ka whanga te wahine nei ki era tungane ona (45).

whăngăwhăngă, v.i. be troublesome. He aha tau e whangawhanga nei?

II. WHăngă, n. 1. boy. 2. any place on one side. WHakarerea atu te rakau nei ki te whanga.

whangawhanga, n. chrysalis of whē.

III. WHăngă, v. t. 1. measure with the extended arms. WHangaa te rakau nei. 2. repeat after another.

WHangai, v. t. 1. feed; nourish; bring up. Ka puta atu a Rongorongo ki waho, ki te whangai i a Taneroroa (108). 2. offer to be eaten. I whangaia atu nga kuku hei kai ma tana manuhiri.—WHangai i te hau; make an offering to an atua. Ka whangaia te hau mo ana mahi (17). See hau.

whangai, v. i. increase in size: swell.

whängäwhängäi, n. a charm (154).

WHāngāi-hāu, n. 1. a song over the dead. 2. a ceremony performed over those who slay an enemy in battle. See hau.

WHāngāi-kārŏrŏ, n. a shell-fish. WHāngāngā, v. t. measure with the extended arms, or with the fingers.

WHăngö, a. hoarse; inarticulate; having a nasal sound. He reo whango.

WHangongo, n. food for a sick person.

I. WHÃo, n. iron tool; chisel; nail.

whaowhao, v. t. carve wood &c. II. WHao.

whawhao, v. t. 1. put into a bag or other receptacle. Kua whaongia te parera ki roto ki te kete. 2. fill. Ka whaona te wharewhare, n. a fish. whare e nga tangata, ka mano tini ki roto (61).

WHAO, v. t. grasp greedily.

WHapuku, n. a fish resembling cod.

I. WHără, n. 1. mat used as a carpet. 2. sail of a war canoe. Mo te waka taua anake te ra whara; i mangungutia. plant.

wharawhara, n. a plant; astelia Banksii.

II. WHără, v. i. be hit accidentally. I whara toku waewae i te kamaka. WHara-kai, taste food. Kahore ano te turoro i whara-kai.

WHārăhĭ, a. broad; wide.

WHārāki, n. fester: sore.

WHărănŭi, n. a variety of phormium tenax, usually scraped with a shell, called also taroa.

WHārangi, n. leaf of a book; page.

WHărăngi, n. melicope ternata; a tree.

WHărăngĭ-pĭrŏ, n. oleariu Cunninghamii, a shrub.

WHărără, v. i. 1. lean. Me wharara ki te pakitara o te whare. 2. stoop. Ka wharara tona haere.

WHărăriki, n. 1. phormium Colensoi; an inferior kind of New Zealand flax. 2. mat used as a carpet.

WHărău, n. shed or booth, made of branches of trees.

WHărăurărăhi, a. large; extensive. Kia wharaurarahi nga kotinga.

WHăre, n. 1. house; hut; shed. Haere atu koe i roto i tenei where (10). 2. the people in a house. E te whare nei! titiro taua ki te tangata nei (61). 3. He whare hau; a bank of whawharua, n. mother; female clouds betokening wind.

WHărĕmŏa, a. hollow. He wharemoa te rakau, ka mahue.

WHărengarără, n. 1. a parasitical plant. 2. pimelea prostrata, a plant.

WHărĕpu, n. a kind of shark.

WHărepuni, n. hut to sleep in. WHarerangi, n. store-house built upon posts.

WHäretangata, n. connection by marriuge. Kawea te kakahu mo tou wharetangata.

WHărĕŭmŭ, n. cooking shed.

WHāriki, v. t. 1. spread out as a carpet; lay on the ground. 2. cover with a carpet &c. Ks wharikitia te roro o te whare ki te takapau, hei nohoanga mo te manuhiri (192).

whāriki, n. anything used as a carpet. Kia moata ki te whariki mo te kainga nei, mo te whare hoki (192).

whariki, a. flat; spread out. He kino te rauawa o te waka nei, he whariki rawa hoki.

WHārĭtĕ, v. t. for whakarite. See rite. WHaritea te roa o te rakau nei.

WHăritŭa, v. i. be hidden by any object; be out of sight. Ka wharitua ia ahau.

WHăro, whawharo, wharewharo, v. t. scrape. E wharowharo ana ia i te riwai. v. i. clear the throat; cough; expectorate.

WHārŏnă, v. i. *lie in a heap*. Hei kona wharona ai nga wahie.

wharona, n. heap.

WHardro, v. i. stretch out the legs. Aua e wharoro ou waewae.

WHārŭa, a. concave; depressed. wharua, n. valley.

ancestor. Haere mai koe kis

wharua (11).

WHaruarua, a. cancave; depress-See wharua. Ka wharuarua iho nga awaawa.

WHătă, n. elevated stage for storing food.

whata, v. t. elevate; support. whataa ake ana e te ngako o taua ngarara nei (152). v. i. E whata mai ra te aho hang. i runga i te rakau.

WHătăamŏ, n. litter (108).

WHātăi, v. i. stretch out the neck. He aha tau e whatai na, e ta?

WHatau, v. t. measure. Ka whataua atu te ngohi, me te pakihiwi te roa.

WHatero, v. i. put out the tongue. WHatero tou arero.

WHătĭ, v. i. 1. be bent at an angle; be broken short off. Ka whati te kakau o te toki nei. 2. turn and go away. Ka whati te tangata whenua ki waho (194).—flee. I aua tangata nei ano ka hinga, whati kau ana; katahi ka patua. 3. be broken off; be interrupted; as a charm.

whăwhătĭ, v. t. 1. bend at an angle; fold. 2. break off anything stiff. WHatiia mai nga topito. 3. cause to flee.

whawhati, v. i. be chapt. Ka mate au i te whawhati o aku ringaringa.

WHawhati-tata; happen suddenly. whatiwhati, v. t. break off a number of things; break into fragments. E haere ana maua ko Keno ki te whatiwhati rara.

whătiangă, n. 1. angle; place at which anything is bent, doubled, or broken off. 2. in particular, bend of the arm; elbow. Kei te whatianga te roa. portion doubled over or broken off.

moemoe tahi i roto i tou wha- | WHātīkā, v. i. for whakatika. get up; stand up. See under tika. I te ata ka whatika te wahine ki te wero manu (95).

WHātimotimo, v. t. gather up a line.

WHātĭnŏtĭnŏ, v. i. stretch out the neck.

WHätĭtĭrĭ, n. thunder (93).

WHătitokă, n. doorway. Ka mau te ringa ki te papa o te whatitoka, ka toia; tuwhera kau ano te whatitoka (193).

WHātŏrŏ, v. i. stretch out the hand.

WHătu, n. 1. hail; hail-stones. 2. pupil of the eye; eye. tiro ou whatu.

WHătŭ, v. t. weave. Ka kite ia i te wahine ra e whatu ana i te kakahu (187).

WHātui, v. t. lace or tie together. E whatui ana a Te Aka i te kupenga.

WHătŭkŭhŭ, n. kidney.

WHatumanawa, n. kidney.

WHătupăngo, n. pupil of the eye.

WHătŭrămă, n. rupture.

WHātŭtŭrĭ, v. i. for whakatuturi, be unyielding. Ehara i a koe, ina hoki te whakatuturi ki au karakia (129).

WHău, n. entelea arborescens; a shrub.

whauwhau, n. schefflera digitata; a tree.

WHău.

whawhau, v. t. tie. See hohou under **hou.**

WHăupā. v. t. eat voraciously. He kiko poaka ka homai, whaupatia ake.

WHăupăkŭ, n. panax arboreum; a tree.

WHāură, a. fiery; fierce. Κo Tu mo te mata whaura, mo nga ritenga o waho (165).

WHăurău, v. t. scold. Ka whaurautia koe e au.

WHauwhi. n. hoheria populnea; a tree.

WHāwhākŏu, n. a tree.

WHāwhāpū, n.

Ko enei kupu, he whawhapu na Patupaiarehe (178).

WHăwhě, v.i. come or go round. E whawhe mai ana te paoa. v. t. put round. Homai taku tatua kia whawhea (97).

WHē, n. 1. caterpillar. 2. dwarf. whēwhē, n. boil.

WHĕa, n. interrogative. 1. what place. See hea. 2. any place whatsoever. NGa kai o whea whenua, mana anake, te aha, te aha (145).

WHeangaanga, a. turning this way and that; undecided.

WHĕău, v. i. be long in time.
E kore ra e wheau, ka hina-kipouri.

WHěiă.

whěwhěiă, n. enemy.

WHěinů, a. thirsty. Tikina he wai mo toku wheinu.

WHĕingă, n. quarrel. Katahi te wheinga o te hanga tamariki nei!

WHŏirŏ, whōĭrŏĭrŏ, v. i. 1. be seen. Arohi noa au i taku mea, te wheiro i a au te aha. 2. be understood. Kaore i wheiro i a au tana korero.

WHĕkă.

whekawheka, n. garment.

WHekau, n. internal organs of the body; entrails.

WHēkě, v. i. creak. I rangona ake ki te waha e rără iho ana, ano he whēke rakau (158).

WHěkě, n. squid.

WHēkěrě, a. very dark.

WHěkǐ, n. dicksonia squarrosa, a tree fern. WHeki-kohunga; dicksonia antarctica.

WHěko, v. i. 1. become black.

Ka wheko te riwai i te ra. 2. go out; be extinguished. Meake wheko te rama.

wheko. n. gills of a fish.

WHěköří, v. i. be seen; be understood. Ka whekori i a au i konei, kei a Kahutia nga pakeha i taua takiwa.

WHěku, n. distorted figure in native carving.

WHökuwhöku, a. wet; splushed with water. U rawa atu ki uta, whekuwheku ana nga tangata me nga kakahu.

WHēnākö, v. t. steal. Kua whenakotia taku toki i te po nei. See whanako.

WHěnů, n. warp of cloth.

WHěnŭa, n. 1. land; country. Katahi ka rere mai ki te kimi whenua mona (120). Tangata whenua, people belonging to any particular place; natives. He tangata ano i reira, ko nga tangata whenua ake ano o tenei motu (123).—He tangata korero whenua, a pacificator. 2. ground. Ka ngahoro nga karaka ki raro ki te whenua. 3. placenta; afterbirth. I a raua e piki ana, ka taka te whenua o te tamaiti ki te moana, ka kainga e te mango (34).

whenua, ad. entirely; altogether. Tipatipa whenua; altogether false.

WHěnŭků, v. i. slip or full down, as a wall, bank &c.

WHěnumi, v. i. be out of sight; be consumed.

WHĕngĭ.

whewhengi, v. i. be shrivelled; be whithered. Ka whewhengi nga puka i te whitinga o te ra.

Whenguwhengu, v. i. snuffle.

WHĕo, a. uncooked.

WHĕorŏ, v. i. 1. make a crasking or jarring noise. Ano me te wheorotanga whatitiri (151). 2. be jarred; tingle. Ka wheoro aku taringa.

WHera.

whewhera, v. t. spread out; open. WHerahia te pukapuka.

WHere.

whakawhere, v. t. 1. induce; prevail upon. He hoatu tonu taku i nga mea papai mau, he whakawhere i a koe, kia tahuri mai ai koe ki a au. 2. oppress; maltreat. He aha tau e whakawherewhere na i to hoiho?

WHörerei, v. i. be extruded. Ka whererei nga kanohi. He kotore whererei, said of a person in a fright.

WHĕrikö, v.i. glitter; be resplendent. WHeriko ana te hihi o te ra.

WHero, n. anus.

WHĕrŏ, a. red; reddish brown. WHero ana nga kanohi i te hau.

WHĕrū, a. 1. inactive; slow. Ko nga mea wheru, ko nga wahine, ko nga tamariki, kei muri. 2. encumbered. I whakawherutia ahau e taku tamaiti i mau ai ahau. 3. ill at ease; weary; oppressed. WHakatika rawa ake au, wheru ana au i te taimaha o oku whakaaro.

WHětăi.

whakawhetai, v. i. express thanks, a word introduced from the Friendly Islands.

WHětău, a. small. He toki whetau.

WHětě, or whětětě, v. i. 1. be forced out. Ka whete te pirau o te whewhe ki waho. 2. stare wildly. Na reira ka whetete nga whatu, na te mea e noho ana te ope ra i konei.

WHětěngĭ, n. land exhausted by cultivation.

WHětiko, n. a shell-fish.

Ka whe- WHĕtŏ, a. small.

WHětu, n. star.

WHětŭi, n. land exhausted by cultivation.

WHĕtūkăupō, n. a star which sets in the evening in October and November.

WHĕtūrăngĭ, n. a star that has become visible. Ka wheturangitia Matariki.

WHěuš, n. bone.

WHĕurĭ, n. deep water. Kei roto te wheuri o te awa.

WHěwhěiä, n. enemy.

WHīnău, n. elæocarpus dentatus; a tree. See hinau.

WHĭo, v. i. whistle.

WHioi, n. anthus Novæ Zelandiæ; a bird.

WHĭorău, n. a small grey duck. WHĭorĕ, n. tail of animals.

WHĭrĭ, v. t. twist; plat.

whiri, n. platted hem on the upper edge of a mat.

whiriwhiri, v. t. select; choose. WHĭrĭkŏkă, n. strength.

WHĭrĭnäkĭ.

whakawhirinaki, v. i. lean against anything.

WHiro, n. 1. proper name of an atua. 2. second day of the moon.

WHitău, n. prepared fibre of phormium tenax, especially that from the variety called takirikau or lihore.

WHITI. v. i. cross over : reach the opposite side. Na ka whakawhiti a Kupe i te moana o Raukawa, a ka whiti (109).— Mana te ringa whiti; let him strike the first blow. WHitira-runga; be inverted; be contrary. I kiia ko matou ki te moana; na, ka whiti-ra-runga anake, ko ratou ka riro ki te 2. shine. Kia whiti moana. te ra, ka maroke. 3. start; be alarmed. Ka tumeke, ka mataku, ka pa te whiti ki roto taku poho i to karanga.

whiti, n. hoop.

whakawhiti v. t. 1. convey across. 2. exchange.

whakawhiti, n. sail for a boat or canoe.

WHitiki, v. t. tie up; gird. WHitikiria tou kakahu.

whitiki, n. 1. belt; girdle. Ka tango ia i tona whitiki, me tona maro where (97). 2. a kind of eel.

WHĭtŏ, n. dwarf.

WHītoki, v. t. lie up. v. i. be E whitoki mai ra te tied up. poaka.

WHitu, a. seven.

WHĭu, v. t. 1. whip; chastise. He aha tau ka whiu nei i to tamaiti? 2. throw; fling. Ka whiua nga hanga ki uta. 3. put; place. WHiua ki runga ki to kete.—plant. Kei te whiu riwai a Te Wainohu. 4. drive; cause to go. WHiua taua ki waho.

ki tona ngakau.—WHiti ana whiu, v. i. assemble. E ahiahi kau iho ana ano, ehara, e whiu ana te tangata whenua (167).

> whiuwhiu, n. layers of toetoe overlapping one another on the ridge of a house.

> whakawhiu, v. t. oppress; afflict. whakawhiu, n. a kind of fishing net.

WHĭwhĭ, v. i. be entangled. Aua e hoatu te aho ki te tamaiti, kei whiwhi.

whiwhi, or whiwhiwhi, n. fat covering the entrails.

whakawhiwhi, v. t. wind round; fasten. Kua mau ke nga taura te whakawhiwhi ki te rakau.

WHiwhi, v. t. possess; have acquired. Ka whiwhi ia ki tona hoa here.

whakawhiwhi, v. t. give; pre-Ka whakawhiwhia mai sent. ki a ia te patu pounamu, *** me ia ano hoki, ka whakawhiwhi i tana ki te rangatira o te pa ra.

WHĭwhĭrău, n. a fish.

END OF THE FIRST PART.

A DICTIONARY

OF THE

NEW ZEALAND LANGUAGE.

THE SECOND PART.

A.

A, art. He. Abandon, v. Whakarere. Abate, v. Mahaki; marie; iti About, prep. near to. haere. See Convalescent and Subside. Abbreviate, v. Whakapoto. Abdomen, s. Kopu; manawa; takapu (E. C.); riu. Abhor, v. Kino; whakakino; matakawa (E. C.). Abide, v. Noho. Ability, s. Kaha; ngoi; ngohe; koiwi (E. C.); aria. Able, v. Ahei; kaha. Abode, s. Kainga; whare. Abolish, v. Whakakahore; pehi; whakakore. Abominable, a. Whakarihariha; weriweri (E. C.); whakarikarika. Abominate, v. Whakakino; kino; matakawa. Abortion, s. Materoto; tahe; wha-Above, prep. in number. Tera atu; nui atu. — in rank. Nui atu. - in place. Kei runga i; ki runga i; &c. Abound, v. Hua; huhua (E. C.);

rahi; maha; nui; tini; ronea;

rawaka (E. C.); nanea (E. C.); Accomplished, to be, v.

roaka; makuru; ngahoro; rarawe. Tata ki. - engaged in. Kei, as kei te mahi. - outside of, (as clothes). Kei waho. Upane. (Ng.) Abreast, adv. Abridge, v. Whakapoto. Abscess, s. Puku; tapoa. Nguro; ngaronga. Absence, s. Absent, to be. v. Ngaro. Absent, a. thoughtless. Absorbed, to be. v. Mimiti. Abstain, (from food.) v. puku. Absurd, a. Wairangi; kuare; rare. Abuse, v. Whakakino; whakatupukino. Abyss, s. Torere. Accelerate, v. Whakahohoro; whakangawari. Tango; whakaae. Accept, v. Access, to have, v. Tata; tae. How shall I have access to that person? Me aha ka tata ai ahau ki a ia? or, ka tae atu ai? Accident, s. casualty. Mate. Accompany, v. Haere tahi i. I will accompany you; Ka haere ahau i a koe.

According to, prep. Ki. According to my idea let us go; Ki taku whakaaro me haere. Account, narration, s. Korero. Accurate, a. Tika. Accuse, v. Whakapae. Accustomed, to be, v. Taunga: waia. Ache: s. Mamae. Acid, a. Kawa. Acknowledge, v. Whaki; whakaae. Whiwhi. Acquire, v. Acquired, to be, v. Riro. He has acquired great wealth; He nui nga taonga ka riro i a ia. Acrid, a. Tangeo; kawa. Across. See Lie across. Action, s. Mahi. Active, a. Hohoro; kakama. See Quick. Acute, a. Koi; tiotio. See Sharp. Add, v. Apiti; huihui; tapiri (W.); taparu (E.C.). Adept, a. Matau; mohio. See Skilful. Adhere, v. Piri. Admire, v. Mihi. Admit, v. Tuku. Admonish, v. Ako; whakaako. Adorn, v. Whakapaipai. Adrift, to be, v. Manu; tere. Advance, v. Haere. See Go. Advantage, s. Pai; huhuatanga. Adverse, to be, v. Tika ke. Adversity, s. Mate. Advice, s. Korero; kupu. Adult, s. Kaumatua; koeke. Adulterate, v. Whakananu. Adulterer, s. Tangata puremu. Adultery, s. Puremu; tokohi (W.). Adze, s. Kapu. Afar, adv. i tawhiti. Affect, v. Pa; mamae; aha. I shall not be affected; E kore e pa ki a au. E kore au e mamae. E kore a au e ahatia. Affection, s. Aroha. Affirm, v. Whakaae. See Speak. Aloof, to be, v.

Afflict, v. Whakawhiu; whakamamae; whakapouri. Affray, s. Kakaritanga; ngangaretanga; talauranga; whawhai. Affright, v. Whakamataku: whakawehi. Afloat, to be, v. (of a boat or ship). Morewa; manu; tarewa; rewa. Afraid, to be, v. Mataku; wehi; whakawiri; pairi; paoho; ihiihi; maka; pawera; pahunu; hurangi; kopipi (W.). After, prep. Ua; muri iho i. Afterbirth, s. Whenua. Afternoon, s. Te heketanga o te ra; te titahatanga o te ra. Again, adv. Ano. Against, prep. leaning against. Ri te taha. - fighting against. Age, s. Tau. What is your age? Ehia ou tau? Agony, s. Mamae. Agree, v. Rite. See Like, and Assent. Aground, to be, v. Aha! int. Ha! Ahead, adv. Imua. Alarm, in a state of. s. Mataku; wehi. Alas! int. Aue; taukiri; taukuri (E. C.). Albino, s. Korakorako; rako. Alike, to be, v. Rite tahi. Alive. a. Mataora: ora. All, a. Katoa. Altogether, adv. Petapeta. Tuku. Allow. v. Allure. See Entice. Alluvial soil, s. Kotae; onematua. Ally, s. Whakauru. Almighty, a. Kaha rawa. Almost, adv. Wahi iti. Aloft, adv. rungu; ki runga. Alone, adv. Anake; anahe. Along, prep. I. Along the road; I te ara. Tu ke.

Aloud, adv. nui te reo; kia nui te waha.

Also, adv. Hoki.

Altar, s. Aata.

Alter, v. Whakaahua ke. Change.

Alternate, v. Whakawhitiwhiti (E. C.).

Although, adv. Ahakoa.

Altitude, s. lkeike.

Altogether, adv. Tahi.

Always, adv. Tonu; i nga wa katoa.

Ambitious. a. Whakakake.

Ambush, s. Haupapa; pehipehi; whakatakoto.

Amidst, prep. In the middle of. See Middle.

Among, prep. Kei roto i; i roto i. Amputate, v. Kokoti; poro; pouto; tapahi; haporo.

Amuse, v. Pataritari; whakatakaro; whakaware.

An, art. He.

Ancestor, s. Tupuna; heinga (Ng.); Tipuna (E. C.).

Ancestry, s. Kawai; kawei; korero tāhu.

Anchor, s. Punga.

Anchorage, s. Tunga kaipuke.

Ancient, s. Tuarangi.

And, conj. A; ma; me.

Angel, s. Anahera.
Anger, s. Riri; aritarita; nanau (E. C.); whakananau (E. C.). Expression of anger; whakatuma.

Angle, s. Ngao; koki; poti.

Angry, to be, v. Riri; aritarita; weriweri (W.); rupahu; hakiki (E.C.); tupehupehu; uruuru; haua.

Animal, s. Kuri; kararehe.

Animalculæ, s. Ngu.

Animation, s. Tara.

Ankle, s. Pona.

Annihilate, v. Whakangaro.

Annoyance, s. Whakatakariri; aweke; nanakia; autaia (E. C.); Arrange, v. Whakarite; whakainati; taitahae.

Speak aloud; Kia | Annul, v. Whakakahore; whakakore.

> Anoint, v. Whakawahi; kaukau; korae; popo; porae; takawai (R.).

See Another, a. Tetahi atu.

Answer, v. Whakao; whakahoki kupu.

Pokorua. Ant, s.

Antagonist, s. Hoa whawhai.

Anxious, to be, v. Awangawanga; karangi; manukanuka (E.C.); pairi (E. C.); manakanaka; matapopore; pahi(E.C.); tuatea(W.); tumatatenga; whakatuatea.

Any, a. Tetahi; etahi.

Apart, adv. Ki tahaki.

Apostle, s. Apotoro.

Appear, v. Puta; whakaputa; pahure (W.).

- as a spirit. Poke; whakaaranga.

- above water. Moriroriro; maea; puea.

- as the new moon. Kowhiti. Appearance, s. Putanga. See Likeness.

Appease, v. Whakamarie.

Appeased, to be, v. Marie; marire; ngala.

Appetite, s. Hiahia; hiakai.

Apple, s. Aporo.

Ui. See Ask. Apply, v.

Appoint, v. Whakarite.

Approach, v. Awhi; whakaeke; whukatata.

Approve, v. Whakapai.

Argue, v. Totohe.

Arise, v. Ara; maranga. See Rise. Arm, s. Ringaringa.

Upper part of the arm; Peke.

Armpit, s. Keke.

Army, s. Ope; taua; whakaariki; whakaara (W.).

Aromatic, a. Kakara.

Around, prep. Ki tetahi taha, ki tetahi taha. See Round about. honohonoa (E.C.); poreareu (E.C.); Arouse, v. Whakaura; whakaoho.

tikatika.

Arrive, v. Arrow, s. Pere. Art, s. Mahi tohunga. Uaua. Artery, s. Artist, s. Tohunga. As. coni. As I was going; I a au e haere ana. As far as. To; tae rawa ki. Ascend, v. Eke; kake; piki. Kakenga. Ascension, s. Ascent, s. Ekenga; kakenga; pikitanga; pananakitanga; panaunau. Ashamed, to be, v. Whakama; hane (E. C.); numinumi (W.); matangerengere; ngaringaria (W.). Ashes, s. Pungarehu; pokorehu (R.). Ashore. adv. Uta. Ki tahaki; ki te wha-Aside, adv. nga (E. C.). Ask, v. Inoi; ui; patai (W.); pakiki; tono; whakapatai; pakire-Asleep, to be, v.

Aspect, s. Anga. Ass, s. Kaihe. Assault, v. Tau; rere mai. He assaulted me; Nana i rere mai

Assemblage, s. Huihuinga; whakamenenga.

Assemble, v. Huihui; whakamene; whakamine; whakaemi; whakarapopoto.

Assembled, to be, v. Emiemi; kuemi; mene; mine; pohuhu; rupeke; tamene; tanga; rapopoto. Whakaae; whakakoia. Assent. v.

Assert. v. Korero; ki. Mamahi. Assimilate, v. Whakarite.

Assiduous, a.

Assist, v. Awhina (W.).

Tae; u; pono; tupono. | Assistant, s. Hoa; kai awhina.

Associate, s. Hoa. See Companion. Tango. Assume.

Astray, to be, v. Marara. Wander.

Astringent, a. Whakatoka.

Asunder. Tatahi; takitahi.

At, prep. of future time. A; hei.

— of place. Hei; i; kei.

Athirst, a. Matewai; kiainu.

Atone, v. Whakautu; whakaea; utu. Atonement, s. Utu: whakautu.

Attack. See Assault.

— by stealth. Haupapa.

Attainable, to be, v. Rarawe; taea. Attempt, v. Whakamatau; tohe. Attend, v. Rongo; whakarongo. - upon a sick person. Whakaomoomo.

— upon one at the point of death. Whakahemohemo.

Attention, s. Rongo.

Attentive, to be, v. Rongo; matenui; puakaha; tau.

Apo; kaiponu. Avarice, s. Audible, to be, v. Rangona. Avenge, v. Rapu utu; takitaki. Avert, v. Whakaninihi. Aught, a. Tetahi mea.

Aunt, s. Matua keke.

Avoid, v. Whakarere.

Take; putake. Author, s. He is the author of that evil; Nana tera kino.

Authority, s. Mana; take. Awake, to, v. Ara; oho. Awaken, v. Whakaara. Away, adv. Atu. See Distant. Awe, to feel, v. Hopohopo. Awful, a Wehi; mataku.

Axe, s. Poke; titaha; toki.

Aye, adv. Ae.

B.

Baby, s. Tamaiti; potiki. Bachelor, s. Ropa. Back, adv. Ki muri. Back. s. Tuara.

Back, Lower part of the back. Tiki. of a house. Tuaroa; tuarongo (E. C.).

Backbone, s. Iwi tuararo; ua. Backwards, adv. Whakamuri. Backwater, s. Auhoki; muriwai. Bacon, s. Poaka whakairi. Bad. a. Kino. - weather, s. Ori; paroro; puhoro. Bag, s. Pute; putea. Bait, s. Poapoa. — for fish. Maunu; parangia. Bake, v. Tunu. Bald, a. Pakira; hewa (E. C.); moremore; marakerake. Bale water, to, v. Tiheru; tata (E C.). Bale, s. Tata (E. C.); tiheru. Bale of goods, s. Taringaringa. Ball, s. Poi. -of string, s. Pokai. Ballast, s. Whakataimaha. Band, s. Ruruku. - for the hair, s. Aute; pare; tupare. Bandage, s. Takai. Banish, v. Pei; pana. Bank, s. Maioro. Taha; tahataha - of a river, s. (E. C.); tuparipari. Banter, v. Whakangako (E. C.). Baptism, s. Iriiringa. Baptize, v. Iriiri; tohi; toto; tua. Baptizer, s. Kai iriiri. Bare, a. Mamore; marakerake; moremore. See Naked. Bark, s. Hiako; kiri; tangui; peha (W.); tapeha (W.). Tau. Bark, v. Barn, s. Whare witi. Barnacle, s. Koromaungamaunga. Barren, a. Pakoko. Barricade, s. Arai; tauarai. Barter, v. Hoko. Basaltic stone, s. Kara; koma. Bask, v. Whakapahake. Basket, s. Kete; rahu (E. C.); hao; Bedchamber, s. Whare moenga. hapainga; kohaohao; paepue; pepepe; poha; pukororoa; rawhi (W.); rori; tapakuri (R.); taukoro.

— for cooked food. Paro; rou-

motoi.

rou (E. C.); hanganoa; poti; kakapu; kono (W.); mairehu (E.C.); poihewa. Basket in which fish are caught. Hinaki; kotutu; pahao; punga; taruke; whakarapa; tohake (R.); whakatomo. Bastard, s. Poriro. Bat, s. Pekapeka. Bath (hot), s. Waiariki. Bathe, v. Kaukau. Battens, s. Kaho. Parekura; parewhero; Battle, s. talauranga. Battle-field, s. Parekura. Bawl, r. Hamama; karanga. Bay, s. Kokorutanga. Beach, s. One. Beacon, s. Tohu. Beak, s. Ngutu. Beam, s. Kauae; kurupae. Bear, v. Mau; kawe. See Carry. Bear up nnder pain, v. Manawanui. Bear fruit, v. Hua. Beard, s. Paihau; pahau (E. C.); kumikumi Bearer, s. Kai amo, kai mau, &c. Beast, s, Kuri; kararehe. Beat, s. Kuru; patupatu; paoi. - down, as fruit from a tree. Ta. - as the heart. Kapakapa; taporepore panapana. - in, as wind or rain. Hawhe. Beating the breast, s. Beauty, s. Ataahua. Because, conj. No te mea; mo te mea; hoki. Beckon, v. Tawhiri. Bed, s. Moenga. - in a garden. Kurawa; moa; rauaka (W.); tahuna (W.); tawaha (E. C.); wakawaka (W.). Beetle (a maul), s. Before, adv. Keiwha; i mua i. Beg, v. Korara; peo; pinono (W.); unene; matai; matiro; motiro;

Begin, v. taki. Beginning, v. Timatanga. Beguile, v. Whakawai; patipati; whakapatipati; taruru (W.). Behind, prep. I muri i; i tua i. Behold, int. Na! nana! rere! Behold, v. Titiro. Belch, v. Kupa; pupa (W.). Belief, s. Whakapono. Believe, v. Whakapono. Believer, s. Tangata whakapono. Bell, s. Pahu; pere. Belly, s. Kopu; manawa; takapu (E. C.); riu. — of a fish. Hawahawa. Belonging to. No. Below, prep. I raro i; kei raro i. Whitiki; tatua, Bend (to make crooked), v. Whakamakaka; whakanoni; whakapiko. — the body, as in rowing. Koiri. - as a stick. Piko; makaka; manana; kowhana; nuke; parehe (W.); parori; tapore; tatao; tawharu; whana; piwari; pingore. - as a path, a river, or a rope. Piko; kowhane; konae; koru; noni; kopi. — Kupikopiko; koropiko. Bend of the arm, s. Whatianga. Beneath, prep. See Below. Bent, to be, (dinted), v. Kope; kokohu; kokopa. Benumbed, to be, v. Hauaitu; korongenge; mangenge; matangerengere; matarekereke; matangurunguru; matengatenga; matorutoru; teteka (R.); turiwataitai; turiwatautau; kerewai. See Ask. Beseech, v. Inoi. Besides, prep. Haunga. Whakapae. Besiege, v. Besmear, v. Pani. Bespeak, v. Taunaha. Best, a. Pai rawa; tino pai. Betray, v. Tuku. Betrothed, a. Taumau; taunaha; puhi; whakaihi (W.).

Timata; hoto; whaka-|Better, it is, Engari; erangi; nui alu le pai. Between, prep. Ki waenganui o. Bewildered, a. Poauau; pororaru. See Confused. Bewitch, v. Makutu; whaiwhaia (E. C.). Beyond, prep. Pahaki; ki ko atu i; ki tua atu i. Bible, s. Paipera. Bier, s. Amo; kauhoa. Big, a. Nui; rahi; tetere. Bile, s. Pawa; au (E. C.—W.). Bill, s. Ngutu. Bind, v. Hohou; herehere; houwere (E. C.); whawhau (W.); takai; hotiki (E. C.). Bindweed, s. Pohue; panahi. Bird, s. Manu; topatopa (W.). Bird's nest, s. Kowhanga (E. C.); owhanga. Birth, s. Whanautanga. Bit, s. Wahi; maramara. Bite, v. Kakati; ngau; hohoni. Bitter, a. Kawa. Black, a. Mangu; pango. - pigment, s. Ngarahu; ngarehu (E. C.). Blacken, v. Whakamangu. Tongamimi. Bladder, s. Papaahuahua. Bladebone, s. Blame, to, v. Riri. Paraikete. Blanket, s. Korero kino; ko-Blaspheme, v. hukohu. Blaze, v. Mura; papahu; kongange (R.). Bleed, v. Toto; tatao (E. C.). Bless, v. Whakapai. Blessing, s. Whakapainga. Blind, a. Matapo; kapo (E. C.); pohe. Blink, v. Momoe; whakakikiwa; tunewha; kimo. Blister, v. Koputa; tangorongoro; kopu. Block (of wood), s. Poro. Block up, v. Arai; pa; puru; papani; ri; tairi.

Blocked up a. (of a river). Puni. | Bountiful, a. Atawhai. See Gene-Blood, s. Toto. Bloody, a. Putoto. Blossom, s. Pua; puawai. Blow, s. Kuru; moto; tu. Blow, v. Pupuhi; pukeru; hehengi (W.); ihi. Blow gently, v. Atarangaranga; pahengihengi. (to fan). Kowhiuwhiu. Blunder, s. He. See Mistake. Blunt, a. Puhuki. Bluster, v. Rupahu; tupehupehu (W.).Board, s. Papa. Boast, v. Whakapehapeha; pepeha; whakahihi; whakakake; whakahirahira; whakamanumanu (W.); whakapakari; whakaputa; whakarangaranga; whakatoatoa; pakiwaha. Boat, s. Poti. Body, s. Tinana. Body, in a, adv. Topuni. Bog, s. Repo. See Swamp. Boggy, a. Taoru; tapokopoko; powharuwharu. Boil, v. Koropupu; pupu; hu; korohuhu. Boil. v. Whewhe. Boiler, s. Kohue. Boiling spring, s. Ngawha. Bold, a. Toa; maia. Bone, s. Iwi: wheua. — To remove bones. Hahu. Book, s. Pukapuka. Booty, s. Parurenga; parakete. Border, s. Taniko; remu. Bore, v. Ore; wiri. Bosom, s. Poho; uma; rei. Both. E rua e rua; tona rua (E. C.); ngatahi. Bottle made of seaweed, s. hihi. Bottle, s. Pounamu. Bottom, s. Raro. Bough, s. Manga; peka. Boundary, s. Kaha; patanga;

ripa (W.); rohe; tautika.

rous. Bow, v. Tuohu; tupoupou. Bow, s. Kopere. Bowels, s. Whekau. Bowl, s. Hake (W.); kumeti; oko (W.).Box, v. Momoto. Box, s. Pouaka. Boy, s. Tamaiti. Brace, s. Hokai. Brains, s. Roro. Bran, s. Papapa. Branch, s. Manga; peka. Brandish, v. Rurerure. Brave, a. Maia: toa. Bread, s. Taro. Breadth, s. Raurarahi (W.); raununui (E.C.); whanui; wharahi; hokai (W.). Break of day, s. Atahapara; atapo; atapongipongi; atatu; uonga; haeata (E. C.); maruao (E. C.). Break (to dawn), v. Huaki; puao; takiri. Break off, v. Auru; whawhati. Break half through, v. Kongunu. Break in pieces, v. Whatiwhati; pakarukaru; kowhakiwhaki; korarirari; koropehu; ngawhere; pahu; papa. Break on the top of a wave, s. Tuatea. Breast, s. Poho (E. C.); uma; u; rei. Breath, s. Manawa. Breath, to take, v. Whakanga; whakata i te manawa. Breathe, v. Nga (E. C.); ta. Breathe upon, v. Whakaha. Breech, s. Papa. Pereki. Brick, s. Wahine marena hou. Bride, s. Bridegroom, s. Tane marena hou. Bridge, s. Arawhata. Bridge over, to, v. Kahupapa. Bridle, s. Paraire. Kanapa; kanapu (W.). Bright, a. 14

Brighten, v. Whakakanapa. Brim, s. Ngutu. Brimstone, s. Whanariki; kupapapapa. Bring, v. Mau; ngita (R.). See Carry. Bring forth, v. Whanau. Bring to land, v. Whakau. Bring upon, v. Whakatari. Brink, s. Tahataha. Brisk. See Quick. Brittle, a. Papa noa. Broad, a. Wharahi; whanui. Broil, v. Tunu. Broken, to be, v. Pakaru; kore; pakore; mawhaki; tokari (R.); tonganga (R.); potapota; hawa; mangungunoa; porekepu; pororere; porokere. Brood, to, v. Tapapa. Brother of a sister, s. Tungane. - elder brother of a brother. Tuakana. — younger brother of a brother. Teina; Taina. Brother-in-law, s. Taokete; autane. Brow of a hill, s. Taumata. Brown, a. Paka; ura. Bruised, to be, v. Koparu; maru. Brushwood, s. Heuheu; hururua. Bud, s. Puku; pihi. Bug, s. Kekereru. Build, v. Hanga; whaihanga. Build up the walls of a native house, v. Tuparuparu; tupuni (E. C.). Builder, s. Kai hanga. Mata. Bullet, s. Bulrush, s. Kopupungawha; ngawha. Bump, s. Puku. Bunch, s. Tautau.

Bundle, s. Kakati; paiere; paihere (E. C.); pupu; tapiki (E. C.); tiraha (E. C.). Bundle, to, v. Pui: pupu. Bung, s. Puru. Bung, v. Puru. Buoy, s. Karewa. Burden, s. Pikaunga; pikau; wahanga; kawenga. Burial place, s. Urupa; toma (E. C.). Burn, v. Ka; toro; wera; pawera; nawe; ngiha; pahunu (B). Burn, (to set on fire), v. Tahu. Burn by the sun, v. Tikaka. Burn, s. Wera.Burnt, (vegetation having been destroyed by fire,) a. Hawera; tawera; wera; parawera. Burst, v. Pahu; papa. Burst open, v. Pawhara (E. C.). Bury, v. Tanu; tapuke (E. C.). Bury itself, v. Apu (W.). Bush, s. Puia. Bushman, s. Kowao; mohoao; waoko. Busy, to be, v. Raru. But, conj. Heoi; heoti; kaore; oti; otiia; otira; ia. But now. Tena; tena ko tenei; tanganei (R.). Butterfly, s. Pepepe. Button, s. Patene. Buy, v. Hoko. Buyer, s. Kai hoko. By, prep. as by an agent. E; i; ma; na. - as "by that way". Ra; ma; - as "one by one". Taki; tataki. By and by, adv. Taihoa; takaro (E. C.); kiatoka (W.).

C.

raha (E. C.); taha (E. C.); kia Carry away by stealth, v. (E. C.); kimi; koaka; pahaka; wai (Ng.). See Deceive. Calamity, s. Mate. Calculate, v. Tatau. Calf of the leg, s. Ateatenga (E.C.). Calk, v. Mono. Call, to, v. Karanga; pia (W.). Carver, s. Kai whakairo. Calm, s. Pariratanga; marino; Case, s. Kopaki. marinoto; marinotokitoki; taroia. Can, v. See Able. Candle, s. Kanara. Cannon ball, s. Mata purepo. Canoe, s. Waka; tiwai; tawai Catch, v. Hopu; tango. (E. C.); konia; kopapa; korea; Catch hold of, v. Tatango. Canoe made of rushes. mokihi (E. C.). Cap, s. Potae. land. Captive, s. Pononga; whakarau; herehere. Careful, a. Tupato; watea. Cautious. Careless about, to be, v. Whakaaro-kore. Carpenter, s. Kamura. Carpet. s. Whariki. &c. &c. Carry, on the shoulders, v. Amo; kauhoa; matata; matika. Carry in the hand, v. Kawe ; hari (W); apatari; mau; ngita; (R.); lari; rare (E. C.).

Cabbage, s. Puka.

Carry about, v. Whakaha**e**re ; Calabash, s. Ipu; kahaka; kawhakatapuhi. haki. papapa; tahe (R.); tawha (W.); Carry in the arms, v. Okooko; hiki. Cajole, v. Hangarau; maminga. Carry on the back, v. Pikau: waha; tihei (E. C.). Carry on a pole, v. Tauteku. Whakairo: whaowhao Carve, v. (E. C.).Carved well, v. Nanahu. Cask, s. Kaho. Calm, to be, v. Aio; marino; Cast, to, v. Maka; whakarere; whiu; whakarei (E. C.). Cat, s. Poti; ngeru; tori (R.). Cataract, s. Rere; taheke. Cannon, s. Purepo; puhuriwhenua. Catarrh, s. Taiawa; tarutawhiti (E. C.). neke; pilau; koki; pinaku (W.); Catch in the water, as an oar, v. Urupa. Moki; Catch one's breath, v. Huature (W.); taretare; kiha. Catechize, v. Uiui; patai. Cape, s. Rae; tumu. See Head- Catechism, s. Patai; katikihama. Caterpillar, s. Anuhe; hawato; hotete; makorori; whe; kuwharu. Cave, s. Ana. See Cause of a quarrel, s. Papa. Causeless, a. Huhuakore; wheto; pokanoa. Cautious, to be, v. Atea; tupato; watea; koriti (W.); rikarika; hopohopo. Carrier, s. Kui umo; kai mau, | Cease, to make to, v. Whakamutu; whakaoti. Centipede, s. Weri. Centre, s. Pokapu: waenganui. Sec Middle. Cervical vertebræ, s. Chaff, s. Papapa.

Chain, s. Mekameka. Challenge, v. Taki; tautapa. Chance, by, adv. Noa. Change about, to, v. Whakawhitiwhiti (E. C.). Change, v. Korure. Change, as the name, v. Panoni. Channel, s. Awa; hongere; korou (R). Chap, to, v. Ngatata; patotoi; raupa; tapa; titupu; whawhati. Charcoal, s. Waro. Chase, v. Aru; whai; tawhai. Chasm, s. Ngatata; pakohu; tawha.Chatter, v. Korerorero. Cheek, v. Paparinga. Cheerful, to be, v. Manahau. Chequered, a. Kotingotingo. Cherish, v. Whakatupu. Chest, s. Poho; uma; rei. Chew, v. Ngau. Chicken, s. Pi. Chickweed, s. Kohukohu. Chief, s. Ariki; rangatira. Chilblain, s. Mangiongio. Child, s. Potiki; tamaiti; kohungahunga; tahake (E.C.). Childhood, s. Tamarikitanga. Chin, s. Kauae. Chip, s. Maramara. Chip, v. Hahau; tarai; rehu; runa; toto. Chipped, a. Hawa; riwha. Chip with a spade, v. Perepere; tipi. Chisel, s. Purupuru. Choked, to be, v. Raoa; tanea. Choke with weeds, v. Koaoao. Choose, v. Whiriwhiri. Chop, v. Tapahi. Chrysalis, s. Kihikihi; tungoungou. Circle, s. Porowhita. Circuitous, s. Awhiowhio. See Round about. Circular. a. Potakataka. Claudestinely, adv. Momote. Clap, v. Papaki.

Clatter, v. Tatangi. Claw, s. Matihao. Clay, s. Kotore; kerewhenua. Clay, white, s. Uku; (E. C. & W); ukui (Ng.). Clean, a. Ma. Clear, to be, v. Atea; marama; watea; whakaatea; whakaetea; mahea; toari (R.); purotu (E. C). Tahi; tarake; Clear away, v. whakatahe; heuheu. Clear a road. v. Para. Clear off weeds, v. Paketu; perepere. Cleave, v. Wawahi; titore. See Split. Cleft, s. Riwha. Cliff. s. Pari. Climb, v. Kake; piki. Cling, v. Pupuri. Clinch the hand, v. Kuku. Clip, v. Kokoti. See Cut. Clod, s. Keretu. Close, to be, v. Apiapi; patata, pepe; puputu; piri; pine; poruru; punui; pururu. Close, to, v. Whakarawe; kopani; kopi; whakarawa; tutaki. Close the eyes, v. Whakamoe. Closed, to be, v. Kati. Clot, s. Tepetepe. Cloth, s. Kakahu. Clothe, v. Kakahu; whakakakahu. Cloud, s. Kapua; kekeao; ao. Cloudy, a. Kongu; koruki; koruru; koruruku; tukumaru; paroro. Clump, s. Ropu. Cluster, to, v. Pohuhu; mui; ohu; popo; rapoi (W.). Cluster, s. Tautau. Coal, s. Waro. Coast, s. Tahatika; takutai. Coat of raupo on the wall of a house, s. Paru. Coat. s. Koli. Cobweb, s. Whare pungawerewere. Cock, s. Tikaokao.

Cockles, s. Pipi.

Codfish, s. Hapuku; whapuku.

Coil, s. Koromeke.

Cold, s. Taiawa; tarutawhiti (E.C). Cold, s. Makariri; matao; ma-

toke; hotoke; anu; hauaitu (E.C.); hotohoto (B.); kopeke; korohawini; kowanu; kuiki; kutao; maeke.

Collar, s. Ua.

Collarbone, s. Manumanu; paemanu.

Collect, v. Kohikohi; huihui; apo; amiki; puhangaiti (W); pihangaiti (E. C.); rapoi (W.); whakawhaiti.

Collops of fat, s. Pori.

Colour, s. Tae.

Comb, s. Heru; karau; mapara (E. C); routu (E. C).

Combustible matter, s. Whakaka. Come, v. Haere mai; ahu mai.

Come, leaving none behind, v. Mutu; poto; peke; pau; tapeke; taweke; monimoninoa.

Come down, v. Tuku.

Come in sight, v. Puta; pahure (W.).

Come out, as the handle of an axe, v. Maunu.

Come to remain, v. Oti mai.

Come to the end, v. Tutuki.

Come hither. Haere mai; hara mai (E.C); nau mai (W.) tauti mai (W.).

Command, v. Korero; ki; mea; akiaki; tapa.

Common, a. Noa.

Common, to make, v. Whakanoa. Companion, s. Hoa; takapui; ta-

pui; whakauru.

Company, s. Ope; tira; ika; matua; pahi; puni; rangapu (E.C.); ranga; ropu; takapui; teretere; tokomatua (W); whana (E.C.).

Company of workmen, s. Apa; apu; ohu.

Compact, to be, v. Whaiti (E. C.). Compare, v. Whakarite.

Compassion, s. Aroha.

Complete, v. Whakaoti; whakatutuki.

Completed, to be, v. Oli; tino rite; tino tika.

Concave, to be, v. Kokopa; ko-kohu.

Conceal, v. Huna; kuhu. See Hide.

Conclude, v. Whakamutu; whakaoti.

Conclusion, s. Mutunga; whakaotinga; poronga.

Concourse, s. Huihuinga; whakamenenga. See Assemblage.

Concubine, s. Hoahoa.

Condemn, v. Whakahe.

Conduct, v. Arahi; arataki (E.C.); whakataki.

Confess, v. Whaki.

Confuse, v. Whakapohehe; whakararu; rika.

Confused, to be, as words, v. Nanu; papipapi.

Confused, to be, as the mind, v. Poauau; pohehe; pororaru; pokaikaha; pokaku; pokeka; ponana (E.C.); porauraha.

Congregate, v. Huihui; whakamene. See Assemble.

Connected with, to be, by relationship or friendship, v. Taruna (E. C.); taunga; whakataruna.

Connexion, s. Whakatarunatanga. Connexion by marriage, s. Wharetangata (E. C.).

Conscience, s. Hinengaro; nga-kau.

Conscious, to be, v. Matau; mohio; mahara.

Consecrate, v. Whakatapu.

Consent, v. Whakaae; whaka-koia. See Assent.

Consequence, s. Tukunga iho.

Consideration, s. Ngarahu; wha-kaaro.

Consolation, s. Whakamarietanga; oranga ngakau. Console, v. Whakamarie; wha- | Core, s. kaora. | Cork, s.

Conspiracy, s. Whakapapa; to-rohe; kohuru.

Constant, to be, v. Pumau; tumau; tuturu (E. C.); whai; taketake (E. C.).

Constricted, to be, v. Nanati.
Consume, v. Whakapau; whakahemo; amiki; pongakawa.

Consumed, to be, v. Hemo; pau; pareho; memeha; hama (R.); mahiti; monimoninoa; moti (W.) (E. C.); pareko; peto; takeke; tipoko (E. C.).

Contemptuous language, s. Wha-karawai.

Contend, v. Tautohe; whakataetae; tatawhainga (E.C.); tauwhainga.

Contentious, a. Whakatenetene; whawhai.

Continually, adv. Tonu; tou (E.C.). Continue, v. Tiwai; mau.

Contract, v. Hupeke.
Contradictory a. Tat

Contradictory, a. Tata.

Contribute, v. Homai; hoatu.

Convalescent, to be, v. Hauora (W.); matutu; tangatanga (E.C.);

Conversation, s. Korero.

Converse, v. Korero.
Convert, v. Whakatahuri.

Convey, v. Kawe; mau. See Carry.

Convey over, v. Whakawhiti. Convolvulus, s. Pohue; panahi. Convulsion, s. Hukihuki.

Cook, v. Tao; topa; topipi; ta-rahu.

Cooked, a. Maoa; maoka (E.C.). Cook-house, s. Kauta; hereumu; kamuri; kuhu.

Cool, a. Hauhau; houhou; hauangi (E. C.); puangiangi (W.); matomato; pongipongi; puanu.
Cool, to, v. Whakahouhou; wha-

Cool, to, v. Whakahouhou; whakamataotao.

Copy, s. Tauira.

Cord, s. Aho. See Line.

Core, s. Uho; tarauho.

Cork, s. Puru.

Corks of a net, s. Pouto.

Corn, s. Kaanga.

Corner, s. Kokonga; hau; konakitanga (R.); ngao.

Corner, inner, s. Kopanga; poti. Corpse, s. Tupapaku; turoro (E.C.). Correct, a. Tika; totika (E.C.). Correct, to, v. Whakatika.

Corrupt, a. Pirau.

Cost, s. Utu.

Cover, v. Hipoki; taupoki; poki; raupi; ropi; ropine; roropi; takai; tupoki (W.); whakapungenengene; uwhiuwhi.

Cover, or spread over. v. Horapa (E. C.).

Cover up embers with ashes, v. Kanoti; tamau.

Cover up oneself, v. Tururu.
Covered, to be, v. Kapi; puni.
Covered over with clouds, to be,
v. Tukupu.

Covering, s. Kopaki; whariki; whakapuru.

Covering over food in an oven, s. Retao; ritaka.

Covet, v. Apo; kaiponu; popono; taiapo; huirapa.

Cough, s. Mare; wharo.

Council, s. Runanga.

Counsel, s. Ngarahu.

Count, v. Tatau.

Countenance, s. Ahua; kanohi.

Country, s. Wa (E. C.); whenua. Couple, s. Rua; topu.

Courage, s. Tara; toa.

Court, to, v. Aruaru.

Cousin, s. Tungane keke; tuahine keke; tuakana keke; teina keke. Coward, s. Haua; wawau.

Crab, s. Papaka; rerepari.

Crack, v. Ngatete; pake; pato; te.

Crack, as the ground, v. Kakata; pukatakata; tawha; ngatata.

Crafty, a. Maminga. See Deceitful.

Cram, v. Whakakiki.
Cramp, v. See Benumb.
Cranium, s. Angaanga.
Crave, v. Hiakia. See Desire.
Crawl, v. Ngaoki; ngoki.
Crayfish, s. Koura; waerau.
Crazy, to be, v. Haurangi; porangi.

Cream, s. Pata.

Create, v. Hanga.

Creep, v. Ngaoki; ngoki; ngaweki; totoro.

Creep under, v. Hou.

Crime, s. Hara.

Criminal, s. Tangata hara.

Crimson, a. Whero.

Cripple, s. Ngongengonge: turingongengonge.

Crookback, s. Hake.

Crooked, to be, v. Kopikopiko; hapa; hape; kononi; makaka; noni; nuke.

Cross, to, v. Whiti.

Cross, s. Ripeka.

Cross-road, s. Peka; pekanga.

Crowd, s. Huihuinga; ropu.

Crowd together, v. Apuru; kiki; poruru.

Crowd around, v. Mui. See Cluster.

Crown of the head, s. Tumuaki; tipuaki (E. C.).

Crucify, v. Ripeka.

Crumb, s. Kongakonga.

Crumble, v. Horo; koara; mohungahunga; ngawhara; ngawhere.

Crumping noise, to make, v. Mangengenge.

Crumple, v. Koromengemenge; kopenupenu; humene; kohangaweka. Crushed, to be, v. Koparu; penupenu.

Cry, v. Tangi; koreto.

Cry out, v. Hamama; haparangi (B. C.); parare.

Cubit, s. Whatianga.

Cultivation, s. Mara; ngakinga; waenga.

Cultivation on timber land, s. Waerenga.

Cumbersome, a. Hirawerawe.

Cure, v. Rongoa.

Curl, as smoke, v. Riporipo.

- as a wave, v. Kapukapu.

Current, s. Au; ia; roma.

Curse, v. Kanga; apiti (W.); ko-hukohu.

Curse, s. Kanga; apiti; kohu-kohu.

Curved, as a bow, a. Tiwhana. See Bend.

Custom, s. Ritenga.

Cut, s. Motu.

Cut, v. Kokoti; haehae; hori
(E C.); kutikuti; ripi; whakatotohi; koripi; tohi; haporo;
hatepe; pouto; ta; tapahi; toritori.

Cut with a spade, v. Tipi; perepere.

Cut, or notch, v. Tokari.

Cut off, v. Haukoti (W).

Cut off short, as a canoe, a. Ko-poro.

Cut off at the end, as of hair, a.

Kaikauau; kohumuhumu; parekuhi.

Cut down wood, v. Para; tope; tua.

Cut open, v. Pawhara.

Cut the hair, v. Tarotaro; whakaiho (E.C.).

Cutting, a. Tiotio.

Daily, adv. I tenei ra i tenei ra. Dam, mother, s. Katua; whaereere; tiaka (E.C.). Dam for water, s. Matatara (w.). Damp, to be, v. Hautaku(E.c.); maku; waitau. (w.). Dance, s. Haka; hari; kanikani; kotaratara; ngahau; ngarahu; ngarahutaua; patere. Dandle, v. Poipoi. Danger, s. Oranoa; oraiti; orapito; pitotahi. Dangle, v. Tawheta (Ng.). Dare, v. Maia. Dark, to be, v. Hinakipouri; kakarauri; kunikuni; potangotango. Dark, in the, adv. Pokere. Dark skin, s. Hengia; parauri. Dart, v. Kokiri; wero. Dash, v. Aki. Dash forward, v. Ranga. Daub, v. Pani. Daughter, s. Tamahine. Daughter-in-law, s. Hunaonga. Dawn, s. Atatu; atapo. Break of day. Day, s. Ao; mahana; ra. Daybreak, s. Atatu. Daylight, s. Awatea. Day time, s. Ao. Dazzle, v. Konewhanewha; korekoreko; wheriko. Dead, to be, v. Mate; hemo; Turi; poturi; Deaf, to be, v. hoi; puhoi; puwharawhara. Dear, a. Aroha. Dear, in price, a. Utu nui. Death, s. Mate; hemonga; mareretanga; haerenga. Taonga tarewa (w.); Debt, s. taonga taurewa (E. c.). Decayed, a. Pirau; paroparo. Deceitful, a. Hangarau; hangareka; hianga; maminga; tini- Desert, s. Koraha.

(E. c.); rore (E. c.); kopeka; makoi; nuka; taware; whakanganangana (E. C.). Deceive, v. Hangarau; hangareka; hianga; maminga; tinihanga; nukarau; raureka; whakawai; kopeka; nuka. Decide, v. Whakarite. Declare, v. Whakapuaki; korero. Decline, v. Titaha; nekuneku; rehurehu; tairi (w.). See Descend. Decrease, v. Iti haere. Deep, to be, v. Hohonu; ngoto. Deep water, s. Kopua; reto; rire; wheuri. Defeated, to be, v. Kore. Defend (by means of a pad), v. Whakapuru; matata. Defy, v. Whakahihi. Delay, v. Whakaroa. Delighted, to be, v. Ahuareka; pai; maha (E. C.). Delirious, to be, v. Haurangi; porangi; hawata. Deliver, v. Whakaora. Deluge, s. Waipuke. Den, s. Ana. Deny, v. Whakakahore; whakakorekore. Departure, s. Haerenga; tokenga. Dependent, s. Rahi. Deprived of a limb, a. Mutu. Depth, s. Hohonu; ngotonga. Deranged, to be, v. Haurangi; porangi. Descend, v. Heke; taheke; taiheke; ahuahu; hokio (E. C.); horua (E. c.); matiko (R.). Descent, s. Heketanga; hokiotanga (E. c.).Describe, v. Korero. Desecrate, v. Haparu; whakanoa.

hanga; nukarau (w.); raureka

Desire, v. Hiahia; amene; minamina; korotu; korou; kuika; manawapa; manawapopore; minaka; ohia; okaka (E. c.); oke; pie (w.); popore; taporepore; wawata.

Desire, s. Hiahia; koha; minamina.

Desolate, a. Takoto kau.

Desperation, to commit an act of, v. Whakamomori.

Despise, v. Whakaahu; whaka-kino.

Destroy, v. Tinei; whakangaro. Detain, v. Pupuri; pupuru (w.). Detect, v. Hopu.

Detest, v. Kino; whakakino; whakarihariha.

Devil, s. Rewera; Whiro.

Devour, v. Kai. See Eat.

Dew, s. Haunui; haurahi; hauku (E. c.); haurulu (w.); hautaorua (E. c.); kopata (E. c.); taituri (R.); tomairengi.

Dialect, s. Reo.

Diarrhea, s. Tarahi; hi; huhu; koangi; konao; koripi; tororere; tikotiko.

Die, to, v. Mate; hemo; marere; makere.

Diet. s. Kai.

Differ, v. Puta ke.

Different, a. Ke.

Difficult, a. Whakarira; uaua.
Difficulty, to be in, v. Raruraru.
Dig, v. Ngaki; ko; keri; kari

(E. C.); piwai; hahau; hangohango; nanaku.

Digging implement, s. Hamaruru (R.); ko; kaheru; hangohango.

Dignity, s. Ahua rangatira.
Dilatory, a. Whakaroa; porori.
See Slow.

Diligent, a. Mamahi; ahuwhenua. Dim, to be, v. Haumaruru (w.); matatoua (w.).

Diminished, to be, v. Ahuahu; Dislike, v. whakapaku; kohakoha; koro- matakawa

koro; whakaharahara; taharahara.

Diminish, as pain, v. Maururu; ririo.

Dinted, a. Kokohu.

Dip up water, v. Koutuutu; utuutu; tikoko.

Dip of a hill, s. Kakaritanga.

Direct, v. Tohutohu.

Direct, to be, v. Anganuimai; hangai (E. c.).

Directly, adv. Inamata; aianei. Dirt, s. Paru; paruparu (E. c.); para.

Dirty, a. Poke; paru.

Disagreeable, a. Weriweri; whakarihariha; whakarikarika.

Disagreeable to the taste, a. Ku-taitai (w.); kawa.

Disappear, v. Toremi; torengi; nunumi; henumi; tanumi; whakamonenehu; whakanamunamu.

Disapprove, v. Whakakino; kawa; kino. See Despise.

Disbelieve, v. Whakateka; whakakahore; whakahori(w.); whakahawa; whakamanu (E. c.)
(w.); whakanano (w.).

Discern, v. Kite. See Know, and See.

Disciple, s. Akonga; tauira (E.c.).
Disclose, v. Puaki; whakakite;
whakapuaki.

Discover, v. Kite.

Disdain, v. Whakakino; whaka-

Disease, s. Mate; taru.

Disease on the skin, s. Mahaki. Disembowel, a. Tuaki.

Disfigured, to be, v. Nonoi (R.).
Disgusting, a. Whakarihariha;
whakarikarika; weriweri (z. c.).

Dishevelled, to be, v. Hutoitoi; tuheihei (w.).

Disinclined, to be, v. Ngakau-kore.

Dislike, v. Kino; whakakino; matakawa (z. c.).

Dislike any particular food, v. Dizzy, v. Anini. See Giddy. Wainamu; wakawa (E. c.). Dismiss. v. Tono. Disobedient, a. Turi; tutu. Disorder, to be in, v. Takoto ke takoto ke. Disparage, v. Whakarawai: hanihani. Disperse, v. Heuheu; korara; tirara; whakawawa. Dispirited, a. Marohirohi. Display, v. Whakakite; whakaari. Dispute, v. Tautohetohe. Dispute, s. Ngangaretanga: tohetohenga. Disquieted, to be, v. Pairi; awangawanga. See Anxious. Dissolve, v. Memeha. Distance. a. Tawhiti: auaatu: Distance, s. Mataratanga; mamao; nuku; pamamao. Distant, to be, v. Matara; maawe; hoi; nanihi (E. C.). Distant by relationship, a. Keke. Distorted, to be, v. Rori. Distress, to, v. Whakapouri. Distress, s. Mate. Distribute, v. Tuwha. Disturb, v. Whakararu; whakakoroiroi. Ditch, s. Waikeri; awakeri (Ng.); awakari (E. c.); awarua (W.); waitahinga Dive. v. Ruku. Divide. v. Wehewehe; wawae; totohi: kokoti. Divided, to be, v. Tarerarera: titore. Divination, s. Niu. Tipua: tupua. Divinity, s. Kotinga; wahanga; Division. s. hua tiriwa; wehewehenga. Division, of people, s. Tanga: waenga; whana; matua. See Company.

Division of a song, s. Rangi.

Do, v. Mea. Do thoroughly, v. Whakatepe. Do without authority, v. Pokanoa. Dock, a plant, s. Runa. Doctrine, s. Akoranga. Dodge, v. Hikohiko; kohikohiko. Dog, s. Kirehe; kuri; nane; peropero. Doings, s. Meanga; meatanga. Dominion, s. Rangatiratanga. Done, to be, v. Oti. Door, s. Tatau. Door-post, s. Tuturu. Door-sill, s. Pehipehi. Door-way, s. Kuaha; whatitoka; whaitoka. Dot, s. Tongi. Double, to be, v. Paparua. Double up, v. Poruku; takapapa. Doubt (to be in), v. Pohehe; pohewa; pokaku; ruarua. Down, soft feathers, s. Huruhuru. mao; pamamao; tatahi; awe- | — of raupo, s. Hune; tahune (E. c.); tahunga (E. c.).— from a garment, s. Hungahunga. Down, adv. Iho; raro. Doze, v. Moe. Drag, v. Kukume; toto. Dragonfly, s. Kapowai. Drain, s. Awakeri; waitahinga. See Ditch. Draw out, v. Ope. Draw together, v. Kuku; kukuti; runa; roiroi; taroi; ruruku; tohapuru; whakanoti. Draw up (as the clothes), v. Hikupeke (w.); hupeke; pukorukoru; ropi. Draw aside, v. Hura. Draw near, a. Whakatata; awhi; whakaeke. Draw up, as the legs, v. Pepeke.

Dread, v. Wehi; mataku. See

Dreadful, a. Mataku; wehi.

Fear.

Dream, s. Moe; moemoea; re- Dry, to be, v. Maroke; mimiti; kanga kanohi. Dregs of shark's oil, s. Apo. Dress, s. Kakahu. Drift, v. Pae; papae; teki (R.); tere. Drift-wood, s. Paewai (E. C.). Drink, v. Inu. Drink through a reed, v. Ngo-Drink out of the hand, v. Kapu; koronae. Drink, to give, v. Whakainu. Drip, v. Tuturu; hoho. See Drop. Dripping wet, a. Poteretere. Drive, v. A; kopere; pei; pana; tuhiti (E. C.); atiati (E. C.). Driven broadside on, a. Paca. Drizzle, v. Konehunehu. Drop, s. Pata. Drop, v. Heke; pata; toto; tuturu; hoho. Drop off, v. Ngaharo; marere. Drowsy, s. Kopurua. Dross, s. Para. Drought, s. Raki. Drowned, to be, v. Panemo. Drowsy, v. Hiamoe; hinamoe. Drug, s. Rongoa. Drum of the ear, s. Torino. Drunk, a. Haurangi.

paku; pakupakuoreore. Dry, as the ground, or as herbage, a. Pohe; pukatakata; pungata; raki; tipoka; tikaka; koka; kongio; mauka(R.); ngata; paka; pakohea; tipa. Dry, v. Whakamaroke. Duck, s. Parera; putangitangi (E. C.); matapouri; poreterete; whiorau. Duck, to, v. Kopiro; rumaki; taurumarumaki. Dull, in movement, v. Puhoi: rare. See Blunt. Dumb, a. Wahangu; reo kore. Dunce, s. Kuare; rare. Dung, s. Wairakau. Durable, a. Maro: uaua. During, prep. 1. Dusk, to be, v. Ahiahipouri ; kakarauri. Dust, s. Nehu; para; puehu; punenehu. Dwarf, s. Hakahaka; roiroi; tauhena (E. C.); whito. Dwell, v. Noko. Dwelling, s. Kainga; whare. Dwelling-place, s. Kainga. Dwindle, v. Iti haere. Dye, s. Tae.

E.

Each, adj. pron. Tera — tera; | Eat, v. Kai; kame; kamu; kome; ia—ia. Tera tangata tera tangata; each man. Eager, to be, v. Whāwhai; takare; rika. Eagle, s. Kahu. Ear, s. Taringa. Ear, lobe of the, s. Hoi; toke (W.). Early, to be, v. Moata. Earth, s. Oneone; whenua. Earthquake, s. Ru. East, s. Rawhiti. East wind, s. Mara**nga**i. Easy, a. Rarawe (E. C.); takoto Echo, v. noa; ngawari.

tametame; whakoma; wharakai. Eat before others, v. Hamure; koramuramu (W.). Eat ravenously, v. Kaihoro; whaupa; horomiti (W.); taparu (W.). Eat raw, v. Ota. Eat scraps, v. Hamu; harangote. Eaves, s. Ikuiku. Timu; heke (E.C.); pa Ebb, v. (R.); taui; tokari (R.); tawhati (E. C.); tiremi (R.). Echo, s. Paoro; parikarangaranga. Whakamauru; paoro; wawaro.

Eddy, s. Auhoki; ripo. Eddy-wind, s. Haupurorohu; pongipongi; haupongi; hauripo; haurutu; mumuhau. Edge, s. Koinga. Edge, to be set on, v. Mania. Eel, s. Tuna; heke; kouro; kiri-

kopuni: kokopu: kopaopao: orea: puhanga; puhikorokoro; puhi; takiekie; ngoringori; paewai (W.); parikou; piharau (W.); pikitara (W.); matarehe; matuatua; ngoetoeto; ngohiwe (W.); ngoiro; whitiki.

Efflorescence of salt, s. Hatea. Effort, s. Koha; uaua. Egg, s. Hua.

— of a louse, s. Riha.

Eject, v. Pana; pei; tuhiti.

Eight, a. Waru.

Eighth, a. Tuawaru.

Eighteen, a. Tekau ma waru.

Eighty, a. Waru tekau; hokowaru (W.).

Either, ad. Ranei: raina.

Elbow, s. Tuketuke.

Elder person, s. Kaumatua; muanga.

Elder brother or sister, s. Tuakana.

Eleven, a. Tekau ma tahi.

Else, adv. Oti.

Elsewhere. adv. Ki hea ranei. Emaciated, a. Kiko kore. See

Thin.

Embark, v. Eke.

Embers, s. Mounga; motumotu; ngotungotu.

Embrace, v. Awhi.

Emerge, v. Maea.

Emetic, s. Whakaruaki.

Emigrant, s. Heke; konene.

Emigrate, v. Heke; whati.

Emit gas from fire, v. Purehua.

Empty, a. Kautahanga (E. C.); piango.

Emulate, v. Tatawhainga (E. C.); tautohetohe; tauwhainga; wha- | Entrails, s. Whekau. katenetene.

Enable, v. Whakakaha.

Encampment, s. Puni; nohoanga; pahi.

Encircle, v. Pukoro; taiawhio. Hao; karapoti; ko-Enclose, v. pani; pahao.

Enclosure, s. Marae.

Encounter, v. Whawhai.

Whakahauhau; Encourage, v. akiaki.

Encumber, v. Whakawheru.

End (finishing), s. Mutunga; whakamutunga; otinga.

End of a branch or leaf, s. Kamata.

Tauporo; poro; whaka-End, v. mutu; whakaoti.

Endeavour, s. Koha.

Endavour, v. Tohe; whakauaua; whakakoro (E. C.).

Endless, a. Mutunga kore.

Enemy, s. Hoariri; whakaariki; whewheia.

Energy, s. Ngoi.

Enfeeble, v. Whakaruhiruhi; whakangoikore.

Enlarge, v. Whakanui.

Enlighten, v. Whakamarama.

Enmity, s. Whainga; pakanga. Ennoble, v. Whakarangatira; wha-

kanui. Enough, adv. Heoi; heoti; kati. Enquire, v. Ui; patai. See Ask.

Ensnare, v. Rore; mahanga; torohere.

Entangled, to be, v. Raka; rapa; rori; tapiki; whiwhi.

Enter, v. Puta; tapoko; tomo.

Entertain, v. Atawhai; taurima (W.); manaaki (E. C.).

Entertainment, s. Atawhaitanga; manaakitanga.

Poapoa; whakapati-Entice, v. pati; whakapakepake.

Entire, a. Tikitu; toitu; urutapu; tino.

Entirely, adv. Ke.

Entrance, s. Kuaha; pulanga;

aharoa; tomokanga; waha; | Excellent, a. Rawe. ahapu. Tohe. See Ask. reat, v. wine, v. Takatakai. wined, to be, v. Tawhiwhi; пра. y, v. Hae. y, s. Hae. demic, s. Rewharewha; mate ruta. al, a. Rite. alled, to be, v. Rite; taea; alize, v. Whakarite; whakaea. ity, s. Tikanga. ct, a. Tu tonu. v. He. ane, v. Puta: oma. iblish, v. Whakanoho; whaapumau. rnal, a. Ora tonu. mity. s. Oranga tonutanga. porate, v. Mimiti haere. Tika. n, a. n, adv. Hoki. ning, s. Ahiahi. ning star, s. Rereahiahi. r, adv. Tonu; i nga wa kaa. rlasting, a. Ora tonu. rmore, adv. Ake, ake, ake. ry, a. Katoa. dent, a. Takotonoa; marama. La. Kino. l spirit, s. Rita; whiro. ct, a. Rite tahi. It, v. Whakanui. mine, v. Titiro; matakitaki. Tauira. mple, s. avate, v. Whakakorua. avated, to be, v. Areare. avation, s. Korua. eed, v. Hipa; pahika (E. C.). el, v. Pahika; pai ake; rawe. ellence, s. Huhuatanga; rawe; awenga.

Exchange, v. Hohoko; whakawhiti. Excite, v. Whakahauhau; tohe; akiaki; whakapataritari. Excoriated, to be, v. Mahihore; mahore; titupu; whakatako. Excuse, s. Whakaora. Excuse, v. Whakaora. Exempt, to be, v. Kapea; hamama. Exert oneself, to, v. Tohe; whakauaua. Exhort, v. Whakahauhau; akiaki. Exile, s. Heke. Expand, v. Makowha; tiwhaki. Expand, as wings, v. Roha. Expect, v. Tumanako. Expel, v. Pei; pana; tuhiti (E.C.). Explain, v. Whakaatu; whakamarama. Explode, v. Papa. See Burst. Explore, v. Titiro; toro. Extended, a. Mahora. Extend the neck, v. Neinei (W.); whakangeingei. Extent, s. Nuku; nuinga; roanga. Extinguished, to be, v. Pirau; poko (E. C.); ketoketo; pio (R.); kewa; ngio (R.); piroku; wheko; weroku. Extraordinary, a. Whanoke; tangi ke. Extremity, s. Hikuhiku; moka; topito; matamata; moremorenga; pito; poro. Exudation from plants, s. Tae: pia. Exult. v. Whakakake. See Boast. Eye, s. Kanohi karu. Eye-ball, s. Whatu. Eyebrow, s. Kape; pewa; tukemata. Eyelash, s. Kamokamo. Eyelid, s. Rewha.

Fable, s.

F.

Face, s. Mata; kanohi. Face, to, v. Hangai. Fade, v. Hatea. Faint, a. Hemo; hauhauaitu; porepore. Faint, v. Hemo. Fair, a. Paki; muo; tahaohao. Faith, s. Whakapono. Faithful. a. Pono. Faithless, a. Teka. Fall, v. Hinga; makere; marere; ngakuru; horo; taka; tanuku. Fall, as by lot, v. Taka. Fall heavily, as rain, v. Makerewhatu; tukupu. Fall ont, v. Ngahoro; riaki. False, a. Teka; horihori (W.); parau (E. C.); warahoe. Falsehood, s. Teka; parau. Fame, s. Rongo. Famine, s. Wa kai kore. Famish, v. Hemo kai. Fancy, v. Whakaaro. See Think. Far off, a. Tawhiti. See Distant. Farewell, int. Hei konei ra; e noho; haere ra. Farm, s. Mara. Farther, adv. Ki ko atu. Farthest, adv. Ki ko rawa atu. Fast, fixed, a. Mau; ngita (R.); u. Fence in a river for eels. Fast, a. Hohoro. See Quick. Fasten, v. Titi; whakau; wha- Fender, s. Arai ahi; takuahi. karawa; whakangita (R.); tamau | Ferment, v. Toroi; i. (E. C.). See Tie. Fasten the sides of a canoe with cord, v. Tui (Ng.); kotui; aukaha (E. C.). Fastening, s. Tia; whakarawa; herenga; aukaha. Fastidious, a. Whakatarapi (W.). Fern land, s. Koraha; korehe. Fasting, a. Nohopuku: puku. Fat, a. Momona. Ngako; matu. Fat, s. at about the kidneys, s. taupa (E. C.).

Kupu whakarite.

Father, s. Pa; papa; matua tane. Father-in-law, s. Hungawai; hunarere (E. C.); hunarei (E. C.). Fathom, s. Maro. Fatigued, a. Tungarangara (Ng.); ngenge; hoha. Fault, s. Hara; he. Fear, s. Mataku; wehi; hopohopo; koera; hihira; moniania; wanawana. Fearful, a. Wehi; mataku. Afraid. Feast, s. Hakari. Feather, s. Hou; raukura. Feathers, large, of the wing, s. Hokai. Feeble, a. Ngoikore; iwikore. See Listless. Feed, v. Whangai. Feel, v. Whawha. Fellow, s. Koroke; tahake (E. C.). - a companion, Hoa. Female, a. Wahine. - of brutes. Uwha. Fence, s. Taiepa; taepa; takitaki (E. C.); wawa; kereteki; maihe (W.); tuwatawata (E. C.); tata (E. C.); tatara (W.); teki. Fence against a flood. Ahuriki; kaungaroa. iri; ririwai. Fern leaves, s. Rahurahu; rarahu; rauaruhe (E.C.); rarauhe (W.); peka; marohi; takaka. Fern root, s. Roi; aruhe; mohani; moheke; meke; pakakohi; renga (W.); parara (W.). Ferry, s. Whakawhitinga. Ferryman, s. Kai whakawhiti. Fertile, a. Momona. Tupua; wharaki; pa-Pa; Fester, s.

hupahu; tongako.

Fetch, v. Tiki; toki.

Fever, s. Kiri ka.

Few. a. Ruarua; torutoru; ouou Fish-hook, s. (W.); ngouruuru.

Fibrous roots, s. Akaaka; kaka.

Fibula, s. Tatahau.

Field, s. Mara.

Fierce, a. Riri.

Tekau ma rima. Fifteen, a.

Fifth, a. Tuarima.

Fifty, a. Rima tekau; hokorima (W.).

Tatau; whawhai. Fight, v.

Fill, v. Whakaki.

Filled, to be, v. Ki; puru.

Fillip, v. Koropana; turapana.

Fin, s. Tira. Find, v. Kite.

Fine, a. Whakupaipai; torire; toingo.

Fine, as weather, a. Paki.

Finger, s. Matihao; matikara; koikara (E. C.).

Finger, the little, s. Koroiti.

Finger nail, s. Maikuku; matikuku.

Finish. v. Whakamutu; whakaoti; whakapau; whakamahue.

Finished, to be, v. Oti; hemo; poro (E. C.); tauporo; tutuki.

Fire, s. Ahi; kapura; hatete; kanaku (R.); mapura; kora (R.); maute (R.); ngiha (W.); pahunu (R.).

Fire, to set on, v. Tahu.

Fire, to, v. Pupuhi.

Firewood, s. Wahie; peka (E.C.); kohure(R); kora(R); pioe(R);pirahu; piraku; piraha; rara. Firm, to be, v. U; mau; au;

taketake; tupu; uka (E, C.).

Firmness, s. Unga.

Firmament, s. Kikorangi.

First, a. Matamua; mataati; mutaika; matangohi.

First, adv. Matua; atua.

First born, a. Matamua. Tuapora; tamahu Floor, s. First-fruits, s. (W.).

Fish, s. Ika; ngohi.

Fish, v. Hi.

Matau; matika; noni (R.).

Fisherman, s. Kai hi.

Fishing-rod, s. Manana (R.).

Five, a. Rima.

Fix, v. Whakau; whakamau; whakapumau; poupou.

Fixed, a. Pumau. See Constant. Flaccid, a. Ngorenoa; taromanoa.

Flag, a plant, s. Raupo.

— colours. Kara.

Muramura. Flame, s.

Flank. Kaokao.

Flap the wing, v. Aroarowhaki. Flap in the wind, v. Tareparepa.

Flash. v. Mura; kotamutamu.

Flat, a. Papatahi; pararahi; pora. Flat part of a spade or paddle,

Rapa. Flat-nosed, a. Ihu pararahi.

Flatter, s. Whakapatipati.

Flattery, s. Patipati; rutu.

Flavour, s. Ha.

Flax plant, s. Korari; harakeke; tihore; wharariki.

Flax (dressed), s. Muka; whitau. Flay, v. Tihore. See Strip off.

Flea, s. Keha; tuiau; puruhi; mororohu (E. C.).

Oma. See Run. Flee, v.

Kaupapa. Fleet, s.

Flesh. s. Kikokiko.

Flexible, a. Ngorengore; ngorenoa; ngohengohe (E.C.).

Flight, s. Omanga.

Fling, v. Maka; akiri. See Throw.

Flint, s. Kiripaka.

Float, v. Manu; rewa; taupua; whakamaho (W.); whakapaho (Ng.); wetoki (R.).

Flock, s. Kahui. See Herd.

Whiu. Flog, v.

Flood, s. Waipuke; parawhenua (E. C.).

Kaupapa.

Flour, s. Paraoa. Flow, v. Tere; patere; kupere; rere.

Flow, as the tide, v. Pari; kato (E.C.); heru; hura; ketu; papara (W.); pi; whanake (R.).

Flower, s. Puawai; pua; puaka.

Flute s. Putorino: rehu: kanaau

Flute, s. Putorino; rehu; koauau. Flutter, as a bird, v. Kapekapeta. — as the heart. See Beat.

Fly, s. Ngaro; rango (E. C.); hurangi (R.).

Fly, v. Rère.

Foam, s. Huka.

Fog, s. Kohu; au; pukohu.

Fold, s. Koru; whatianga.

Fold, v. Whakakopakopa; whakamoka.

Follow, v. Aru; whai; tawhai (W.).

Food, s. Kai; kame; kamukamu; kome (W.); o; oranga; parare (R.); tame; tawhi; wene (R.).

Food eaten as a relish. Kinaki. Foolish, u. Kuare; rare; wairangi.

Foot. s. Waewae.

Foot of a pig, s. Taputapu.

Footstep, s. Tapuwae.

For, prep. Hei; mo.

Forbid, v. Whakakahore; whakakore; pehi; riri.

Force, s. Kaha.

Ford, s. Kauranga; kauanga.

Forearm. s. Takakau.

Forehead, s. Rae.

Foreigner, s. Pakeha; taiawa.

Foremost, a. Malamua.

Forest, s. Ngaherehere; nehenehe; waoku.

Forget, v. Wareware.

Forgive, v. Hohou i te rongo. Forgotten, to be, v. Ngaro.

Fork, s. Oka; tirou; marau;

Fork, s. Oka; lirou; marau purou (W.).

Fork of a tree, s. Peka; tara-hanga.

Form, s. Ahua.

Former, a. Te mea o mua.

Tere; patere; kupere; Formerly, adv. Inamata; none-

Fornication, s. Puremu; moe tahae.

Forsake, v. Whakarere.

Forsaken, to be, v. Mahue.

Fortification, s. Pa.

Forty, a. Wha tekau; hokowha (W.).

Forward, adv. Atu.

Fosterchild, s. Whangai.

Found (a thing), s. Kurapae; mea kite.

Fountain, s. Puna.

Four, a. Wha.

Four days ago, adv. Inaoakenui. Fourteen, a. Tekau ma wha.

Fowl, barn-door, s. Heihei; tikaokao.

Fracture, s. Kore; pakaru; pakore; whati.

Fragile, a. Papanoa.

Fragment. s. Korenga; whatinga.

Fragrant, a. Kakara.

Fraud, s. Tahae; whanako; kaia. See Thief.

Freckle, s. Iraira (W.); kotiwhatiwha.

Free, a. Rangatira.

Free from law of separation, a. Auriuri.

Frequent, a. Auau; tonu.

Fret, v. Karangi.

Friend, s. Hoa.

Fright, s. Mataku; wehi.

Frighten, v. Whakamataku; whakawehi.

From, prep. 1; no.

Front, s. Aroaro.

Front of a house, s. Roro.

Frost, s. Huka; haupapa; hauhunga.

Froth, s. Huka.

Fruit, s. Hua.

Full, to be, v. Ki; ngihangiha; pangoro; puhake (W.); toka; puhapuha; tomo; turuki.

Full, to be (of the moon), v. Hua.

Fulness about the eyes or lips, | Funnel, s.

Fungus on trees, s. Harori; harore (E. C.); hawai; porotawa; putawa.

Korere.

Further, adv. Ki ko atu; ki pahaki atu.

Fusty, a. Hekaheka; puru.

G.

Whakanuinga; hua. Gain, s. Awha; marangai; ori; Gale, s.

paroro (R.); tupuhi. Gall, s. Paoa; au (E. C.) (W.).

Takaro; kai. Game, s.

Gap, s. Putanga; pakaru.

Kohera. Gape, v.

Garden, s. Mara; kari.

Garland, s. Pare; tupare. Garment, s. Kahu; kakahu; kaka

(E. C.); kowhekawheka; weruweru.

Garment, old, s. Tawhetawhe; karukaru (E. C.).

Gasp, v. Kuha; kiha.

Tatau; keti. Gate, s.

Gather, v. Whawhaki; kowhaki; tahora (E.C.).

Gather up, v. Rau; whatimotimo. Gather together, v. Kohikohi. See Collect.

Gaze, v. Matakitaki; tirotiro. Genealogy, s. Kawai; kawei; korero tahu.

Generous, a. Oha; atawhai; atamai.

Gentleman, s. Rangatira.

Gentlewoman, s. Wahine rangatira.

Gently, adv. Ata.

Ghost, s. Wairua.

Giddy, to be, v. Amai; amiomio; anini; arohirohi; rangiroro.

Gift, s. Mea homai noa; mea hoatu noa.

Gills of a fish, s. Piha; puha; wheko.

Gimlet, s. Wiri.

Gird, v. Whitiki; rapaki; tatua. Girdle, s. Whitiki; tatua (E.C.);

pongi; ruruku.

Girl, s. Kotiro; hengahenga; kohaia.

Girl, address to. E ko; e hika; e hine.

Give. v. Homai; hoatu.

Give way! int. Iaua; taua.

Glad, to be, v. Hari; koa; maha.

Glare, v. Kanapa; uira. See Shine. Glide, v. Tere; kotiti; patete.

Glisten, v. Kanapa; uira; hahana; wheriko.

Gloomy, a. Whakapoururu; pahi (E, C).

Glory, v. Whakahihi; whakaputa. See Boast.

Glory, s. Kororia.

Glow-worm, s. Puratoke.

Kaihoro. Glutton, s.

Gnash, v. Tetea.

Gnat, s. Waeroa.

Gnaw, v. Ngau; ngungu. Go, v. Haere; ngawi; tiki; whiu (E, C.); whana (R.) (E, C.).

Go about, v. Haereere ; kaewa (E. C.).

Go round about, v. Amiki; amiku (W.); awhiowhio; taiawhio (W.); tawhio (W.); umiki.

Go towards, v. Anga.

Go sideways, v. Whakakoko (W.). Go out, v. Pirau. See Extinguished.

Go out of sight, v. Toremi; nunumi. See Disappear.

Go by the side of, v. Tapanihi; whakatahataha.

Go on! Hoatu: tena.

Go ahead, v. Koke; koki; kotiti.

Go in a body, v. Haere kopuni. Go for good, v. Oti atu.

God, s. Atua.

Gold, s. Koura. Gone, to be, v. Riro; ririo; tapeke; taweke; toke (R.). Good, a. Pai; purotu (E. C.). It is good; Mari ano. Goodness, s. Huhuatanga; pai. Goods, s. Hanga rawa; ngerengere (E. C.) taputapu (E. C.). Goose, s. Kuihi Gooseberry, s. Kupere. Gorge, s. Apiti; kapiti. Gospel. s. Rongo pai. Gourd, s. Hue; wenewene (E. C.). Grace, s. Aroha noa. Gradually, adv. Ata; as Ka ata tupu; it grows gradually. Graft, v. Hono. Kakano. Grain, s. Grandchild, s. Mokopuna. Grandfather, s. Tupuna; tipuna (E, C). Grape, s. Karepe. Grasp (measure by the arms stretched out), s. Pae. Grasping, a. Huirapa; ihupuku. Grass, s. Otaola; tarutaru; patiti (E. C.). Grasshopper, s. Mawhitiwhiti; kowhitiwhiti; koeke. Grave, s. Poka; rua; marua. Gravel, s. Kirikiri. Wairanu. Gravy, s. Graze, (to touch lightly), v. Hohoni (Ng.); konihi (W.); wani; miri. Grazed (as the skin), a. Pahore. Grease, s. Hinu. Great, a. Nui; rahi; whakahara; tetere (E.C.). Greatness, s. Koiwi; nuinga. Greedy, a. Kaihoro; kaiponu. See Stingy, and glutton.

Green, a. Kakariki; matomato. Torouka; ota. — (unripe). Greet, v. Tangi. Grey, a. Hina. Grief, s. Pouri. Grieve, v. n. Pouri. Grin, v. Pukana; pakiri; tamatama; hoho; ngangahu. Grind (in a mill), v. Huri. — (on a stone). Oro. Grindstone, s. Hoanga. Gritty, a. Mangengenge. Aurere; ngunguru. Groan, v. Groove, s. Awaawa. Grope, v. Whawha haere. Grove, s. Motu rakau. See Wood. Ground, s. Whenua; oneone. — of a quarrel. Papa. Tupu; kahu; whanake. Grow, v. Growl, v. Ngunguru. Tunga; pepe; huhu; Grub, s. moeone. Grumble, v. Amuamu; hakuhaku (E.C.); tapitapi; kowhetewhele; whakangutungutu. Grunt, v. Ngengeri; ngongoro. Guard, v. Tiaki. Guard, s. Kai tiaki. Guest, s. Manuhiri. Guide, v. Arahi; arataki. Guide, s. Kai arahi. Gulp, v. Horo. Gum, s. Pia; kauri; ware. Gums, s. Tako. Gun, s. Pu. Gunwale, s. Niao. Gust, s. Ropu; apu. See Eddy wind. Gut, s. Whekau.

H.

Ha! int. Ha! Habit, s. Ritenga. Hack, v. Tapahi. Hackle, v. Wharo. Hail, v. Karanga.
Hail, s. Nganga; whatu.
Hair, s. Huruhuru; makawe; mahunga; whakahipa (W.).

Gutter, s. Korere.

Hair, a single. Kaka (Ng.); weu; | Hatched, to be, v. Pao. uru (E. C.). Half full, a. Hangere; hemanga; papanga.

Half grown, a. Pipi.

Half cooked, a. Roiroi.

Hallow, v. Whakatapu.

Halo, s. Pukoro.

Halt, v.

Halt suddenly, v. Tumu.

Ta(E. C.); hama.Hammer, s.

Hand, s. Ringaringa.

Handful, s. Aowhanga; kutanga.

Handle, s. Puritanga; tau; taukawe; kawe; kiwei; popoia (W.).

– of an axe. *Kakau*.

Handsome. a. Ataahua.

Handspike, s. Hua.

Hang, v. Tarona; tahere (E. C.). Hang up, v. n. Iri; tarewa; tarawa; tare; noi (W.); takeke; tauraki (E. C.); tiari.

Hang up, v. a. Whata (E. C.); whakairi; whakahiweka (R.); whakanoi (W.); whakatare.

Hang down, v. Werewere; tawerewere.

- as the lip. Hauwere.

Hang loosely, v. Hangorungoru; tiepa (W.).

- as the hair. Tuheihei.

Happiness, s. Hari; koa.

Hari; koa. Happy, a.

Harangue, s. Whaikorero.

Harbour, s. Kokorutanga; tunga kaipuke.

Hard, a. Maro; pakeke; pakari; pakohea; papa; totoka; utonga. Hard work, s. Whakarira.

Hardly, adv. Whakauaua.

Hardy, a. Maro.

Kino. Harm, s.

Harsh, a. Tata (W.); tuanui (W.).

Harvest, s. Hauhakenga; kotinga. Hohoro; ahiki (R.); Hasten, v. auraki.

Haston! • Eahua!

Hasty, a. Hohoro; whawhai; porangi.

Hatchet, s. Patiti.

Hate, v. Kino; whakakino.

Hateful, v. Whakarihariha; whakarikarika; weriweri (E. C.).

Hatred, s. Mauuhara.

Have, v. generally expressed by the possessive pronoun as.

He pukapuka tana; He has a book. Haughty, a. Whakahihi; whaka-

pehapeha; whakakake.

Haul, v. Toto; kukume.

Hauled on shore, v.

Hawk, s. Kahu; karearea; kaeaea (E. C.); kaiaia; kauaua.

He, pron. Ia.

Head, s. Upoko; matenga; mahunga; karu; angaanga; karaua (R.); ngoto; pane (W.); pareho; parihirihi; whakahipa (W.).

- back of. Hemihemi; kohamo; kopako (E. C.); murikokai.

— of a tree. Kauru; kouru (W.).

— of a ship. *Ihu*.

Anini: kotiuru: Headache, s. ngahoahou (W.); ngaruru; pahoahoa.

Headland, s. Rae; kurae; tumu; kumore; matamata; torouka (E, C_{\cdot}) .

Heal, v. Rongoa; whakamahu.

Healed, to be, v. Mahu; ora.

Health, s. Oranga; ora.

Heap, s. Puranga; whakapu; kauika; ahu; ahurewa (W.); haupu (W.); kawa; pehanga (W.); purawhetu; putunga; tahua (E.C.); taka (E. C.); tuahu; wharona (E. C.).

Heaps, to put in, v. Puranga; koputuputu; puhangaiti; pihangaiti; whakapihangaiti; pukai (E. C.); putu; tapui; tarahono; whakamoa; whakapapa.

Hear, v. Rongo; whakurongo.

 indistinctly. Hakiri; muheahea; hirearea.

Hearken, v. Whakarongo.

Hilly, a. Pukepuke.

Heart, s. Ngakau; hinengaro; mauri. | Hill, s. Puke; toropuke. - of a plant. Rito. - of a tree. Tarauho; tumoremore; uho. Heat, s. Werawera; pawera; pukaka; pokaka (E. C.); pumahu. - red. Miramira. Heated, a. Wera: kaka. Heated, to be, as an oven, r. Rerehu (E. C.); tore (E. C.). Heaven, s. Rangi. Heavy, a. Rorotu; taimaka; taumaka (E. C.); toimaka (W.). Heel, s. Rekereke; ngaengae (R.). Height, s. Ikeike; teitei: tiketike. Hell, s. Reinga. Helm, s. Urungi: urunga. Help, v. Awhina. Hem, s. Remu. Hen, s. Heihei. Hence, adv. Atu. Henceforth, adv. akenei. Her, pron. pers. la. Her, pron. poss. ana; ona. Hers, pron. poss. Nana; nona. Herb. s. Otaota. Herd, s. Kahui; rahui (E. C.): Hole, s. Poka; puta; korua; koranga (E. C.); whakataka. Here, adv. Konei; nei. Hereafter, adv. .Imua; amuri; anamata; kouanga (W.). Hereby, adv. Ma konei. Hesitate, v. Ruarua; pohehe; po- Hollow (to shout), v. Karanga. hewa; pokaku. Hew, v. Hahau. Hiccough, s. mauri; tokopuhake (W.). Hide, v. Huna; kuhu; whaka- Hoop, s. horowhitiwhiti; mowhiti; kapeke; whakapuke. Hide, s. Hiako; kiri. a. Ikeike; tiketike; teilei; Horizon, s. Pae. (R.C.); maiengi; morunga: Horse, s. Hoiho. (E.C.). the tide. ki; tutuki; re- Hot, a. **B (R**C).

Hillock, s. Pukepuke. Him, pron. Ia. - for him. Mana: mona. Hinder, v. Whakawara; whakawheru. Hindermost thing, s. Hiku. Hip bone, s. Himu; humu. His, pron. Tana; tona; ana; om; nana; nona. Hit, to be, v. Pa; tu. Hither, adv. Mai. Hitherto, adv. Ko konei; laes noatia tenei wa. Ho! int. Ho! Hoard, v Rongoa; tohu; kaiponu. Hoarfrost, s. Huka; haupapa. Hoarse, to be, v. Whango. Hoe, s. Rakuraku; karaone. Hoist, v. Huhuti. Ake ake ake; Hold, v. Pupuri; pupuru (W.). — in the arms. Okooko. --- up. Whakaari ; whakahana (W.). Tana: tona; — to the fire. Turara. - at one end. Mautarakini. Hold! int. Iaua! Taua! Hold of a ship, s. whao: koroputa. Hollow, s. Pokorua; kapua; pakonga; wharemoa. Hollow out, r. Whakapokorua; whakakorua. Holy, a. Tapu. Home, s. Kainga. Tokohana; toko- Honour, s. Honore. Hook, s. Matau. ngaro; koropuku (E. C.); wha- pirori; tarawhiti (W); whiti. Hop, v. Hiteki. Hope, r. Tumanako. gi; poupou (E. C.); pon-! Host, s. . Mano. See Multitude. Hostilities, s. Pakanga; whainga. H'era; pawera; pakakinakina.

Hover, v. Whakatopa. House, s. Whare; wharepuni; koropu. - a small. Kopuha. — for potatoes, &c. Rua; hapoki; hopekiwi (W.); patengitengi; ruakoauau; ruatahuhu; wharerangi; pataka (W.). How, adv. Pehea; pea (R.). How many. Eai! erawe! (R.). Interrogatively, Ehia? tokohia? hokohia? (W.). How great! Ano! Howl, v. Tangi; ngawi. Humble, v. Whakaiti. Hundred, a. Rau.

Hunger, s. Hiakai; hemokai.

Hungry, a. Hiakai; hikoko; pikoko. Hunt, v. Whakangau. Hurricane, s. Tupuhi; marangai. Hurry, s. Taruketanga (Ng.); porangi. Hurry, to be in a, v. Porangi; whawhai (E. C.); takare (E. C.); kaika (E.C.); whakateteka; potatu (E. C.). Hurry, to do in a, v. Auraki; whawhai. Hurt, s. Tu. Husband, s. Tahu; lane. Hush! int. Kati; turituri; maniania. Husk, s. Kopaki.

Hymn, s. Himene; waiata.

I, pron. Au; ahau. Ice, s. Haupapa; hauhunga; huka (E. C.); hukapapa (E. C.).Tohu; whakaaro. Idea. s. Identical, a. Pu: tino. Idiot, s. Porangi; haurangi. Idle, a. Mangere. See Lazy. Whakapakoko. Idol, s. Ignorance, s. Kuaretanga. Ignorant, a. Kuare. If, conj. Me; mehemea; penei; kapatau; ki; ki te mea. Ill, a. Mate. See Sick. Tukino. Illtreat, v. Illustrious, a. Hau; ingoa nui. Image, s. Whakapakoko; ahua. Imitate, v. Whai; whakatau; tawhai (W.). Immediately, adv. Aianei; na tou (E. C.); inamata (W.). Impatient, a. Porangi; whawhai (E. C.). See Hurry. Impetuous. a. Taikaha. Importunate, a. Tene; tohe. Improve, v. Pai haere. In, prep. 1; kei; i roto i; kei roto i; i ro; kei ro. In comparison of, prep. 1.

Tapu.

Inaccessible, a.

I. Incite, v. Whakahauhau; akiaki; tohe; whakapataritari. Inclination, s. Aro; aronui; pai. Increase, v. Oha; nui haere. Indeed, adv. Hoki. Indignation, mark of, int. Ha! Indefinite, a. Taurangi. Indentation, s. Kokorutanga; kokohutanga. Indistinct, a. (of sound). Hirearea; hakiri (E. C.); maheahea. Industrious, a. Mamahi; ahu whenua. Infant, s. Potiki; tamaiti. Infer, v. Whakaaro. Inferior in rank, a. Ware; kuare; paraparau. Influence, s. Mana. Influence, to give, v. Whakamana. Influenza, s. Taiawa; tarutawhiti (E. C.).Informer (who bears the news of the approach of a war party), Autava. Inhabit, v. Noho. Injure, v. Tukino; tunuhuruhuru.

Injury, s. Kino; tukinotanga.

Ink, s. Mangumangu. Inland, adv. Ki uta. Inquire, v. Ui; patai; whakapatai; pakiki. Insane, a. Porangi; haurangi. Insect, s. Ngarara. Insensible, a. Whakaaro-kore. Insert, v. Kokomo; whakauru; whakanoho. Inside, adv. Roto. Insipid, a. Hakore. Instead of, prep. Mo. Instruct, v. Ako; whakaako. Intercede, v. Inoi. Intercept, v. Kokoti; haukoti (W.). Intercessor, s. Kai inoi. Intercourse, s. Korero.

Jabber, v. Hautete; korerorero.

Jaded, a. Ngenge.

Intermix, v. Whakauru. See Mix. Interpret, v. Whakamaori. Interval, s. Takiwa. Interview, s. Kitenga. Intestines, s. Whekau. Into, prep. Ki roto ki; ki ro. Invent, v. Tene; tito; poka. Investigation, s. Whakawa. Inward, a. Roto; whakaroto. Iron, s. Rino; maitai. Irregular, a. Whakahipahipa (W.). Island, s. Motu; maheno. It, pron. Ia. Itch, s. Hakihaki; waihakihaki; harehare; tarakura. Itch, v. Rekareka; ngaoko; mangeo.

J.

Jail, s. Whare herehere. Jamb, s. Tuturu. Jar, v. Mania; tioro; wheoro. Jaw, s. Kauae. Jealous, to be, v. Tupato: hae; atea; owhiti (E.C.); puka (W.); taruhae. Jeer, v. Tawai; taunu; whakatau; patai (Ng.). Jerk, v. Takiri. Tinihanga; hangarau; hangareka; raureka; whakanene. Jingle, v. Tatangi. Jog, v. Rutu. Join, v. Apiti; huihui; uru; haumi; karapiti; taparu (E. C.); tapiri; tuhono; tapuni.

Join parts of a net. Tatai; twi; whatui. Joint, s. Pona. Joist, s. Kurunae. Joke, s. Hangarau; tinihanga. See Jest. Journey, s. Haere. Joy, s. Hari; koa. Judge, v. Whakarite whakawa. Judge, s. Kai whakarite whakawa. Judgment, s. Whakawakanga. Juice, s. Wai; tae. Jump, v. Peke; tupeke (W.); mawhiti; mowhiti; mokowhiti; mahuta (R, -W). — out of the water. Auha; panau; whakapuhoru. Junction of tribes for hostile purposes, s. Haumi. Just. a. Tika.

K.

Keel, s. Takere; tangere.

Keep, v. Pupuri; pupuru (W.).

Keep close, v. Pirihongo (W.).

— in the mind. Whakapuke.

Keepsake, s. Oha; manatunga.

Kick, v. Whana.

Kidney, s. Whatukuhu.
Kill, v. Patu; whakamate; tukituki.
Killed, to be, v. Maru.
Kind, a. Atamai; atawhai.
Kind, s. Tu.

idle, v.Tahu; tou. a fire by rubbing sticks. Hika. idred, s. Whanaunga; huanga. ıg, s. Kingi. ıgdom, s. Rangatiratanga. s, v. Mote; kihi. chen, s. Kauta; kuhu; hereımu; kamuri. e, a toy, s. Manu. ead, v. Pokepoke; popo. эe, s. Turi. ee-deep, a. To nga turi. e-joint, s. Turipona. eel, v. Koropiko; tuturi; tuturu. Knuckle, s. Pona.

Knife, s. Maripi; mikara (E. C.); kota (R.). Knob, s. Puku. Knock, v. Patukituki; pakuku; pakuru; whakapakuku. — to pieces. Tukituki. Knot, on a tree, s. Mona. — in a string, &c. Pona. Know, v. Matau; mohio; hua. I know not; Aua; auake. (E. C.)

Knowledge, s. Matauranga; mohiotanga.

L.

our, toil, s. Uaua. our pain, s. Whakamamae. e, v. Kotui, le, v. Koko; tikoko. len deeply, to be, v. aru; toparuparu. der, s. Arawhata. le, v. Koko; tikoko. y, s. Wahine rangatira. , v. Whakatorekereke. e, s. Roto; moana. ae, a. Kopa; ngongengonge; uringongengonge; kopiri; haua E. C.); waehaua. aent. v. Aue. ap, s. Rama. .ce, s. Matia; kokiri; tao. ee Spear. d, s. Whenua; uta. Tae ki uta; kawe ki .d, v. ta. ding-place, s. Tauranga. dmark, s. Tio (Ngt.). dslip, s. Horo. dwind, s. Tawhenua. guage, s. Reo. guid, a. Ngoikore; iwikore. d, s. Hinu poaka. ge, a. Nui; rahi; tetere (E.C.).

Whakaharahara.

Whiu.

verv.

h. v.

Lash (to fasten). Hohou; hotiki (E. C.). See Bind. Last thing, s. Te mea o muri; toenga. Paru- Last night. Inapo; nonapo. Last year. Tauhouanga (E. C.). Whakarawa. Latch, s. Late, to be, v. Po. Late, a. Tomuri (E. C.); akuto (W.).Lath, s. Kaho. Lather, s. Huka. Lava, s. Rangitoto. Laugh, v. Kata; ngingio; hohehohe (W.). Laugh, to cause to, v. Whakakata. Kokiri; to; uaki. Launch, v. Law, s. Ture. Lawful, a. Tika. Lay, v. Whakatakoto; waiho; panga. Lay crosswise, v. Whakapae. Lazy, a. Mangere; pakihore; rora; whakatamatama; inukorokoro (E. C.).

Lead, s. Mata.

Lead, v. Arahi; whakataki; arataki (E. C.).

Leader, s. Kai arahi.

Leaf, s. Rau; pakawha (W.). Leak, v. Tuturu; mama.

Lean, v. Hinga; tiraha; whanau; | Lie separate, v. Tauke (W.). taiuru; honga (W.). - against. Whakawhirinaki: wharara. Lean, a. Hauaitu; tupuhi; pakoko; hauarea; hawareware; hiroki; kohoi; panganga; tuoi; tokoroa. Leap, v. Peke; tupeke. Learn, v. Ako. Least, a. Iti rawa; nohinohi rawa. Leave, v. Whakarere. Leave off, v. Whakamutu. Left, to be, v. Mahue; waiho. Left-handed, a. Maui. Leg, s. Waewae; tatahau. Legend, s. Kauwhau. Leisure, s. Ateatanga. Lend, v. Tuku. Length, s. Roanga. Lengthen, v. Whakaroa; patete. Leprosy, s. Tuwhenua; mahaki. Less, a. Iti iho; nohinohi iho; momipu. Harahara; whakaiti. Lessen, v. Lest, conj. Kei. Tuku: whakahoro. Let down, v. Let go, v. Tuku. Letter, s. Pukapuka. Level, a. Tika tonu. Level. v. Tahoro. Liar, s. Tangata teka. Liberal, a. Atawhai; oha; atamai. Lick, v. Mitimiti. Lid, s. Taupoki; popoki. Lie, s. Horihori; parau; teka. Takoto; pae; kaike (w.); Lie, v. taika (E. C.), kauki (W.); noi (W.); rare (E. C.); taeki (E. C.); tawheta (E.C.); tete (E.C.); whakaika. Lie across. v. Rakapikipiki; tarapiki. Lie broadside, v. Pae; koronae. Lie about, v. Takotonoa. Lie in a heap, v. Tihi; pehi (W.); tanewha (R.); tangita (R.).

flat, v. Toropapa.

Lie still, v. Whakapahake. Lie in wait, v. Whanga. Life, s. Ora; oranga. Lifetime, s. Oranga. Lift up, v. Hapai; whakaara; paikeike; riaki (W.) (E.C.). Ligament, s. Uaua. Light, in weight, a. Mama. Light, s. Ao; marama. – Turama; rama. Light, to be, v. Ao; marama. Light, v. Toroherohe; turama; whakamarama. Light, as a bird, v. Lighten, v. Whakamama. Lightning, s. Uira. Like, v. Ahuareka; manaaki; manako; waireka. Like this, adv. Penei. Like that, adv. Pena; pera. Like manner, in, adv. Waihoki. Like, to be, v. Rite; ahukahuka (W.); ariaria (E. C.). Liked, to be, v. Paingia. Liken, v. Whakarite. Likeness, s. Ahua; ritenga; kahua. Likewise, adv. Hoki; waihoki. Lime, s. Kota. Limp, v. Totitoti. Line, or string, s. Aho; nape. Line, or row, s. Kapa. Linen, s. Rinena. Linger, v. Whakaroa. Lintel, s. Karupe. Lion, s. Raiona. Lip, s. Ngutu. Listen, v. Whakarongo. Listless, a. Ngoikore; iwikore; waikauere; waikorohuhu; kongehe; anewa (W.); toupiore (W.).Litter, s. Amo; kauhoa. Little, a. Nohinohi; iti; paku. See Small. Little while ago, adv. Inakuara; nonakuara. Live, v. Ora; noho.

Live coal, s. Konga; ahi. Liver, s. Ate; whanewhane. Lizard, s. Mokomoko; tuatara; ruatara (Ng.). Load, s. Kawenga; pikau; pikaunga; wahanga. Whakarihariha: Loathsome, a. whakarikarika: weriweri. Lobster, s. Koura. Lock of hair, s. Rinomakawe. Tatarakihi; kihikihi Locust, s. (E.C.); whitiwhiti; mawhitiwhiti. Lodge, v. Noho. Teitei (W.); tiketike; Lofty, a. ikeike. Loin, s. Hope; tikihope. Loiter, v. Whakaroa; whakananawe ; tarioi. Loll, v. Whakawhirinaki.

ongeonge. Roa; hitawetawe; ta-Long, a. potu.

Lonely, a. Mokemoke; mehameha;

Long, in time, a. Huka; nahea; taro; wheau.

Long (of long standing), a. Taukiuki.

Long after, v. Awhitu; wawata; manawapa; manawapopore; okaka (E. C.).

Long time ago, adv. Inamata; nonamata.

Tokoroa. Longlegs, s.

Look, v. Titiro.

Look about, v. Matakitaki; tirotiro: kaeaea.

Look anxiously for, v. Matatau. Lungs, s. Pukapuka.

Look at, v. Toro (E. C.).

Look for, v. Rapu; kimi; rapa (E. C.); haha (W.); harau; auhaha; hahau.

ook sideways, v. Whakakiwi; titiro kotaha.

Looking glass, s. Whakaata.

Loose, to be, v. Korokoro; hangoro; hangorungoru; tangorongoro; taromanoa; tarure; titaka; kaewa (E. C.); tanganga. Loose, as earth, a. Pungorungoru.

Loosen, v. Whakakorokoro.

Lop, v. Tope; kokoti. See Cut. Lord, s. Ariki; rangatira.

Lost, to be, v. Ngaro; matcha (R.).

Loud, a. Marama; tangi nui. Love, s. Aroha; koingo; konohi; manakanaka; matenui.

Louse, s. Kutu.

Makau; Low water, to be, v. pakoa; makoa(W.); pakihi(E.C.). Low, to be, v. Hakahaka; papaku. Low, through misfortune, to be, v. Waikauere; waikorohuhu. Lower, adv. Ki raro iho.

Lucid, a. Marama.

Lucky, a. Waimarie.

Lug, v. Huhuti; tauhutihuti.

Lukewarm, a. Puwera.

Lull, s. Marino. See Calm.

Lump of earth, s. Pokurukuru; keretu; kurupei; peipei; kerengeo(R.).

Lumpy, a. Kanokano.

M.

Man. s.

Mackerel, s. Tawatawa; tewe- | Maize, s. tewe (R.). Mad, a. Haurangi; porangi; porewarewa. Porangi; haurangi. Madman, s. Maggot, s. Kutukutu; iroiro; ketoketo (R.). Magnify, v. Whakanui. Magnitude, s. Nui.

Kaanga; kopakipaki. Maimed, a. Kero. Mainland, s. Tuawhenua. Make, v. Hanga; whaihanga (E.C.). Male, a. Tane; tourawhi; toa. Malice, s. Mauahara. Malicious, a. Mauahara; kawe riri.

Tangata.

Man, old, s. Kara; koroheke; ko- Mediator, s. roua (E. C.); hakoro (E. C.); karaua; purakau (R.). Man, young, s. Taitamariki. Manage, v. Whakarite. Mange, s. Waihakihaki. Manifest, a. Marama; kiteu. Mankind, s. Tangata. Manner, s. Ritenga; tu; tikanga. Manure, s. Wairakau. Many, a. Tini; maha; tokomaha; hia. Mark, v. Tohutohu. Mark, s. Tohu; waitohu (E. C.). Mark of a perserve or sacred spot, Rahui. Mark on the skin at the birth, Ira. s. Marrow, s. Hinu wheua. Marriage, s. Tangohanga (E. C.); marenatanga. Married woman, s. Maronui. Marry, v. Marena. Marshy, a. Tapokopoko; repo. Marvel, v. Miharo. See Wonder. Mashed, a. Hupenupenu; kohari; penupenu; tararo. Mast, s. Rewa; rakau. Mast of a canoe, s. Tiratu. Master, s. Rangatira. Mast for the floor, s. Takapau; tapau; wharariki; koaka (E.C.); tienga (E. C.). Me, pron. Ahau. - for me, Maku; moku; mahaku; mohoku. - by me. Maku; naku. of me. Noku. Mahunga; mangaro; Mealy, a. mohungahunga; motuhanga. Tutua; ware. Mean, a. Measure, s. Tatai; mehua.

whatau; tatai.

See Pull about.

Kikokiko.

Meat. s.

Medicine, s. Rongoa. Meditate, v. Whakaaro. Meek, a. Mahaki. Meet, v. Tutaki; whakahei (E.C.); whakatau (Ng.). Meet in front, v. Haukoti (W.). Mellow, a. Ngawari; ngohengohe; taromanoa. Melt, v. Rewa. Membrane which covers the vis-Whiwhi. cera, s. Memory, s. Mahara. Mend, v. Hanga. Mention, v. Korero. Mentioned before, a. Taua; aua. Merciful, a. Tohu. Merry, a. Hari; koa. Mesh, s. Kanakana; mata; takekenga. Message, s. Kupu; korero. Karere; kaikai-Messenger, s. waiu; purahorua (W.). Meteor, s. Kotiri; matakokiri. Middle, s. Waenganui; waengapu; waengarahi; waenga; pokapu; turotowaenga (W.-E.C.); turuawaenga. Waenganuipo. Midnight, s. Mild, a. Mahaki. Mildew, s. Hekaheka. Mile, s. Maero. Milk, s. Waiu. Mill, s. Mira. Mind, s. Ngakau; hinengaro. Mine, pron. Taku; toku; tahaku; tohoku; naku; noku. Miracle, s. Merekara. Miscarriage, s. Materoto; take; whakatahe. Mischievous, a. Nana; raukeke (W.); rahurahu (E. C.). Misery, s. Mate; pouri. Measure with extended arms, v. Misgive, v. Manukanuka; awangawanga; korapa (W.). Whanga; whanganga; wharite; Mislead, v. Whakahe. Miss, v. Hemo; heke; pahemo. Meddle, s. Rahurahu; tangotango. Kohu; au (E. C.); pu-Mist, a. kohu.

Takawaenga.

Misty, a. Anehu (W.); uwhango Mother-in-law, s. Hungawai; hu-(W). • Mother-in-law, s. Hungawai; hunarere (E. C.); hunarei (E. C.).

Mistake, s. He; poauau; pohehe; pohewa; pokaku; porahurahu; wairangi.

Mistake in speech, s. Pakewa.

Mix, v. Pokepoke; nanu; whakananu; popo; ranu; konatunatu
(E.O.); natu (E.O.); whakaranu;
whakahanumi (E.O.).

Moan, v. Aurere; ngunguru.

Moat, s. Awakeri; awakari; awarua.

Mock, v. Tawai; taunu; whaka-tau; patai (Ng.).

Model, s. Pukenga (E. C.); tauira. Moderate, v. Mahaki.

Moderate, to be, v. Rikarika (W.).

Moist, to be, v. Maku; hauku (E.C.); haumaku (E.C.); hautaku (E.C.); koputoitoi; kuwaiwai; toi; towawahi (W.).

Moisten, v. Whakamakuku.

Moisture, s. Maku; hauku; hautaku.

Mole, s. Iraira.

Month, s. Marama.

Monument, s. Tohu.

Moon, s. Marama.

Moonlight, s. Atarau; atamarama. Moor, s. Koraha.

More, a. Tetahi atu; nui atu; rahi atu.

Morning, s. Ata.

Morning star, s. Tawera.

Morrow, on the, adv. Apopo; auinake.

Morsel, s. Wahi.

Mortified, to be, v. Kikohunga.

Mosquito, s. Waeroa.

Moss on trees, s. Kohukohu; pa-papa.

Most, a. Te wahi nui.

Moth, s. Huhu; naonao; purehurehu; purehua (E. C.).

Mother, s. Matua wahine; whaea; koka (E.C.); whaerere.

Mother-in-law, s. Hungawai; hunarere (E. C.); hunarei (E. C.). Motion, s. Koninga; korikoringa; keukeunga.

Motive, s. Take; putake.

Move about, v. Keukeu; korikori; taka.

Move swiftly, v. Omaki. See Glide. Move towards, v. Ahu; koni; neke; nuku; onoi; paneke; whakanekeneke.

Move up and down, v. Piupiu.

Move the lips, v. Komekome.

Mouldy, to be, v. Hekaheka; puru.

Mound, s. Toropuke; pukepuke. Mount, v. Eke.

Mountain, s. Maunga.

Mountainous, a. Maunga.

Mourn, v. Tangi; aue; taua.

Mourn, v. Tangi; aue; taua.

Mourning, s. Taua; tangi. Mouth, s. Mangai; waha; ma-

whera (R.).

Mouth, sides of, s. Pakiwaha (E.C.).

Mouth of a river, s. Ngutuawa; kuaha; puaha; wahapu; kongutu. Much, a. Nui; rahi.

Mud, s. Paru; paruparu (E. C.);

Multiply, v. Whakanui; nui haere. Multitude, s. Maha; hira; mano; tini; hea.

Murder, s. Kohuru; whakapiko. Murder, v. Kohuru.

Murmur, v. Kowhetewhete; kohumuhumu. See Grumble.

Muscle, s. Kuku; purewha; ku-tae; ngupara.

Muscle, freshwater, s. Kakahi.

Mushroom, s. Harori.

Musket, s. Pu.

Must. Me, before the verb, as Me haere; You must go.

Mutter, v. Hameme; hamumu; komeme; hawata.

Muzzle, s. Waha; ngutu.

Muzzle, v. Whakamoka.

My, pron. Taku; toku; aku; oku.

N.

Nail, s. Titi; whao. Naked, a. Kau; tahanga (W.); takahore. Name, s. Ingoa. Name, v. Hua; tapa. Namely, adv. Ara. Nap, s. Hungahunga. Narrow, a. Whaiti. Iwi; hapu; pu. Nation, s. Native, a. Maori; tupu. Natural, a. Maori. Navel, s. Pito. Nay, adv. Kahore. See Not. Neap tide, s. Taitai ririki. Near, a. Tata; tutata; tatata; patata; pine; puputu. Necessary, a. Ka takoto te tikanga. Neck, s. Kaki. Neck, back of, s. Tuta; porokaki (E. C.); moua (E. C.). Needle, s. Ngira. Neglect, s. Whakaaro kore. Neglect. v. Whakarere. Neighbour, s. Hoa tata. Neither, adv. Kakore. See Not. Nephew, s. Iramutu; tapairu (W.). Nest, s. Owhanga; kowhanga. Net. v. Ta. Net, s. Kupenga; kukuti: pukoro; tauwhatu; whakawhiu. - small handnet. Tata; tawiri; roke (R.); kori; toere; toemi (Ħ.). Nettle, s. Ongaonga. Never, adv. rawa. New, a. Hou. Newness, s. haimatatanga; hounga. News, s. Korero. Next. a. Tata. See Near. ibble, r. Harangote: tongi. ⊾ **a**. Reka. Hamamatanga; ngatata; Now, adr.

Niece, s. Iramutu; tapairu (W.). Night, s. Po; kengo (R_1) . Nimble, a. Hohoro; kakama. See Quick. Nine, a. Iwa. Nineteen, a. Tekau ma iwa. Ninety, a. Iwa tekau; hokoiwa (W.).Nip, v. Kikini; kuku; pakini. Nipple, s. U. Nit, s. Riha. No, adv. Kahore; kanape. Nod, v. Tungou; manana. Nod through drowsiness, v. newha. Noise, s. Turituri; maniania (E.C.); nganga; nge; ngengere; ngunguru; porearea (E. C.). Noise, to make, v. Tihoihoi; whakarengoa; haparangi (E. C.); hoihoi (W); nani (E.C.); turituri; maniania; nganga. Noise of steam in boiling, s. Hu; huhu. Nonsense, s. Hangareka; hangarau; tinihanga; raureka. Noose, s. Rore: tawhiti. See Snare. Nor. adv. Kahore. See Not. North, s. Nota. North-east wind, s. Pawhakarua. North-west wind, s. Hauatiu; kotiu; tuaraki; tupatiu. Nose, s. Ihu. Nostril, s. Pongaponga. Kahore rawa; kihai Not, adv. Kahore; aua; ehara; kore; ehake; haunga; hore; hori (W.); kaua; kauaka; kanape (E. C.); kei; kiano; kihai; te. Notch, v. Teno; tokari; whakakarikari. Nothing, s. Kahore kau he mea. Notwithstanding, conj. Ahakoa. Novice, s. Ihupuku.

Aianei; inaianei; na

tou.

Nuisance, s. Nanakia; taitahae; autaia (E. C.); whanoke (E. C.). Number, s. Hira (W.); tokoma- Nurse, v. hatanga. Numerous, s. Hira (W); tini

ngerongero; tini whaioio. See Many. Hiki; tapuhi (E. C.). Nurse, s. Kaihiki.

O, vocative, int. E. Oar, s. Hoe. Obey, v. Rongo. Object, v. Whakakahore; whakakorekore. Titiro; matakitaki. Observe, v. Obsidian, s. Tuhua. Obstacle, s. Taunahua; arai; tauarai. Obstinate, a. Turi; tutu; whakakeke; taumaro; papamaro(E.C.); hoi; keke; motohe (E. C.); pake; raweke. Obstruction, s. Arai; pa; taupa. See Block up. Obstruction in the eye, s. Pura. Obtain, v. Whiwhi. Occasion, s. Wa. Occupation, s. Whakataute. Occupy, v. Noho. Ocean, s. Moana. Ochre, s. Kokowai; tareha; karamea; horua. Odd number, s. Hara; koha; punga. Kakara; haunga. Odour, s. Of, (belonging to), prep. A; o; na; no. Offence, s. Hara; kino; he. Offend, v. Hara; he; tunuhuruhuru. Offensive, to be, v. Anuanu. Offering to a deity, s. Tiri; whakahere. Office, s. Mahi. Offspring, s. Uri; whanau; momo; momohanga. Often, adv. Auau. Oh, int. 0. Oil, s. Hinu. Order, to put in, v. Whakapai.

Ointment, s. Hinu.

Old, a. Tawhito; tuarangi. Omen, s. Aitua; tohu. Omit, v. Kape. Omnipotent, a. Kaha rawa. On, prep. Ki runga i. Once, adv. Tuatahi. One, a. Tahi; ngatahure (R.). Only, adv. Anake; anahe; kau. Onwards, adv. Ake; atu. Ooze, v. Toto; pati. Open, a. Hamama; puare; tuwhera; kowhera; matatawka (W.); pirara; piwatawata; porara; puataata; purara; puwatawata; tawhera; tiwhaki. Open, v. Whakapuare; whakatuwhera; uaki. Opening, s. Putanga; tomokanga. See Entrance. Ophthalmia, s. Papahewa; toretore (W.). Opinion, s. Whakaaro. Opportunity, s. Wa. Oppose, v. Whawhai; arai. Opposite, to be, v. Anganui mai; hangai. Opposite side, s. Tawahi; tarawáhi. Opposite side, on the, adv. Tai. Oppress, v. Whakawhiu; whakatina. Or, (answering to whether), conj. Ranei; ahakoa; raina (E. C.). Oration, s. Korero; taki; whaikorero. Orator, s. Kai korero. Ordain, v. Whakarite.

Order, v. Patukituki (W.); unga;

tono; tapa.

Origin, s. Timatanga.

Ornament for the neck, s. Hei; Overlook, v. heitiki. Ornamental, a. Whakapaipai. Orphan, s. Pani. Other, pron. Tera; tetahi. Otherwise, adv. Penei. Oven, s. Hangi; umu; hapi; hopi (R.); karahu; kohua (W.); konao (W.); kopa (R.); kori (W.); tapi; okeoke (E. C.); tarahu; topipi. Over, prep. Ki runga i. Overcome, to be, v. Mate; taea. Overdone, a. Harotu. Overflow, v. Huri; pukea; torena; purena. Overgrown, a. Hururua; muhu. Overhang, v. Tauwharewhare. Overhanging, a. Peru. Overload, v. Whakawhiu (E.C.—W.); whakatina (E, C.).

Tirotiro. Overtaken, a. Rokohanga; rokohina. Overthrow, v. Huri; hua; porohuri; tupoporo. Ought, v. Me; ka takoto te tikango. To tatou; ta tatou; Our, pron. to malou; ta matou. Ourselves, pron. Tatou; matou. Out, adv. Waho. Outermost, a. Waho rawa. Outside, the, s. Waho. Outward, adv. Ki waho. Owl, s. Koukou; ruru. Own, a. Ake; as, taku ake, my own. Owner, s. Tangata nona te mea. Ox, s. Okiha.

Tio; ngakihi (W.).

Oyster, s.

Р.

Pack up, v. Takai; kohi. Packet, s. Takai. Pad, s. Whakapuru; paretua. Pad, v. Matata; whakapuru. Paddle, s. Hoe; hirau $(W_{-}R_{-})$. Page, s. Wharangi. Mamae. Pain, s. Pain, to be in, v. Mamae. Paint, v. Pani. Pair, s. Topu; purua (E. C.). Palatable, a. Reka. Palate, s. Ngao; pikiarero. Pale, a. Ma; kotea. Paling, s. Whana (E.C.); kawawa; wawa. Palm of the hand, s. Paro. Pant, v. Mapu; tare; puka; kiha; hutare (W.); whakaaeaea; whakahotuhotu. Pap, s. U.

> Papa; matua. Pukapuka.

Papillæ on the skin, s.

Tunu.

Tihore.

Papa, s.

Paper, s.

huahua.

 $\mathbf{rch}, v.$

re, v.

Matua. Parent, s. Parrot, s. Kaka; kakariki (E. C. __W.); powhaitere. Part, s. Wahi; etahi; ehinu. Partly, adv. Ko tetahi wahi. Partner, s. Hoa; makau (W.). Party, s. Ope; pahi. See Company. Pass by, v. Pahure; hori (E.C.); taka; pahemo (W.); pahika (E.C. -R.); tahapa (E. C.). Pass near, v. Wani; miri; hohoni (Ng.); konihi (W.). Pass over, (omit), v. Kape. — to be passed over. ngere. Pass over, (cross), v. Whiti. Pass through, v. Puta. Passage, s. Ara; huarahi. Past, to be, v. Mahue; pahure; pahemo; hori. Pat, v. Pakipaki; popo. Tara; | Patch, s. Papaki; tapiri; tapi; hoi. Patch, v. Papaki; tapi. Path, s. Ara; huarahi; huanui. Patient, a. Manawanui.

Pattern, s. Tauira; ritengu; pukenga.

Pause, v. Okioki.

Pay, v. Whakaea; utu.

Payment, s. Utu.

rongo.

Peaceful, a. Rangatira; rangimarie; marie.

Peacemaker, s. Kai hohou rongo; takawaenga.

Pebble, s. Kirikiri; kohatu.

Timo. Peck, v.

Pedigree, s. Tahu; kawai; kawei.

Peel, s. Kiri; hiako; tangai; tapeha; peha (W.).

Peel. v. Tihore; horehore; paopao; pangunungunu.

Peeled, to be, v. Mahore; mahihore; titupu; whakatako.

Peep. v. Tirotiro; matakitaki.

Peg, s. Poupou; tia; tirau.

Pelt, v. Epa.

Penetrate, v. Aurara.

People, s. Hunga; tangata.

Perceive. v. Kite.

You may perceive; mau koe; or maori koe.

Perch, s. Taunga.

Perfect, a. Tika; rite tonu.

Perform, v. Mahi.

Pea. Perhaps, adv.

Perish, v. Mate.

Permanent, a. Tuturu; tupu; taketake; pumau; tumau; whai.

Permit, v. Tuku.

Perpendicular. a. Tu tonu.

Perplexity, s. Raru; kuraruraru; pokeka; ponana; whakatuatea; pohehe.

Persecute, v. Whakatoi.

Persevere. v. Tohe.

Person, s. Koro; tahae (W.-E.C.); tahake (E. C.).

Person employed in anything, s. Kai.

Perspiration, s. Kakawa; tota; tokakawa.

Persuade, v. Whakawai. See Beguile.

Perverse, a. Tulu.

Pervert, v. Whakariro.

Peace, to make, v. Hohou i te Pest, s. Nanakia; autaia (E. C.); taitahae.

> Pestilence, s. Mate uruta.

Pet. s. Puhi.

Phlegm, s. Mare.

Physic, s. Rongoa.

Pick, v. Hikohiko.

Pick out, v. Whiriwhiri; kape; tikaro; hikaro; kowhitiwhiti; komiri: kowae.

Piece, s. Wahi.

Piece, v. Honohono; tuhonohono.

Pierce. v. Wero.

Pierced through, a. Ngangengange noa.

Pig, s. Poaka; kuhukuhu.

Pigeon, s. Kukupa; kereru; kuku.

Pigsty, s. Pataka; raihi.

Pile up, v. Puranga. See Heap.

Pillow, s. Urunga.

Pilot, s. Kai urungi.

Pimple, s. Huahua; kiritona.

Pimples, to be covered with, v. Papata; para.

Pin, s. Pine.

Pincers. s. Kuku.

Pinch, v. Pakini; kikini.

Pit. s. Rua; pokorua; korotangi; kopiha; korua.

Waha o Pit of the stomach, s. le ale.

Ware. Pitch, s.

Pity, s. Aroha.

Pity, v. Aroha!

Place, s. Wahi.

Place of departed spirits, s. reinga.

Place, v. Panga; waiho; whakanoho; whakatakoto; whakatu; whiu.

Place before, v. Tapae.

Place one upon another, v. Whakapapa; whakapipi.

Plain, s. Mania; raorao; parae; | Porpoise, s. Tupoupou; hopuhopu; tahora; papatahi; reoreo (R.).

Plait, v. Raranga; whiri.

Plan, s. Tatai; tikanga.

Plank, s. Papa.

Plant, v. Whakato; ko; tiri; pokapoka; koiri (E. C.); pirori (E. C.); ono (E. C.).

Planting time, s. Koanga.

Play, v. Takaro; whakanene; kapa.

Plaything, s. Pataritari; mea takaro.

Pleasant, a. Ahuareka; ataahua; purotu: reka.

Pleased, to be, v. Pai; ahuareka; maha (E. C.).

Plentiful, a. Maha; tini. Abundance.

Plenty. Maha; tini. See Abundance.

Pliable, a. Ngohengohe (E. C.); ngorenoa; ngorengore.

Pluck, v. Whawhaki; kowhaki; kato; auru; kopepe.

Plug, s. Puru.

Plug, v. Puru; mono.

Plunder, v. Muru; murei; hone; ngau; pahua; roromi; takahi; tukuku.

Pocket, s. Putea.

Point, s. Keokeonga; koinga; mata; tongi.

Point, on the, adv. Whano.

Point out, v. Whakaatu. Pointed, a. Keokeo; popo.

Pole, s. Toko.

Pole on which a weight is carried, s. Tauteka (E. C.).

Polish, v. Whakakanapa.

Pollen, s. Para.

Pond, s. Hopua; kopiha; harotoroto (E. C.).

Pool, s. Hopua; kopiha.

Poor, a. Rawa-kore.

Porch, s. Whakamahau. See Verandah.

Pork, s. Poaka.

waiaua; upokohue.

Kai amo; kai pikau. Porter. s.

Wahi. Portion, s.

Position, s. Turanga; takotoranga.

Possess, v. Whai; whiwhi.

Possess power or influence, v. Manamana.

Possible, a. Taea; ahei.

Post, s. Pou; turupou.

Post, middle, of houses, s. Poutokomanawa.

Pother, s. Pongere.

Kapana; parareka; Potato, s. riwai; hiwai; taiawa.

Pound, v. Paoi.

See | Pour, v. Riringi; tahoro (E.C.); whakangita (W.).

> Pout. v. Taperu.

Powder, v. Whakanehu.

Power, s. Mana; kaha; maru.

Praise, v. Whakapai; moemiti.

Pray, v. Inoi.

Prayer, s. Inoi.

Preach, v. Kauwhau.

Precious, a. Utu nui; matahiaro.

Precipice, s. Pari.

Precise, a. Pu; tino.

Pregnant, to be, v. Hapu; ahua; to.

Premature, a. Kokoti.

Preparation, s. Takanga.

Prepare, v. Taka; takatu; tumatohi (W.).

Present, s. Hakari.

Present in return, s. Pehipehi; whaka (E, C).

Present time, up to, adv. Mohoa noa nei; moroki noa nei.

Present, v. Tapae.

Presently, adv. Akuenei; taihoa; takaro; kia toka.

Preserve, v. Rahui; rongoa; tohu.

Press, v. Pehi; tatami.

Press to do anything, v. Tohe; kakari (E. C.); akiaki.

Pressure, s. Pehanga; taminga.

Pretty, a. Ataahua.

vent, v. Arai; taupa. Parakete; parurenga. y, s. 3e, s. Utu. 3k, v. Oka. skly, to be, v. Ongaonga; koioi; taratara. Whakapehapeha. de, s. est, s. Ariki; tohunga. at, v. Ta. ater, s. Kai ta. Whare herehere. 30n, s. ceed, v. Haere. See Go. ductions of the earth, s. Mau. fess, v. Korero. jection, s. Ngao; puku. mise, s. Kupu whakaari. montory, s. Rae; kurae; tumu. ee Headland. of, s. Tohu; whakaponotanga. p, s. Tokomanga; ueha. per, a. Tika. perty, s. Hanga; taonga; rawa; aputapu; ngerengere. phet, s. Poropiti. pitiate, v. Whakaporepore. sy, to be. Amiki; autaki (W.). tect, v. Tiaki. tection, s. Tiakanga. ud, a. Whakapehapeha; wha-:ahihi; whakakake. ve, v.Whakapono. verb, s. Whakatauki. visions, s. Kai; o; powhirivhiri. voke, v. Whakapataritari. w, s. Ihu. Whakaaro. ident, a. ine, v. Kokoti. ılm, s. Waiata. naw, int. Hi. Pupirikana. blican, s. blic, a. Nui. blish, v. Korero nui.

Pull, v. Kukume. Pull about, v. Rahurahu; tangotango; makitaunu; raukeke. Pull the hair, v. Tauhutihuti; huhuti. Pull up, v. Huhuti; karikari; kowhiti; nape; ranga. Pull a trigger, v. Keu. Pull towards, as with a stick, v. Rou; tirou. Pulled off, to be, v. Maunu. Pumice, s. Pungapunga; tahoata (E. C.).Pungency, s. Tawau; tangeo. Pupil of the eye, s. Whatu; karupango. Purchase, v. Hoko. Pure, a. Ma; purotu (E. C.); toari (R.); piata. Whakama; mea kia Purify, v. ma. Purple, a. Papura. Purpose, v. Whakaaro; korou; mea; ki. Purpose, to no, adv. Maumau ; noa; kahurangi. Pus, s. Pirau. Push, s. Reke. Push, v. Turaki; kopere. Put, v. Maka. See Place. Put forth, v. Unu. Put in, v. Kokomo; whawhao. Put on board a ship or canoe, v. Put out (extinguish), v. Tinei. Put out, as the tongue, v. Whatero; whetero. Put together, v. Tungutungutu; tutakitaki (E.C.); ungutungutu (W.); whakawhaiti (E. C.). Putrid, a. Pirau; i; pihonga; meto. Putrify, v. Kikohunga.

Q.

Quack, v. Keke. Quadruped, v. Kararehe. Quake, v. Wiri; hungoingoi; huoioi. Quantity, s. Maha; nui. Quarrel, s. Whawhai; pakanga; whainga; wheinga. Quarrel, v. Whawhai; tatau; ngangare; kakari; kaikiri; pakani; totohe; whakanehenehe; whakanene; whakanihoniho (E.C.); wekiki (W.). Queen. s. Kuini. Quench, v. Tinei. Question, v. Ui; patai; pakiki. Quick, to be, v. Awe; hohoro; kakama; hauhau; hihiko (W.); kapekapetau; kautangatanga (W.); nahau; ngahau; ngawari; pekepeke; tatanga; toitoi; tuhaua;

hihiri. Quicken, v. Whakahohoro; whakangawari; whawhai; whakahauh**au**. Quickly, adv. Inamata (W.); inangelo. Quicksand, s. Powharuwharu. Quiet, a. Marie; rangatira; rangimarie; ahua maimarie; wahangu; hangu; mahaki; whe; rarata. Quiet. v. Whakamarie; whakararata. Quietly, adv. Marie; maika (E.C.). Quill, s. Hokai. Quite, adv. Ata; rawa; tonu; tou (E. C.); tino; hangehange;

ke; kita (E. C.); noa atu.

whakamaroro; whawhai (E.C.);

R.

Race (watercourse), s. Maero (w.). | Rat, s. Kiore; maungarua; ina-Radius of the arm, s. Apiti. Raft, s. Kahupapa. Rafter, s. Heke; nehe (R.). Rag, s. Pakaru kakahu. Rage, s. Riri; aritarita; nanau (E. C.); whakananau (E. C.). Rail of a fence, s. Tangotango; huahua (W.); kaho. Rain, s. Ua; awha (E. C.). Rainbow, s. Aniwaniwa; kahukura; ouenuku (E. C.). Raise, v. Hapai; whakaara; paikeike; riaki (W.—E. C.). Raise by a lever, v. Hua. Raised, to be, v. Whakaikeike; whakamaiengi; whakatairanga; rangai; mahua. Rake, s. Rakuraku. Rank, s. Rangatiratanga. Ransom, s. Utu.

Rap, v. Whiu; kuru; papaki.

Rash, a. Hikaka.

moki; riroi. Rather, adv. Engari; erangi. Rattle, v. Tatangi. Rave, v. Haurangi; porangi; hawata. Ravel v. Whiwhi. Raw, a. Mata; torouka; kaimata; putoto; whakarae; tonganga. - raw, as inside of the mouth Komaoa. Ray, s. Hihi; toko. Razor, s. Heu; rama (W.). Tupono; tae. Reach, v. Reach to the bottom, v. Tatu. Reach, to be out of, v. Aweawe. Read, v. Korero pukapuka. Ready, to be, v. Takatu. Reap, v. Kokoti. Whakatupu. Rear. v. Reason, s. Take; putake. Receive, v. Tango. Reckon, v.

Recollect, v. Mahara. Recollection, s. Mahara. Recovered from sickness, to be, v. Ora. Recovered (got back), a. Riro mai. Red, a. Whero; kura; makurakura; paka; pakaka; ngangana (W.); pakurakura (E. C.); towhero. Red ochre, s. Kokowai; tareha; horu (E.C.); takou. Redeem, v. Hoko. Redeemer, s. Kai hoko. Reed, s. Kakaho. Reel, s. Hukeke. See Stagger. Refresh, v. Whakahouhou. Refreshing, a. Hauhau; houhou. See Cool. Refuge, s. Omanga; piringa. Refuse, v. Paopao; whakananau; whakapouru. See Reject. Regiment, s. Hapu hoia. Regret, v. Manawapa; awhitu. Reign, v. Kingi. Reject, v. Whakarere; whakakino; whakaahu (E. C.); whakahoe; whakaparahako. Rejoice, v. Hari; koa; whakamanamana. Relation, s. Whanaunga; hua-Relation by marriage, s. Kaireperepe (W.); pakuwha (E. C.); tapakuwha (E. C.). Relax, v. Whakakorokoro; tukutuku. Release, v. Tuku kia haere. Relic, s. Oha. Relief, s. Whakangawaritanga. Religion, s. Karakia. Relish, v. a au taku kai; I relish my food. Reluctant, a. Whakakumu; e kore | Restless, a. e pai. Rely, v. Okioki; whakawhirinaki. Remain, v. Toe. Remain (stay in a place), v. Noho.

Remains of food, s. Maanga; toenga. Remark, s. Kupu; korero. Remedy, s. Rongoa. Remember, v. Mahara. Remind, v. Whakamahara. Remnant of an army or tribe, s. Morehu; toenga. Bemorse, s. Pouri. Haere; heke; whatı. Remove, v. Rent, to be, v. Motu; pakaru; pakohu. Repair, v. Hanga. Whakahua; paparua; Repeat, v. whanga. Repent, v. Ripeneta. Whakahoki. Replace, v. Reply, v. Whakahoki kupu. Report, to make, v. Papa. Tawai; taunu. Reproach, v. Reprove, v. Riri. Reptile, s. Ngarara. Request, v. Ui; inoi. Resemble, v. Ahuahua; ariaria (E. C.).Resemblance, s. Ahua; kahua; ritenga. Reserve, v. Waiho; tohu; rongoa. Residence, s. Kainga; whare; pouakakiwa. Resin, s. Kapia; ware. Resinous wood, s. Kapara. Resist, v. Whawhai; riri. Resolute, a. Maro; uaua. Respect, s. Koha; whakaaro. Respect, v. Manaaki: whakaaro ki. Ta te manawa. Respire, v. Rest, v. Okioki. Rest upon, v. Tatao; okioki; tau. Reka; as, Ka reka ki Resting-place, s. Taumata; okiokinga. Okeoke; tahurihuri; ohooho. Restore, v. Whakahoki. Restrain, v. Pupuri; pehi; korcpehu. Remainder, s. Hau; koha; toenga. Retire, v. Hoki.

Return, v. Hoki; whakahoki. Reveal, v. Whakakite; whakapuaki; whaki. Ngaki; takitaki; Revenge, v. rapu utu. Revenge, s. Utu; rapunga utu. Reverence, s. Hopohopo. Revile, v. Taunu; tawai; patai. Reward, s. Utu. Rib, s. Rara; taiki. Rich, a. Momona; whai taonga. Riddle, s. Kai. See Sieve. Ridge, s. Kaweka; hiwi (E. C.); kahiwi (E. C.); tuatua (E. C.); tau; taukaka (E. C.). Ridgepole, s. Tahu (E. C.); tahuhu. Ridicule, s. Taunu; tawai. Right, a. Tika; totika (E. C.). Rigidity of the hair, s. Puhihihihi. Righteous, a. Tika. Right hand, s. Matau; katau (E. C.).Rim, s. Ngutu. Rind, s. Hiako; kiri; tangai. Ring, s. Kapa; porowhita; mowhiti. Ringworm, s. Muna; patito. Ripe, a. Maoa; pe. Ripple, s. Kare. Rise up, v. Ara; maranga; matika; whakatika; tutu; maea; puea; whakatairangaranga. River, s. Awa. Road, s. Ara; huarahi; huanui. Roar, v. Rara; tangi. Roast, v. Tunu; rangirangi; parahunuhunu (R.); parangunu (R.). Rob, v. Tahae; whanako; kaia; keia. Rock, s. Kowhatu; kamaka; toka; teko. Rod, s. Whiu.

Roe of a fish, s.

Roof, s. Tuanui.

Roll along, v. Pirori.

Roll, v. Hurihuri; kopiupiu.

Hakari.

Roof of the mouth, s. Pikiarero; ngao. Roof, v. Tapatu; ato. Room, s. Takiwa; wa; wahi. Root, s. Putake; take; pakiaka; paiaka (E. C.); weri. Roots, fibrous. Akaaka. Root, v. Ketu. Root up, v. Huhuti; unu. Rope, s. Whakaheke; taura; rahiri; kaha; hutihuti (R.-W.). Ropy, to be, v. Tataki. Rotten, a. Pirau; koko; kurupopo; manumanu (W.). Rotten wood, s. Pukorukoru. Rough, a. Ongaonga; taratara. Rough, as the sea, a. ngaru. Round, a. Porotaka; potakataka. Round about, ad. Awhiowhio; autaki (W.); takaawhe (E.C.); taiawhio (W.). Row, s. Kapa; rarangi. Row, v. Hoe. Rub, v. Miri; mukumuku; kanikani; ukui. Rubbish, s. Otaota; kapurangi. Rudder, s. Urungi; urunga. Rule, s. Tikanga; totika. Rumbling noise, s. Haruru; ngunguru; koko (E. C.); whakarurunga. Run, v. Rere; oma; takawhaki; turere; karehe (R.). Run away, v. Tahuti (W.); lawhiti (E. C.). Run off to a point, v. Hoiki. Run over, v. Huri; pukea; torena; purena. Run through, v. Komama. Runner, s. Kawe; kawai (E.C.); kawei (W.). Rupture, s. Whaturama. Rush, v. Amo; huaki; ranga; rangatahi; whakaeke; pahihi. Rush, a plant, s. Wiwi. Rust, s. Waikura; parariki.

Rustle, v. Ngahehe.

S.

Sabbath, s. Hapati; ra tapu. Sack, s. Peke. Sacrament, s. Hakarameta. Tapu; rahui. Sacred, a. Sacrifice, s. Whakahere; patunga tapu. Sad, a. Pouri. Saddle, s. Nohoanga hoiho. Safe, to be, v. Ora. Safety. Ora; oranga. Sail, s. Ra; komaru; mamaru; whakawhiti (R.). Sail, v. Rere. Sail together, v. Kariri. Sail about, v. Whakateretere. Sail close to the wind, v. Ngongo. Sailor, s. Kai whakatere kaipuke. Saint, s. Tangata tapu. Sale, s. Hoko. Saliva, s. Hauare; haware; huare (E. C.).Salt. s. Tote. Salt, a. Mataitai. Salt water, s. Tai; wai tai. Salute, v. Hongi; tangi; ohu. Salvation, s. Oranga. Taua. Same, a. Sanctify, v. Whakatapu. Sand, s. Onepu. Sandal, s. Parekereke. Sandbank, s. Tahuna. Sandfly, s. Namu. Sap, s. Wai. Sapling, s. Mahuri. Satan, s. Hatana. Satisfaction, s. Utu; manawareka. Satisfied, to be, v. Iro; manaworeka; maha (E. C.); na; ngata; tatu; whakana. Saturday, s. Hatarei. Sauce, s. Kinaki. Tutu. Saucy, a. Save, v. Whakaora; whakarauora.

orapito; oraiti. Saviour, s. Kai whakaora. Savour, s. Kakara; ha; reka. Saw. s. Kani. Sawdust, s. Ota; para. Sawpit, s. Wahapu kani rakau. Sawyer, s. Kai kani. Say, v. Korero; ki; mea. See Speak. Saying, s. Whakatauki: kupu: korero. Scabbed, to be, v. Tongako. Scald, s. Wera. Scald a pig, v. Hunuhunu. Scalded, to be, v. Wera. Scale, s. Inoki; unahi. Scapula, s. Papaahuahua. Scar, s. Nawe; nawenga. Scarce, to be, v. Onge; moti (W.-E. C.).Scarcity, s. Onge; moti. Scare, v. Whakahaehae; whakawehi. Scarecrow, v. Whakahaehae. Scarify, v. Haeha**e**. Scarlet, a. Whero. Titaritari; tiranga-Scatter, v. ranga; tirangorango; hahu; tihahuhahu; whakakorakora; rui; whakamarara. Scattered, to be, v. Maheu; paoarikiriki (E. C.). Scent, to emit, v. Kakara; tiare (W.); haunga. Schism, s. Wehewehenga. Scholar, s. Akonga.School, s. Kura. Science, s. Matauranga; mohiotanga. Scissors, s. Kutikuti. Scoff, v. Taunu; tawai; whakatau; patai (Ng.). Scold, v. Riri; whakangutungutu (W.); whaurau (W.). Scoop, v. Tikaro; koko.

Saved with difficulty, a. Oranoa;

Scorch, v. Rangirangi.

Scour, v. Horoi.

Scrap, s. Toenga; tapahanga; motuhanga.

Scrape, v. Rakuraku; wharowharo; tahitahi (W.); tiwari; waniwani (W.); waruwaru; pakeke.

Scrape out, v. Ope.

Scrape along the surface, v. Harakuku.

Scrape flax, v. Haro; hakuku; takiri (E. C.).

Scratch, v. Natu; rakuraku.

Scream, v. Tangi.

Screen, s. Hoka; hua (W.); pahoka (W.); rianga.

Screen, v. Arai; pa; whakamarumaru; whakaruru; ri; rohi

Scribe. s. Kai tuhituhi.

Scrofula, s. Puku; pukaki; mahaki.

Scrub, v. Horoi; ukuikui.

Sculk, v. Piri.

Sea, s. Moana; tai.

Sea-beach, s. Tahuna; takutai.

Sea-breeze, s. Muritai; whakarua (E. C.).

Sea coast, s. Tatahi; takutai(E.C.); taipu.

Sea urchin, s. Kina.

Seal, s. Kekeno.

Seam, s. Tuinga.

Search for, v. Rapu; haha. See Seek.

Season, s. Wa; po.

Seat, s. Nohoanga.

Seat in a boat, s. Taumanu.

Seaweed, s. Rimu.

Second, a. Rua; tuarua.

Secret, a. Ngaro; puku; toropuku.

Secretly, ad. Puku.

Secretion from the nose, s. Hupe; kea (E. C.).

Sediment, s. Para.

See, v. Kite.

Seed, s. Purapura; huri; kakano; Shake, v. Ngaueue; oioi; rurekopura.

Seek, v. Rapu; kimi; rapa; hahu; haha (W.); auhaha; harau.

Seemeth, it, v. Ngia; tinga.

Seer, s. Matakite.

Seine, s. Kupenga.

Seize, v. Hopu; kapo.

Select, v. Whiriwhiri. See Pick out

Sell. v. Hoko.

Send, v. Tono; ngare; unga.

Sense, s. Whakaaro.

Sentence, s. Kupu.

Separate, v. Wehewehe; momotu; mawehe; kowae (W.).

Separated, to be, v. Motukake (W.).

Separate contending parties, v. Wawao.

Separate, to be, v. Tatahi; takitahi.

September, s. Hepetema.

Sermon, s. Kauwhau.

Serpent. s. Nakahi; neke.

Servant, s. Pononga; rahi; tumau (E. C.-W.).

Serve, v. Whakarato.

Served, to be, v. Rato; tu.

Served, not, a. Hapa; ngere.

Service, s. Mahi.

Set, v. Toene; torengi; toremi. Set on fire, v. Tahutahu; tutu. Tatu; heke; taunga. Settle. v.

Whitu. Seven, a.

Seventeen, a. Tekau ma whitu.

Seventy, a. Whitu tekau; hokowhitu (W.).

Momotu; wehewehe; Sever, v. toritori; wawae.

Severed, a. Motu; tokari.

Sew, v. Tuitui.

Whakaruru; whaka-Shade, v. marumaru.

Shaded, a. Tumaru; taumaru; paruru (W.); pururu (Ng.); marumaru.

Shadow, s. Ata; atarangi; wairua.

rure; ngarue (E.C.); ngateri

kori; whakangarue; whakangaueue; whakaoioi.

Shake off, v. Whakangahoro.

Shake in the wind, v. Kopekope; tareparepa.

Shake, as a garment, v. Ruperupe (W.).

Shake, as the ground, v. Ngaere; ngapu.

Shake, as a line by fish, v.

Shake up, as liquid, v. Whakakarekare.

Shallow, a. Pakupaku; papaku; koraha; tahuna (E. C.).

Sham, a. Hangareka; hangarau; maminga. See Deceitful.

Sham, s. Hangarau; hianga; raureka; maminga.

Shame, s. Whakama; ngaringaria (W.).

Shape, s. Ahua.

Share, s. Wahi.

Shark, s. Mango.

Koi; tiotio; aneane; ngangahu; pirata.

Sharpen, v. Oro; whakakoi.

Shave, v. Heu; waru.

She, pron. Ia.

Sheaf, s. Pupu; kakati; paiere.

Shear, v. Kokoti; waru.

Shed, s. Wharau.

Sheep, s. Hipi.

Sheet, s. Hiti.

Sheet of a sail, s. Kotokoto; waha.

Shell, s. Pupu; kota.

Shell, v. Kowha.

Shellfish, s. Pupu; kota.

Sheltered, a. Marumaru; ruru. See Shaded.

Shepherd, s. Hepara.

Shield, s. Puapua.

Shine, v. Kanapa; tiaho; whiti; titi; ura; hahana; kanapu (W.); towawahi (W.).

Shingle (for roofing), s. Toetoe. Ship, s. Kaipuke.

(W.); whakakeukeu; whakakori-| Shiver, v. Wiri; tuhauwiri; turiwataitai; turiwetautau.

Shoal, s. Koraha; pakupaku; papaku; tahuna (E. C.).

Shoal of fish, s. Rara; ranga.

Shoot, s. Tupu; kotete; ngao; pariri (W.); poioio.

Shoot, middle, s. Korito.

Shoot (as plants), v. Tupu: toa: koiata (W.); kohura; koropana; koriro; whakangao; whakanihoniho.

Shoot weakly, v. Hutoitoi.

Shoot with a gun, &c., v. puhi.

Shore, s. Uta.

Shorn of branches, a. Humuhumu.

Short, a. Poto; takupu.

Short time, s. Tukekau.

Shorten, v. Whakapoto.

Kokiri; tokiri (W.); Shove, v. toko; tute; uaki (E. C.).

Shovel, v. Koko; tikoko.

Shoulder, s. Pakihiwi (E. C.); pokowhiwhi; pokohiwi (E. C.).

Shoulder blade, s. Papaahuahua. Shoud, v. Karanga; parare; hamama.

Show, v. Whakakite; whakaputa.

Shower, s. Ua; pokaka; awha.

Shrimp, s. Potipoti.

Shrivelled, a. Memenge; ngingio; whewhengi; kopuka; kongio; koaha (E. C.); putokitoki.

Shrub, s. Rakau.

Shut, v. Uaki; kopani; kopi.

Shut, to be, v. Kati.

Maka. Shy, a.

Sick, a. Mate; turoro; ruaki; kongenge.

Sick person, s. Turoro; ngongo; ketoketo (W.); okeoke (W.); maki.

Sickle, s. Toronaihi.

Sickness, s. Rewharewha; mate; ruaki.

Side, s. Kaokao; taha; moka; tapa (E. C.); whaitua (W.); whanga; tahaki.

Side, on one, ad. Titaha; maua-Tatari; hitari (w.). Sieve, s. Sift, v. Tatari. Sigh, v. Mihi; mapu; ngunguru; takuate (W.). Sight, out of, a. Ngaro; henumi; nunumi; toke (R.). Sign, s. Tohu. Signal, s. Tohu. Silent, to be, v. Karangata (E, C); noho puku; wahangu. Silently, adv. Hu; puku. Sill, s. Pehipehi. Silt, s. Parakiwai. Sin, s. Hara. Since, conj. Ina. Since, prep. No; no muri i; i muri i. Sinew, s. Uaua, Sing, v. Waiata; tautapa; umere Sing, as water in boiling, v. Hihi. Singe, s. Hunuhunu. Single, a. Tapatahi. Single person, s. Marokau. Single woman, s. Takakau. Singly, ad. Takitahi. Sink, v. Totohu. Sink into the ground, v. Powharuwharu (E. C.). Sinker, s. Mahe; maiheu. Tangata hara. Sinner, s. Sister, of a brother, s. Tuahine. Tuakana. — of a younger sister. — of an elder sister. Teina. Sister in law, s. Auwahine; taokete. Sit, v. Noho. Sit around, v. Popo. Paenga; papanga. Site, s. Six, a. Ono. Sixteen, a. Tekau ma ono. Sixty, a. Ono tekau; hokoono (W.). Size, s. Rahi; nui. Skeleton, s. Koiwi. Skid, s. Neke; rango. Skilful, a. Tohunga; matau; mo-| Smack the lips, v. Kotamutamu; **io; mat**anga.

Skim, v. Koko; tikoko. Skin, s. Hiako; kiri. Skin, white, s. Kiritea. Skin, inner, s. Kiriwai. Skull, s. Angaanga; poangaanga. Sky, s. Rangi; kikorangi. Slab, s. Papa. Slack, a. Korokoro. Slacken, v. Whakakorokoro; tukutuku. Slant, v. Hinga. Slap, v. Pakipaki; pahia. Slate, s. Papa. Slave, s. Herehere; pononga; taurekareka; taurereka; ropa (W.); tumau (E. C.-W.); karokaro; ora; parakau; parau. Slavery, s. Parau; herehere. Sleep, v. Moe; kaikaru (Ng.). Sleep wakefully, v. Moetitoro; moetoropuku. Sleepy, to be, v. Hiamoe; momoe; hinamoe; parangia. Slime, s. Ware.Sling, s. Kopere; kotaha; pere. Slink away, v. Ninihi. Slip, v. Hangoro; huhu; kaheko (W.); kareko; karengo; tapepa. Slip along, v. Mania; paheke; pahuhu; paneke; koneke. Slip down, v. Panuku; tanuku. Slip in, v. Tapoko. Slippery, a. Mania; pahekeheke; paheno (E.C.); parengo; pauhu (E. C.).Slit, v. Hori; koreparepa (W.); titore. Slothful, a. Mangere; rora; pakihore. Slow, to be, v. Whakaroa; akuto; porori (E. C.); puhoi; taparuru (W.); tiraha (E. C.). Slowness, s. Porori. Sludge, s. Paru. Slug, s. Ngata. Sluggish, a. Ngoikore; mangere; iwikore; whakaroa. tametame.

Ata; marire.

Softly, ad.

Nohinohi; iti; paku Small, a. (E.C.); riki; hakahaka; moroiti; pokeke; tupakipaki; mahake; makari; meromeroiti; wheto (E. C.); whetau. Small as dust, a. Konenehu. Smart, v. Puia. Kopehupehu; taiari; Smash, v. pakaru. Smear, v. Pani. Smell, v. Hongi. Smell unpleasantly, v. Piro; haunga; haruru; koeo; konakona; kopurupuru; monomono; puhonga. Smoke, s. Paoa; au; auahi. Smoke, v. Paoa; ponguru; pongere. Smooth, a. Maeneene. Taita. Snag, s. Snail, s. Ngata. Neke; nakahi. Snake, s. Snap, v. Motu; whati. Snare for birds, s. Reti; rore; tawhiti; mahanga; ahere (W.). Snare, v. Rore; mahanga; torohere. Snatch. v. Kapo; hopu. Sneak, v. Haere toropuku. Sneer, v. Tawai; taunu; whakarawai. Sneeze, v. Tihe; matihe (E, C); tihewa. Snore, v. Ngongoro. Snout, s. Ihu. Huka; hukarere. Snow, s. Snuffle, v. Whenguwhengu. Soaked, a. Kopiro; tuku ki te wai. Soap, s. Hopi. Soar, v. Whakatopa. Hotu; whakahotuhotu; Sob, v. whakaingoingo. Soft, to be, v. Ngawari; ngorengore; ngohengohe (E. C.); ma-

eneene; ngaeki; harotu; kope;

korengarenga; kutere; ngaeri;

ngorenoa; oru; pe; tahoho;

tako; taoru; taromanoa.

Soften, v. Whakangawari.

Soil, s. Oneone. Sojourn, v. Noho. Soldier, s. Hoia. Sole of the foot, s. Kapukapu. Solid, a. Maro; pakeke. Solitary, to be, v. Mehameha; mokemoke; ongeonge. Some, a. Tetahi; ehinu; tokohinu; etahi. Son, s. Tama; tamaiti. Son-in-law, s. Hunaonga. Waiata; tau; pihe; Song, s. whakamohio. Sonorous, a. Mahea; tatangi. Meake; taro; wawe. Soon, ad. Soothe, v. Whakamarie. Sore. a. Mamae; koipuipu; kowhaki. Sore throat, s. Katirehe (W.). Sorrow, s. Koingo; konohi; pouri. Sorrow, expression of, s. Ketekete; ngetengete. Sorrowful, to be, v. Pouri; whakapoururu. Sort, s. Tu; tikanga. Soul. s. Wairua. Sound of voices, indistinct, s. Hamumu. Sound, v. Tangi; tatangi; whakatangi; pahu; paku; rara. Sound, the depth of water, v. Whakatatutu. Sound, to be, as sleep, v. Au. Sound indistinctly, v. Wawaro. Sound in succession, v. Tiripapa. Sour, to be, v. I; kawa; tangeo. Source, s. Pukenga; matamata; matapuna; matawai (E. C.). South wind, s. Tonga. South-east wind, s. Putongamarangai. South-west wind, s. Tongakotaratara. Sow. v. Rui. Space, s. Takiwa; wa. Puka; hoto; karehu Spade, s. (E. C.).Spare, v. Tohu,

Spoil, v.

roi.

Whakakino; whakaroi-

Spark, s. Korakora. Speak, v. Ki; korero; mea; puaki; whakatu; koroki; kuika (E. C.). Speak of past events, v. Kauwhau; whakapapa. Speak frequently, v. Kupukupu; potete. Speak loudly, v. Parare. Speak through the nose, v. Wha-Speak indistinctly, v. Hamumu. Speak ill of, v. Hanihani (W.). Speak at departure, v. Poroporo-Speak in a low voice, v. Kuihi. Speak treacherously. v. Muna. Spear, s. Matia; tao; kokiri; hoata (E. C.); kaukau (R.); timata (E. C.). Spear, v. Wewero. Speech, s. Ki; korero; reo; taki; kauwhau; tataku; whakataki; whakatu. Speed, s. Hohoro. Spent, to be, v. Pau; hemo; mahiti; pareho; moti; ongeonge; pareko; peto. Spider, s. Pungawerewere; puwerewere. Spider, venomous, s. Katipo. Spilled, a. Maringi. Spin, v. Miromiro. Spine, s. Iwituararo. Spirit, s. Wairua. Spit, v. Tuwha; puwha. Spittle, s. Huare (E. C.); haware; hauare. Splash, v. Pati; pohutuhutu. Splice, v. Hono; haumi. Splinter, s. Maramara. Split, v. a. Wawahi; tata; titore; toihi (E. C.); koreparepa (W.); nakunaku (W.); toetoe; tiora. Split, v. n. Akoako; koara; koihiihi; kotata; matata; matitore; ngatata; ngawha; pohaha; tiwarawara. Split off, v. Rehu.

Sponge, s. Pungorungoru; kopuputai; hautai (E. C.). Spongy, a. Kopuka; koputoitoi. Sponsor, s. Matuaatua. Spoon, s. Koko; hako. Spotted, a. Korotiwhatiwha; kotiwhatiwha; kotingotingo; purepure. Spouse, s. Makau. Spout, s. Korere. Sprained, a. Takoki; tanoe; tanoni; taui. Sprawl, v. Takawhetawheta. Spread, v. Whariki; horahora; whewhera; horapa (E. C.); rauroha (W.); towha. Spread abroad, v. Marara: tarewa; tirara; turara. Spread, as fire, v. Toro; tora. Spring, v. Pihi; tupu; tipu; rea (E. C.).Spring up in the mind, v. (W.).Spring, s. Puna. Spring tides, s. Taitai nunui. Sprinkle, v. Ta; uwhiuwhi. Sprinkling, a. Whakaekeeke. Sprit, s. Titoko; takotokoto; kotokoto. Sprout, v. Pihi; tupu. Spy, s. Titei; tutei; tutai (w.). Squall, s. Pokaka; ropu. Square, a. Tapawha. Squeak, v. Kotokoto; ngawi; titi. Squeeze, v. Rami; roromi; tatau; whakate. Squint, v. Keko; karapa; tiwha. Stab, v. Oka; wero. Whakapu. Stack, s. Tokotoko; turupou. Staff, s. Stage, s. Paparahi; rara. Stage for food, s. Whata; komanga; pataka; timanga. Stagger, v. Hirori; tapepa tatutatu (W.); turorirori; hukeke. Stained, a. Poke; pe. Stairs. s. Arawhata.

Stake, s. Poupou; tia; tirau (W.). | Sting, v. Stalk, s. Kakau; to; taunuke; takakau; tata (E. C.). Stanch, v. Utu. Stand, v. Tu. Star, s. Whetu. Stare, v. Hinana; whete; titiro makutu. Start, v. Oho; ohorere; hukihuki; tili; lumu; turere. Starting, s. Oho; ohorere; pore. Startle, v. Whakaoho; hui; takiri. Starve, v. Whakatiki. State, v. Korero; whakataki. Statue, s. Whakapakoko. Stature, s. Roanga. Stay, s. Hokai; ueha. Steady, v. Whakamauru (W.); whakau. Steal, v. Tahae; whanako (E. C.); whenako; kaia (E. C.); keia (W.). Steal upon any one, v. Whakahengi; whakapapa. Stealthily, to go, v. Whakahengi; whakapapa. Steam, s. Korohu; koromahu; korowhanake; mamaha; mamaoa; tokakawa; whanake. Steep, to be, v. Poupou; tuhoe. Steer, v. Urungi ue runa. Stem, s. Tata; tinana. Stench, s. Piro; haunga; kakara. Step. s. Hikoi. Stern, s. Kei; paremata; ta (W.); noko. Stew, s. Huahua. Steward, s. Tohungarua; tuari. Stick, s. Rakau. Stick, v. a. Oka; wero. Stick into the ground, v. Tia; poupou; tiatia; tihoka. Stick, v. n. Piri. Stick fast, v. Tamomi; tupu; mau. Sticky, to be, v. Tataki. Stiff, a. Maro; pakeke. Stile, s. Koronae; whakatungangi. Still, a. Marie. Still water, s. Puroto (W.).

Kakati; wero. Stingy, to be, v. Atuapo; ihupuku; kaiponu; kaihakere (E. C.); manawapopore; pitokite; towhe; meko. Stink, v. Piro; haunga. Stir, v. Kororirori. Stir up, v. Whakahauhau; akiaki. Stitch, v. Tuitui. Stomach, s. Puku. Stomach of a shark, s. Stone, s. Kamaka; kohatu; toka; teko; nganga. Stool, s. Turu. Stoop, v. Koropiko; piko; tuohu; tapapa; kupapa; tupoupou. Stop up, v. Arai; pa. See Block up. Store, s. Toa. Stork, s. Matuku; kotuku. Marangai; pokaka. Storm, s. Stouthearted, a. Manawanui. Straggle, v. Marara; wawara; whakawawa. See Wander. Straight, a. Tika; totika; mahora. Straighten, v. Whakatika; whakatotika. Strain, v. Riaka (W.). Strained, as the eyes, a. Matatoua (W.); waia. Strange, a. Tau; ke. Strange tribe, s. Tauiwi. Strange land, s. Tauwhenua. Stranger, s. Tauhou; taurewa; pakeha; putere; konene; manene. Strangle, v. Nonoti. Straps by which a load is carried on the back, s. Kahaki; kawe. Straw, s. Tata witi. Marara; whakawawa. Stray, v. Stream, s. Au; ia; roma Street, s. Ara; huarahi huanui. Strength, s. Kaha, ngoi aria koiwi (E. C.); ngohe; rutunga. Strengthen, v. Whakakaha; wha-

kamaroro.

Strenuous, a. Uaua. Stretch out, v. Toro; whatoro; whatinotino; whakangeingei; wharoro; whatai (E.C.); whakamaro. Stretched, to be, v. Maro; rena. Stride. v. Hikoi. Strike, v. Patu; patukituki; kopehupehu (Ng.); whakaruke; ike(R.); paike (R.); tahitahi (W.). Strike with the fist, v. Kuru; moto. Strike out, as in swimming, v. Hokaikai. String, s. Aho; nape; tau. String of anything, s. Tautau. Strings of a mat, s. Hukahuka. Strip off, v. Horehore; huhu; hui; okaoka (W.); tihore; piokaoka (W.); mahihore. Strive. v. Whakauaua; whakataetae; oke; tatango; tauwhainga; tohe. Stroke, s. Whiunga; patunga. Strong, a. Kaha; maroro; ngohengohe; pakaha; marohirohi. Struck, to be, v. Tu; whara; pa. Struggle, v. Oke. Stubborn, a. Keke; whakakeke; turi; tutu. Stumble, v. Hirori: turorirori. Tumu; kotumu. Stump, s. Stunted, a. Hurutete; moioio; putokitoki (W.); putoti. Stupid, a. Rare; wairangi; kuare. Stupid person, s. Moho; kuare. Stupify, v. Whakahaurangi. Subdued, to be, v. Waikauere; waikorohuhu. Subject to, to be, v. Ekengia. Subside, v. Ririu (W.); tangangao; heke. Subtle, a. Tinihanga; hianga; maminga. Subtract, v. Tango. Awhina. Succour, v. Such, pron. Pera; pena. Suck, v. Momi; mote (E.C.); ngote (W.).ncker, s. Turuki (E, C.).

Suddenly, ad. Whakarere. Suffer, v. Mamae; ngawhi (W.). Sufficient, a. Ranea; nanea; roaka; rauaka (E. C.). Suffocate, v. Nonoti. Suitable, to be, v. Tau. Sulky, to be, v. Pokeke; whakatamarahi; whakatuanui; turi. Sulphur, s. Whanariki; kupapapapa. Raumati. Summer, s. Summit, s. Keokeonga; teitei; tihi: toitoi. Sun, s. Ra; mamaru; komaru. Sunbeam, s. Hihi; toko. Sunday, s. Ra tapu. Sunrise, s. Whitinga o te ra; putanga o te ra. Superior, a. Tino pai; pai rawa. Superior, higher, a. O runga. Supple, a. Ngorengore; ngorenoa; ngohengohe (E. C.). Support, s. Tokomanga; ueha; whakawhirinakitanga. Support, v. Whakau; pupuri. Suppose, v. Whakaaro; ki; mea. Suppurated, to be, v. Pe; taimatuku. Surf, s. Huka tai; tai whati. Surface, s. Kahu. Surname, s. Ingoa. Surprise, express, v. Ketekete; ngetengete (E.C.). Surprise, v. Komutu; hopu. Surrender, v. Tuku. Surround, v. Mui; ohu. Survivors, s. Momohanga; morehu. Suspect. v. Tupato. Suspend, v. Whakawerewere; whakateki. Suspicious, to be, v. Owhiti (E.C.); hihira; hahae; atea; tupato. Swallow, v. Horo; tanuku. Swallowed up, to be, v. Whakangamia (R.). Swamp, s. Hu; maata; mato (W.); ngaeki; oru; repo; korepo. Swarm, (as bees), v. Heke.

Swear, v. Oati.
Sweat, s. Kakawa; tota; tokakawa.
Sweep, v. Tahi; puruma.
Sweet, a. Reka.
Sweeten, v. Whakareka.
Swell of the sea, s. Amai; huamo (W.).
Swell, v. Matakoma; pupuhi; puku; tetere; touwha; whakaahu.

Swelling, s. Puku; uruumu.
Swift, to be, v. Hohoro; tere;
tipi.
Swim, v. Kau; kaukau; kauhoe.
Swing, s. Morere; kopiupiu.
Swoon, v. Hemo.
Sword, s. Hoari.
Symptom, s. Tohu.

T.

Tabernacle, s. Tapenakara. Table, s. Paparahua (R.); tepara. Tack, v. Waihape. Tail, s. Waero; hiawero; hiawaero. Tail of a fish, s. Hiku. Take, v. Tango. Take care of, v. Rongoa; tiaki. Take up, v. Kohi; naunau. Take up by handfuls, v. Ao; kapunga. Take up a crop, v. Hauhake. Talk, v. Korero. Tall, a. Roa; teitei; hitawetawe. Tame, a. Rarata. Tame, v. Whakararata. Tap, s. Korere. Taste, s. Taste unpleasantly, v. Tawaha. Tattoo, s. Hotiki; moko. Tattoo, v. Ta. Teach, v. Ako; whakaako. Teachable, a. Ngawari ki te ako. Teacher, s. Kai whakaako; pukenga. Roimata. Tear, s. Tear, v. Hachae; ngahae. Tear up the earth, v. Pukeri. Tease, v. Tawai; whakatoi; whakatenetene; maminga; aweke; makoi; raweke; whakangari; whangawhanga (W.). Teasing, a. Nanakia; porearea (E. C.); autaia; whakatoi. Teat, s. U.Tell, v. Ki; korero; mea.

Temple, s. Temepara. Tempt, v. Whakawai; whakamatau; whakapakepake. Temptation, s. Whakawainga; whakamatauranga. Tekau; ngahuru; hoko-Ten, a. tahi (W.); ngawiri (R.). Tender, a. Ngawari; ngohengohe. Tendon, s. Uaua. Tent, s. Teneti. Termination, s. Mutunga; poronga; whakaotinga; porotutukitanga. Wehi; mataku. Terrible, a. Whakamataku; wha-Terrify, v. kawehi. Terror, s. Wehi; mataku. Testament, s. Kawenata. Than, conj. 1. Thank, v. Whakapai; whakuwhetai. I thank you; Ka pai; E tika hoki. That, pron. Ia; tena; tera; taua. That, (in order that). Kia-ai. Thatch, v. Tapatu; ato; turuki. The, art. Te. Thee, pron. Koe; mau; mou; nau; nou. Theft, s. Tahae; kaia; keia; whanako (E. C.). Their, pron. To ratou; ta ratou. Then, ad. Ianei. Then, (at that time), ad. Ko reira; no reira. I reira. Thence, ad. There, ad. Ko; kona; reira; ra;

rerei (W.); whakako (W.). Thereby, ad. Ma reira; hei reira; ko reira. Therefore, conj. Koia; mo reira. These, pron. Enei; anei. They, pron. Ratou; ratau (E. C.). They two, pron. Raua. Thick, a. Matotoru; mutatengi; pupuru; totoka. Thief, s. Tahae; whanako; kaia (E. C.); keia (W.); tohe (R.);whenako. Tahae; whanako. Thieve, v. Thigh, s. Huwha; kuwha (E. C.). Thin, a. Tupuhi; hauaitu; tokoroa; tuoi; hauarea; hiroki; honia; ngongo; pakoko. Thin, to be, as a board, v. Rahirahi; angiangi. Thine, pron. Tau; tahau(E.C.); nau; nou. Think, v. Mea; mahara; hua; whakaaro; ki(W.); ngarahu; tohu. Third, a. Tuatoru; toru. Thirst, s. Matewai; hiainu; wheinu (R.).Tekau ma toru. Thirteen, a. Thirty, a. Toru tekau; hokotoru (W_{\cdot}) . Thither, ad. Ki reira. This, pron. Tenei. Thistle, s. Pororua; puwha. Those, pron. Ana; ara; ena; era; aua. Thou, pron. Koe. Thought, s. Mahara; whakaaro; ki (W.); ngarahu. Thousand, a. Mano. Thrash, v. Whiu. Thread, s. Miro. Thread worm, s. Iroiro. Threatening, a. Whakaweti; wha**kaw**ehi. Toru; tengi; matengi

Paewai.

To, prep.

Ki; ko.

Tuatoru.

ed.

na; koina; raina; raka; rara; | Thrill, v. Ihiihi; koihiihi; wanawana. Throat, s. Korokoro: kaki. Throb, v. Kapakapa; taporepore; panapana. Throne, s. Torona. Throw, v. Maka; panga; akiri; epa; .hoa; kokiri; pana; piu; porowhiu; tiri. Throw down, v. Whakataka; whakahoro; ruke. Thrust, v. Turaki; pumuka. Thrust in, v. Kokomo; tihoka (E. C.).Thumb, s. Koromatua. Thump, v. Kuru; moto. Thunder, s. Whatitiri; whaitiri (E. C.).Thursday, s. Tairei. Penei. Thus, ad. Thy, pron. Tau: tou: au: ou. Tickle, v. Whakakoekoe. Tide, s. Tai; korihirihi (R.); ngaehe (R.). Tie, v. Here; hotiki (E. C.); houwere (E. C.); niko; pona; taut; whitiki; whawhau (W.); whitoki (W.); runa: ruru, taroi; roiroi (W.); hohou; putiki. Tie in bundles, v. Pupu. Tie up raupo, v. Nati. Tie reeds, v. Tautari. Tie, in a bunch, v. Tautau. Tiger, s. Taika. Tight, a. Mau; kiki. Whakakiki; whaka-Tighten, v. mau; tohapuru. Till, prep. Taea noatia. Tilt, v. Whakatitaha; honga (W.). Timber, s. Rakau. Time, s. Wa. Timid, a. Wehi; mataku. Tinder, s. Whakaka. Titi; tioro; paorooro. Tingle, v. Tip, s. Matamata; koinga; keokeonga. Ngenge; mauiui; hoha. Tired, a. See Weary.

Toast, v. Tunu. Aianei; inaianei; To-day, ad. nonaianei. Toe, s. Matimati. Together, ad. Tahi; topuni. Toil, s. Mamahi: whakauaua. Token of regard, s. Maimai; maioha. Tomb. s. Urupa: rua tupapaku. To-morrow, ad. Apopo; akengokengo (R.). Tongue, s. Arero. Too, ad. Nui atu. Tooth, s. Niho; rei. Toothache. s. Nihotunga. Top, s. Potaka. Top, the, s. Runga. Topknot, s. Reke; tikitiki; ngoi; ngoungou. Torch, s. Rama; roherohe. Torment. v. Whakamamae. Torn, to be, v. Tarerarera. Toss, v. Akiri; piu; maka. Totter, v. Ngaueue; oioi; ngarue (E. C.). Touch, v. Pa; whakapa. Tough, a. Uaua; maro. Tow, v. Toto; kukume. Towards, prep. Ko; ki; whaka. Tower, s. Taumaihi. Town, s. Kainga; taone. Toy, s. Whakapataritari. Track, s. Ara. See Road. Track, v. Takitaki. Trade, v. Hoko. Tradition, s. Tukunga iho; whakarerenga iho. Trample upon, v. Takahi. Transient, a. Tuao. Translate, v. Whakamaori. Trap, s. Kore. Trap, v. Karapiti. Travel, v. Haere. Travel through bushes, v. Muhu. Traveller, s. Tangata haere. Treacherous, a. Konihi. Tread, v. Takahi. Treasure, s. Taonga. Tree, s. Rakau.

huoioi. Trial. s. Whakamatauranga. Tribe, s. Hapu; iwi; ika; pori; Trickle, v. Hoho; heke; koreto; toto (E. C.- W.). Trinity, s. Tokotoru. Troop, s. Matua; ika. Trouble, to have, v. Maki; raru. Troublesome, a. Taitahae; autaia (E. C.); whanoke (E. C.). Trough, s. Kumeti; oko. True, a. Pono. Trumpet. s. Tetere. Trunk of a tree, s. Tinana; takahi. Trust, s. Whakapono. Truly, ad. Koia; koa; ina; ahua; aheiha (Ng.); anakoia (W.). Truth, s. Pono: pononga (W.). Try, v. Whakamatau; tohe. Tuesday, s. Turei. Purekireki; purepure; Tuft. s. pureirei (W.). Tumble, v. Hinga; taka. Tumour, s. Puku. Tumult, s. Nganga; ngangare. Tune, s. Rangi. Pipipi. Turkey, s. Turn, s. Noni; piko; kokeke. Turn, v. Tahuri; wairori; huri; kohure; papare. Turn about, v. Kopikopiko; tiutiu; neinei; paihore (E. C.); tatau; rara (E. C.). Turn adrift, v. Whakatere. Turn aside, v. Hipa (W.); pahika (R.-E. C.); peau; tohipa; whakahipa (W.). Turn away from, v. Whakaninihi. Turn back, v. Whakahoki. Turn inside out, v. Hurikoaro. Turn one way, v. Arotahi. Turn round, v. n. Amiomio; arohirohi; koumuumu; potaitaka; takamingomingo. Turn towards, v. Aro; aronui.

Tremble, v. Wiri; hungoingoi;

Turn upside down, v. Huripoki. Turnip, s. Keha; horuhoru; korau (W.—E. C.); nani. Tusk, s. Rei; niho. Twelve, a. Tekau ma rua. Twenty, a. Rua tekau; hokorua. Twice, ad. Tuarua. Twilight, a. Rikoriko.

Twin, s. Mahanga. Twine, s. Aho. Twinkle, v. Kotamutamu. Twirl, v. Hurihuri. Twist, v. Miromiro; karure. Twitch, v. Takiri. Two, a. Rua; rie (R.); rienga (R.). Two, by, ad. Takirua; purua.

U.

Udder, s. U. Ugly, a. Ahua kino. Ulcerated, a. Komaoa; kikohu-Tangaengae; Umbilical chord, s. pito; uho (E.C.). Umbrella, s. Marara. Uncle, s. Matua keke. Uncooked, a. Mata; kaimata; torouka (E. C.); tonganga; wheo; whakarae (E. C.). Uncover, v. Hura. Uncover by scraping away the earth, Huke. Under, prep. Raro. Underdone, a. Kanewha. See Uncooked. Underneath, prep. I raro i; kei raro i; ki raro i. Understand, v. Matau; mohio. Understanding, a. Matau; mohio; matanga. Undone, a. Matara; paheno. Unfruitful, to be, v. Tatakau; hua kore. Unintelligible, a. Ngaro. Unite, v. Whakakotahi. Unity, s. Kotahitanga. Unjust, a. He. Unless, conj. Ki te kore. Unpaid, a. Tarewa. Unperceived, ad. Toropuku; puku. Unpleasant to the taste, a. Kawa. Unravel, v. Wewete; whakama-

Unripe, a. Ioio. Unseasoned, as timber, a. Torouka. Unsettled, a. Tarewa; kahuirangi; tirangi; taurewa (E. C.); tingei (E. C.); tirengi (Ng.); titengi (W.); tuarangaranga (W.); whakaroiroi. Unsteady, to be, v. Titaka; tautaka; paihore ke (E. C.). Unsuccessful in fishing, a. Muhore; puhore. Untie, v. Wewete. Mawete; ma-Untied, to be, v. weto; kareto; maheno (R.); makowha; matara (E. C.). Until, prep. Taea noatia. Unto, prep. Ki. Untouched, a. Tikitu; toitu; urutapu. Untwisted, to be, v. Matara (E. C.). Up, ad. Ki runga. Up, to be, v. Maea; morunga; puea. Up to, prep. To. Upon, prep. Ki runga ki. Upper part, s. Upoko; runga. Uppermost, the, a. To runga rawa. Upright, a. Tu tonu. Upset, to be, v. Tahuri. Upward, ad. Ake; whakarunga. Urge, v. Akiaki (E. C.); tene; whakakoro: tohe. Urine, s. Mimi. Us, pron. Tatou; matou. Us two, pron. Taua; maua. Unrighteous, a. Hara; kino; he. Uvula, s. Tohetohe; miramira (W.).

V.

Vacant, a. Atea; watea; takuto noa. Vain, in, ad. Maumau; noa. Valley, s. Awaawa; kakaritanga; hapua (W.); marua; wharua; mato (W.); taiororua; tawhati (W.).Utu. Value, s. Vapour, s. Mamaoa; korowhanake. See Steam. Variable, to be, v. Haurokuroku (W.); puta ke. Variegated, a. Kotingotingo. See Spotted. Veil, s. Kopare. Vein, s. Uaua. Verandah, s. Whakamahau; mahau; koihi; rueke; haurangi(W.); kangatungatu (R.). Verse, s. Rarangi. Vertebra, s. Iwi tuararo. Very, ad. Ki; tino. Vessel, s. Oko. Vestige, s. Uri. Vexation, s. Whakatakariri; whakarikarika; inati.

karangirangi; tinia; honohonoa (E. C.).Vibrate, v. Piupiu; ngateri. Vice, s. Kino; he. Victual, s. Kai. Vie, v. Tohe; tautohetohe. View, s. Tirohanga. Tupato; malaara. Vigilant, a. Vigorous, to be, v. Kaha; matomato; tuperepere. Vile, a. Kino; weriweri. Village, s. Kainga; pa. Vine, s. Waina. Vinevard. s. Mara waina. Violent, a. Pakaha; taikaha; tuanui (W.); tuperepere. Virtue. s. Pai. Viscid, to be, v. Tataki. Vision, s. Kitenga. Visit. v. Toro: nokonoko. Visitor, s. Manuhiri. Voice, s. Reo; waha. Voice, supernatural, s. Irirangi. Void, a. Atea: kautahanga. Volcano, s. Puia. Vomit, v. Ruaki.

W.

Vexed, to be, v. Whakatakariri; Voyage, s. Rerenga.

Wade, v. Kau. Wages, s. Utu. Wail, v. Aue; tangi. Waist, s. Hope. Wait, v. Tatari; whanga; whakananawe; whakaririka. Wakeful, a. Ara; matagra; ma-Walk, v. Haere. Walking-stick, s. Tokoloko: turupou. Wall, s. Pakitara; patu; tara (E. C.).Wallow, v. Titakataka; oke. Wander, v. Marara; atiutiu; kaewa; kokewa; konewha; korara; Warn, v. Whakatupato.

koroiroi (E. C.); whakaroiroi; wawa; wawara. Wandering, as a dream, a. Tutoro. Wane, v. Riko. Want. s. Onge. War, s. Pakanga; whawhai; whainga. Ward off, v. Papare; kakaro. Warm, to be, v. Mahana; wera; puwera; ahuru. Warm oneself, v. Inaina; paina; whakaahuru. Warmth, s. Werawera; mahana; pumahu.

Warp, s. Whenu. Wash, v. Horoi. Waste. v. Maumau. Wasted, a. Maumau. Wasted away, to be, v. Koeo; kohi; kohiakiko; ngongo; honia. Watch, v. Mataara; hiwa. Water, s. Wai; honu; katao (R.); mote (W.); ngongi (W.). Water, as the mouth, v. Mowai. Water, v. Whakamakuku. Water, as the eyes, v. Toriwai; towawahi (W.). Watercourse, s. Maero. Waterfall, s. Rere; taheke. Watertight, to be, v. Maru; pihi. Wave, s. Ngaru. Wave, small, s. Papata (R.). Wave, v. Piupiu; rutu. Way, s. Ara; huarahi; huanui. We, pron. Tatou; matou; tatau (E. C.); matau (E. C.). We two, pron. Taua; maua. Weak, to be, v. Ngoikore; iwikore; anewa (W.). Weaken, v. Whakaruhiruhi. Taonga. Wealth, s. Weapon, s. Patu; ringuringa; rakau. Wearisome, a. Whakahoha. Weary, to be, v. Hoha; ngenge; marohirohi; rore; mauiui; rowhea (Ng.); ruwha; waea; waitau. Weather, s. Rungi. Weave, v. Whatu; nupe (R). Wed, v. Marena. Wedding, s. Marenatanga; tangohanga. Wedge. Makahi; mataora; ora (E. C.).Wednesday, s. Wenerei. Weeds, s. Otaota; taru. Week, s. Wiki. Weep, v. Tangi. Weigh down, v. Whakataimaha. Whither, ad. Ro hea; ki hea. Weight, s. Taimaha; taumaha; Whizz, v. Mapu. toimaha; tami. Well. a. Ora.

Well, s. Poka wai. West wind, s. Hauauru; hauarahi; kapekape (E. C.). Wet, a. Maku; rari; makengo. Whale, s. Tohora; pakake (E. C.); tohoraha (R.); paraoa. Whalebone, s. Paraoa. What, pron. Aha. What, int. Are; ha. Wheat, s. Witi. Wheel, s. Porowhita. When, ad. Ana; ina; no; i. When, interrogative, ad. Ahea; nonahea; inahea ; tainawhea (E. C.).Whence, ad. Nohea; ihea. Where, ad. Kohea; keihea; tea (R.); tehea (R.). Whereas, conj. Notemea. Whereat, ad. Noreira; moreira. Whereby, ad. Mareira. Wherefore, conj. Koia; moreira. Whereupon, ad. Na; noreira; i reira. Wherewithal, ad. Ma te aha. Whether, conj. Ahakoa; ranei; raina (E. C.). Which, pron. Tehea; eheu. While, ad. Kei; keiwha. Whine, v. Uene. Whip, v. Whiu. Whip, s. Ta; whiu. Whipping-top, s. Kaihotaka. Whirl, v. Tawhiri; tawhiuwhiu; kowhiri; karawhiu; koumuumu; riporipo. Whirlpool, s. Riporipo; kororipo. Whirlwind, s. Awhiowhio. Whisk, v. Powhiriwhiri. Whisper, v. Kowhetewhete; kohumuhumu. Whistle, r. Korowhiti; whio. White, a. Ma. White clay, s. Ukui: uku (E.C. -W.). Who, pron. Wai. Whole, a. Katoa.

Whose, pron. Na wai; no wai. Why, ad. He aha; na te aha. Wicked, a. Kino; hara. Wide, a. Whanui; wharahi. Widow, s. Pouaru; takahore. Widower. s. Pouaru: takahore. Width, s. Whanui: wharahi. Wahine; hoa. Wife, s. Wild, a. Maka. Wilderness, s. Koraha. Will, s. Hiahia; pai. Wind, s. Hau; muri; kohengihengi (W.); kotengitengi; matangi (W.). Wind ahead. s. Hautumu. Wind, v. Pokai; takatakai. Wind about, v. Kokeke; kopikopiko. Winding, a. Awhiowhio; taiawhio. Window, s. Matapihi; kotopihi; mataaho. Wing, s. Parirau; pakau; pakaukau; paihau (E. C.). Wing of an army, s. Kauae. Wink, v. Kamokamo. Winnow, v. Kowhiuwhiu. Winter, s. Hotoke; hutoke (E. C.); takurua. Wipe, v. Muku; ukui; muru. Wisdom, s. Matauranga; mohiotanga. Matau; mohio; mata-Wise, a. nga. Wish, v. Hiahia; amene; mina-See Desire. mina. Witch, s. Wahine makutu. Witchcraft, s. Makutu; whaiwhaia (E. C.); taurarua. With, prep. Kei; me; i. Wither, v. Memenge; pohe; ngingio; ngongohe; paroparo. Withhold, v. Meko; kaiponu. Within, prep. Kei roto i; i roto i. Within a little, ad. Mekari; mekore. Without, ad. Waho. Witness, s. Kai whakapono. Woman, s. Wahine.

Woman, old, s. Kuia; ruruhi; ngoingoi; ruwahine; kui; hakui (E. C.); hupeke (T.). Womb, s. Kopu. Wonder, v. Miharo; miha; mihi (E. C.); maharo (W.); monoa (E.C.); umere. Wonderful. v. Whakamiharo. Woo, v. Aruaru; whai. Wood, s. Ngahere; tawhao; nehenehe (W.); weku (R.). Wood (timber), s. Rakau. Wood, isolated, s. Motu rakau; kari (W.). Wood, half burnt, s. Mounga: molumotu (W.); momotu (E. C.); ngotungotu (W.); ngoungou (W.). Wood coal, s. Kapoai. Woof, s. Aho. Wool, s. Huruhuru. Word, s. Kupu; korero. Hanga; mahi. Work, s. World. s. Ao. Worm, s. Toke; noke (E. C.); ngunu (R.). Worn out, n. Petapeta; ongeonge; ngawhewhe; ngawhingawhi. Worse, a. Nui atu te kino. Worship, v. Karakia. Worthy, a. Pai. Wound, s. Tunga. Wrap up, v. Takai. Wrath, s. Riri; aritarita. Wreath, s. Pare; kopare. Wrecked, a. Paea; pakaru. Tango. Wrench, v. Wrest, as words, v. Whakariro. Wrestle, v. Whakataetae; nonoke. Wriggle, v. Korikori; titakataka; keukeu (E. C.); tautaka; turetireti (W.). Wring, v. Whakawiri. Wrinkle, s. Korukoru (W.). Wrinkled, to be, v. Rehe (E. C.). Write, v. Tuhituhi. Writhe, v. Kapekapeta; okeoke.

He.

Wrong, a.

Y.

Yam, s. Uwhikaho. Yawn, v. Kohera. Koutou. Ye, pron. Ye two, pron. Korua. Yea, ad. Ae; koia. Year, s. Tau. Yellow, a. Pungapunga. Yelp, v. Tau. Yes, ad. Ae; ina; koia; ana (W.). Yesterday, ad. Inanahi; nonanahi; tainahi. Yesternight, ad. Inapo; nonapo. Yet, conj. Ano. Yield, v. Ngaeki; ngaeri; oru; taoru.

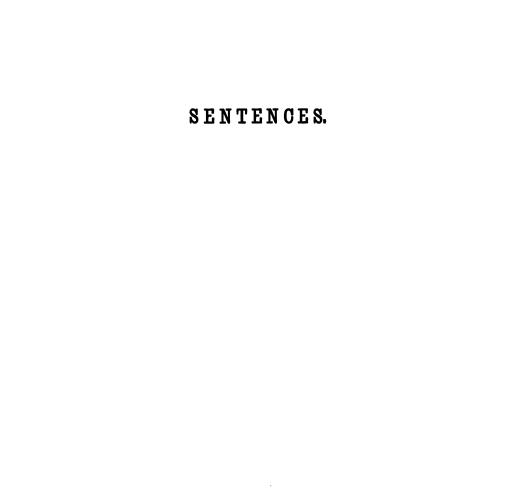
Yield, let go, v. Tuku. Yonder, ad. Na; ki ko. You, pron. Koutou. You two, pron. Korua. Young, a. Kuao; punua. Young of birds, s. Hukari; pi. Younger relative, s. Muringa; teina; taina (E. C.). Youngest child, s. Whakaotinga; potiki. Your, pron. Ta koutou; to koutou; ta korua; to korua. Youth, s. Taitamariki; maitiiti (R.).

Z.

Zeal, s. Tohe; uaua.

Zigzag, a. Kopikopiko.

THE END OF SECOND PART.



-

A SELECTION

OF

COLLOQUIAL SENTENCES.

I.		
Where do you come from? No hea koe?		
When did vou come? Nonahea koe i haere mai ai?		
What are you come for? He aha koe i haere mai ai?		
Are you married? He wahine tau?		
Have you any children? He tamariki au?		
Is this your child? Nau tenei tamaiti? Have you been baptized? Ka oti koe te iriiri?		
Have you been baptized? Ka oti koe te iriiri?		
Who is your Missionary? Ko wai to Mihanere?		
Do you know how to read? {E matau ana ranei koe ki te korrero pukapuka?		
Do you understand how to write? E matau ana koe ki te tuhituhi?		
Have you never been to school? Kahore ano koe i tae ki te kura?		
Do not your children go to school? Kahore o tamariki e haere ki te kura?		
Send them, Mau e tono ki reira.		
Is there no school in your village? Kahore he kura i to kainga?		
Do you know how to sew? {E matau ana koe ki te tui ka-kahu?		
Mend this hole, Tuia te kore nei.		

II.

What a dirty child you are, If you desire to come here, you	
must be dressed in clean clo-	ki konei, kia kakahuria he ka-
thes,	kahu ma.
I allow no person to come inside	
	kahu i te paraikete ki roto ki
you must sit outside,	te whare, me noho koe ki waho.
Wash your clothes,	Horoia o kakahu.

Here is some soap, Tenei he hopi.

It is better to buy soap and not Engari me hoko he hopi kaua he tobacco, tupeka.

Throw away your pipe, . . . Maka atu to paipa.

It is a bad habit, He ritenga kino.

I am ashamed to see a woman Katahi taku mea whakama ko te smoke, wahine kia kai paipa.

III.

Have you a Testament? . . . He Kawenata tau? Read with me, Taua ka korero pukapuka. You will tell me if I read wrong, Ki te he taku korero pukapuka mau e ki mai. What is the meaning of that word? He aha te tikanga o tena kupu? I do not understand what you say, Kahore au e matau ki to korero. Repeat it again, Whakahuatia mai ano. Speak slowly—you speak too fast, Kia ata korero—hohoro tonu to korero. Let us read verse by verse, . . {Kia hikohiko ta taua korero, mau tetahi rarangi maku tetahi. Do you understand the meaning E matau ana ranei koe ki te tikanga o tenei. of this? When do you go back to your Ko ahea koe hoki ai ki to kainga? village? Come and see me again before Hoki mai ano kia kite i ahau keiwha haere koe. you go, Come often, Kia hono te hoki mai. You must teach me, Mau ahau e ako. I want to learn maori, . . . E mea ana au kia ako i te reo maori.

IV.

Do you want to work? . . . E pai ana koe ki te mahi?

Do you know how to fence? . {E matau ana koe ki te hanga taiepa?}

Fence this piece of ground, . . Taiepatia tenei wahi.

Let it be firm, lest the cattle break it,

You must not be idle, Kei mangere koe.

You must work from sunrise to Me mahi koe no te putanga o te sunset,

You must bring your own food, Mauria mai he kai mau.

I shall pay you when your work is done,

You must dig up all this, . . Keria katoatia tenei wahi.

Do not leave the roots of the fern Kei waiho nga roi ki raro ki te in the ground,

Gather them and burn them, Hoe this piece of land, Break the lumps of earth, Do not break my hoe, Bring it back to me when you have finished, Where is my spade? Will lend it to you, Have you not an axe? Ka tukua e au ki a koe. Have you not an axe? Tuakina tenei rakau. Chop some firewood, Sow this seed, Me kohikohi ka tahu ai. Haua tenei wahi ki te kaheru. Watahara nga keretu. Kei whati taku kaheru. Whakahokia mai ki ahau ina oti te mahi. Kei hea taku puka? Ka tukua e au ki a koe. Kahore o titaha? Cut down this three, Tuakina tenei rakau. Chop some firewood, Ruia tenei purapura.
Leave a space between each bed, {Me whai takiwa nga moa i te- tahi taha i tetahi taha.
Dig a trench, Keria he waikeri.
Widen the ditch there,
Carry some earth to this part, . Kawea he oneone ki tenei wahi.
V.
Will you go and be my companion (on the road)? You must carry these things, . Mau e pikau enei mea. Do you know the road? E matau ana koe ki te ara? Is it a good road? E pai ana te ara? Is it by the coast or inland? . Kei te akau te ara kei uta ranei? Are there many swamps? He maha ranei nga repo? Is there much forest? He roa koia te ngahere? Shall we find a canoe at the river? Tera koia e rokohina he waka ki te awa?
Will you take me across? Mau pea ahau e whakawhiti?
Is the river deep? Ka hohonu te awa? Is the wind fair? E tika ana te hau?
Take down the sail Tumbine to we
Row the cance,
Pull away, Kia kaha te hoe.
It will rain presently, Meake us.
Take care lest the things get wet, Kei maku nga mea.
Pitch the tent, Whakaturia te teneti.
Make the negs fast Kia u nga tia.
Light a fire, Tahuna he kapura.
Light a fire, Tahuna he kapura. Fetch more firewood, Tikina atu hoki he wahie.
Go and fetch some water, Haere kawea ne wai.
Put water on the fire for tea, . Maka he wai ki te ahi mo te ti. Cook our potatoes in a native oven, Me tao a tatou kapana ki te umu. Call me at day-break, Whakaarahia ahau i te atatu.

Strike the tent, Turakina te teneti. Take it to the back of the house. Taria atu ki tua o te whare. Pack up the bundles, Takaia nga pikau.

Mind that nothing is left, . . . Kei mahue etahi o nga mea. Let us travel quickly, Kia hohoro ta tatou haere. Roast the potatoes, the oven takes Tunua nga kapana, he roa rawa too long a time, te umu. Is not the food cooked yet? . . Kahore ano i maoa noa te kai?

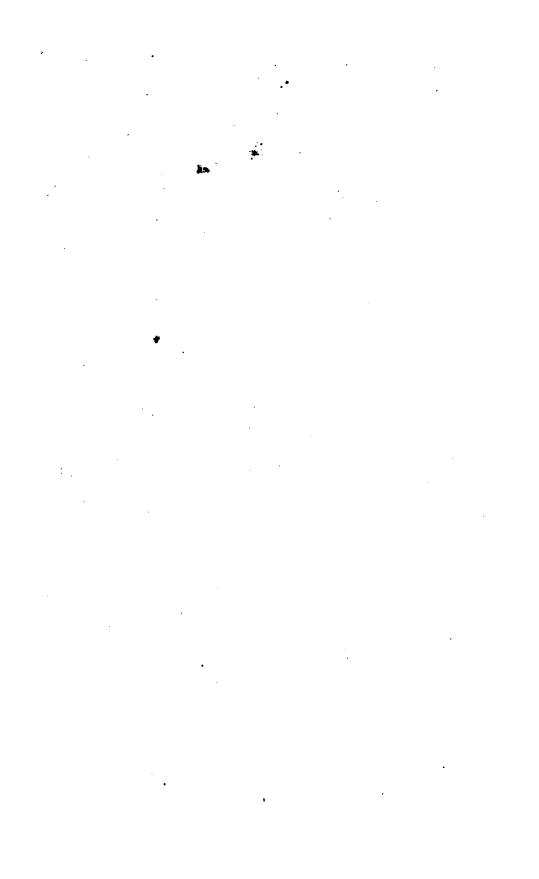
V1.

. E mate ana koe? Are you sick? What is the matter with you? . He aha to mate? Where is your pain? . . . Kei hea to maemae? How long have you been ill? . Ka pehea te roa o to mate? Have you had any medicine? . Kahore ano koe i kai rongoa? Did the medicine do any good? I pai ranei te rongoa? Put out your tongue, Kia whatero to arero. Is your throat sore? . . . E mamae ana to korokoro? Have you not a cough? . . . Kahore he mare? Is your chest sore when you cough? Ka mamae to uma ina mare koe. Do you perspire much in the night? {Ka puta te kakawa i to kiri i te po? Do you feel pain when I press Ka pehia e au te wahi nei ka this part? mamae koe? Have you been sick? . . . I ruaki koe? How long has that tumour been Nonahea te puku na? forming? What food have you eaten? . . He aha te kai i kainga e koe? Take this medicine in the morn- Kainga te rongoa nei i te ata, i ing and in the evening, te ahiahi. Kainga i te ata, i te tino awa-Take it morning, noon, and night, tea, i te ahiahi. Take some of this when the cough Ka tohe te mare ka kainga teis bad, tahi wahi o tenei. Rub this ointment on the part Pania te wahi na ki te hinu nei every night, i tenei po i tenei po. Rub some of this on the eyelids Pania tetahi wahi o tenei ki nga every night,—let it be a very kanohi i tenei po i tenei po, kia iti noa. little, Wash your eyes several times a-day Kia taki mahanga horoinga o nga with cold water-with warm kanohi i te ra tahi ki te wai matao-ki te wai werawera. Do not walk about till you are Kaua koe e haereere, kia matutu better, ra ano to mate. Do not lie continually in the house, Kaua e takoto tonu i roto i te but when the sun shines come whare, otiia ka whiti te ra kia outside and walk about, puta mai ki waho haereere ai. Do not smoke, . . . Aua e kai tupeka.

Is he better? Ka ata haere tona mate?
Is the pain less? Ka iti haere te mamae?
Did you take all the medicine? Kua pau katoa te rongoa?
Did the medicine pain you? I mamae koe i te rongoa?
Do you cough less? Ka iti haere to mare?
Can you sleep at night? Ka moe koe i te po?
Come early to me—I cannot wait at home all day, Hoki mai koe ki a au i te ata, ekore au e noho tonu i te whare i te roa o te ra.
Is your child sick? E mate ana to tamaiti?
You must wash it all over in warm Me horoi tona tinana katoa ki te water every day, wai wera i tenei ra i tenei ra.
If it be washed it will be soon well, Mehemea ka horoia meake ora.
Does it suck still? E kai tonu ana i te u?
Do not feed it with the bad food, Kaua e whangainga ki te kai kino.
Bring it to me again to morrow, Whakahokia mai e koe ki ahau apopo.
Farewell, Hei konei ra.

FINIS.

JENA: PRINTED BY FR. FROMMANN.







.

.

